

Adriaan W Bruijnzeel

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

78
papers

3,484
citations

136950

32
h-index

149698

56
g-index

81
all docs

81
docs citations

81
times ranked

3023
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Influence of Sex on the Effects of Nicotine and Other Drugs of Abuse on Intracranial Self-Stimulation. <i>NeuroMethods</i> , 2022, , 3-19. | 0.3 | 0 |
| 2 | The unhealthy association between smoking, vaping, and other drug use. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2022, , . | 2.6 | 0 |
| 3 | Effects of repeated adolescent exposure to cannabis smoke on cognitive outcomes in adulthood. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 35, 848-863. | 4.0 | 18 |
| 4 | Tobacco smoke exposure enhances reward sensitivity in male and female rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 238, 845-855. | 3.1 | 5 |
| 5 | Rodent models for nicotine withdrawal. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 35, 1169-1187. | 4.0 | 17 |
| 6 | Rewarding Effects of Nicotine Self-administration Increase Over Time in Male and Female Rats. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021, 23, 2117-2126. | 2.6 | 12 |
| 7 | Sex differences in the elevated plus-maze test and large open field test in adult Wistar rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2021, 204, 173168. | 2.9 | 99 |
| 8 | Adolescent nicotine treatment causes robust locomotor sensitization during adolescence but impedes the spontaneous acquisition of nicotine intake in adult female Wistar rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2021, 207, 173224. | 2.9 | 10 |
| 9 | Rewarding Effects of Nicotine in Adolescent and Adult Male and Female Rats as Measured Using Intracranial Self-stimulation. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2020, 22, 172-179. | 2.6 | 23 |
| 10 | Relationship Between Nicotine Intake and Reward Function in Rats With Intermittent Short Versus Long Access to Nicotine. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2020, 22, 213-223. | 2.6 | 10 |
| 11 | Shifting Frontiers in Basic Research on Nicotine and Tobacco Products. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2020, 22, 145-146. | 2.6 | 0 |
| 12 | Evaluation of Sex Differences in the Elasticity of Demand for Nicotine and Food in Rats. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2020, 22, 925-934. | 2.6 | 13 |
| 13 | Overexpression of corticotropin-releasing factor in the nucleus accumbens enhances the reinforcing effects of nicotine in intact female versus male and ovariectomized female rats. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2020, 45, 394-403. | 5.4 | 14 |
| 14 | Exposure to smoke from high- but not low-nicotine cigarettes leads to signs of dependence in male rats and potentiates the effects of nicotine in female rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2020, 196, 172998. | 2.9 | 12 |
| 15 | Adolescent nicotine and tobacco smoke exposure enhances nicotine self-administration in female rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2020, 176, 108243. | 4.1 | 14 |
| 16 | Evaluation of the rewarding effects of mitragynine and 7 α -hydroxymitragynine in an intracranial self-stimulation procedure in male and female rats. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2020, 215, 108235. | 3.2 | 19 |
| 17 | Recent Updates in Animal Models of Nicotine Withdrawal: Intracranial Self-Stimulation and Somatic Signs. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2019, 2011, 253-265. | 0.9 | 2 |
| 18 | Sex differences in the reward deficit and somatic signs associated with precipitated nicotine withdrawal in rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2019, 160, 107756. | 4.1 | 25 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 19 | Effects in rats of adolescent exposure to cannabis smoke or THC on emotional behavior and cognitive function in adulthood. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 236, 2773-2784. | 3.1 | 58 |
| 20 | Nicotine, Corticotropin-Releasing Factor, and Anxiety-Like Behavior. , 2019, , 159-164. | | 1 |
| 21 | Pharmacokinetic and Pharmacodynamic Characterization of Tetrahydrocannabinol-Induced Cannabinoid Dependence After Chronic Passive Cannabis Smoke Exposure in Rats. <i>Cannabis and Cannabinoid Research</i> , 2019, 4, 240-254. | 2.9 | 13 |
| 22 | Enhancing effects of acute exposure to cannabis smoke on working memory performance. <i>Neurobiology of Learning and Memory</i> , 2019, 157, 151-162. | 1.9 | 21 |
| 23 | Self-administration of the synthetic cathinone MDPV enhances reward function via a nicotinic receptor dependent mechanism. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2018, 137, 286-296. | 4.1 | 10 |
| 24 | Simultaneous quantification of cannabinoids tetrahydrocannabinol, cannabidiol and CB1 receptor antagonist in rat plasma: An application to characterize pharmacokinetics after passive cannabis smoke inhalation and co-administration of rimonabant. <i>Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis</i> , 2018, 160, 119-125. | 2.8 | 23 |
| 25 | Functional connectivity, behavioral and dopaminergic alterations 24 hours following acute exposure to synthetic bath salt drug methylenedioxypyrovalerone. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2018, 137, 178-193. | 4.1 | 27 |
