

# Abdul H Sultan

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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226  
papers

12,360  
citations

25034

57  
h-index

30087

103  
g-index

236  
all docs

236  
docs citations

236  
times ranked

3750  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Anal-Sphincter Disruption during Vaginal Delivery. New England Journal of Medicine, 1993, 329, 1905-1911.	27.0	1,613
2	Third degree obstetric anal sphincter tears: risk factors and outcome of primary repair. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1994, 308, 887-891.	2.3	671
3	Pudendal nerve damage during labour: prospective study before and after childbirth*. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 1994, 101, 22-28.	2.3	367
4	Occult anal sphincter injuries-myth or reality?. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2006, 113, 195-200.	2.3	353
5	Anal endosonography for identifying external sphincter defects confirmed histologically. British Journal of Surgery, 2005, 81, 463-465.	0.3	284
6	Anterior anal sphincter repair in patients with obstetric trauma. British Journal of Surgery, 2005, 81, 1231-1234.	0.3	275
7	Primary repair of obstetric anal sphincter rupture using the overlap technique. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 1999, 106, 318-323.	2.3	246
8	Editorial: Obstetrical Perineal Injury and Anal Incontinence. AVMA Medical & Legal Journal, 1999, 5, 193-196.	0.1	227
9	Anal endosonography and correlation with in vitro and in vivo anatomy. British Journal of Surgery, 2005, 80, 508-511.	0.3	210
10	Prospective study of the extent of internal anal sphincter division during lateral sphincterotomy. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 1994, 37, 1031-1033.	1.3	204
11	Outcome of primary repair of obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS): does the grade of tear matter?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 36, 368-374.	1.7	200
12	Magnetic resonance imaging of fistula-in-ano. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 1994, 37, 708-718.	1.3	193
13	State of the art: an integrated approach to pelvic floor ultrasonography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 37, 381-396.	1.7	183
14	Anal sphincter trauma during instrumental delivery. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 1993, 43, 263-270.	2.3	182
15	Effect of Vaginal Pessaries on Symptoms Associated With Pelvic Organ Prolapse. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 108, 93-99.	2.4	181
16	Evaluation of postpartum perineal pain and dyspareunia—A prospective study. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2008, 137, 152-156.	1.1	181
17	Endosonography of the anal sphincters: Normal anatomy and comparison with manometry. Clinical Radiology, 1994, 49, 368-374.	1.1	176
18	Obstetrical Anal Sphincter Injuries (OASIS): Prevention, Recognition, and Repair. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2015, 37, 1131-1148.	0.7	152

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19	Risk Factors for Obstetric Anal Sphincter Injury: â€”A Prospective Study. Birth, 2006, 33, 117-122.	2.2	151
20	Preserving the pelvic floor and perineum during childbirth-elective caesarean section?. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 1996, 103, 731-734.	2.3	149
21	Lower genital tract and anal sphincter trauma. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2002, 16, 99-115.	2.8	143
22	Are mediolateral episiotomies actually mediolateral?. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2005, 112, 1156-1158.	2.3	130
23	Management of obstetric anal sphincter injury: a systematic review & national practice survey. BMC Health Services Research, 2002, 2, 9.	2.2	127
24	Antenatal prediction of postpartum urinary and fecal incontinence <sup>1</sup> , *1. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1999, 94, 689-694.	2.4	122
25	Anal function: Effect of pregnancy and delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2001, 185, 427-432.	1.3	121
26	Maternal and child health after assisted vaginal delivery: five-year follow up of a randomised controlled study comparing forceps and ventouse. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 1999, 106, 544-549.	2.3	119
27	Obstetric perineal trauma: An audit of training. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 1995, 15, 19-23.	0.9	116
28	Postpartum female sexual function. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2009, 145, 133-137.	1.1	116
29	Structured hands-on training in repair of obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS): an audit of clinical practice. International Urogynecology Journal, 2009, 20, 193-199.	1.4	115
30	Obstetric levator ani muscle injuries: current status. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 39, 372-383.	1.7	109
31	Ultrasound imaging of the anal sphincter complex: a review. British Journal of Radiology, 2012, 85, 865-875.	2.2	104
32	Prospective evaluation of outcome of vaginal pessaries versus surgery in women with symptomatic pelvic organ prolapse. International Urogynecology Journal, 2011, 22, 273-278.	1.4	103
33	A 5â€”year prospective study of vaginal pessary use for pelvic organ prolapse. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2011, 114, 56-59.	2.3	100
34	The Use of Copper as an Antimicrobial Agent in Health Care, Including Obstetrics and Gynecology. Clinical Microbiology Reviews, 2019, 32, .	13.6	98
35	Repair Techniques for Obstetric Anal Sphincter Injuries. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 107, 1261-1268.	2.4	95
36	Anal endosonography in faecal incontinence.. Gut, 1995, 37, 4-6.	12.1	94

