Kirk I Erickson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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		38660	11581
159	19,919	50	135
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
162	162	162	18089
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exercise training increases size of hippocampus and improves memory. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 3017-3022.	3.3	3,427
2	Be smart, exercise your heart: exercise effects on brain and cognition. Nature Reviews Neuroscience, 2008, 9, 58-65.	4.9	2,521
3	Cardiovascular fitness, cortical plasticity, and aging. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2004, 101, 3316-3321.	3.3	1,378
4	Aerobic fitness is associated with hippocampal volume in elderly humans. Hippocampus, 2009, 19, 1030-1039.	0.9	820
5	Role of Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior in the Mental Health of Preschoolers, Children and Adolescents: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Sports Medicine, 2019, 49, 1383-1410.	3.1	603
6	Capitalizing on cortical plasticity: influence of physical activity on cognition and brain function. Trends in Cognitive Sciences, 2007, 11 , $342-348$.	4.0	575
7	Physical Activity, Cognition, and Brain Outcomes: A Review of the 2018 Physical Activity Guidelines. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1242-1251.	0.2	549
8	A neuroimaging investigation of the association between aerobic fitness, hippocampal volume, and memory performance in preadolescent children. Brain Research, 2010, 1358, 172-183.	1.1	516
9	A Review of the Effects of Physical Activity and Exercise on Cognitive and Brain Functions in Older Adults. Journal of Aging Research, 2013, 2013, 1-8.	0.4	511
10	Brain-Derived Neurotrophic Factor Is Associated with Age-Related Decline in Hippocampal Volume. Journal of Neuroscience, 2010, 30, 5368-5375.	1.7	462
11	Physical activity, fitness, and gray matter volume. Neurobiology of Aging, 2014, 35, S20-S28.	1.5	450
12	Plasticity of brain networks in a randomized intervention trial of exercise training in older adults. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2010, 2, .	1.7	444
13	The Aging Hippocampus. Neuroscientist, 2012, 18, 82-97.	2.6	393
14	Neurobiological markers of exercise-related brain plasticity in older adults. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2013, 28, 90-99.	2.0	333
15	The association between aerobic fitness and executive function is mediated by prefrontal cortex volume. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2012, 26, 811-819.	2.0	276
16	Basal Ganglia Volume Is Associated with Aerobic Fitness in Preadolescent Children. Developmental Neuroscience, 2010, 32, 249-256.	1.0	270
17	Dietary and lifestyle guidelines for the prevention of Alzheimer's disease. Neurobiology of Aging, 2014, 35, S74-S78.	1.5	251
18	Physical activity, brain, and cognition. Current Opinion in Behavioral Sciences, 2015, 4, 27-32.	2.0	229

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19	Functional connectivity: A source of variance in the association between cardiorespiratory fitness and cognition?. Neuropsychologia, 2010, 48, 1394-1406.	0.7	221
20	BDNF mediates improvements in executive function following a 1-year exercise intervention. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2014, 8, 985.	1.0	214
21	Mediators of Physical Activity on Neurocognitive Function: A Review at Multiple Levels of Analysis. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2016, 10, 626.	1.0	205
22	Physical Activity, Brain Plasticity, and Alzheimer's Disease. Archives of Medical Research, 2012, 43, 615-621.	1.5	204
23	Physical activity and brain plasticity in late adulthood. Dialogues in Clinical Neuroscience, 2013, 15, 99-108.	1.8	182
24	Effects of Exercise on Brain and Cognition Across Age Groups and Health States. Trends in Neurosciences, 2020, 43, 533-543.	4.2	176
25	Exercise effects on depression: Possible neural mechanisms. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2017, 49, 2-10.	1.2	161
26	Aerobic fitness is associated with greater white matter integrity in children. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2014, 8, 584.	1.0	150
27	A systematic review of physical activity and quality of life and well-being. Translational Behavioral Medicine, 2020, 10, 1098-1109.	1.2	141
28	Interactive effects of fitness and hormone treatment on brain health in postmenopausal women. Neurobiology of Aging, 2007, 28, 179-185.	1.5	128
29	Striatal Volume Predicts Level of Video Game Skill Acquisition. Cerebral Cortex, 2010, 20, 2522-2530.	1.6	123
