

Stephen P Luby

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

479
papers

22,388
citations

16791

66
h-index

19470

122
g-index

512
all docs

512
docs citations

512
times ranked

18554
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 1 | The global burden of typhoid fever. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2004, 82, 346-53. | 1.5 | 1,142 |
| 2 | Efficacy of pentavalent rotavirus vaccine against severe rotavirus gastroenteritis in infants in developing countries in Asia: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2010, 376, 615-623. | 6.3 | 660 |
| 3 | Effect of handwashing on child health: a randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2005, 366, 225-233. | 6.3 | 584 |
| 4 | Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Bangladesh: a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e302-e315. | 2.9 | 498 |
| 5 | Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Kenya: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e316-e329. | 2.9 | 427 |
| 6 | Morbidity and mortality due to shigella and enterotoxigenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> diarrhoea: the Global Burden of Disease Study 1990-2016. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases</i> , The, 2018, 18, 1229-1240. | 4.6 | 427 |
| 7 | Person-to-Person Transmission of Nipah Virus in a Bangladeshi Community. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2007, 13, 1031-1037. | 2.0 | 387 |
| 8 | Foodborne Transmission of Nipah Virus, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2006, 12, 1888-1894. | 2.0 | 376 |
| 9 | Recurrent Zoonotic Transmission of Nipah Virus into Humans, Bangladesh, 2001-2007. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009, 15, 1229-1235. | 2.0 | 323 |
| 10 | Transmission of Human Infection with Nipah Virus. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009, 49, 1743-1748. | 2.9 | 321 |
| 11 | A Strategy To Estimate Unknown Viral Diversity in Mammals. <i>MBio</i> , 2013, 4, e00598-13. | 1.8 | 320 |
| 12 | The Integrated Behavioural Model for Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene: a systematic review of behavioural models and a framework for designing and evaluating behaviour change interventions in infrastructure-restricted settings. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2013, 13, 1015. | 1.2 | 285 |
| 13 | Household Environmental Conditions Are Associated with Enteropathy and Impaired Growth in Rural Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2013, 89, 130-137. | 0.6 | 261 |
| 14 | Effect of Intensive Handwashing Promotion on Childhood Diarrhea in High-Risk Communities in Pakistan. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2004, 291, 2547. | 3.8 | 242 |
| 15 | The WASH Benefits and SHINE trials: interpretation of WASH intervention effects on linear growth and diarrhoea. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2019, 7, e1139-e1146. | 2.9 | 240 |
| 16 | Clinical Presentation of Nipah Virus Infection in Bangladesh. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2008, 46, 977-984. | 2.9 | 225 |
| 17 | Bacteremic Typhoid Fever in Children in an Urban Slum, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2005, 11, 326-329. | 2.0 | 197 |
| 18 | Impact of community masking on COVID-19: A cluster-randomized trial in Bangladesh. <i>Science</i> , 2022, 375, | 6.0 | 197 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Cluster-randomised controlled trials of individual and combined water, sanitation, hygiene and nutritional interventions in rural Bangladesh and Kenya: the WASH Benefits study design and rationale. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013, 3, e003476. | 0.8 | 188 |
| 20 | Nipah virus: Impact, origins, and causes of emergence. <i>Current Infectious Disease Reports</i> , 2006, 8, 59-65. | 1.3 | 182 |
| 21 | Date Palm Sap Linked to Nipah Virus Outbreak in Bangladesh, 2008. <i>Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases</i> , 2012, 12, 65-72. | 0.6 | 174 |
| 22 | Animal Feces Contribute to Domestic Fecal Contamination: Evidence from <i>E. coli</i> Measured in Water, Hands, Food, Flies, and Soil in Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2017, 51, 8725-8734. | 4.6 | 166 |
| 23 | The implications of three major new trials for the effect of water, sanitation and hygiene on childhood diarrhea and stunting: a consensus statement. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2019, 17, 173. | 2.3 | 166 |
