

Georgina V Long

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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528
papers

89,044
citations

950

115
h-index

352

284
g-index

535
all docs

535
docs citations

535
times ranked

53365
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Combined Nivolumab and Ipilimumab or Monotherapy in Untreated Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015, 373, 23-34.	13.9	6,773
2	Pembrolizumab versus Ipilimumab in Advanced Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015, 372, 2521-2532.	13.9	4,838
3	Nivolumab in Previously Untreated Melanoma without BRAF Mutation. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015, 372, 320-330.	13.9	4,795
4	Overall Survival with Combined Nivolumab and Ipilimumab in Advanced Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 377, 1345-1356.	13.9	3,589
5	Genomic Classification of Cutaneous Melanoma. <i>Cell</i> , 2015, 161, 1681-1696.	13.5	2,562
6	Five-Year Survival with Combined Nivolumab and Ipilimumab in Advanced Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2019, 381, 1535-1546.	13.9	2,484
7	Combined BRAF and MEK Inhibition in Melanoma with BRAF V600 Mutations. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2012, 367, 1694-1703.	13.9	2,445
8	Improved Overall Survival in Melanoma with Combined Dabrafenib and Trametinib. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015, 372, 30-39.	13.9	2,240
9	Adjuvant Nivolumab versus Ipilimumab in Resected Stage III or IV Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 377, 1824-1835.	13.9	1,752
10	Melanoma staging: Evidence-based changes in the American Joint Committee on Cancer eighth edition cancer staging manual. <i>Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians</i> , 2017, 67, 472-492.	157.7	1,662
11	Fatal Toxic Effects Associated With Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2018, 4, 1721.	3.4	1,625
12	Combined BRAF and MEK Inhibition versus BRAF Inhibition Alone in Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014, 371, 1877-1888.	13.9	1,572
13	Adjuvant Pembrolizumab versus Placebo in Resected Stage III Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2018, 378, 1789-1801.	13.9	1,441
14	Adjuvant Dabrafenib plus Trametinib in Stage III BRAF-Mutated Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 377, 1813-1823.	13.9	1,192
15	Dabrafenib and trametinib versus dabrafenib and placebo for Val600 BRAF-mutant melanoma: a multicentre, double-blind, phase 3 randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2015, 386, 444-451.	6.3	1,175
16	Oncolytic Virotherapy Promotes Intratumoral T Cell Infiltration and Improves Anti-PD-1 Immunotherapy. <i>Cell</i> , 2017, 170, 1109-1119.e10.	13.5	1,124
17	Whole-genome landscapes of major melanoma subtypes. <i>Nature</i> , 2017, 545, 175-180.	13.7	1,068
18	Pembrolizumab versus ipilimumab for advanced melanoma: final overall survival results of a multicentre, randomised, open-label phase 3 study (KEYNOTE-006). <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2017, 390, 1853-1862.	6.3	1,032