30	Quantifying Differences and Similarities in Whole-Brain White Matter Architecture Using Local Connectome Fingerprints. PLoS Computational Biology, 2016, 12, e1005203.	1.5	118
31	Effects of Physical Activity on Poststroke Cognitive Function. Stroke, 2017, 48, 3093-3100.	1.0	118
32	The Brain-Derived Neurotrophic Factor Val66Met Polymorphism Moderates an Effect of Physical Activity on Working Memory Performance. Psychological Science, 2013, 24, 1770-1779.	1.8	110
33	White matter microstructure mediates the relationship between cardiorespiratory fitness and spatial working memory in older adults. NeuroImage, 2016, 131, 91-101.	2.1	110
34	Impact of the Baltimore Experience Corps Trial on cortical and hippocampal volumes. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2015, 11, 1340-1348.	0.4	103
35	Selective sparing of brain tissue in postmenopausal women receiving hormone replacement therapy. Neurobiology of Aging, 2005, 26, 1205-1213.	1.5	102
36	The Role of Aerobic Fitness in Cortical Thickness and Mathematics Achievement in Preadolescent Children. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0134115.	1.1	83

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37	Regular Fish Consumption and Age-Related Brain Gray Matter Loss. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2014, 47, 444-451.	1.6	82
38	The Effect of Decreased Audibility on MMSE Performance: A Measure Commonly Used for Diagnosing Dementia. Journal of the American Academy of Audiology, 2016, 27, 311-323.	0.4	81
39	Personalising exercise recommendations for brain health: considerations and future directions. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2017, 51, 636-639.	3.1	81
40	Brain and White Matter Hyperintensity Volumes After 10 Years of Random Assignment to Lifestyle Intervention. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 764-771.	4.3	79
41	Physical Activity Increases White Matter Microstructure in Children. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2018, 12, 950.	1.4	78
42	Promoting brain health through exercise and diet in older adults: a physiological perspective. Journal of Physiology, 2016, 594, 4485-4498.	1.3	77
43	Aerobic fitness is associated with greater hippocampal cerebral blood flow in children. Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience, 2016, 20, 52-58.	1.9	72
44	Comparison of grey matter volume and thickness for analysing cortical changes in chronic schizophrenia: A matter of surface area, grey/white matter intensity contrast, and curvature. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2015, 231, 176-183.	0.9	71
45	Exercise is medicine, for the body and the brain. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2014, 48, 943-944.	3.1	68
46	Brain-derived neurotrophic factor levels in late-life depression and comorbid mild cognitive impairment: A longitudinal study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2014, 49, 96-101.	1.5	64
47	Hippocampal Response to a 24-Month Physical Activity Intervention in Sedentary Older Adults. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2017, 25, 209-217.	0.6	63
48	Physical Activity and Cognition: A Mediating Role of Efficient Sleep. Behavioral Sleep Medicine, 2018, 16, 569-586.	1.1	61
49	Physical activity, body mass index, and brain atrophy in Alzheimer's disease. Neurobiology of Aging, 2015, 36, S194-S202.	1.5	59
50	Objective measures of physical activity, white matter integrity and cognitive status in adults over age 80. Behavioural Brain Research, 2015, 284, 51-57.	1.2	55
51	Physical Activity Predicts Microstructural Integrity in Memory-Related Networks in Very Old Adults. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2014, 69, 1284-1290.	1.7	54
52	A review of the relationship between eating behavior, obesity and functional brain network organization. Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience, 2020, 15, 1157-1181.	1.5	54
53	Exercise interventions preserve hippocampal volume: A metaâ€analysis. Hippocampus, 2021, 31, 335-347.	0.9	54
54	Brain activation during dual-task processing is associated with cardiorespiratory fitness and performance in older adults. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2015, 7, 154.	1.7	52

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55	Cardiovascular risks and brain function: a functional magnetic resonance imaging study of executive function in older adults. Neurobiology of Aging, 2014, 35, 1396-1403.	1.5	51
56	Health Neuroscience. Current Directions in Psychological Science, 2014, 23, 446-453.	2.8	50
57	Physical Fitness, White Matter Volume and Academic Performance in Children: Findings From the ActiveBrains and FITKids2 Projects. Frontiers in Psychology, 2019, 10, 208.	1.1	49