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37	Faecal incontinence after childbirth. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 1997, 104, 979-982.	2.3	93
38	Occult anal sphincter trauma following randomized forceps and vacuum delivery. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 1998, 61, 113-119.	2.3	93
39	Methods of repair for obstetric anal sphincter injury. The Cochrane Library, 2013, , CD002866.	2.8	92
40	National survey of perineal trauma and its subsequent management in the United Kingdom. International Urogynecology Journal, 2014, 25, 1621-1627.	1.4	92
41	Vaginal endosonography. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 1994, 37, 1296-1299.	1.3	87
42	An International Urogynecological Association (IUGA)/International Continence Society (ICS) joint report on the terminology for female anorectal dysfunction. International Urogynecology Journal, 2017, 28, 5-31.	1.4	86
43	The relationship between postpartum levator ani muscle avulsion and signs and symptoms of pelvic floor dysfunction. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2014, 121, 1164-1172.	2.3	83
44	Prophylactic antibiotics in the prevention of infection after operative vaginal delivery (ANODE): a multicentre randomised controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2019, 393, 2395-2403.	13.7	81
45	Levator ani muscle avulsion during childbirth: a risk prediction model. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2014, 121, 1155-1163.	2.3	77
46	Mode of delivery after previous obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS)â€”a reappraisal?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2009, 20, 1095-1101.	1.4	76
47	Conservative versus surgical management of prolapse: what dictates patient choice?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2009, 20, 1157-1161.	1.4	75
48	Endosonography of the anal sphincters in solitary rectal ulcer syndrome. International Journal of Colorectal Disease, 1995, 10, 79-82.	2.2	72
49	An International Urogynecological Association (IUGA)/International Continence Society (ICS) joint report on the terminology for female anorectal dysfunction. Neurourology and Urodynamics, 2017, 36, 10-34.	1.5	71
50	Pregnancy and delivery: a urodynamic viewpoint. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2000, 107, 1354-1359.	2.3	64
51	The history and usage of the vaginal pessary: a review. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2011, 156, 125-130.	1.1	64
52	Anal incontinence after childbirth. Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1997, 9, 320-324.	2.0	63
53	Anal endosonography and its role in assessing the incontinent patient. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2004, 18, 157-173.	2.8	62
54	An Open, Multicentre Study of NASHA/Dx Gel (Zuidexâ„¢) for the Treatment of Stress Urinary Incontinence. European Urology, 2005, 48, 488-494.	1.9	62