| 26 | Effect of Second-Hand Tobacco Smoke on the Nitration of Brain Proteins: A Systems Biology and Bioinformatics Approach. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2017, 1598, 353-372. | 0.9 | 2 |
| 27 | Neuropeptide systems and new treatments for nicotine addiction. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 234, 1419-1437. | 3.1 | 29 |
| 28 | Reducing the Prevalence of Smoking: Policy Measures and Focusing on Specific Populations. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2017, 19, 1003-1004. | 2.6 | 1 |
| 29 | The sigma-1 receptor modulates methamphetamine dysregulation of dopamine neurotransmission. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017, 8, 2228. | 12.8 | 92 |
| 30 | Reward Processing and Smoking. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2017, 19, 661-662. | 2.6 | 9 |
| 31 | Pros and Cons of Medical Cannabis use by People with Chronic Brain Disorders. <i>Current Neuropharmacology</i> , 2017, 15, 800-814. | 2.9 | 28 |
| 32 | Behavioral Characterization of the Effects of Cannabis Smoke and Anandamide in Rats. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0153327. | 2.5 | 71 |
| 33 | The Psychoactive Designer Drug and Bath Salt Constituent MDPV Causes Widespread Disruption of Brain Functional Connectivity. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 41, 2352-2365. | 5.4 | 66 |
| 34 | Overexpression of CRF in the BNST diminishes dysphoria but not anxiety-like behavior in nicotine withdrawing rats. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 26, 1378-1389. | 0.7 | 35 |
| 35 | Temporal MRI characterization, neurobiochemical and neurobehavioral changes in a mouse repetitive concussive head injury model. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 11178. | 3.3 | 54 |
| 36 | Acute Nicotine Administration Increases BOLD fMRI Signal in Brain Regions Involved in Reward Signaling and Compulsive Drug Intake in Rats. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2015, 18, pyu011-pyu011. | 2.1 | 30 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Chronic treatment with the vasopressin 1b receptor antagonist SSR149415 prevents the dysphoria associated with nicotine withdrawal in rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2015, 292, 259-265. | 2.2 | 14 |
| 38 | A critical role for the melanocortin 4 receptor in stress-induced relapse to nicotine seeking in rats. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2015, 20, 324-335. | 2.6 | 15 |
| 39 | Sustained AAV-mediated overexpression of CRF in the central amygdala diminishes the depressive-like state associated with nicotine withdrawal. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 4, e385-e385. | 4.8 | 21 |
| 40 | Anorexic effects of intra-VTA leptin are similar in low-fat and high-fat-fed rats but attenuated in a subgroup of high-fat-fed obese rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2013, 103, 573-581. | 2.9 | 15 |
| 41 | Tobacco addiction and the dysregulation of brain stress systems. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2012, 36, 1418-1441. | 6.1 | 137 |
| 42 | Blockade of CRF1 receptors in the central nucleus of the amygdala attenuates the dysphoria associated with nicotine withdrawal in rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2012, 101, 62-68. | 2.9 | 55 |
| 43 | Effects of insulin and leptin in the ventral tegmental area and arcuate hypothalamic nucleus on food intake and brain reward function in female rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2011, 219, 254-264. | 2.2 | 78 |
| 44 | Stimulation of α -2-adrenergic receptors in the central nucleus of the amygdala attenuates stress-induced reinstatement of nicotine seeking in rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2011, 60, 303-311. | 4.1 | 69 |
| 45 | Repeated pre-exposure to tobacco smoke potentiates subsequent locomotor responses to nicotine and tobacco smoke but not amphetamine in adult rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2011, 100, 109-118. | 2.9 | 15 |
| 46 | Tobacco smoke diminishes neurogenesis and promotes gliogenesis in the dentate gyrus of adolescent rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2011, 1413, 32-42. | 2.2 | 29 |
| 47 | Tobacco smoke exposure induces nicotine dependence in rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 208, 143-158. | 3.1 | 68 |
| 48 | Effects of prazosin, clonidine, and propranolol on the elevations in brain reward thresholds and somatic signs associated with nicotine withdrawal in rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 212, 485-499. | 3.1 | 46 |
| 49 | Preadolescent tobacco smoke exposure leads to acute nicotine dependence but does not affect the rewarding effects of nicotine or nicotine withdrawal in adulthood in rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2010, 95, 401-409. | 2.9 | 29 |
| 50 | Corticotropin-releasing factor mediates the dysphoria-like state associated with alcohol withdrawal in rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2010, 210, 288-291. | 2.2 | 31 |
| 51 | Corticotropin-Releasing Factor Within the Central Nucleus of the Amygdala and the Nucleus Accumbens Shell Mediates the Negative Affective State of Nicotine Withdrawal in Rats. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2009, 34, 1743-1752. | 5.4 | 79 |
| 52 | kappa-Opioid receptor signaling and brain reward function. <i>Brain Research Reviews</i> , 2009, 62, 127-146. | 9.0 | 164 |
