

# Peter Igarashi

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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100  
papers

10,177  
citations

36303

51  
h-index

34986

98  
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101  
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101  
docs citations

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times ranked

9632  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Framework From a Multidisciplinary Approach for Transitioning Variants of Unknown Significance From Clinical Genetic Testing in Kidney Disease to a Definitive Classification. <i>Kidney International Reports</i> , 2022, , .	0.8	0
2	Advancing Nephrology. <i>Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN</i> , 2021, 16, 319-327.	4.5	7
3	Innate Immune Signaling Contributes to Tubular Cell Senescence in the Glis2 Knockout Mouse Model of Nephronophthisis. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2020, 190, 176-189.	3.8	16
4	Hepatocyte nuclear factor $\beta$ 2 suppresses canonical Wnt signaling through transcriptional repression of lymphoid enhancer-binding factor 1. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2020, 295, 17560-17572.	3.4	6
5	Role of transcription factor hepatocyte nuclear factor- $\beta$ 2 in polycystic kidney disease. <i>Cellular Signalling</i> , 2020, 71, 109568.	3.6	22
6	Interstitial microRNA miR-214 attenuates inflammation and polycystic kidney disease progression. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2020, 5, .	5.0	39
7	New insights into the role of HNF- $\beta$ 2 in kidney (patho)physiology. <i>Pediatric Nephrology</i> , 2019, 34, 1325-1335.	1.7	60
8	Renal tubular cell spliced X-box binding protein 1 (Xbp1s) has a unique role in sepsis-induced acute kidney injury and inflammation. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2019, 96, 1359-1373.	5.2	56
9	Hepatocyte nuclear factor- $\beta$ 2 regulates Wnt signaling through genome-wide competition with $\beta$ 2-catenin/lymphoid enhancer binding factor. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 24133-24142.	7.1	19
10	Long noncoding RNA Hoxb3os is dysregulated in autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease and regulates mTOR signaling. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2018, 293, 9388-9398.	3.4	32
11	Activated renal tubular Wnt/ $\beta$ 2-catenin signaling triggers renal inflammation during overload proteinuria. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2018, 93, 1367-1383.	5.2	47
12	Adenylyl cyclase 5 deficiency reduces renal cyclic AMP and cyst growth in an orthologous mouse model of polycystic kidney disease. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2018, 93, 403-415.	5.2	36
13	Mechanism of Fibrosis in HNF1B-Related Autosomal Dominant Tubulointerstitial Kidney Disease. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2018, 29, 2493-2509.	6.1	47
14	microRNA-17 family promotes polycystic kidney disease progression through modulation of mitochondrial metabolism. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017, 8, 14395.	12.8	147
15	Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor- $\beta$ 2 Regulates Urinary Concentration and Response to Hypertonicity. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2017, 28, 2887-2900.	6.1	31
16	Loss of transcriptional activation of the potassium channel Kir5.1 by HNF1 $\beta$ 2 drives autosomal dominant tubulointerstitial kidney disease. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2017, 92, 1145-1156.	5.2	41
17	Loss of Glis2/NPHP7 causes kidney epithelial cell senescence and suppresses cyst growth in the Kif3a mouse model of cystic kidney disease. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2016, 89, 1307-1323.	5.2	33
18	Planar cell polarity genes Celsr1 and Vangl2 are necessary for kidney growth, differentiation, and rostrocaudal patterning. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2016, 90, 1274-1284.	5.2	37

