

Shota Yamazaki

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

37
papers

1,423
citations

516710

16
h-index

345221

36
g-index

37
all docs

37
docs citations

37
times ranked

2217
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	FDG uptake in PET is associated with the tumor microenvironment in metastatic lymph nodes and prognosis in N2 lung adenocarcinoma. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2022, , .	3.9	3
2	Cancer-associated fibroblasts and the tumor microenvironment in non-small cell lung cancer. <i>Expert Review of Anticancer Therapy</i> , 2022, 22, 169-182.	2.4	7
3	Prognostic impact of count of extratumoral lymphatic permeation in lung adenocarcinoma and its relation to the immune microenvironment. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2022, 113, 1497-1506.	3.9	3
4	Pathologic method for extracting good prognosis group in triple-negative breast cancer after neoadjuvant chemotherapy. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2022, 113, 1507-1518.	3.9	6
5	Component with abundant immune-related cells in combined hepatocellular cholangiocarcinoma identified by cluster analysis. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2022, , .	3.9	3
6	Tumor-Infiltrating T Cells Concurrently Overexpress CD200R with Immune Checkpoints PD-1, CTLA-4, and TIM-3 in Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer. <i>Pathobiology</i> , 2021, 88, 218-227.	3.8	2
7	Relationship between podoplanin-expressing cancer-associated fibroblasts and the immune microenvironment of early lung squamous cell carcinoma. <i>Lung Cancer</i> , 2021, 153, 1-10.	2.0	43
8	Sarcomatoid hepatocellular carcinoma is distinct from ordinary hepatocellular carcinoma: Clinicopathologic, transcriptomic and immunologic analyses. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2021, 149, 546-560.	5.1	18
9	Prognostic impact of extranodal extension in patients with pN1 N2 lung adenocarcinoma. <i>Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 147, 3699-3707.	2.5	6
10	The immunological impact of preoperative chemoradiotherapy on the tumor microenvironment of pancreatic cancer. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2021, 112, 2895-2904.	3.9	9
11	Uptake of collagen type I via macropinocytosis cause mTOR activation and anti-cancer drug resistance. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2020, 526, 191-198.	2.1	19
12	Secretion of high amounts of hepatocyte growth factor is a characteristic feature of cancer-associated fibroblasts with EGFR- TKI resistance-promoting phenotype: A study of 18 cases of cancer-associated fibroblasts. <i>Pathology International</i> , 2019, 69, 472-480.	1.3	15
13	Prognostic Impact of the Number of Metastatic Lymph Nodes on the Eighth Edition of the TNM Classification of NSCLC. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2019, 14, 1408-1418.	1.1	43
14	Interaction between cancer cells and cancer-associated fibroblasts after cisplatin treatment promotes cancer cell regrowth. <i>Human Cell</i> , 2019, 32, 453-464.	2.7	7
15	Correlation between maximum standardized uptake values on FDG-PET and microenvironmental factors in patients with clinical stage IA radiologic pure-solid lung adenocarcinoma. <i>Lung Cancer</i> , 2019, 136, 57-64.	2.0	10
16	Organoid culture containing cancer cells and stromal cells reveals that podoplanin-positive cancer-associated fibroblasts enhance proliferation of lung cancer cells. <i>Lung Cancer</i> , 2019, 134, 100-107.	2.0	40
17	Area of residual tumor (ART) can predict prognosis after post neoadjuvant therapy resection for pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 17145.	3.3	15
18	Spatiotemporal characteristics of fibroblasts-dependent cancer cell invasion. <i>Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology</i> , 2019, 145, 373-381.	2.5	6

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19	Collagen type I induces EGFR-TKI resistance in EGFR-mutated cancer cells by mTOR activation through Akt-independent pathway. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2018, 109, 2063-2073.	3.9	39
20	CD200-positive cancer associated fibroblasts augment the sensitivity of Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor mutation-positive lung adenocarcinomas to EGFR Tyrosine kinase inhibitors. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 46662.	3.3	36
21	A novel method to generate single-cell-derived cancer-associated fibroblast clones. <i>Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 143, 1409-1419.	2.5	12
22	Drastic morphological and molecular differences between lymph node micrometastatic tumors and macrometastatic tumors of lung adenocarcinoma. <i>Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 142, 37-46.	2.5	10
23	Phenotypic and functional heterogeneity of cancer-associated fibroblast within the tumor microenvironment. <i>Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews</i> , 2016, 99, 186-196.	13.7	340
24	Podoplanin-expressing cancer-associated fibroblasts lead and enhance the local invasion of cancer cells in lung adenocarcinoma. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015, 137, 784-796.	5.1	106
25	Podoplanin-Positive Cancer-Associated Fibroblasts in the Tumor Microenvironment Induce Primary Resistance to EGFR-TKIs in Lung Adenocarcinoma with EGFR Mutation. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2015, 21, 642-651.	7.0	98
26	Impact of Extratumoral Lymphatic Permeation on Postoperative Survival of Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer Patients. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2014, 9, 337-344.	1.1	18
27	Identification of intravascular tumor microenvironment features predicting the recurrence of pathological stage I lung adenocarcinoma. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2013, 104, 1262-1269.	3.9	21
28	Identification of Biological Properties of Intralymphatic Tumor Related to the Development of Lymph Node Metastasis in Lung Adenocarcinoma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e83537.	2.5	12
29	Prognostic Impact of Cancer-Associated Stromal Cells in Patients With Stage I Lung Adenocarcinoma. <i>Chest</i> , 2012, 142, 151-158.	0.8	106
30	Morphophenotypic characteristics of intralymphatic cancer and stromal cells susceptible to lymphogenic metastasis. <i>Cancer Science</i> , 2012, 103, 1342-1347.	3.9	10
31	Poor Prognostic Factors in Patients With Stage IB Non-small Cell Lung Cancer According to the Seventh Edition TNM Classification. <i>Chest</i> , 2011, 139, 855-861.	0.8	38
32	Long-term Survival and Risk Factors for Recurrence in Stage I Non-small Cell Lung Cancer Patients With Tumors up to 3 cm in Maximum Dimension. <i>Chest</i> , 2010, 138, 357-362.	0.8	42
33	A Novel Histopathological Evaluation Method Predicting the Outcome of Non-small Cell Lung Cancer Treated by Neoadjuvant Therapy: The Prognostic Importance of the Area of Residual Tumor. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2010, 5, 49-55.	1.1	47
34	Stromal Macrophage Expressing CD204 is Associated with Tumor Aggressiveness in Lung Adenocarcinoma. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2010, 5, 1507-1515.	1.1	159
35	Vascular Invasion Is a Strong Prognostic Factor After Complete Resection of Node-Negative Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. <i>Chest</i> , 2010, 138, 1411-1417.	0.8	30
36	Area of residual tumor beyond the muscular layer is a useful predictor of outcome in rectal cancer patients who receive preoperative chemoradiotherapy. <i>Pathology International</i> , 2009, 59, 857-862.	1.3	11

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37	Evaluation of extratumoral lymphatic permeation in non-small cell lung cancer as a means of predicting outcome. Lung Cancer, 2007, 55, 61-66.	2.0	33