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19	Targeted agents and immunotherapies: optimizing outcomes in melanoma. <i>Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 14, 463-482.	12.5	945
20	Prognostic and Clinicopathologic Associations of Oncogenic <i>BRAF</i> in Metastatic Melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2011, 29, 1239-1246.	0.8	942
21	Safety Profile of Nivolumab Monotherapy: A Pooled Analysis of Patients With Advanced Melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 35, 785-792.	0.8	930
22	Antibacterial agents based on the cyclic d,l- α -peptide architecture. <i>Nature</i> , 2001, 412, 452-455.	13.7	910
23	Five-Year Outcomes with Dabrafenib plus Trametinib in Metastatic Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2019, 381, 626-636.	13.9	909
24	Dabrafenib in patients with melanoma, untreated brain metastases, and other solid tumours: a phase 1 dose-escalation trial. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2012, 379, 1893-1901.	6.3	856
25	Dabrafenib in patients with Val600Glu or Val600Lys BRAF-mutant melanoma metastatic to the brain (BREAK-MB): a multicentre, open-label, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2012, 13, 1087-1095.	5.1	841
26	Acquired Resistance and Clonal Evolution in Melanoma during BRAF Inhibitor Therapy. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2014, 4, 80-93.	7.7	836
27	Pneumonitis in Patients Treated With Anti-Programmed Death-1/Programmed Death Ligand 1 Therapy. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 35, 709-717.	0.8	829
28	Pembrolizumab versus ipilimumab in advanced melanoma (KEYNOTE-006): post-hoc 5-year results from an open-label, multicentre, randomised, controlled, phase 3 study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, 1239-1251.	5.1	812
29	Relatlimab and Nivolumab versus Nivolumab in Untreated Advanced Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2022, 386, 24-34.	13.9	766
30	Combination nivolumab and ipilimumab or nivolumab alone in melanoma brain metastases: a multicentre randomised phase 2 study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2018, 19, 672-681.	5.1	732
31	Anti-PD-1 therapy in patients with advanced melanoma and preexisting autoimmune disorders or major toxicity with ipilimumab. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2017, 28, 368-376.	0.6	641
32	Epacadostat plus pembrolizumab versus placebo plus pembrolizumab in patients with unresectable or metastatic melanoma (ECHO-301/KEYNOTE-252): a phase 3, randomised, double-blind study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, 1083-1097.	5.1	611
33	Selective BRAF Inhibitors Induce Marked T-cell Infiltration into Human Metastatic Melanoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2012, 18, 1386-1394.	3.2	589
34	Melanoma whole-exome sequencing identifies V600E-BRAF amplification-mediated acquired B-RAF inhibitor resistance. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2012, 3, 724.	5.8	567
35	Dabrafenib plus trametinib in patients with BRAFV600-mutant melanoma brain metastases (COMBI-MB): a multicentre, multicohort, open-label, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2017, 18, 863-873.	5.1	561
36	Dabrafenib plus trametinib versus dabrafenib monotherapy in patients with metastatic BRAF V600E/K-mutant melanoma: long-term survival and safety analysis of a phase 3 study. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2017, 28, 1631-1639.	0.6	549

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37	Distinct Immune Cell Populations Define Response to Anti-PD-1 Monotherapy and Anti-PD-1/Anti-CTLA-4 Combined Therapy. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2019, 35, 238-255.e6.	7.7	547
38	Ipilimumab Therapy in Patients With Advanced Melanoma and Preexisting Autoimmune Disorders. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2016, 2, 234.	3.4	534
39	Association of body-mass index and outcomes in patients with metastatic melanoma treated with targeted therapy, immunotherapy, or chemotherapy: a retrospective, multicohort analysis. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2018, 19, 310-322.	5.1	486
40	Immune checkpoint inhibitors in melanoma. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2021, 398, 1002-1014.	6.3	462
41	BRAF Inhibitor Resistance Mechanisms in Metastatic Melanoma: Spectrum and Clinical Impact. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2014, 20, 1965-1977.	3.2	447
42	Long-Term Outcomes With Nivolumab Plus Ipilimumab or Nivolumab Alone Versus Ipilimumab in Patients With Advanced Melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2022, 40, 127-137.	0.8	446
43	Phase II Study of the MEK1/MEK2 Inhibitor Trametinib in Patients With Metastatic <i>BRAF</i> -Mutant Cutaneous Melanoma Previously Treated With or Without a BRAF Inhibitor. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2013, 31, 482-489.	0.8	439
44	Resistance to PD1/PDL1 checkpoint inhibition. <i>Cancer Treatment Reviews</i> , 2017, 52, 71-81.	3.4	437
45	Distinguishing Clinicopathologic Features of Patients with V600E and V600K <i>BRAF</i> -Mutant Metastatic Melanoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2012, 18, 3242-3249.	3.2	405
46	Binimetinib versus dacarbazine in patients with advanced NRAS-mutant melanoma (NEMO): a multicentre, open-label, randomised, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2017, 18, 435-445.	5.1	399
47	Phase II Trial (BREAK-2) of the BRAF Inhibitor Dabrafenib (GSK2118436) in Patients With Metastatic Melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2013, 31, 3205-3211.	0.8	395
48	PD-L1 expression in melanoma shows marked heterogeneity within and between patients: implications for anti-PD-1 clinical trials. <i>Pigment Cell and Melanoma Research</i> , 2015, 28, 245-253.	1.5	356
49	Macrophage-Derived CXCL9 and CXCL10 Are Required for Antitumor Immune Responses Following Immune Checkpoint Blockade. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2020, 26, 487-504.	3.2	355
50	Identification of the optimal combination dosing schedule of neoadjuvant ipilimumab plus nivolumab in macroscopic stage III melanoma (OpACIN-neo): a multicentre, phase 2, randomised, controlled trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, 948-960.	5.1	346
51	Pharmacodynamic Effects and Mechanisms of Resistance to Vemurafenib in Patients With Metastatic Melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2013, 31, 1767-1774.	0.8	335
52	Safety of resuming anti-PD-1 in patients with immune-related adverse events (irAEs) during combined anti-CTLA-4 and anti-PD1 in metastatic melanoma. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2018, 29, 250-255.	0.6	304
53	CD103+ Tumor-Resident CD8+ T Cells Are Associated with Improved Survival in Immunotherapy-Naïve Melanoma Patients and Expand Significantly During Anti-PD-1 Treatment. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 24, 3036-3045.	3.2	297
54	Increased MAPK reactivation in early resistance to dabrafenib/trametinib combination therapy of BRAF-mutant metastatic melanoma. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 5694.	5.8	295