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55	Methods of repair for obstetric anal sphincter injury. , 2006, , CD002866.		62
56	Management of complex pelvic floor disorders in a multidisciplinary pelvic floor clinic. Colorectal Disease, 2007, 10, 070621084454043-???	1.4	62
57	Effect of pregnancy on anal sphincter morphology and function. International Journal of Colorectal Disease, 1993, 8, 206-209.	2.2	60
58	Antenatal Prediction of Postpartum Urinary and Fecal Incontinence. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1999, 94, 689-694.	2.4	58
59	The natural history of levator avulsion one year following childbirth: a prospective study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 122, 1266-1273.	2.3	58
60	Can the risk of obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIs) be predicted using a risk-scoring system?. BMC Research Notes, 2014, 7, 471.	1.4	57
61	St. Mark's™s incontinence score for assessment of anal incontinence following obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS). International Urogynecology Journal, 2009, 20, 407-410.	1.4	56
62	Overdiagnosis and rising rate of obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS): time for reappraisal. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 50, 642-647.	1.7	55
63	Self-assessment of morbidity following radical hysterectomy for cervical cancer. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 1999, 19, 180-183.	0.9	54
64	One-year prospective comparison of vaginal pessaries and surgery for pelvic organ prolapse using the validated ICIQ-VS and ICIQ-UI (SF) questionnaires. International Urogynecology Journal, 2015, 26, 1305-1312.	1.4	50
65	The diagnostic accuracy of endovaginal and transperineal ultrasound for detecting anal sphincter defects: The PREDICT study. Clinical Radiology, 2011, 66, 597-604.	1.1	49
66	The effect of pregnancy and childbirth on pelvic floor muscle function. International Urogynecology Journal, 2011, 22, 1421-1427.	1.4	48
67	Pelvic Floor Dysfunction: Women's Sexual Concerns Unraveled. Journal of Sexual Medicine, 2014, 11, 743-752.	0.6	48
68	Effect of childbirth on pelvic organ support and quality of life: a longitudinal cohort study. International Urogynecology Journal, 2013, 24, 927-937.	1.4	47
69	Obstetric anal sphincter injuries: review of anatomical factors and modifiable second stage interventions. International Urogynecology Journal, 2015, 26, 1725-1734.	1.4	47
70	Effect of subsequent vaginal delivery on bowel symptoms and anorectal function in women who sustained a previous obstetric anal sphincter injury. International Urogynecology Journal, 2018, 29, 1579-1588.	1.4	47
71	The role of mediolateral episiotomy during operative vaginal delivery. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2019, 240, 192-196.	1.1	47
72	Outcome of repair of obstetric anal sphincter injuries after three years. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2014, 127, 47-50.	2.3	46

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73	Combined urinary and faecal incontinence. International Urogynecology Journal, 2005, 16, 321-328.	1.4	45
74	Urinary incontinence after obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS)â€”is there a relationship?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2008, 19, 179-183.	1.4	43
75	The history and evolution of pessaries for pelvic organ prolapse. International Urogynecology Journal, 2006, 17, 170-175.	1.4	42
76	Third and Fourth Degree Tears. , 2009, , 33-51.		41
77	What patients think: patient-reported outcomes of retropubic versus trans-obturator mid-urethral slings for urodynamic stress incontinenceâ€”a multi-centre randomised controlled trial. International Urogynecology Journal, 2011, 22, 279-286.	1.4	40
78	Prevalence of anal incontinence among Norwegian women: a cross-sectional study. BMJ Open, 2012, 2, e001257.	1.9	38
79	Reducing obstetric anal sphincter injuries using perineal support: our preliminary experience. International Urogynecology Journal, 2017, 28, 381-389.	1.4	38
80	Urinary and anal incontinence after vacuum delivery. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2003, 110, 39-42.	1.1	37
81	Pelvic floor muscle contractility: digital assessment <i>vs</i> transperineal ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 217-222.	1.7	37
82	Levator hematoma at the attachment zone as an early marker for levator ani muscle avulsion. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 43, 210-217.	1.7	36
83	Comparing the diagnostic accuracy of 3 ultrasound modalities for diagnosing obstetric anal sphincter injuries. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 221, 134.e1-134.e9.	1.3	36
84	Hysterectomy and pelvic organ dysfunction. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2005, 19, 403-418.	2.8	35
85	Accuracy of Four Imaging Techniques for Diagnosis of Posterior Pelvic Floor Disorders. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 130, 1017-1024.	2.4	35
86	Obstetric perineal wound infection: is there underreporting?. British Journal of Nursing, 2012, 21, S28-S35.	0.7	34
87	Sexual problems in the gynecology clinic: are we making a mountain out of a molehill?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2012, 23, 145-152.	1.4	34
88	Management of obstetric anal sphincter injury. The Obstetrician and Gynaecologist, 2003, 5, 72-78.	0.4	33
89	The consequences of undiagnosed obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS) following vaginal delivery. International Urogynecology Journal, 2020, 31, 635-641.	1.4	32
90	Obstetric perineal wound infection: is there underreporting?. British Journal of Nursing, 2012, 21, S28-S35.	0.7	32

