

# Bryony A Thompson

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

50  
papers

2,013  
citations

394421

19  
h-index

254184

43  
g-index

56  
all docs

56  
docs citations

56  
times ranked

3543  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A novel candidate gene in autosomal dominant facial pruritus. <i>Clinical and Experimental Dermatology</i> , 2022, 47, 184-186.	1.3	2
2	Standardized practices for RNA diagnostics using clinically accessible specimens reclassifies 75% of putative splicing variants. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2022, 24, 130-145.	2.4	45
3	Arrhythmic Phenotypes Are a Defining Feature of Dilated Cardiomyopathy-Associated <i>SCN5A</i> Variants: A Systematic Review. <i>Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine</i> , 2022, 15, CIRCGEN121003432.	3.6	13
4	TRACEBACK: Testing of Historical Tubo-Ovarian Cancer Patients for Hereditary Risk Genes as a Cancer Prevention Strategy in Family Members. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2022, , JCO2102108.	1.6	3
5	Real world outcomes and implementation pathways of exome sequencing in an adult genetic department. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2022, , .	2.4	4
6	Predictive functional assay-based classification of PMS2 variants in Lynch syndrome. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2022, , .	2.5	1
7	Rivaroxaban in the treatment of <i>TEK</i> -related venous malformation. <i>Australasian Journal of Dermatology</i> , 2022, , .	0.7	2
8	Comprehensive evaluation and efficient classification of BRCA1 RING domain missense substitutions. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2022, 109, 1153-1174.	6.2	6
9	Quantitative modeling. , 2021, , 41-58.		1
10	A homozygous truncating variant in GDF9 in siblings with primary ovarian insufficiency. <i>Journal of Assisted Reproduction and Genetics</i> , 2021, 38, 1539-1543.	2.5	3
11	Genetic Dominant Variants in STUB1, Segregating in Families with SCA48, Display In Vitro Functional Impairments Indistinctive from Recessive Variants Associated with SCAR16. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2021, 22, 5870.	4.1	10
12	Genetic variants associated with inherited cardiovascular disorders among 13,131 asymptomatic older adults of European descent. <i>Npj Genomic Medicine</i> , 2021, 6, 51.	3.8	11
13	Genomic Risk Prediction for Breast Cancer in Older Women. <i>Cancers</i> , 2021, 13, 3533.	3.7	6
14	Scaling national and international improvement in virtual gene panel curation via a collaborative approach to discordance resolution. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2021, 108, 1551-1557.	6.2	36
15	Comprehensive Constitutional Genetic and Epigenetic Characterization of Lynch-Like Individuals. <i>Cancers</i> , 2020, 12, 1799.	3.7	15
16	Contribution of mRNA Splicing to Mismatch Repair Gene Sequence Variant Interpretation. <i>Frontiers in Genetics</i> , 2020, 11, 798.	2.3	19
17	<i>FANCM</i> c5791C>T stopgain mutation (rs144567652) is a familial colorectal cancer risk factor. <i>Molecular Genetics &amp; Genomic Medicine</i> , 2020, 8, e1532.	1.2	5
18	A novel ribosomal protein <i>S20</i> variant in a family with unexplained colorectal cancer and polyposis. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , 2020, 97, 943-944.	2.0	14