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55	Survival Outcomes in Patients With Previously Untreated <i>BRAF</i> Wild-Type Advanced Melanoma Treated With Nivolumab Therapy. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2019, 5, 187.	3.4	295
56	sFRP2 in the aged microenvironment drives melanoma metastasis and therapy resistance. <i>Nature</i> , 2016, 532, 250-254.	13.7	290
57	Immunohistochemistry Is Highly Sensitive and Specific for the Detection of V600E BRAF Mutation in Melanoma. <i>American Journal of Surgical Pathology</i> , 2013, 37, 61-65.	2.1	289
58	Primary and Acquired Resistance to Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors in Metastatic Melanoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 24, 1260-1270.	3.2	289
59	Association Between Immune-Related Adverse Events and Recurrence-Free Survival Among Patients With Stage III Melanoma Randomized to Receive Pembrolizumab or Placebo. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2020, 6, 519.	3.4	287
60	Circulating tumor DNA to monitor treatment response and detect acquired resistance in patients with metastatic melanoma. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015, 6, 42008-42018.	0.8	278
61	Acquired BRAF inhibitor resistance: A multicenter meta-analysis of the spectrum and frequencies, clinical behaviour, and phenotypic associations of resistance mechanisms. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 51, 2792-2799.	1.3	269
62	High response rate to PD-1 blockade in desmoplastic melanomas. <i>Nature</i> , 2018, 553, 347-350.	13.7	269
63	Factors predictive of response, disease progression, and overall survival after dabrafenib and trametinib combination treatment: a pooled analysis of individual patient data from randomised trials. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2016, 17, 1743-1754.	5.1	266
64	Overall Survival and Durable Responses in Patients With <i>BRAF</i> V600E Mutant Metastatic Melanoma Receiving Dabrafenib Combined With Trametinib. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 871-878.	0.8	266
65	Dabrafenib, trametinib and pembrolizumab or placebo in BRAF-mutant melanoma. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2019, 25, 941-946.	15.2	256
66	Five-Year Analysis of Adjuvant Dabrafenib plus Trametinib in Stage III Melanoma. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2020, 383, 1139-1148.	13.9	256
67	Circulating tumour DNA predicts response to anti-PD1 antibodies in metastatic melanoma. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2017, 28, 1130-1136.	0.6	253
68	Age Correlates with Response to Anti-PD1, Reflecting Age-Related Differences in Intratumoral Effector and Regulatory T-Cell Populations. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2018, 24, 5347-5356.	3.2	253
69	Circulating Cytokines Predict Immune-Related Toxicity in Melanoma Patients Receiving Anti-PD-1 Based Immunotherapy. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2019, 25, 1557-1563.	3.2	249
70	Combined BRAF and MEK inhibition with PD-1 blockade immunotherapy in BRAF-mutant melanoma. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2019, 25, 936-940.	15.2	246
71	Response of <i>BRAF</i> -Mutant Melanoma to BRAF Inhibition Is Mediated by a Network of Transcriptional Regulators of Glycolysis. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2014, 4, 423-433.	7.7	242
72	Survival of patients with advanced metastatic melanoma: the impact of novel therapies—update 2017. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017, 83, 247-257.	1.3	236