58	Physical activity and sleep: An updated umbrella review of the 2018 Physical Activity Guidelines Advisory Committee report. Sleep Medicine Reviews, 2021, 58, 101489.	3.8	49
59	Cognitive Aging and the Promise of Physical Activity. Annual Review of Clinical Psychology, 2022, 18, 417-442.	6.3	46
60	Functional MR imaging of a simulated balance task. Brain Research, 2014, 1555, 20-27.	1.1	45
61	The sexual dimorphic association of cardiorespiratory fitness to working memory in children. Developmental Science, 2016, 19, 90-108.	1.3	45
62	Habitual exercise levels are associated with cerebral amyloid load in presymptomatic autosomal dominant Alzheimer's disease. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2017, 13, 1197-1206.	0.4	45
63	Body–Brain Connections: The Effects of Obesity and Behavioral Interventions on Neurocognitive Aging. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2017, 9, 115.	1.7	45
64	Alterations in emotion generation and regulation neurocircuitry in depression and eating disorders: A comparative review of structural and functional neuroimaging studies. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2016, 68, 911-927.	2.9	41
65	Cardiorespiratory fitness is associated with enhanced hippocampal functional connectivity in healthy young adults. Hippocampus, 2018, 28, 239-247.	0.9	41
66	In Vivo Imaging of Venous Side Cerebral Small-Vessel Disease in Older Adults: An MRI Method at 7T. American Journal of Neuroradiology, 2017, 38, 1923-1928.	1.2	40
67	Physical activity as a model for health neuroscience. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2018, 1428, 103-111.	1.8	38
68	A cross-sectional study of hormone treatment and hippocampal volume in postmenopausal women: Evidence for a limited window of opportunity Neuropsychology, 2010, 24, 68-76.	1.0	37
69	The Immediate Effects of Acute Aerobic Exercise on Cognition in Healthy Older Adults: A Systematic Review. Sports Medicine, 2019, 49, 67-82.	3.1	36
70	Fitness, cortical thickness and surface area in overweight/obese children: The mediating role of body composition and relationship with intelligence. Neurolmage, 2019, 186, 771-781.	2.1	36
71	Relationships between physical activity, sleep and cognitive function: A narrative review. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2021, 130, 369-378.	2.9	36
72	Estrogens, hormone therapy, and hippocampal volume in postmenopausal women. Maturitas, 2012, 73, 186-190.	1.0	35

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73	Motor sequence learning-induced neural efficiency in functional brain connectivity. Behavioural Brain Research, 2017, 319, 87-95.	1.2	35
74	The Effects of Computerized Cognitive Training With and Without Physical Exercise on Cognitive Function in Older Adults: An 8-Week Randomized Controlled Trial. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2020, 75, 755-763.	1.7	35
75	Potential Moderators of Physical Activity on Brain Health. Journal of Aging Research, 2012, 2012, 1-14.	0.4	32
76	Cardiorespiratory fitness and brain diffusion tensor imaging in adults over 80 years of age. Brain Research, 2014, 1588, 63-72.	1.1	32
77	Dual-Task Exercise to Improve Cognition and Functional Capacity of Healthy Older Adults. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2021, 13, 589299.	1.7	31
78	Physical activity predicts reduced plasma $\langle i \rangle \hat{l}^2 \langle i \rangle$ amyloid in the Cardiovascular Health Study. Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology, 2017, 4, 284-291.	1.7	30
79	Long Term Effect of Intensive Lifestyle Intervention on Cerebral Blood Flow. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2018, 66, 120-126.	1.3	30
80	Exercise for Depression: A Feasibility Trial Exploring Neural Mechanisms. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2019, 27, 611-616.	0.6	29
81	Brain volume and white matter in youth with type 2 diabetes compared to obese and normal weight, nonâ€diabetic peers: A pilot study. International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience, 2015, 46, 88-91.	0.7	28
82	Physical fitness, hippocampal functional connectivity and academic performance in children with overweight/obesity: The ActiveBrains project. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2021, 91, 284-295.	2.0	28
83	Exercise, Fitness and the Aging Brain: A Review of Functional Connectivity in Aging. Archives of Psychology (Chicago, Ill), 2019, 3, .	0.6	28
84	Estrogen, brain structure, and cognition in p <scp>ostmenopausal</scp> women. Human Brain Mapping, 2021, 42, 24-35.	1.9	27