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19	Medically actionable pathogenic variants in a population of 13,131 healthy elderly individuals. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2020, 22, 1883-1886.	2.4	20
20	A novel AFG3L2 mutation close to AAA domain leads to aberrant OMA1 and OPA1 processing in a family with optic atrophy. <i>Acta Neuropathologica Communications</i> , 2020, 8, 93.	5.2	10
21	Two integrated and highly predictive functional analysis-based procedures for the classification of MSH6 variants in Lynch syndrome. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2020, 22, 847-856.	2.4	16
22	Tumour characteristics provide evidence for germline mismatch repair missense variant pathogenicity. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2020, 57, 62-69.	3.2	11
23	A plugin for the Ensembl Variant Effect Predictor that uses MaxEntScan to predict variant spliceogenicity. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2019, 35, 2315-2317.	4.1	52
24	Determining the clinical validity of hereditary colorectal cancer and polyposis susceptibility genes using the Clinical Genome Resource Clinical Validity Framework. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2019, 21, 1507-1516.	2.4	19
25	A functional assay-based procedure to classify mismatch repair gene variants in Lynch syndrome. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2019, 21, 1486-1496.	2.4	36
26	Pancreatic cancer as a sentinel for hereditary cancer predisposition. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2018, 18, 697.	2.6	29
27	Elucidating the clinical significance of two PMS2 missense variants coexisting in a family fulfilling hereditary cancer criteria. <i>Familial Cancer</i> , 2017, 16, 501-507.	1.9	3
28	Elucidating the molecular basis of MSH2-deficient tumors by combined germline and somatic analysis. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017, 141, 1365-1380.	5.1	26
29	Panel sequencing of 264 candidate susceptibility genes and segregation analysis in a cohort of non-BRCA1, non-BRCA2 breast cancer families. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2017, 166, 937-949.	2.5	16
30	Assessment of the InSiGHT Interpretation Criteria for the Clinical Classification of 24MLH1 and MSH2 Gene Variants. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2017, 38, 64-77.	2.5	29
31	Understanding the Pathogenicity of Noncoding Mismatch Repair Gene Promoter Variants in Lynch Syndrome. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2016, 37, 417-426.	2.5	10
32	Evaluation of CADD Scores in Curated Mismatch Repair Gene Variants Yields a Model for Clinical Validation and Prioritization. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2015, 36, 712-719.	2.5	39
33	Microsatellite Instability Use in Mismatch Repair Gene Sequence Variant Classification. <i>Genes</i> , 2015, 6, 150-162.	2.4	7
34	Detailed characterization of p.MLH1 D41H and p.MLH1 N710D variants coexisting in a Lynch syndrome family with conserved MLH1 expression tumors. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , 2015, 87, 543-548.	2.0	6
35	Consequences of germline variation disrupting the constitutional translational initiation codon start sites of MLH1 and BRCA2: Use of potential alternative start sites and implications for predicting variant pathogenicity. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 2015, 54, 513-522.	2.7	14
36	A review of mismatch repair gene transcripts: issues for interpretation of mRNA splicing assays. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , 2015, 87, 100-108.	2.0	27

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37	Nucleosome positioning is unaltered at MLH1 splice site mutations in cells derived from Lynch syndrome patients. <i>Clinical Epigenetics</i> , 2014, 6, 32.	4.1	0
38	Reply to J. Moline et al. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2014, 32, 2278-2279.	1.6	5
39	Application of a 5-tiered scheme for standardized classification of 2,360 unique mismatch repair gene variants in the InSiGHT locus-specific database. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2014, 46, 107-115.	21.4	410
40	Tumor Mismatch Repair Immunohistochemistry and DNA <i>MLH1</i> Methylation Testing of Patients With Endometrial Cancer Diagnosed at Age Younger Than 60 Years Optimizes Triage for Population-Level Germline Mismatch Repair Gene Mutation Testing. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2014, 32, 90-100.	1.6	195
41	The InSiGHT database: utilizing 100Âyears of insights into Lynch Syndrome. <i>Familial Cancer</i> , 2013, 12, 175-180.	1.9	100
42	A Multifactorial Likelihood Model for MMR Gene Variant Classification Incorporating Probabilities Based on Sequence Bioinformatics and Tumor Characteristics: A Report from the Colon Cancer Family Registry. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2013, 34, 200-209.	2.5	81
43	Calibration of Multiple In Silico Tools for Predicting Pathogenicity of Mismatch Repair Gene Missense Substitutions. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2013, 34, 255-265.	2.5	80
44	BRCA1 R1699Q variant displaying ambiguous functional abrogation confers intermediate breast and ovarian cancer risk. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2012, 49, 525-532.	3.2	97
45	Correlation of tumour BRAF mutations and<i>MLH1</i> methylation with germline mismatch repair (MMR) gene mutation status: a literature review assessing utility of tumour features for MMR variant classification. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2012, 49, 151-157.	3.2	253
46	Pancreatic Cancer and a Novel MSH2 Germline Alteration. <i>Pancreas</i> , 2011, 40, 1138-1140.	1.1	13
47	Mutation deep within an intron of MSH2 causes Lynch syndrome. <i>Familial Cancer</i> , 2011, 10, 297-301.	1.9	43
48	Splicing and multifactorial analysis of intronic BRCA1 and BRCA2 sequence variants identifies clinically significant splicing aberrations up to 12 nucleotides from the intron/exon boundary. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2011, 32, 678-687.	2.5	74
49	Detection of splicing aberrations caused by BRCA1 and BRCA2 sequence variants encoding missense substitutions: implications for prediction of pathogenicity. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2010, 31, E1484-E1505.	2.5	86
50	Use of DNAâ€Damaging Agents and RNA Pooling to Assess Expression Profiles Associated with BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Status in Familial Breast Cancer Patients. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2010, 6, e1000850.	3.5	9