Alpa V Patel

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

76326 62596 12,258 82 40 80 citations h-index g-index papers 82 82 82 18775 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Body-mass index and all-cause mortality: individual-participant-data meta-analysis of 239 prospective studies in four continents. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 776-786.	13.7	1,793
2	Exercise Guidelines for Cancer Survivors: Consensus Statement from International Multidisciplinary Roundtable. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 2375-2390.	0.4	1,443
3	American Cancer Society guidelines on nutrition and physical activity for cancer prevention. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2012, 62, 30-67.	329.8	1,134
4	Association of Leisure-Time Physical Activity With Risk of 26 Types of Cancer in 1.44 Million Adults. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 816.	5.1	1,000
5	Proportion and number of cancer cases and deaths attributable to potentially modifiable risk factors in the United States. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2018, 68, 31-54.	329 . 8	970
6	Leisure Time Spent Sitting in Relation to Total Mortality in a Prospective Cohort of US Adults. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 172, 419-429.	3.4	507
7	American College of Sports Medicine Roundtable Report on Physical Activity, Sedentary Behavior, and Cancer Prevention and Control. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 2391-2402.	0.4	455
8	Exercise is medicine in oncology: Engaging clinicians to help patients move through cancer. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2019, 69, 468-484.	329.8	412
9	American Cancer Society guideline for diet and physical activity for cancer prevention. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2020, 70, 245-271.	329.8	362
10	A Pooled Analysis of Waist Circumference and Mortality in 650,000 Adults. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2014, 89, 335-345.	3.0	307
11	Association between Class III Obesity (BMI of 40–59 kg/m2) and Mortality: A Pooled Analysis of 20 Prospective Studies. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001673.	8.4	299
12	Genome-wide association study identifies multiple susceptibility loci for pancreatic cancer. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 994-1000.	21.4	294
13	Obesity, Recreational Physical Activity, and Risk of Pancreatic Cancer In a Large U.S. Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 459-466.	2.5	268
14	Predictors of pancreatic cancer mortality among a large cohort of United States adults. Cancer Causes and Control, 2000, 11, 915-923.	1.8	249
15	Genome-wide meta-analysis identifies five new susceptibility loci for pancreatic cancer. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 556.	12.8	188
16	Anthropometric Factors and Thyroid Cancer Risk by Histological Subtype: Pooled Analysis of 22 Prospective Studies. Thyroid, 2016, 26, 306-318.	4.5	148
17	Validation of self-reported height and weight in a large, nationwide cohort of U.S. adults. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0231229.	2.5	144
18	The role of body weight in the relationship between physical activity and endometrial cancer: Results from a large cohort of US women. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 123, 1877-1882.	5.1	118

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19	Amount and Intensity of Leisure-Time Physical Activity and Lower Cancer Risk. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, 686-697.	1.6	114
20	Recreational Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior in Relation to Ovarian Cancer Risk in a Large Cohort of US Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 163, 709-716.	3.4	107
21	IGF-1, IGFBP-1, and IGFBP-3 Polymorphisms Predict Circulating IGF Levels but Not Breast Cancer Risk: Findings from the Breast and Prostate Cancer Cohort Consortium (BPC3). PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e2578.	2.5	106
22	Recreational physical activity and risk of postmenopausal breast cancer in a large cohort of US women. Cancer Causes and Control, 2003, 14, 519-529.	1.8	99
23	Imputation and subset-based association analysis across different cancer types identifies multiple independent risk loci in the TERT-CLPTM1L region on chromosome 5p15.33. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 6616-6633.	2.9	90
24	Three new pancreatic cancer susceptibility signals identified on chromosomes 1q32.1, 5p15.33 and 8q24.21. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 66328-66343.	1.8	88
25	Social Isolation and Mortality in US Black and White Men and Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 102-109.	3.4	87
26	Physical activity counseling in primary care: Insights from public health and behavioral economics. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2017, 67, 233-244.	329.8	68
27	A Transcriptome-Wide Association Study Identifies Novel Candidate Susceptibility Genes for Pancreatic Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2020, 112, 1003-1012.	6.3	59
28	Sustained Weight Loss and Risk of Breast Cancer in Women 50 Years and Older: A Pooled Analysis of Prospective Data. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2020, 112, 929-937.	6.3	58
29	Glycemic load, glycemic index, and carbohydrate intake in relation to pancreatic cancer risk in a large US cohort. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 287-294.	1.8	57
30	Multivitamin use and colon cancer mortality in the Cancer Prevention Study II cohort (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2001, 12, 927-934.	1.8	55
31	Body Mass Index and All-Cause Mortality in a Large Prospective Cohort of White and Black U.S. Adults. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e109153.	2.5	55
32	A prospective study of XRCC1(X-ray cross-complementing group 1) polymorphisms and breast cancer risk. Breast Cancer Research, 2005, 7, R1168-73.	5.0	53
33	Circadian Disruption and Fatal Ovarian Cancer. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2014, 46, S34-S41.	3.0	53
34	Recreational Physical Activity in Relation to Prostate Cancer–specific Mortality Among Men with Nonmetastatic Prostate Cancer. European Urology, 2017, 72, 931-939.	1.9	50
35	Leisure-Time Spent Sitting and Site-Specific Cancer Incidence in a Large U.S. Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 1350-1359.	2.5	47
36	Prolonged Leisure Time Spent Sitting in Relation to Cause-Specific Mortality in a Large US Cohort. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 2151-2158.	3.4	45