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19	Transcription Factor Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor-1 $\beta$ Regulates Renal Cholesterol Metabolism. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2016, 27, 2408-2421.	6.1	23
20	Transcription Factor Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor-1 $\beta$ (HNF-1 $\beta$ ) Regulates MicroRNA-200 Expression through a Long Noncoding RNA. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2015, 290, 24793-24805.	3.4	42
21	Filling the Holes in Cystic Kidney Disease Research. Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN, 2014, 9, 1799-1801.	4.5	9
22	Tissue-specific regulation of the mouse <i>Pkhd1</i> (ARPKD) gene promoter. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2014, 307, F356-F368.	2.7	25
23	Intragenic motifs regulate the transcriptional complexity of <i>Pkhd1/PKHD1</i> . Journal of Molecular Medicine, 2014, 92, 1045-1056.	3.9	32
24	Inducible expression of kallikrein in renal tubular cells protects mice against spontaneous lupus nephritis. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2013, 65, 780-791.	6.7	15
25	Generation and characterization of <i>KspTtTA</i> and <i>KspTtTA</i> transgenic mice. Genesis, 2013, 51, 430-435.	1.6	9
26	miR-17-1/492 miRNA cluster promotes kidney cyst growth in polycystic kidney disease. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2013, 110, 10765-10770.	7.1	144
27	Loss of cilia suppresses cyst growth in genetic models of autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 1004-1012.	21.4	290
28	Zyxin regulates migration of renal epithelial cells through activation of hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 $\beta$ . American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2013, 305, F100-F110.	2.7	18
29	Tubule-specific ablation of endogenous $\beta$ -catenin aggravates acute kidney injury in mice. Kidney International, 2012, 82, 537-547.	5.2	181
30	Autophagy plays a critical role in kidney tubule maintenance, aging and ischemia-reperfusion injury. Autophagy, 2012, 8, 826-837.	9.1	228
31	Genetic Basis of Prune Belly Syndrome: Screening for <i>HNF1<math>\beta</math></i> Gene. Journal of Urology, 2012, 187, 272-278.	0.4	53
32	MicroRNAs Regulate Renal Tubule Maturation through Modulation of <i>Pkd1</i> . Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2012, 23, 1941-1948.	6.1	81
33	Polycystin-2 and phosphodiesterase 4C are components of a ciliary A-kinase anchoring protein complex that is disrupted in cystic kidney diseases. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 10679-10684.	7.1	117
34	Increased hedgehog signaling in postnatal kidney results in aberrant activation of nephron developmental programs. Human Molecular Genetics, 2011, 20, 4155-4166.	2.9	38
35	Primary cilia regulate mTORC1 activity and cell size through <i>Lkb1</i> . Nature Cell Biology, 2010, 12, 1115-1122.	10.3	330
36	A mitotic transcriptional switch in polycystic kidney disease. Nature Medicine, 2010, 16, 106-110.	30.7	140

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37	Kidney-specific inactivation of <i>Ofd1</i> leads to renal cystic disease associated with upregulation of the mTOR pathway. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2010, 19, 2792-2803.	2.9	46
38	Loss of Oriented Cell Division Does not Initiate Cyst Formation. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2010, 21, 295-302.	6.1	116
39	<i>Smad2</i> Protects against TGF- $\beta$ <sup>2</sup> / <i>Smad3</i> -Mediated Renal Fibrosis. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2010, 21, 1477-1487.	6.1	293
40	Renal Dysgenesis. , 2009, , 463-493.		1
41	HNF-1 $\beta$ Regulates Transcription of the PKD Modifier Gene <i>Kif12</i> . <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2009, 20, 41-47.	6.1	54
42	CXCR4/CXCL12 Hyperexpression Plays a Pivotal Role in the Pathogenesis of Lupus. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2009, 182, 4448-4458.	0.8	109
43	Collecting duct-specific Rh C glycoprotein deletion alters basal and acidosis-stimulated renal ammonia excretion. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2009, 296, F1364-F1375.	2.7	83
44	Basolateral expression of the ammonia transporter family member Rh C glycoprotein in the mouse kidney. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2009, 296, F543-F555.	2.7	53
45	Wnt9b signaling regulates planar cell polarity and kidney tubule morphogenesis. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2009, 41, 793-799.	21.4	313
46	Advances in the pathogenesis and treatment of polycystic kidney disease. <i>Current Opinion in Nephrology and Hypertension</i> , 2009, 18, 99-106.	2.0	128
47	Kidney cysts, pancreatic cysts, and biliary disease in a mouse model of autosomal recessive polycystic kidney disease. <i>Pediatric Nephrology</i> , 2008, 23, 733-741.	1.7	56
48	Cyst formation and activation of the extracellular regulated kinase pathway after kidney specific inactivation of <i>Pkd1</i> . <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2008, 17, 1505-1516.	2.9	243
49	Acute kidney injury and aberrant planar cell polarity induce cyst formation in mice lacking renal cilia. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2008, 17, 1578-1590.	2.9	300
50	Impaired sodium excretion and increased blood pressure in mice with targeted deletion of renal epithelial insulin receptor. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008, 105, 6469-6474.	7.1	75
51	Multiple renal cysts, urinary concentration defects, and pulmonary emphysematous changes in mice lacking TAZ. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2008, 294, F542-F553.	2.7	241
52	Triptolide Reduces Cystogenesis in a Model of ADPKD. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2008, 19, 1659-1662.	6.1	84
53	Kidney-Targeted Birt-Hogg-Dube Gene Inactivation in a Mouse Model: <i>Erk1/2</i> and <i>Akt-mTOR</i> Activation, Cell Hyperproliferation, and Polycystic Kidneys. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2008, 100, 140-154.	6.3	223
54	Renal and Bone Marrow Cells Fuse after Renal Ischemic Injury. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2007, 18, 3067-3077.	6.1	50