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73	Pembrolizumab versus placebo as adjuvant therapy in completely resected stage IIB or IIC melanoma (KEYNOTE-716): a randomised, double-blind, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2022, 399, 1718-1729.	6.3	236
74	Association Between Circulating Tumor DNA and Pseudoprogression in Patients With Metastatic Melanoma Treated With Anti-Programmed Cell Death 1 Antibodies. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2018, 4, 717.	3.4	229
75	Longer Follow-Up Confirms Relapse-Free Survival Benefit With Adjuvant Dabrafenib Plus Trametinib in Patients With Resected <i>BRAF</i> V600 Mutant Stage III Melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2018, 36, 3441-3449.	0.8	226
76	Adjuvant pembrolizumab versus placebo in resected stage III melanoma (EORTC 1325-MG/KEYNOTE-054): distant metastasis-free survival results from a double-blind, randomised, controlled, phase 3 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2021, 22, 643-654.	5.1	224
77	Pathological response and survival with neoadjuvant therapy in melanoma: a pooled analysis from the International Neoadjuvant Melanoma Consortium (INMC). <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2021, 27, 301-309.	15.2	218
78	Atypical Melanocytic Proliferations and New Primary Melanomas in Patients With Advanced Melanoma Undergoing Selective <i>BRAF</i> Inhibition. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2012, 30, 2375-2383.	0.8	216
79	Standard-dose pembrolizumab in combination with reduced-dose ipilimumab for patients with advanced melanoma (KEYNOTE-029): an open-label, phase 1b trial. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2017, 18, 1202-1210.	5.1	211
80	Reactive Neutrophil Responses Dependent on the Receptor Tyrosine Kinase c-MET Limit Cancer Immunotherapy. <i>Immunity</i> , 2017, 47, 789-802.e9.	6.6	207
81	Comparison of dabrafenib and trametinib combination therapy with vemurafenib monotherapy on health-related quality of life in patients with unresectable or metastatic cutaneous <i>BRAF</i> Val600-mutation-positive melanoma (COMBI-v): results of a phase 3, open-label, randomised trial. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2015, 16, 1389-1398.	5.1	206
82	Whole-genome landscape of mucosal melanoma reveals diverse drivers and therapeutic targets. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 3163.	5.8	205
83	Long-Term Outcomes in Patients With <i>BRAF</i> V600 Mutant Metastatic Melanoma Who Received Dabrafenib Combined With Trametinib. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2018, 36, 667-673.	0.8	196
84	Patterns of Response and Progression to Immunotherapy. <i>American Society of Clinical Oncology Educational Book / ASCO American Society of Clinical Oncology Meeting</i> , 2018, 38, 169-178.	1.8	196
85	Outcomes of patients with metastatic melanoma treated with immunotherapy prior to or after <i>BRAF</i> inhibitors. <i>Cancer</i> , 2014, 120, 1695-1701.	2.0	195
86	Dynamic Changes in PD-L1 Expression and Immune Infiltrates Early During Treatment Predict Response to PD-1 Blockade in Melanoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2017, 23, 5024-5033.	3.2	192
87	Longer Follow-Up Confirms Recurrence-Free Survival Benefit of Adjuvant Pembrolizumab in High-Risk Stage III Melanoma: Updated Results From the EORTC 1325-MG/KEYNOTE-054 Trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 3925-3936.	0.8	192
88	Cutaneous toxicities of <i>RAF</i> inhibitors. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2013, 14, e11-e18.	5.1	190
89	Correlation of <i>BRAF</i> Mutation Status in Circulating-Free DNA and Tumor and Association with Clinical Outcome across Four <i>BRAF</i> and <i>MEK</i> Clinical Trials. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2016, 22, 567-574.	3.2	185
90	Resistance to combination <i>BRAF</i> and <i>MEK</i> inhibition in metastatic melanoma: Where to next?. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 62, 76-85.	1.3	178