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#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Recreational physical activity and risk of prostate cancer in a large cohort of U.S. men. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 275-9.	2.5	45
38	Analgesic Use and Ovarian Cancer Risk: An Analysis in the Ovarian Cancer Cohort Consortium. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 137-145.	6.3	43
39	The American Cancer Society's Cancer Prevention Study 3 (CPSâ€3): Recruitment, study design, and baseline characteristics. Cancer, 2017, 123, 2014-2024.	4.1	42
40	A blueprint for the primary prevention of cancer: Targeting established, modifiable risk factors. Ca-A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2018, 68, 446-470.	329.8	42
41	Body mass index, height and risk of lymphoid neoplasms in a large United States cohort. Leukemia and Lymphoma, 2013, 54, 1221-1227.	1.3	41
42	Obesity, physical activity, and breast cancer survival among older breast cancer survivors in the Cancer Prevention Study-II Nutrition Cohort. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2018, 167, 133-145.	2.5	36
43	The Risk of Ovarian Cancer Increases with an Increase in the Lifetime Number of Ovulatory Cycles: An Analysis from the Ovarian Cancer Cohort Consortium (OC3). Cancer Research, 2020, 80, 1210-1218.	0.9	35
44	Moderate-to-vigorous physical activity and leisure-time sitting in relation to ovarian cancer risk in a large prospective US cohort. Cancer Causes and Control, 2015, 26, 1691-1697.	1.8	33
45	Body Size Indicators and Risk of Gallbladder Cancer: Pooled Analysis of Individual-Level Data from 19 Prospective Cohort Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 597-606.	2.5	33
46	Anthropometry and head and neck cancer:a pooled analysis of cohort data. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 673-681.	1.9	32
47	Body size and weight change over adulthood and risk of breast cancer by menopausal and hormone receptor status: a pooled analysis of 20 prospective cohort studies. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 36, 37-55.	5 . 7	30
48	Association of the Age at Menarche with Site-Specific Cancer Risks in Pooled Data from Nine Cohorts. Cancer Research, 2021, 81, 2246-2255.	0.9	30
49	Association of Socioeconomic and Geographic Factors With Diet Quality in US Adults. JAMA Network Open, 2022, 5, e2216406.	5.9	29
50	The American Cancer Society's Approach to Addressing the Cancer Burden in the LGBT Community. LGBT Health, 2016, 3, 15-18.	3 . 4	28
51	Ovarian cancer risk factors by tumor aggressiveness: An analysis from the Ovarian Cancer Cohort Consortium. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 145, 58-69.	5.1	28
52	A Pooled Analysis of Body Mass Index and Mortality among African Americans. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e111980.	2.5	25
53	Establishment of the Cancer Prevention Study II Nutrition Cohort Colorectal Tissue Repository. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 2694-2702.	2.5	23
54	The relationship between physical activity, obesity, and lung cancer risk by smoking status in a large prospective cohort of US adults. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 1357-1368.	1.8	23