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91	Female Sexual Dysfunction in Obstetrics and Gynecology. <i>Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey</i> , 2008, 63, 527-537.	0.4	31
92	Female sexual dysfunction: are urogynecologists ready for it?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2009, 20, 89-101.	1.4	31
93	Outcome of obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS)â€™ role of structured management. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2009, 20, 973-978.	1.4	31
94	Risk factors and management patterns for emergency obstetric hysterectomy over 2 decades. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2010, 109, 12-15.	2.3	31
95	Anal and urinary incontinence 4 years after a vaginal delivery. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2013, 24, 55-60.	1.4	30
96	Agreement between palpation and transperineal and endovaginal ultrasound in the diagnosis of levator ani avulsion. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2015, 26, 33-39.	1.4	30
97	Accuracy of assessing Pelvic Organ Prolapse Quantification points using dynamic 2D transperineal ultrasound in women with pelvic organ prolapse. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2012, 23, 1555-1560.	1.4	29
98	Intraâ€™ and interobserver reliability of levator ani muscle biometry and avulsion using threeâ€™ dimensional endovaginal ultrasonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 43, 202-209.	1.7	29
99	Sexual function following pelvic floor surgery. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2008, 102, 110-114.	2.3	28
100	Interâ€™ rater reliability of assessment of levator ani muscle strength and attachment to the pubic bone in nulliparous women. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 42, 341-346.	1.7	27
101	Levator ani muscle morphology and function in women with obstetric anal sphincter injury. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 53, 410-416.	1.7	27
102	Normal ranges for anorectal manometry and sensation in women of reproductive age. <i>Colorectal Disease</i> , 2007, 9, 839-844.	1.4	26
103	Cutting an episiotomy at 60 degrees: how good are we?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2015, 26, 813-816.	1.4	26
104	Recruitment of pregnant women in research. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2013, 33, 442-446.	0.9	25
105	The impact of pelvic floor surgery on female sexual function: a mixed quantitative and qualitative study. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2014, 121, 92-101.	2.3	25
106	Review of available national guidelines for obstetric anal sphincter injury. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2020, 31, 2247-2259.	1.4	25
107	A one-stop perineal clinic: our eleven-year experience. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2020, 31, 2317-2326.	1.4	25
108	Maternal outcomes in subsequent delivery after previous obstetric anal sphincter injury (OASI): a multi-centre retrospective cohort study. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2020, 31, 627-633.	1.4	24