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91	Combined BRAF (Dabrafenib) and MEK Inhibition (Trametinib) in Patients With BRAF ^{V600} -Mutant Melanoma Experiencing Progression With Single-Agent BRAF Inhibitor. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2014, 32, 3697-3704.	0.8	173
92	Discontinuation of anti-PD-1 antibody therapy in the absence of disease progression or treatment limiting toxicity: clinical outcomes in advanced melanoma. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2019, 30, 1154-1161.	0.6	170
93	Tumor Genetic Analyses of Patients with Metastatic Melanoma Treated with the BRAF Inhibitor Dabrafenib (GSK2118436). <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2013, 19, 4868-4878.	3.2	167
94	Transcriptional downregulation of MHC class I and melanoma de-differentiation in resistance to PD-1 inhibition. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 1897.	5.8	165
95	Cutaneous manifestations of dabrafenib (GSK2118436): a selective inhibitor of mutant BRAF in patients with metastatic melanoma. <i>British Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2012, 167, 1153-1160.	1.4	163
96	Inhibition of mTORC1/2 Overcomes Resistance to MAPK Pathway Inhibitors Mediated by PGC1 α and Oxidative Phosphorylation in Melanoma. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2014, 74, 7037-7047.	0.4	161
97	Three-year pooled analysis of factors associated with clinical outcomes across dabrafenib and trametinib combination therapy phase 3 randomised trials. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017, 82, 45-55.	1.3	160
98	Neoadjuvant systemic therapy in melanoma: recommendations of the International Neoadjuvant Melanoma Consortium. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, e378-e389.	5.1	155
99	Negative immune checkpoint regulation by VISTA: a mechanism of acquired resistance to anti-PD-1 therapy in metastatic melanoma patients. <i>Modern Pathology</i> , 2017, 30, 1666-1676.	2.9	150
100	WNT5A enhances resistance of melanoma cells to targeted BRAF inhibitors. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2014, 124, 2877-2890.	3.9	144
101	A Novel AKT1 Mutant Amplifies an Adaptive Melanoma Response to BRAF Inhibition. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2014, 4, 69-79.	7.7	141
102	Assessment of nivolumab exposure and clinical safety of 480 μ g every 4 weeks flat-dosing schedule in patients with cancer. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2018, 29, 2208-2213.	0.6	139
103	Survival of patients with advanced metastatic melanoma: The impact of novel therapies. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 53, 125-134.	1.3	137
104	Evolving concepts in melanoma classification and their relevance to multidisciplinary melanoma patient care. <i>Molecular Oncology</i> , 2011, 5, 124-136.	2.1	135
105	Dabrafenib and Trametinib, Alone and in Combination for BRAF-Mutant Metastatic Melanoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2014, 20, 2035-2043.	3.2	135
106	Pathological assessment of resection specimens after neoadjuvant therapy for metastatic melanoma. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2018, 29, 1861-1868.	0.6	135
107	A case report of clonal EBV-like memory CD4 ⁺ T cell activation in fatal checkpoint inhibitor-induced encephalitis. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2019, 25, 1243-1250.	15.2	133
108	Nivolumab for Patients With Advanced Melanoma Treated Beyond Progression. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2017, 3, 1511.	3.4	131