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55	Germline Pathogenic Variants in Cancer Predisposition Genes Among Women With Invasive Lobular Carcinoma of the Breast. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, 3918-3926.	1.6	22
56	Multiple Myeloma Mortality in Relation to Obesity Among African Americans. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2016, 108, djw120.	6.3	21
57	Agnostic Pathway/Gene Set Analysis of Genome-Wide Association Data Identifies Associations for Pancreatic Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 557-567.	6.3	21
58	Risk of Late-Onset Breast Cancer in Genetically Predisposed Women. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, 3430-3440.	1.6	21
59	The Association Between Body Mass Index and Pancreatic Cancer: Variation by Age at Body Mass Index Assessment. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 189, 108-115.	3.4	18
60	The American Cancer Society Cancer Prevention Study-3 FFQ Has Reasonable Validity and Reproducibility for Food Groups and a Diet Quality Score. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 1566-1578.	2.9	15
61	Common variants in breast cancer risk loci predispose to distinct tumor subtypes. Breast Cancer Research, 2022, 24, 2.	5.0	15
62	Associations of parity and age at first pregnancy with overall and cause-specific mortality in the Cancer Prevention Study II. Fertility and Sterility, 2017, 107, 179-188.e6.	1.0	14
63	Irregularity in breakfast consumption and daily meal timing patterns in association with body weight status and inflammation. British Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 122, 1192-1200.	2.3	13
64	Light-Intensity Physical Activity in a Large Prospective Cohort of Older US Adults: A 21-Year Follow-Up of Mortality. Gerontology, 2020, 66, 259-265.	2.8	13
65	Mode of detection and breast cancer mortality by follow-up time and tumor characteristics among screened women in Cancer Prevention Study-II. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2019, 177, 679-689.	2.5	12
66	Relationship Between Muscle-Strengthening Activity and Cause-Specific Mortality in a Large US Cohort. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2020, 17, E78.	3.4	12
67	The Cancer Prevention Study-3 FFQ Is a Reliable and Valid Measure of Nutrient Intakes among Racial/Ethnic Subgroups, Compared with 24-Hour Recalls and Biomarkers. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 636-648.	2.9	9
68	Survey Item Response Rates by Survey Modality, Language, and Sociodemographic Factors in a Large U.S. Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 724-730.	2.5	8
69	Breast cancer risk factors by mode of detection among screened women in the Cancer Prevention Study-II. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2021, 186, 791-805.	2.5	8
70	No Association of Waist Circumference and Prostate Cancer in the Cancer Prevention Study II Nutrition Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 1812-1814.	2.5	7
71	Anthropometric factors and risk of myeloid leukaemias and myelodysplastic syndromes: a prospective study and metaâ€analysis. British Journal of Haematology, 2019, 186, 243-254.	2.5	6
72	Ovarian Cancer Risk Factor Associations by Primary Anatomic Site: The Ovarian Cancer Cohort Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 2010-2018.	2.5	6

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73	Genetically Determined Height and Risk of Non-hodgkin Lymphoma. Frontiers in Oncology, 2019, 9, 1539.	2.8	6
74	Joint associations of physical activity and body mass index with the risk of established excess body fatness-related cancers among postmenopausal women. Cancer Causes and Control, 2021, 32, 127-138.	1.8	6
75	Evaluation of a Novel Difficulty of Smoking Cessation Phenotype Based on Number of Quit Attempts. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2016, 19, ntw234.	2.6	5
76	Physical Activity, Sitting Time, and Risk of Myelodysplastic Syndromes, Acute Myeloid Leukemia, and Other Myeloid Malignancies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 1489-1494.	2.5	5
77	Cohort Profile: The Ovarian Cancer Cohort Consortium (OC3). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, e73-e86.	1.9	5
78	Epidemiologic risk factors for in situ and invasive ductal breast cancer among regularly screened postmenopausal women by grade in the Cancer Prevention Study-II Nutrition Cohort. Cancer Causes and Control, 2020, 31, 95-103.	1.8	4
79	Test-Retest Reproducibility of Adult-Reported High School Diet Varies among Racially and Ethnically Diverse US Men and Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 148, 599-606.	2.9	3
80	A Large Cohort Study of Body Mass Index and Pancreatic Cancer by Smoking Status. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 2680-2685.	2.5	3
81	The Authors Reply. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 182, 822-822.	3.4	0
82	Reply to Flegal. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2020, 112, 770-770.	6.3	O