| 24 | The pandemic potential of Nipah virus. <i>Antiviral Research</i> , 2013, 100, 38-43. | 1.9 | 162 |
| 25 | Hygiene: new hopes, new horizons. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases</i> , The, 2011, 11, 312-321. | 4.6 | 159 |
| 26 | Estimating the Incidence of Typhoid Fever and Other Febrile Illnesses in Developing Countries. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2003, 9, 539-544. | 2.0 | 152 |
| 27 | The Effect of Handwashing at Recommended Times with Water Alone and With Soap on Child Diarrhea in Rural Bangladesh: An Observational Study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2011, 8, e1001052. | 3.9 | 149 |
| 28 | Menstrual hygiene management among Bangladeshi adolescent schoolgirls and risk factors affecting school absence: results from a cross-sectional survey. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e015508. | 0.8 | 149 |
| 29 | A CLUSTER-RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL EVALUATING THE EFFECT OF A HANDWASHING-PROMOTION PROGRAM IN CHINESE PRIMARY SCHOOLS. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2007, 76, 1166-1173. | 0.6 | 145 |
| 30 | Combining drinking water treatment and hand washing for diarrhoea prevention, a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2006, 11, 479-489. | 1.0 | 134 |
| 31 | Influenza is a Major Contributor to Childhood Pneumonia in a Tropical Developing Country. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2010, 29, 216-221. | 1.1 | 130 |
| 32 | Ebola Virus Antibodies in Fruit Bats, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013, 19, 270-273. | 2.0 | 129 |
| 33 | Long-term neurological and functional outcome in Nipah virus infection. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2007, 62, 235-242. | 2.8 | 126 |
| 34 | Is Structured Observation a Valid Technique to Measure Handwashing Behavior? Use of Acceleration Sensors Embedded in Soap to Assess Reactivity to Structured Observation. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2010, 83, 1070-1076. | 0.6 | 123 |
| 35 | Household based treatment of drinking water with flocculant-disinfectant for preventing diarrhoea in areas with turbid source water in rural western Kenya: cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2005, 331, 478. | 2.4 | 121 |
| 36 | Difficulties in Bringing Point-of-Use Water Treatment to Scale in Rural Guatemala. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2008, 78, 382-387. | 0.6 | 121 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 37 | Feasibility and effectiveness of oral cholera vaccine in an urban endemic setting in Bangladesh: a cluster randomised open-label trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2015, 386, 1362-1371. | 6.3 | 120 |
| 38 | Characterization of Nipah Virus from Outbreaks in Bangladesh, 2008–2010. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2012, 18, 248-255. | 2.0 | 119 |
| 39 | Nipah virus dynamics in bats and implications for spillover to humans. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 29190-29201. | 3.3 | 119 |
| 40 | Estimating deaths and injuries due to road traffic accidents in Karachi, Pakistan, through the capture-recapture method. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1998, 27, 866-870. | 0.9 | 115 |
| 41 | Interim evaluation of a large scale sanitation, hygiene and water improvement programme on childhood diarrhea and respiratory disease in rural Bangladesh. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2012, 75, 604-611. | 1.8 | 115 |
| 42 | Efficacy of oseltamivir treatment started within 5 days of symptom onset to reduce influenza illness duration and virus shedding in an urban setting in Bangladesh: a randomised placebo-controlled trial. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases, The</i> , 2014, 14, 109-118. | 4.6 | 114 |
| 43 | Transmission of Nipah Virus – 14 Years of Investigations in Bangladesh. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2019, 380, 1804-1814. | 13.9 | 114 |
| 44 | Nipah Virus Infection Outbreak with Nosocomial and Corpse-to-Human Transmission, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013, 19, 210-217. | 2.0 | 110 |
| 45 | Observed hand cleanliness and other measures of handwashing behavior in rural Bangladesh. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2010, 10, 545. | 1.2 | 108 |
