

David H Broide

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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185
papers

14,504
citations

15504

65
h-index

20358

116
g-index

193
all docs

193
docs citations

193
times ranked

15168
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Mutation of a new gene encoding a putative pyrin-like protein causes familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome and Muckle-Wells syndrome. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2001, 29, 301-305.	21.4	1,488
2	Immunotherapy with a Ragweed-Toll-Like Receptor 9 Agonist Vaccine for Allergic Rhinitis. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2006, 355, 1445-1455.	27.0	521
3	Cutting Edge: Activation of Toll-Like Receptor 2 Induces a Th2 Immune Response and Promotes Experimental Asthma. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2004, 172, 2739-2743.	0.8	426
4	Esophageal remodeling in pediatric eosinophilic esophagitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2007, 119, 206-212.	2.9	407
5	Tobacco Smoke Promotes Lung Tumorigenesis by Triggering IKK β - and JNK1-Dependent Inflammation. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2010, 17, 89-97.	16.8	378
6	Innate immunity. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2010, 125, S24-S32.	2.9	376
7	Lung type 2 innate lymphoid cells express cysteinyl leukotriene receptor 1, which regulates TH2 cytokine production. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 132, 205-213.	2.9	349
8	Inhibition of airway remodeling in IL-5-deficient mice. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 113, 551-560.	8.2	336
9	Familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome: Phenotype and genotype of an autosomal dominant periodic fever. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2001, 108, 615-620.	2.9	306
10	Inhibition of experimental asthma by indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 114, 270-279.	8.2	297
11	Lung-resident tissue macrophages generate Foxp3+ regulatory T cells and promote airway tolerance. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2013, 210, 775-788.	8.5	285
12	Mast cells infiltrate the esophageal smooth muscle in patients with eosinophilic esophagitis, express TGF- β 1, and increase esophageal smooth muscle contraction. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2010, 126, 1198-1204.e4.	2.9	229
13	IL-5 links adaptive and natural immunity specific for epitopes of oxidized LDL and protects from atherosclerosis. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 114, 427-437.	8.2	208
14	Immunologic and inflammatory mechanisms that drive asthma progression to remodeling. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2008, 121, 560-570.	2.9	207
15	Molecular and cellular mechanisms of allergic disease. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2001, 108, S65-S71.	2.9	199
16	An antiinflammatory role for IKK β through the inhibition of classical macrophage activation. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2008, 205, 1269-1276.	8.5	180
17	ORMDL3 is an inducible lung epithelial gene regulating metalloproteases, chemokines, OAS, and ATF6. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 16648-16653.	7.1	170
18	Cytokines and growth factors in airway remodeling in asthma. <i>Current Opinion in Immunology</i> , 2007, 19, 676-680.	5.5	169

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19	Defining the in vivo function of Siglec-F, a CD33-related Siglec expressed on mouse eosinophils. <i>Blood</i> , 2007, 109, 4280-4287.	1.4	168
20	Molecular Determinants of T Cell Epitope Recognition to the Common Timothy Grass Allergen. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2010, 185, 943-955.	0.8	163
21	3-Hydroxyanthranilic acid inhibits PDK1 activation and suppresses experimental asthma by inducing T cell apoptosis. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 18619-18624.	7.1	161
22	The tumor necrosis factor family member LIGHT is a target for asthmatic airway remodeling. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2011, 17, 596-603.	30.7	160
23	Adiponectin and Functional Adiponectin Receptor 1 Are Expressed by Airway Epithelial Cells in Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2009, 182, 684-691.	0.8	154
24	GSDMB induces an asthma phenotype characterized by increased airway responsiveness and remodeling without lung inflammation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 13132-13137.	7.1	147
25	STAT6 regulates natural helper cell proliferation during lung inflammation initiated by <i>Alternaria</i> . <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2012, 303, L577-L588.	2.9	142
26	Allergen-induced peribronchial fibrosis and mucus production mediated by I κ B kinase \hat{A} -dependent genes in airway epithelium. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2005, 102, 17723-17728.	7.1	140
27	ORMDL3 Transgenic Mice Have Increased Airway Remodeling and Airway Responsiveness Characteristic of Asthma. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2014, 192, 3475-3487.	0.8	140
28	Anti-IL-5 therapy reduces mast cell and IL-9 cell numbers in pediatric patients with eosinophilic esophagitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 131, 1576-1582.e2.	2.9	132
29	Increased ILC2s in the eosinophilic nasal polyp endotype are associated with corticosteroid responsiveness. <i>Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 155, 126-135.	3.2	127
30	miR-23a ¹ /427a ¹ /424 clusters control effector T cell differentiation and function. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2016, 213, 235-249.	8.5	124
31	Identification of a Locus on Chromosome 1q44 for Familial Cold Urticaria. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2000, 66, 1693-1698.	6.2	121
32	Eosinophil trafficking to sites of allergic inflammation. <i>Immunological Reviews</i> , 2001, 179, 163-172.	6.0	121
33	Prostaglandin I ₂ Signaling and Inhibition of Group 2 Innate Lymphoid Cell Responses. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2016, 193, 31-42.	5.6	119
34	Prostaglandin D2 regulates human type 2 innate lymphoid cell chemotaxis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 133, 899-901.e3.	2.9	116
35	Regulated Production of the T Helper 2-Type T-Cell Chemoattractant TARC by Human Bronchial Epithelial Cells In Vitro and in Human Lung Xenografts. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2001, 24, 382-389.	2.9	115
36	Id2 and Id3 maintain the regulatory T cell pool to suppress inflammatory disease. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2014, 15, 767-776.	14.5	108