85	Scholastic performance and functional connectivity of brain networks in children. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0190073.	1.1	26
86	Investigating Gains in Neurocognition in an Intervention Trial of Exercise (IGNITE): Protocol. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2019, 85, 105832.	0.8	26
87	Aerobic exercise, cardiorespiratory fitness, and the human hippocampus. Hippocampus, 2021, 31, 817-844.	0.9	26
88	Maternal depression in childhood and aggression in young adulthood: evidence for mediation by offspring amygdala–hippocampal volume ratio. Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines, 2015, 56, 1083-1091.	3.1	25
89	Subjective-Objective Sleep Discrepancy in Older Adults With MCI and Subsyndromal Depression. Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry and Neurology, 2017, 30, 316-323.	1.2	24
90	Association of Sedentary Behavior with Brain Structure and Intelligence in Children with Overweight or Obesity: The ActiveBrains Project. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2020, 9, 1101.	1.0	24

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91	Brain venular pattern by 7T MRI correlates with memory and haemoglobin in sickle cell anaemia. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2015, 233, 18-22.	0.9	23
92	Effects and Mechanisms of Cognitive, Aerobic Exercise, and Combined Training on Cognition, Health, and Brain Outcomes in Physically Inactive Older Adults: The Projecte Moviment Protocol. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2019, 11, 216.	1.7	23
93	Peripheral inflammatory biomarkers predict the deposition and progression of amyloid- \hat{l}^2 in cognitively unimpaired older adults. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2021, 95, 178-189.	2.0	22
94	Concurrent and Longitudinal Relationships Between Cognitive Activity, Cognitive Performance, and Brain Volume in Older Adult Women. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2014, 69, 826-836.	2.4	21
95	The BDNF Val66Met polymorphism does not moderate the effect of self-reported physical activity on depressive symptoms in midlife. Psychiatry Research, 2014, 218, 93-97.	1.7	21
96	Omega-3 fatty acids moderate effects of physical activity on cognitive function. Neuropsychologia, 2014, 59, 103-111.	0.7	21
97	Higher cardiorespiratory fitness levels are associated with greater hippocampal volume in breast cancer survivors. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2015, 9, 465.	1.0	21
98	Longitudinal Relationships between Caloric Expenditure and Gray Matter in the Cardiovascular Health Study. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2016, 52, 719-729.	1.2	21
99	Discovery and visualization of structural biomarkers from MRI using transport-based morphometry. Neurolmage, 2018, 167, 256-275.	2.1	21
100	The Feasibility of a Telehealth Exercise Program Aimed at Increasing Cardiorespiratory Fitness for People After Stroke. International Journal of Telerehabilitation, 2019, 11, 9-28.	0.7	21
101	Comparison of Food Cue–Evoked and Resting-State Functional Connectivity in Obesity. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2020, 82, 261-271.	1.3	21
102	The Effects of a 12-Month Weight Loss Intervention on Cognitive Outcomes in Adults with Overweight and Obesity. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 2988.	1.7	20
103	Changes in cerebral perfusion following a 12â€month exercise and diet intervention. Psychophysiology, 2021, 58, e13589.	1.2	19
104	Aerobic exercise improves episodic memory in late adulthood: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Communications Medicine, 2022, 2, .	1.9	19
105	Task switching in older adults with and without insomnia. Sleep Medicine, 2017, 30, 113-120.	0.8	18
106	Associations of Objectively-Assessed Physical Activity and Sedentary Time with Hippocampal Gray Matter Volume in Children with Overweight/Obesity. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2020, 9, 1080.	1.0	18
107	Protocol for Exercise Program in Cancer and Cognition (EPICC): A randomized controlled trial of the effects of aerobic exercise on cognitive function in postmenopausal women with breast cancer receiving aromatase inhibitor therapy. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2018, 67, 109-115.	0.8	17
108	Neuroimaging, neuromodulation, and population health: the neuroscience of chronic disease prevention. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2018, 1428, 240-256.	1.8	16

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109	How the 2018 US Physical Activity Guidelines are a Call to Promote and Better Understand Acute Physical Activity for Cognitive Function Gains. Sports Medicine, 2019, 49, 1625-1627.	3.1	16