| 46 | Epidemiological methods in diarrhoea studies – an update. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2011, 40, 1678-1692. | 0.9 | 105 |
| 47 | Respiratory Syncytial Virus Circulation in Seven Countries With Global Disease Detection Regional Centers. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2013, 208, S246-S254. | 1.9 | 105 |
| 48 | Nipah Virus Transmission from Bats to Humans Associated with Drinking Traditional Liquor Made from Date Palm Sap, Bangladesh, 2011–2014. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 22, 664-670. | 2.0 | 104 |
| 49 | Molecular mechanism of azithromycin resistance among typhoidal Salmonella strains in Bangladesh identified through passive pediatric surveillance. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007868. | 1.3 | 100 |
| 50 | Household Characteristics Associated with Handwashing with Soap in Rural Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2009, 81, 882-887. | 0.6 | 97 |
| 51 | Increasing Incidence of Post-Kala-Azar Dermal Leishmaniasis in a Population-Based Study in Bangladesh. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2010, 50, 73-76. | 2.9 | 93 |
| 52 | Influenza in Outpatient ILI Case-Patients in National Hospital-Based Surveillance, Bangladesh, 2007–2008. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009, 4, e8452. | 1.1 | 91 |
| 53 | Use of Infrared Camera to Understand Bats' Access to Date Palm Sap: Implications for Preventing Nipah Virus Transmission. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2010, 7, 517-525. | 0.9 | 90 |
| 54 | Early priming with inactivated poliovirus vaccine (IPV) and intradermal fractional dose IPV administered by a microneedle device: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2015, 33, 6816-6822. | 1.7 | 89 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Outbreak of Crimeanâ€Congo haemorrhagic fever in Quetta, Pakistan: contact tracing and risk assessment. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 1998, 3, 878-882. | 1.0 | 88 |
| 56 | Burden of typhoid and paratyphoid fever in a densely populated urban community, Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2010, 14, e93-e99. | 1.5 | 88 |
| 57 | Designing a handwashing station for infrastructure-restricted communities in Bangladesh using the integrated behavioural model for water, sanitation and hygiene interventions (IBM-WASH). <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2013, 13, 877. | 1.2 | 79 |
| 58 | A cluster-randomized controlled trial evaluating the effect of a handwashing-promotion program in Chinese primary schools. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2007, 76, 1166-73. | 0.6 | 79 |
| 59 | Invasive Pneumococcal Disease among Children in Rural Bangladesh: Results from a Populationâ€Based Surveillance. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009, 48, S103-S113. | 2.9 | 78 |
| 60 | Risk factors for hepatitis C virus infection in male adults in Rawalpindi-Islamabad, Pakistan. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2001, 6, 732-738. | 1.0 | 77 |
| 61 | Microbiological Contamination of Drinking Water Associated with Subsequent Child Diarrhea. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 93, 904-911. | 0.6 | 76 |
| 62 | Convergence of Humans, Bats, Trees, and Culture in Nipah Virus Transmission, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 23, 1446-1453. | 2.0 | 76 |
| 63 | Date Palm Sap Collection: Exploring Opportunities to Prevent Nipah Transmission. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2010, 7, 196-203. | 0.9 | 75 |
| 64 | Incidence of influenza-like illness and severe acute respiratory infection during three influenza seasons in Bangladesh, 2008â€2010. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2012, 90, 12-19. | 1.5 | 74 |
| 65 | Effect of water quality, sanitation, hand washing, and nutritional interventions on child development in rural Bangladesh (WASH Benefits Bangladesh): a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health</i> , 2018, 2, 255-268. | 2.7 | 73 |
| 66 | Spillover effects in epidemiology: parameters, study designs and methodological considerations. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 47, 332-347. | 0.9 | 73 |
| 67 | Reducing diarrhoea in Guatemalan children: randomized controlled trial of flocculant-disinfectant for drinking water. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2004, 84, 28-35. | 1.5 | 72 |