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109	FDG-PET response and outcome from anti-PD-1 therapy in metastatic melanoma. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2018, 29, 2115-2120.	0.6	131
110	Systemic treatment for BRAF-mutant melanoma: where do we go next?. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2014, 15, e371-e381.	5.1	130
111	Targeting BRAF for patients with melanoma. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2011, 104, 392-398.	2.9	129
112	MAPK Signaling and Inflammation Link Melanoma Phenotype Switching to Induction of CD73 during Immunotherapy. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2017, 77, 4697-4709.	0.4	126
113	Neoadjuvant dabrafenib combined with trametinib for resectable, stage IIIB-C, BRAFV600 mutation-positive melanoma (NeoCombi): a single-arm, open-label, single-centre, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2019, 20, 961-971.	5.1	126
114	Activity and safety of radiotherapy with anti-PD-1 drug therapy in patients with metastatic melanoma. <i>Oncolmmunology</i> , 2016, 5, e1214788.	2.1	123
115	Personalized response-directed surgery and adjuvant therapy after neoadjuvant ipilimumab and nivolumab in high-risk stage III melanoma: the PRADO trial. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2022, 28, 1178-1188.	15.2	121
116	PD-L1 Expression and Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes Define Different Subsets of MAPK Inhibitor-Treated Melanoma Patients. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2015, 21, 3140-3148.	3.2	120
117	Five-Year Outcomes With Nivolumab in Patients With Wild-Type BRAF Advanced Melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 3937-3946.	0.8	119
118	Relatlimab (RELA) plus nivolumab (NIVO) versus NIVO in first-line advanced melanoma: Primary phase III results from RELATIVITY-047 (CA224-047).. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 39, 9503-9503.	0.8	116
119	The transcription cofactor c-JUN mediates phenotype switching and BRAF inhibitor resistance in melanoma. <i>Science Signaling</i> , 2015, 8, ra82.	1.6	114
120	Efficacy and toxicity of treatment with the anti-CTLA-4 antibody ipilimumab in patients with metastatic melanoma after prior anti-PD-1 therapy. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 114, 1084-1089.	2.9	113
121	Targeting the MAPK and PI3K pathways in combination with PD1 blockade in melanoma. <i>Oncolmmunology</i> , 2016, 5, e1238557.	2.1	113
122	Site-specific response patterns, pseudoprogression, and acquired resistance in patients with melanoma treated with ipilimumab combined with anti-PD-1 therapy. <i>Cancer</i> , 2020, 126, 86-97.	2.0	113
123	The spectrum, incidence, kinetics and management of endocrinopathies with immune checkpoint inhibitors for metastatic melanoma. <i>European Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2018, 178, 173-180.	1.9	111
124	Chronic Immune-Related Adverse Events Following Adjuvant Anti-PD-1 Therapy for High-risk Resected Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2021, 7, 744.	3.4	110
125	KEYNOTE-022 part 3: a randomized, double-blind, phase 2 study of pembrolizumab, dabrafenib, and trametinib in BRAF-mutant melanoma. , 2020, 8, e001806.		110
126	Tumor-associated B-cells induce tumor heterogeneity and therapy resistance. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017, 8, 607.	5.8	109

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127	Learning from clinical trials of neoadjuvant checkpoint blockade. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2020, 26, 475-484.	15.2	107
128	Epacadostat (E) plus pembrolizumab (P) versus pembrolizumab alone in patients (pts) with unresectable or metastatic melanoma: Results of the phase 3 ECHO-301/KEYNOTE-252 study.. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2018, 36, 108-108.	0.8	107
129	BRAF inhibitor activity in V600R metastatic melanoma. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013, 49, 1073-1079.	1.3	105
130	Ipilimumab alone or ipilimumab plus anti-PD-1 therapy in patients with metastatic melanoma resistant to anti-PD-(L)1 monotherapy: a multicentre, retrospective, cohort study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2021, 22, 836-847.	5.1	104
131	Dabrafenib and its potential for the treatment of metastatic melanoma. <i>Drug Design, Development and Therapy</i> , 2012, 6, 391.	2.0	102
132	Whole-genome sequencing of acral melanoma reveals genomic complexity and diversity. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 5259.	5.8	102
133	Acquired resistance to anti-MAPK targeted therapy confers an immune-evasive tumor microenvironment and cross-resistance to immunotherapy in melanoma. <i>Nature Cancer</i> , 2021, 2, 693-708.	5.7	102
134	Outcomes by line of therapy and programmed death ligand 1 expression in patients with advanced melanoma treated with pembrolizumab or ipilimumab in KEYNOTE-006: A randomised clinical trial. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2018, 101, 236-243.	1.3	100
135	Differential activity of MEK and ERK inhibitors in BRAF inhibitor resistant melanoma. <i>Molecular Oncology</i> , 2014, 8, 544-554.	2.1	98
136	Thyroid Immune-related Adverse Events Following Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Treatment. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021, 106, e3704-e3713.	1.8	98
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