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55	Polycystic Kidney Disease. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2007, 18, 1371-1373.	6.1	54
56	Mutations of HNF-1 $\beta$ inhibit epithelial morphogenesis through dysregulation of SOCS-3. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 20386-20391.	7.1	59
57	Gastrointestinal Amyloidosis Associated With Transthyretin Phe64Ser Mutation. <i>American Journal of the Medical Sciences</i> , 2007, 334, 219-221.	1.1	3
58	The Role for HNF-1 $\beta$ -Targeted Collectrin in Maintenance of Primary Cilia and Cell Polarity in Collecting Duct Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2007, 2, e414.	2.5	48
59	Targeted Inactivation of Fh1 Causes Proliferative Renal Cyst Development and Activation of the Hypoxia Pathway. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2007, 11, 311-319.	16.8	158
60	Expression of the basolateral Na <sup>+</sup> /K <sup>+</sup> /Cl cotransporter during mouse nephrogenesis and embryonic development. <i>Gene Expression Patterns</i> , 2006, 6, 1000-1006.	0.8	9
61	Proteolytic Cleavage and Nuclear Translocation of Fibrocystin Is Regulated by Intracellular Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Activation of Protein Kinase C. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2006, 281, 34357-34364.	3.4	85
62	Elucidating the function of primary cilia by conditional gene inactivation. <i>Current Opinion in Nephrology and Hypertension</i> , 2005, 14, 373-377.	2.0	4
63	Roles of HNF-1 $\beta$ in kidney development and congenital cystic diseases. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2005, 68, 1944-1947.	5.2	84
64	Overview: Nonmammalian Organisms for Studies of Kidney Development and Disease. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2005, 16, 296-298.	6.1	17
65	Cystic Renal Neoplasia Following Conditional Inactivation of Apc in Mouse Renal Tubular Epithelium. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 280, 3938-3945.	3.4	124
66	Role of the Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor-1 $\beta$ (HNF-1 $\beta$ ) C-terminal Domain in Pkhd1 (ARPKD) Gene Transcription and Renal Cystogenesis. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 280, 10578-10586.	3.4	77
67	Intrarenal cells, not bone marrow-derived cells, are the major source for regeneration in postischemic kidney. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2005, 115, 1756-1764.	8.2	379
68	Loss of NFAT5 results in renal atrophy and lack of tonicity-responsive gene expression. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2004, 101, 2392-2397.	7.1	230
69	Kidney-Specific Gene Targeting. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2004, 15, 2237-2239.	6.1	23
70	A transcriptional network in polycystic kidney disease. <i>EMBO Journal</i> , 2004, 23, 1657-1668.	7.8	303
71	Mutation of hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 $\beta$ inhibits Pkhd1 gene expression and produces renal cysts in mice. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 113, 814-825.	8.2	150
72	Mutation of hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 $\beta$ inhibits Pkhd1 gene expression and produces renal cysts in mice. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 113, 814-825.	8.2	96