| 68 | A Randomized Controlled Trial of Interventions to Impede Date Palm Sap Contamination by Bats to Prevent Nipah Virus Transmission in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e42689. | 1.1 | 71 |
| 69 | Coverage and cost of a large oral cholera vaccination program in a high-risk cholera endemic urban population in Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2013, 31, 6058-6064. | 1.7 | 70 |
| 70 | Identification of GBV-D, a Novel GB-like Flavivirus from Old World Frugivorous Bats (Pteropus) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 142 | 2.1 | 69 |
| 71 | Effects of Source- versus Household Contamination of Tubewell Water on Child Diarrhea in Rural Bangladesh: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0121907. | 1.1 | 69 |
| 72 | Occurrence of Host-Associated Fecal Markers on Child Hands, Household Soil, and Drinking Water in Rural Bangladeshi Households. <i>Environmental Science and Technology Letters</i> , 2016, 3, 393-398. | 3.9 | 69 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 73 | Identification of Serotype in Culture Negative Pneumococcal Meningitis Using Sequential Multiplex PCR: Implication for Surveillance and Vaccine Design. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2008, 3, e3576. | 1.1 | 69 |
| 74 | Associations among handwashing indicators, wealth, and symptoms of childhood respiratory illness in urban Bangladesh. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2008, 13, 835-844. | 1.0 | 68 |
| 75 | Surveillance for Invasive <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> Disease among Hospitalized Children in Bangladesh: Antimicrobial Susceptibility and Serotype Distribution. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009, 48, S75-S81. | 2.9 | 68 |
| 76 | Anthrax Outbreaks in Bangladesh, 2009–2010. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2012, 86, 703-710. | 0.6 | 68 |
| 77 | Invasive Pneumococcal Disease Burden and Implications for Vaccine Policy in Urban Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2007, 77, 795-801. | 0.6 | 68 |
| 78 | Diarrheal epidemics in Dhaka, Bangladesh, during three consecutive floods: 1988, 1998, and 2004. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2006, 74, 1067-73. | 0.6 | 68 |
| 79 | Typhoid conjugate vaccines: a new tool in the fight against antimicrobial resistance. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 19, e26-e30. | 4.6 | 67 |
| 80 | Indoor exposure to particulate matter and the incidence of acute lower respiratory infections among children: A birth cohort study in urban Bangladesh. <i>Indoor Air</i> , 2013, 23, 379-386. | 2.0 | 66 |
| 81 | Epidemiology of Henipavirus Disease in Humans. <i>Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2012, 359, 25-40. | 0.7 | 65 |
| 82 | Inequalities in Care-seeking for Febrile Illness of Under-five Children in Urban Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition</i> , 2011, 29, 523-31. | 0.7 | 64 |
| 83 | Outbreak of Hepatitis E in Urban Bangladesh Resulting in Maternal and Perinatal Mortality. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2014, 59, 658-665. | 2.9 | 64 |
| 84 | Hand- and Object-Mouthing of Rural Bangladeshi Children 3–18 Months Old. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2016, 13, 563. | 1.2 | 64 |
| 85 | Incidence of Respiratory Virus-Associated Pneumonia in Urban Poor Young Children of Dhaka, Bangladesh, 2009–2011. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e32056. | 1.1 | 64 |
| 86 | A low-cost intervention for cleaner drinking water in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2001, 5, 144-150. | 1.5 | 63 |
| 87 | Association Between Intensive Handwashing Promotion and Child Development in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2012, 166, 1037. | 3.6 | 63 |
| 88 | Effect of in-line drinking water chlorination at the point of collection on child diarrhoea in urban Bangladesh: a double-blind, cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2019, 7, e1247-e1256. | 2.9 | 63 |
| 89 | What Point-of-Use Water Treatment Products Do Consumers Use? Evidence from a Randomized Controlled Trial among the Urban Poor in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e26132. | 1.1 | 63 |
| 90 | The Role of Landscape Composition and Configuration on <i>Pteropus giganteus</i> Roosting Ecology and Nipah Virus Spillover Risk in Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2014, 90, 247-255. | 0.6 | 62 |