110	Does APOE genotype moderate the relationship between physical activity, brain health and dementia risk? A systematic review. Ageing Research Reviews, 2020, 64, 101173.	5.0	16
111	Association of Hippocampal Substructure Resting-State Functional Connectivity with Memory Performance in Older Adults. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2018, 26, 690-699.	0.6	15
112	What Is the Dose-Response Relationship Between Exercise and Cardiorespiratory Fitness After Stroke? A Systematic Review. Physical Therapy, 2019, 99, 821-832.	1.1	15
113	Blood pressure interacts with APOE $\hat{l}\mu 4$ to predict memory performance in a midlife sample Neuropsychology, 2015, 29, 693-702.	1.0	14
114	Design and Implementation of an Intervention Development Study: Retaining Cognition While Avoiding Late-Life Depression (ReCALL). American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2016, 24, 444-454.	0.6	14
115	Do fitter kids have bigger brains?. Scandinavian Journal of Medicine and Science in Sports, 2020, 30, 2498-2502.	1.3	14
116	Exercise and Fitness Neuroprotective Effects: Molecular, Brain Volume and Psychological Correlates and Their Mediating Role in Healthy Late-Middle-Aged Women and Men. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2021, 13, 615247.	1.7	14
117	Genetic Risk Score Predicts Late-Life Cognitive Impairment. Journal of Aging Research, 2015, 2015, 1-8.	0.4	13
118	Exercise Mode Moderates the Relationship Between Mobility and Basal Ganglia Volume in Healthy Older Adults. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2016, 64, 102-108.	1.3	13
119	The Relationship between Physical Activity, Self-Perceived Health, and Cognitive Function in Older Adults. Brain Sciences, 2021, 11, 492.	1.1	13
120	Rhythm experience and Africana culture trial (REACT!): A culturally salient intervention to promote neurocognitive health, mood, and well-being in older African Americans. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2016, 48, 41-45.	0.8	12
121	Associations Between Short and Long Bouts of Physical Activity with Executive Function in Older Adults. Journal of Cognitive Enhancement: Towards the Integration of Theory and Practice, 2018, 2, 137-145.	0.8	12
122	Promoting brain health through physical activity among adults exposed to early life adversity: Potential mechanisms and theoretical framework. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2021, 131, 688-703.	2.9	12
123	Associations of sleep with gray matter volume and their implications for academic achievement, executive function and intelligence in children with overweight/obesity. Pediatric Obesity, 2021, 16, e12707.	1.4	11
124	Early life factors, gray matter brain volume and academic performance in overweight/obese children: The ActiveBrains project. NeuroImage, 2019, 202, 116130.	2.1	10
125	Higher Cardiorespiratory Fitness is Associated with Reduced Functional Brain Connectivity During Performance of the Stroop Task. Brain Plasticity, 2019, 5, 57-67.	1.9	10
126	The Impact of the BAILAMOSâ,,¢ Dance Program on Brain Functional Connectivity and Cognition in Older Latino Adults: a Pilot Study. Journal of Cognitive Enhancement: Towards the Integration of Theory and Practice, 2021, 5, 1-14.	0.8	10

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127	Therapeutic Effects of Exercise on Cognitive Function. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2013, 61, 2038-2039.	1.3	9
128	An investigation of fMRI time series stationarity during motor sequence learning foot tapping tasks. Journal of Neuroscience Methods, 2014, 227, 75-82.	1.3	9
129	Effects of Aerobic Exercise, Cognitive and Combined Training on Cognition in Physically Inactive Healthy Late-Middle-Aged Adults: The Projecte Moviment Randomized Controlled Trial. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2020, 12, 590168.	1.7	9
130	Physical Activity is Associated With Fewer Subjective Cognitive Complaints in 47 Low- and Middle-Income Countries. Journal of the American Medical Directors Association, 2020, 21, 1423-1429.e2.	1.2	9
131	The association between physical fitness parameters and white matter microstructure in older adults: A diffusion tensor imaging study. Psychophysiology, 2020, 57, e13539.	1.2	9
132	Differences in Brain Volume between Metabolically Healthy and Unhealthy Overweight and Obese Children: The Role of Fitness. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2020, 9, 1059.	1.0	9
133	The effects of omega-3 fatty acids on neuropsychological functioning and brain morphology in mid-life adults: a randomized clinical trial. Psychological Medicine, 2020, 50, 2425-2434.	2.7	8