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109	Diagnosis of Perineal Trauma. , 2009, , 13-19.		24
110	Clinical application of 2D and 3D pelvic floor ultrasound of mid-urethral slings and vaginal wall mesh. International Urogynecology Journal, 2019, 30, 1401-1411.	1.4	23
111	Predicting anal sphincter defects: the value of clinical examination and manometry. International Urogynecology Journal, 2012, 23, 755-763.	1.4	22
112	Anal incontinence after vaginal delivery or cesarean section. Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2019, 98, 51-60.	2.8	22
113	Association between prolonged dietary vitamin D deficiency and autonomous hyperparathyroidism.. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1989, 299, 236-237.	2.3	21
114	Pathophysiology and nonsurgical treatment of anal incontinence. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2004, 111, 84-90.	2.3	21
115	Does the prevalence of levator ani muscle avulsion differ when assessed using tomographic ultrasound imaging at rest <i>vs</i> on maximum pelvic floor muscle contraction?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 99-103.	1.7	21
116	New Measures for Predicting Birth-Related Pelvic Floor Trauma. Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery, 2016, 22, 292-296.	1.1	21
117	Convalescence advice following gynaecological surgery. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2012, 32, 556-559.	0.9	20
118	Interobserver agreement of multicompartiment ultrasound in the assessment of pelvic floor anatomy. British Journal of Radiology, 2016, 89, 20150704.	2.2	19
119	Is bladder neck and urethral mobility associated with urinary incontinence and mode of delivery 4 years after childbirth?. Neurourology and Urodynamics, 2017, 36, 1403-1410.	1.5	19
120	Are obstetric outcomes affected by female genital mutilation?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2018, 29, 339-344.	1.4	19
121	Can hands-on perineal repair courses affect clinical practice?. British Journal of Midwifery, 2005, 13, 562-566.	0.4	18
122	Management of the neglected vaginal ring pessary. International Urogynecology Journal, 2007, 18, 117-119.	1.4	18
123	Genotypic and pathogenic characterization of genotype VII Newcastle disease viruses isolated from commercial farms in Egypt and evaluation of heterologous antibody responses. Archives of Virology, 2017, 162, 1985-1994.	2.1	18
124	The role of anal endosonography in obstetrics. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 22, 559-560.	1.7	17
125	Diagnosis and repair of perineal injuries: knowledge before and after expert trainingâ€”a multicentre observational study among Palestinian physicians and midwives. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014183.	1.9	17
126	A pilot study of ultrasound guided Durasphere injection in the treatment of faecal incontinence. Colorectal Disease, 2010, 12, 935-940.	1.4	15

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127	Pelvic organ support, symptoms and quality of life during pregnancy: a prospective study. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2013, 24, 1085-1090.	1.4	15
128	Vascularity of the urethra in continent women using colour doppler high-frequency endovaginal ultrasonography. <i>SpringerPlus</i> , 2014, 3, 619.	1.2	15
129	The pelvic floor sequelae of childbirth. <i>British Journal of Hospital Medicine</i> , 1996, 55, 575-9.	0.0	15
130	Urinary symptoms in pregnancy: are they useful for diagnosis?. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2002, 109, 1181-1183.	2.3	14
131	Management of third and fourth degree tears. <i>Reviews in Gynaecological Practice</i> , 2003, 3, 188-195.	0.1	14
132	Is endoanal, introital or transperineal ultrasound diagnosis of sphincter defects more strongly associated with anal incontinence?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2020, 31, 1471-1478.	1.4	14
133	Risk factors and management of obstetric perineal injury. <i>Current Obstetrics &amp; Gynaecology</i> , 2004, 14, 320-326.	0.2	12
134	Obstetric pelvic floor and anal sphincter injuries. <i>The Obstetrician and Gynaecologist</i> , 2012, 14, 257-266.	0.4	12
135	Isolated rectal buttonhole tears in obstetrics: case series and review of the literature. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 1761-1769.	1.4	12
136	Under-classified obstetric anal sphincter injuries. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2022, 33, 1473-1479.	1.4	12
137	Mediolateral/lateral episiotomy with operative vaginal delivery and the risk reduction of obstetric anal sphincter injury (OASI): A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2022, 33, 1393-1405.	1.4	12
138	Effect of a subsequent pregnancy on anal sphincter integrity and function after obstetric anal sphincter injury (OASI). <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 1719-1726.	1.4	11
139	Early secondary repair of obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIs): experience and a review of the literature. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 1611-1622.	1.4	11
140	Continence pads: have we got it right?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2006, 17, 234-238.	1.4	10
141	The value of pre-operative multicompartement pelvic floor ultrasonography: a 1-year prospective study. <i>British Journal of Radiology</i> , 2014, 87, 20140145.	2.2	10
142	Does 4D transperineal ultrasound have additional value over 2D transperineal ultrasound for diagnosing posterior pelvic floor disorders in women with obstructed defecation syndrome?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 52, 784-791.	1.7	10
143	Management of subsequent pregnancies following fourth-degree obstetric anal sphincter injuries (OASIS). <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2020, 250, 80-85.	1.1	10
144	Postpartum Problems and the Role of a Perineal Clinic. , 2009, , 65-79.		10