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|-----|---|-----|-----------|
| 91 | Ruminants Contribute Fecal Contamination to the Urban Household Environment in Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2016, 50, 4642-4649. | 4.6 | 62 |
| 92 | Prevalence and correlates of stunting among children in rural Pakistan. <i>Pediatrics International</i> , 2003, 45, 49-53. | 0.2 | 61 |
| 93 | Microbiological Evaluation of the Efficacy of Soapy Water to Clean Hands: A Randomized, Non-Inferiority Field Trial. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2014, 91, 415-423. | 0.6 | 61 |
| 94 | Do Sanitation Improvements Reduce Fecal Contamination of Water, Hands, Food, Soil, and Flies? Evidence from a Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial in Rural Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2018, 52, 12089-12097. | 4.6 | 60 |
| 95 | DELAYED EFFECTIVENESS OF HOME-BASED INTERVENTIONS IN REDUCING CHILDHOOD DIARRHEA, KARACHI, PAKISTAN. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2004, 71, 420-427. | 0.6 | 60 |
| 96 | Difficulties in Maintaining Improved Handwashing Behavior, Karachi, Pakistan. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2009, 81, 140-145. | 0.6 | 59 |
| 97 | Roosting behaviour and habitat selection of <i>Pteropus giganteus</i> reveal potential links to Nipah virus epidemiology. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 376-387. | 1.9 | 58 |
| 98 | Serological Evidence of Henipavirus Exposure in Cattle, Goats and Pigs in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e3302. | 1.3 | 57 |
| 99 | Emergence of multidrug-resistant strain of <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> O1 in Bangladesh and reversal of their susceptibility to tetracycline after two years. <i>Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition</i> , 2007, 25, 241-3. | 0.7 | 57 |
| 100 | Learning to Dislike Safe Water Products: Results from a Randomized Controlled Trial of the Effects of Direct and Peer Experience on Willingness to Pay. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2012, 46, 6244-6251. | 4.6 | 55 |
| 101 | Avian influenza surveillance in domestic waterfowl and environment of live bird markets in Bangladesh, 2007-2012. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 9396. | 1.6 | 54 |
| 102 | Fecal Indicator Bacteria along Multiple Environmental Transmission Pathways (Water, Hands, Food,) <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2018, 52, 7928-7936. | 4.6 | 54 |
| 103 | Data-driven estimation of COVID-19 community prevalence through wastewater-based epidemiology. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021, 789, 147947. | 3.9 | 54 |
| 104 | Bangladeshi backyard poultry raisers' perceptions and practices related to zoonotic transmission of avian influenza. <i>Journal of Infection in Developing Countries</i> , 2012, 6, 156-165. | 0.5 | 53 |
| 105 | Pedestrian environment and behavior in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Accident Analysis and Prevention</i> , 1999, 31, 335-339. | 3.0 | 52 |
| 106 | Effects of Water, Sanitation, Handwashing, and Nutritional Interventions on Child Enteric Protozoan Infections in Rural Bangladesh: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018, 67, 1515-1522. | 2.9 | 52 |
| 107 | Multihospital Surveillance of Pneumonia Burden among Children Aged ≤ 5 Years Hospitalized for Pneumonia in Bangladesh. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009, 48, S82-S89. | 2.9 | 51 |
| 108 | A community-randomised controlled trial promoting waterless hand sanitizer and handwashing with soap, Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2010, 15, 1508-1516. | 1.0 | 51 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|-----|---|-----|-----------|
| 109 | Addressing Climate Change and Its Effects on Human Health: A Call to Action for Medical Schools. <i>Academic Medicine</i> , 2021, 96, 324-328. | 0.8 | 51 |
| 110 | Predictors of Enteric Pathogens in the Domestic Environment from Human and Animal Sources in Rural Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2019, 53, 10023-10033. | 4.6 | 50 |
| 111 | Variability in Hand Contamination Based on Serial Measurements: Implications for Assessment of Hand-Cleansing Behavior and Disease Risk. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2011, 84, 510-516. | 0.6 | 49 |
| 112 | Estimating the Burden of Maternal and Neonatal Deaths Associated With Jaundice in Bangladesh: Possible Role of Hepatitis E Infection. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2012, 102, 2248-2254. | 1.5 | 49 |
| 113 | Seasonal concentrations and determinants of indoor particulate matter in a low-income community in Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2013, 121, 11-16. | 3.7 | 49 |
