Kai Zhang

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1942513/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



ΚΛΙΖΗΛΝΟ

| # | Article | lF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | Extreme learning machine and adaptive sparse representation for image classification. Neural Networks, 2016, 81, 91-102. | 5.9 | 190 |
| 2 | Universal artificial intelligence platform for collaborative management of cataracts. British Journal of Ophthalmology, 2019, 103, 1553-1560. | 3.9 | 87 |
| 3 | Localization and diagnosis framework for pediatric cataracts based on slit-lamp images using deep features of a convolutional neural network. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0168606. | 2.5 | 72 |
| 4 | Development and validation of deep learning algorithms for scoliosis screening using back images. Communications Biology, 2019, 2, 390. | 4.4 | 72 |
| 5 | Diagnosing chronic atrophic gastritis by gastroscopy using artificial intelligence. Digestive and Liver Disease, 2020, 52, 566-572. | 0.9 | 71 |
| 6 | Screening and identifying hepatobiliary diseases through deep learning using ocular images: a prospective, multicentre study. The Lancet Digital Health, 2021, 3, e88-e97. | 12.3 | 50 |
| 7 | Deep learning for detecting retinal detachment and discerning macular status using ultra-widefield fundus images. Communications Biology, 2020, 3, 15. | 4.4 | 48 |
| 8 | Dense anatomical annotation of slit-lamp images improves the performance of deep learning for the diagnosis of ophthalmic disorders. Nature Biomedical Engineering, 2020, 4, 767-777. | 22.5 | 42 |
| 9 | Comparative analysis of image classification methods for automatic diagnosis of ophthalmic images. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 41545. | 3.3 | 41 |
| 10 | An Interpretable and Expandable Deep Learning Diagnostic System for Multiple Ocular Diseases: Qualitative Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2018, 20, e11144. | 4.3 | 41 |
| 11 | Automatic diagnosis of imbalanced ophthalmic images using a cost-sensitive deep convolutional neural network. BioMedical Engineering OnLine, 2017, 16, 132. | 2.7 | 36 |
| 12 | A deep learning system for identifying lattice degeneration and retinal breaks using ultra-widefield fundus images. Annals of Translational Medicine, 2019, 7, 618-618. | 1.7 | 36 |
| 13 | Prediction of postoperative complications of pediatric cataract patients using data mining. Journal of Translational Medicine, 2019, 17, 2. | 4.4 | 33 |
| 14 | Deep learning-based automated diagnosis of fungal keratitis with in vivo confocal microscopy images. Annals of Translational Medicine, 2020, 8, 706-706. | 1.7 | 31 |
| 15 | A practical model for the identification of congenital cataracts using machine learning. EBioMedicine, 2020, 51, 102621. | 6.1 | 28 |
| 16 | Development and Evaluation of a Deep Learning System for Screening Retinal Hemorrhage Based on Ultra-Widefield Fundus Images. Translational Vision Science and Technology, 2020, 9, 3. | 2.2 | 22 |
| 17 | Predicting the progression of ophthalmic disease based on slit-lamp images using a deep temporal sequence network. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0201142. | 2.5 | 18 |
| 18 | A human-in-the-loop deep learning paradigm for synergic visual evaluation in children. Neural Networks, 2020, 122, 163-173. | 5.9 | 12 |

Kai Zhang

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 19 | Automatically Diagnosing Disk Bulge and Disk Herniation With Lumbar Magnetic Resonance Images by Using Deep Convolutional Neural Networks: Method Development Study. JMIR Medical Informatics, 2021, 9, e14755. | 2.6 | 12 |
| 20 | Differentiate cavernous hemangioma from schwannoma with artificial intelligence (AI). Annals of Translational Medicine, 2020, 8, 710-710. | 1.7 | 11 |
| 21 | Artificial intelligence deciphers codes for color and odor perceptions based on large-scale chemoinformatic data. CigaScience, 2020, 9, . | 6.4 | 11 |
| 22 | Machine learning models for outcome prediction of Chinese uveal melanoma patients: A 15â€year followâ€up study. Cancer Communications, 2022, 42, 273-276. | 9.2 | 10 |
| 23 | Computerized assisted evaluation system for canine cardiomegaly via key points detection with deep learning. Preventive Veterinary Medicine, 2021, 193, 105399. | 1.9 | 8 |
| 24 | Deep Learning for Automatic Detection of Recurrent Retinal Detachment after Surgery Using Ultraâ€Widefield Fundus Images: A Singleâ€Center Study. Advanced Intelligent Systems, 2022, 4, . | 6.1 | 8 |
| 25 | Systemically modeling the relationship between climate change and wheat aphid abundance. Science of the Total Environment, 2019, 674, 392-400. | 8.0 | 7 |
| 26 | Noninvasive identification of Benign and malignant eyelid tumors using clinical images via deep learning system. Journal of Big Data, 2022, 9, . | 11.0 | 6 |
| 27 | Prognosis Prediction of Uveal Melanoma After Plaque Brachytherapy Based on Ultrasound With Machine Learning. Frontiers in Medicine, 2021, 8, 777142. | 2.6 | 5 |
| 28 | Scalable and Soundness Verifiable Outsourcing Computation in Marine Mobile Computing. Wireless Communications and Mobile Computing, 2017, 2017, 1-11. | 1.2 | 4 |
| 29 | Validation of the Relationship Between Iris Color and Uveal Melanoma Using Artificial Intelligence With Multiple Paths in a Large Chinese Population. Frontiers in Cell and Developmental Biology, 2021, 9, 713209. | 3.7 | 4 |