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145	Long-term outcome of transurethral injection of hyaluronic acid/dextranomer (NASHA/Dx gel) for the treatment of stress urinary incontinence (SUI). <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2010, 21, 1359-1364.	1.4	9
146	Anal incontinence after childbirth. <i>Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 1997, 9, 320-4.	2.0	9
147	Urogynecology triage clinic: a model of healthcare delivery. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2009, 20, 913-917.	1.4	8
148	Impact of copper compression stockings on venous insufficiency and lipodermatosclerosis: A randomised controlled trial. <i>Phlebology</i> , 2019, 34, 224-230.	1.2	8
149	The impact of copper impregnated wound dressings on surgical site infection following caesarean section: a double blind randomised controlled study. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2020, 251, 83-88.	1.1	8
150	Imaging modalities for the detection of posterior pelvic floor disorders in women with obstructed defaecation syndrome. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2021, 2021, CD011482.	2.8	8
151	Pelvic floor anatomy and imaging. <i>Seminars in Colon and Rectal Surgery</i> , 2016, 27, 5-14.	0.3	7
152	Assessment of urethral vascularity using 2D colour Doppler high-frequency endovaginal ultrasonography in women treated for symptomatic stress urinary incontinence: 1-year prospective follow-up study. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2016, 27, 85-92.	1.4	7
153	Early re-suturing of dehisced obstetric perineal wounds: A 13-year experience. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2020, 254, 69-73.	1.1	7
154	Diagnosis of perineal trauma: getting it right first time. <i>British Journal of Midwifery</i> , 2020, 28, 710-717.	0.4	7
155	Natural history of levator ani muscle avulsion 4 years following childbirth. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 58, 309-317.	1.7	7
156	The incidence of wound complications following primary repair of obstetric anal sphincter injury: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 227, 182-191.	1.3	7
157	Prospective evaluation of change in levator hiatus dimensions using 3D endovaginal ultrasound before and 1 year after treatment for female pelvic organ prolapse. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2013, 24, 1287-1293.	1.4	6
158	Obstetric anal sphincter injuries: Review of recent medico-legal aspects. <i>Clinical Risk</i> , 2016, 22, 57-60.	0.1	6
159	Transperineal and endovaginal ultrasound for evaluating suburethral masses: comparison with magnetic resonance imaging. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 57, 999-1005.	1.7	6
160	Anal and urinary incontinence in women with obstetric anal sphincter rupture. <i>British Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 1997, 104, 754-5.	0.9	6
161	Comparing diagnostic criteria between endoanal ultrasound and transperineal ultrasound for diagnosing anal sphincter defects: secondary analysis of prospective observational study. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 0, , .	1.7	6
162	The clinical progression and wound healing rate of dehisced perineal tears healing by secondary intention: A prospective observational study. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2022, 274, 191-196.	1.1	6

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163	Clinical symptoms related to anal sphincter defects and atrophy on external phased-array MR imaging. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2015, 26, 1619-1627.	1.4	5
164	Mesonephric adenocarcinoma of the vagina masquerading as a suburethral cyst. <i>BMJ Case Reports</i> , 2018, 2018, bcr-2018-224758.	0.5	5
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