| 114 | Family caregivers in public tertiary care hospitals in Bangladesh: Risks and opportunities for infection control. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2014, 42, 305-310. | 1.1 | 49 |
| 115 | Phase I of the Surveillance for Enteric Fever in Asia Project (SEAP): An Overview and Lessons Learned. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018, 218, S188-S194. | 1.9 | 49 |
| 116 | The Interaction of Deworming, Improved Sanitation, and Household Flooring with Soil-Transmitted Helminth Infection in Rural Bangladesh. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0004256. | 1.3 | 49 |
| 117 | Difficulties in bringing point-of-use water treatment to scale in rural Guatemala. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2008, 78, 382-7. | 0.6 | 49 |
| 118 | Spillover effects on health outcomes in low- and middle-income countries: a systematic review. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017, 46, 1251-1276. | 0.9 | 48 |
| 119 | Can you taste it? Taste detection and acceptability thresholds for chlorine residual in drinking water in Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018, 613-614, 840-846. | 3.9 | 48 |
| 120 | Unsafe disposal of feces of children <3 years among households with latrine access in rural Bangladesh: Association with household characteristics, fly presence and child diarrhea. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0195218. | 1.1 | 48 |
| 121 | Effects of water, sanitation, handwashing and nutritional interventions on soil-transmitted helminth infections in young children: A cluster-randomized controlled trial in rural Bangladesh. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007323. | 1.3 | 48 |
| 122 | Integrating Facility-Based Surveillance With Healthcare Utilization Surveys to Estimate Enteric Fever Incidence: Methods and Challenges. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018, 218, S268-S276. | 1.9 | 47 |
| 123 | An Outbreak of Chikungunya in Rural Bangladesh, 2011. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0003907. | 1.3 | 47 |
| 124 | Population-Based Incidence of Severe Acute Respiratory Virus Infections among Children Aged <5 Years in Rural Bangladesh, June–October 2010. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e89978. | 1.1 | 46 |
| 125 | Expansion of epidemic dengue viral infections to Pakistan. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 1998, 2, 197-201. | 1.5 | 45 |
| 126 | Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Drug Resistance in Dhaka Central Jail, the Largest Prison in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e10759. | 1.1 | 45 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|-----|--|-----|-----------|
| 127 | Investigating a crow die-off in January–February 2011 during the introduction of a new clade of highly pathogenic avian influenza virus H5N1 into Bangladesh. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2014, 159, 509-518. | 0.9 | 45 |
| 128 | A randomized controlled trial of household-based flocculant-disinfectant drinking water treatment for diarrhea prevention in rural Guatemala. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2003, 69, 411-9. | 0.6 | 45 |
| 129 | Survey of surgical emergencies in a rural population in the Northern Areas of Pakistan. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 1999, 4, 846-857. | 1.0 | 44 |
| 130 | Clinical and Immunological Aspects of Post–Kala-Azar Dermal Leishmaniasis in Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2013, 89, 345-353. | 0.6 | 44 |
| 131 | Turmeric means “yellow” in Bengali: Lead chromate pigments added to turmeric threaten public health across Bangladesh. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2019, 179, 108722. | 3.7 | 44 |
| 132 | Factors associated with elevated blood lead concentrations in children in Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2002, 80, 769-75. | 1.5 | 44 |
| 133 | Evaluation of blood bank practices in Karachi, Pakistan, and the government’s response. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2000, 15, 217-222. | 1.0 | 43 |
| 134 | Achieving optimal technology and behavioral uptake of single and combined interventions of water, sanitation hygiene and nutrition, in an efficacy trial (WASH benefits) in rural Bangladesh. <i>Trials</i> , 2018, 19, 358. | 0.7 | 43 |
| 135 | Clinical value of Tubex [®] and Typhidot [®] rapid diagnostic tests for typhoid fever in an urban community clinic in Bangladesh. <i>Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease</i> , 2008, 61, 381-386. | 0.8 | 42 |
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