| 53 | Deficit in brain reward function and acute and protracted anxiety-like behavior after discontinuation of a chronic alcohol liquid diet in rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2009, 203, 629-640. | 3.1 | 31 |
| 54 | Corticotropin-Releasing Factor-1 Receptor Activation Mediates Nicotine Withdrawal-Induced Deficit in Brain Reward Function and Stress-Induced Relapse. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2009, 66, 110-117. | 1.3 | 119 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Methamphetamine- and Trauma-Induced Brain Injuries: Comparative Cellular and Molecular Neurobiological Substrates. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2009, 66, 118-127. | 1.3 | 105 |
| 56 | Effects of NPY and the specific Y1 receptor agonist [d-His26]-NPY on the deficit in brain reward function and somatic signs associated with nicotine withdrawal in rats. <i>Neuropeptides</i> , 2008, 42, 215-227. | 2.2 | 33 |
| 57 | Effects of fentanyl dose and exposure duration on the affective and somatic signs of fentanyl withdrawal in rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2008, 55, 812-818. | 4.1 | 22 |
| 58 | Antagonism of CRF Receptors Prevents the Deficit in Brain Reward Function Associated with Precipitated Nicotine Withdrawal in Rats. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2007, 32, 955-963. | 5.4 | 99 |
| 59 | Effects of the CRF receptor antagonist d-Phe CRF(12-41) and the β 2-adrenergic receptor agonist clonidine on stress-induced reinstatement of nicotine-seeking behavior in rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2007, 53, 958-966. | 4.1 | 101 |
| 60 | The effects of buprenorphine on fentanyl withdrawal in rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2007, 191, 931-941. | 3.1 | 19 |
| 61 | Severe Deficit in Brain Reward Function Associated with Fentanyl Withdrawal in Rats. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2006, 59, 477-480. | 1.3 | 43 |
| 62 | Diminished nicotine withdrawal in adolescent rats: implications for vulnerability to addiction. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2006, 186, 612-619. | 3.1 | 134 |
| 63 | Anabolic Steroid Abuse. <i>Journal of Addictive Diseases</i> , 2006, 25, 33-45. | 1.3 | 20 |
| 64 | Decreased sensitivity to the effects of dopamine D1-like, but not D2-like, receptor antagonism in the posterior hypothalamic region/anterior ventral tegmental area on brain reward function during chronic exposure to nicotine in rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2005, 1058, 91-100. | 2.2 | 15 |
| 65 | Differential regulation of agouti-related protein and neuropeptide Y in hypothalamic neurons following a stressful event. <i>Journal of Molecular Endocrinology</i> , 2005, 35, 159-164. | 2.5 | 53 |
| 66 | The role of corticotropin-releasing factor-like peptides in cannabis, nicotine, and alcohol dependence. <i>Brain Research Reviews</i> , 2005, 49, 505-528. | 9.0 | 109 |
| 67 | Prolonged nicotine exposure does not alter GABAB receptor-mediated regulation of brain reward function. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2005, 49, 953-962. | 4.1 | 21 |
| 68 | Nicotine Withdrawal in Adolescent and Adult Rats. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2004, 1021, 167-174. | 3.8 | 86 |
| 69 | Adaptations in cholinergic transmission in the ventral tegmental area associated with the affective signs of nicotine withdrawal in rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2004, 47, 572-579. | 4.1 | 60 |
| 70 | Bupropion enhances brain reward function and reverses the affective and somatic aspects of nicotine withdrawal in the rat. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2003, 168, 347-358. | 3.1 | 206 |
| 71 | Characterization of the effects of bupropion on the reinforcing properties of nicotine and food in rats. <i>Synapse</i> , 2003, 50, 20-28. | 1.2 | 135 |
| 72 | Exposure to chronic mild stress alters thresholds for lateral hypothalamic stimulation reward and subsequent responsiveness to amphetamine. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2002, 114, 925-933. | 2.3 | 48 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 73 | Long-term sensitization of cardiovascular stress responses after a single stressful experience. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2001, 73, 81-86. | 2.1 | 32 |
| 74 | Effect of a benzodiazepine receptor agonist and corticotropin-releasing hormone receptor antagonists on long-term foot-shock-induced increase in defensive withdrawal behavior. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2001, 158, 132-139. | 3.1 | 28 |
| 75 | Stress-induced sensitization of CRH-ir but not P-CREB-ir responsivity in the rat central nervous system. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2001, 908, 187-196. | 2.2 | 54 |
| 76 | The Role of the CRH Type 1 Receptor in Autonomic Responses to Corticotropin- Releasing Hormone in the Rat. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2000, 22, 388-399. | 5.4 | 86 |
| 77 | Long-term sensitization of Fos-responsivity in the rat central nervous system after a single stressful experience. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1999, 819, 15-22. | 2.2 | 72 |
| 78 | Sex differences in long-term stress-induced colonic, behavioural and hormonal disturbances. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1999, 65, 2837-2849. | 4.3 | 17 |