134	Relationship between Dispositional Mindfulness, Psychological Health, and Diet Quality among Healthy Midlife Adults. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3414.	1.7	8
135	The Influence of Physical Activity and Epigenomics On Cognitive Function and Brain Health in Breast Cancer. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2020, 12, 123.	1.7	8
136	Molecular and Brain Volume Changes Following Aerobic Exercise, Cognitive and Combined Training in Physically Inactive Healthy Late-Middle-Aged Adults: The Projecte Moviment Randomized Controlled Trial. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2022, 16, 854175.	1.0	8
137	AExaCTT $\hat{a}\in$ Aerobic Exercise and Consecutive Task-specific Training for the upper limb after stroke: Protocol for a randomised controlled pilot study. Contemporary Clinical Trials Communications, 2017, 7, 179-185.	0.5	7
138	Lean mass index is positively associated with white matter volumes in several brain regions in children with overweight/obesity. Pediatric Obesity, 2020, 15, e12604.	1.4	7
139	Addressing the biological embedding of early life adversities (ELA) among adults through mindfulness: Proposed mechanisms and review of converging evidence. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2022, 134, 104526.	2.9	7
140	Relative differences in resting-state brain connectivity associated with long term intensive lifestyle intervention. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2016, 74, 231-239.	1.3	6
141	Impact of Intensive Lifestyle Intervention on Neural Food Cue Reactivity: Action for Health in Diabetes Brain Ancillary Study. Obesity, 2019, 27, 1076-1084.	1.5	6
142	Aerobic exercise and consecutive taskâ€specific training (AExaCTT) for upper limb recovery after stroke: A randomized controlled pilot study. Physiotherapy Research International, 2019, 24, e1775.	0.7	6
143	The fitness versus body fat hypothesis in relation to hippocampal structure. Psychophysiology, 2021, 58, e13591.	1.2	6
144	A cross-sectional examination of a family history of Alzheimer's disease and ApoE epsilon 4 on physical fitness, molecular biomarkers, and neurocognitive performance. Physiology and Behavior, 2021, 230, 113268.	1.0	6

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145	Education mitigates ageâ€related decline in Nâ€Acetylaspartate levels. Brain and Behavior, 2015, 5, e00311.	1.0	5
146	Commentary: At least eighty percent of brain grey matter is modifiable by physical activity: a review study. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2018, 12, 195.	1.0	5
147	Physical fitness and brain source localization during a working memory task in children with overweight/obesity: The ActiveBrains project. Developmental Science, 2021, 24, e13048.	1.3	5
148	Obesity, Psychological Distress, and Resting State Connectivity of the Hippocampus and Amygdala Among Women With Early-Stage Breast Cancer. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2022, 16, 848028.	1.0	5
149	Weightâ€Loss Outcomes from a Pilot Study of African Dance in Older African Americans. Obesity, 2018, 26, 1893-1897.	1.5	4
150	Sex Matters in the Association between Physical Activity and Fitness with Cognition. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2021, 53, 1252-1259.	0.2	4
151	Physical activity and hippocampal volume in middle-aged patients with type 1 diabetes. Neurology, 2017, 88, 1564-1570.	1.5	3
152	Sedentary Time is Associated with Worse Attention in Parkinson's Disease: A Pilot Study. Journal of Movement Disorders, 2020, 13, 146-149.	0.7	3
153	Functional Connectivity and Response Inhibition: A Secondary Analysis of an 8-Week Randomized Controlled Trial of Computerized Cognitive Training. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2021, 80, 1525-1537.	1.2	2
154	Association of physical activity levels and brain white matter in older Latino adults. Ethnicity and Health, $2021, 1-17$.	1.5	1
155	Differences in adolescent cerebral perfusion as a function of obesity: Results from the FLEXâ€Brain study. Obesity, 2021, 29, 1171-1177.	1.5	1
156	OUP accepted manuscript. Brain Communications, 2021, 3, fcab228.	1.5	1
157	[O3–01–04]: HABITUAL EXERCISE LEVELS ARE ASSOCIATED WITH CEREBRAL AMYLOID LOAD IN PREâ€SYMPTOMATIC AUTOSOMAL DOMINANT ALZHEIMER's DISEASE. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2017, 13, P894.	0.4	0
158	Cover Image, Volume 28, Issue 3. Hippocampus, 2018, 28, C1.	0.9	0
159	Feasibility of a Randomized Controlled Trial to Test the Impact of African Dance on Cognitive Function and Risk of Dementia: the REACT! Study. , 2018, 2, 12-13.		0