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73	Mechanical stimuli induce cleavage and nuclear translocation of the polycystin-1 C terminus. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 114, 1433-1443.	8.2	247
74	Hematopoietic Stem Cells Contribute to the Regeneration of Renal Tubules after Renal Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury in Mice. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2003, 14, 1188-1199.	6.1	387
75	Following the Expression of a Kidney-Specific Gene from Early Development to Adulthood. <i>Nephron Experimental Nephrology</i> , 2003, 94, e1-e6.	2.2	15
76	Kidney-specific inactivation of the KIF3A subunit of kinesin-II inhibits renal ciliogenesis and produces polycystic kidney disease. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2003, 100, 5286-5291.	7.1	533
77	Searching for Stem/Progenitor Cells in the Adult Mouse Kidney. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2003, 14, 3290-3292.	6.1	21
78	A Minimal Ksp-Cadherin Promoter Linked to a Green Fluorescent Protein Reporter Gene Exhibits Tissue-Specific Expression in the Developing Kidney and Genitourinary Tract. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2002, 13, 1824-1836.	6.1	106
79	Genetics and Pathogenesis of Polycystic Kidney Disease. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2002, 13, 2384-2398.	6.1	510
80	Epithelial-Specific Cre/lox Recombination in the Developing Kidney and Genitourinary Tract. <i>Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN</i> , 2002, 13, 1837-1846.	6.1	279
81	Regulation of kidney-specific Ksp-cadherin gene promoter by hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 $\beta$ . <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2002, 283, F839-F851.	2.7	43
82	Deregulated Expression of the Homeobox Gene Cux-1 in Transgenic Mice Results in Downregulation of p27kip1 Expression during Nephrogenesis, Glomerular Abnormalities, and Multiorgan Hyperplasia. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2002, 245, 157-171.	2.0	88
83	In utero diethylstilbestrol (DES) exposure alters Hox gene expression in the developing müllerian system. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2000, 14, 1101-1108.	0.5	249
84	Ksp-cadherin gene promoter. II. Kidney-specific activity in transgenic mice. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 1999, 277, F599-F610.	2.7	48
85	Ksp-cadherin gene promoter. I. Characterization and renal epithelial cell-specific activity. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 1999, 277, F587-F598.	2.7	25
86	Sex Steroids Mediate HOXA11 Expression in the Human Peri-Implantation Endometrium <sup>1</sup> . <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 1999, 84, 1129-1135.	3.6	155
87	Pod-1, a mesoderm-specific basic-helix-loop-helix protein expressed in mesenchymal and glomerular epithelial cells in the developing kidney. <i>Mechanisms of Development</i> , 1998, 71, 37-48.	1.7	148
88	Immunochemical characterization of Na <sup>+</sup> /H <sup>+</sup> exchanger isoform NHE4. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 1998, 275, F510-F517.	2.7	43
89	Expression of a cut-related homeobox gene in developing and polycystic mouse kidney. <i>Kidney International</i> , 1996, 50, 453-461.	5.2	73
90	A Unique Variant of a Homeobox Gene Related to <i>Drosophila cut</i> is Expressed in Mouse Testis1. <i>Biology of Reproduction</i> , 1996, 55, 731-739.	2.7	33

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91	Cloning and Kidney Cell-specific Activity of the Promoter of the Murine Renal Na-K-Cl Cotransporter Gene. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1996, 271, 9666-9674.	3.4	98
92	Primary Structure, Neural-specific Expression, and Chromosomal Localization of , a Second Murine Homeobox Gene Related to. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1996, 271, 22624-22634.	3.4	68
93	Phylogenetically conserved sequences in the promoter of the rabbit sodium-hydrogen exchanger isoform 1 gene(NHE1/SLC9A1). <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta Gene Regulatory Mechanisms</i> , 1995, 1262, 159-163.	2.4	18
94	Isolation and cDNA Cloning of Ksp-cadherin, a Novel Kidney-specific Member of the Cadherin Multigene Family. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1995, 270, 17594-17601.	3.4	95
95	Chapter 8 Structure and function of plasma membrane Na+ H+ exchangers. <i>New Comprehensive Biochemistry</i> , 1992, 21, 247-272.	0.1	1
96	Cloning, sequence, and tissue distribution of a rabbit renal Na+/H+ exchanger transcript. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta Gene Regulatory Mechanisms</i> , 1991, 1129, 105-108.	2.4	24
97	Preparation of 6-125I-labeled amiloride derivatives. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 1988, 170, 63-67.	2.4	6
98	Chapter 4 Molecular Properties and Physiological Roles of the Renal Na+-H+ Exchanger. <i>Current Topics in Membranes and Transport</i> , 1986, 26, 57-75.	0.6	25
99	Unsuspected mediastinal hematoma diagnosed by computed tomography. <i>The Journal of Computed Tomography</i> , 1984, 8, 211-214.	0.1	2
100	Arginine-specific modification of rabbit muscle phosphoglucose isomerase: Differences in the inactivation by phenylglyoxal and butanedione and in the protection by substrate analogs. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 1983, 221, 489-498.	3.0	15