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37	Inhibition of Allergen-Induced Airway Remodeling in Smad 3-Deficient Mice. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2007, 178, 7310-7316.	0.8	101
38	Allergic rhinitis: Pathophysiology. <i>Allergy and Asthma Proceedings</i> , 2010, 31, 370-374.	2.2	101
39	DNA-based immunotherapeutics for the treatment of allergic disease. <i>Immunological Reviews</i> , 2001, 179, 102-118.	6.0	99
40	Group 2 innate lymphocytes (ILC2) are enriched in active eosinophilic esophagitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2015, 136, 792-794.e3.	2.9	98
41	Allergen challenge in allergic rhinitis rapidly induces increased peripheral blood type 2 innate lymphoid cells that express CD84. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 133, 1203-1205.e7.	2.9	97
42	Immunostimulatory DNA Is a Potent Mucosal Adjuvant. <i>Cellular Immunology</i> , 1998, 190, 77-82.	3.0	96
43	Leukotriene C4 Potentiates IL-33-Induced Group 2 Innate Lymphoid Cell Activation and Lung Inflammation. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2017, 199, 1096-1104.	0.8	96
44	Inhibition of Pulmonary Eosinophilia in P-Selectin- and ICAM-1-deficient Mice. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 1998, 18, 218-225.	2.9	93
45	Accumulation of Peribronchial Mast Cells in a Mouse Model of Ovalbumin Allergen Induced Chronic Airway Inflammation: Modulation by Immunostimulatory DNA Sequences. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2003, 171, 4860-4867.	0.8	93
46	Epithelial Cell-Derived IL-25, but Not Th17 Cell-Derived IL-17 or IL-17F, Is Crucial for Murine Asthma. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2012, 189, 3641-3652.	0.8	93
47	Immunomodulation of Allergic Disease. <i>Annual Review of Medicine</i> , 2009, 60, 279-291.	12.2	92
48	Advances in mechanisms of asthma, allergy, and immunology in 2010. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2011, 127, 689-695.	2.9	92
49	Chromosome 17q21 Genes ORMDL3 and GSDMB in Asthma and Immune Diseases. <i>Advances in Immunology</i> , 2017, 135, 1-52.	2.2	91
50	Fine structure mapping of CIAS1: identification of an ancestral haplotype and a common FCAS mutation, L353P. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 2003, 112, 209-216.	3.8	89
51	Anti-Siglec-F Antibody Reduces Allergen-Induced Eosinophilic Inflammation and Airway Remodeling. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2009, 183, 5333-5341.	0.8	89
52	Previously undescribed grass pollen antigens are the major inducers of T helper 2 cytokine-producing T cells in allergic individuals. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 3459-3464.	7.1	88
53	Reduced peribronchial fibrosis in allergen-challenged MMP-9-deficient mice. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2006, 291, L265-L271.	2.9	87
54	Inhibition of Eosinophil Rolling and Recruitment in P-Selectin- and Intracellular Adhesion Molecule-1-Deficient Mice. <i>Blood</i> , 1998, 91, 2847-2856.	1.4	82

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55	Eosinophilic inflammation is associated with elevation of interleukin-5 in the airways of patients with spontaneous symptomatic asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 1995, 96, 661-668.	2.9	81
56	Group 2 innate lymphoid cells are recruited to the nasal mucosa in patients with aspirin-exacerbated respiratory disease. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 140, 101-108.e3.	2.9	81
57	Siglec-F Inhibition Reduces Esophageal Eosinophilia and Angiogenesis in a Mouse Model of Eosinophilic Esophagitis. <i>Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition</i> , 2011, 53, 409-416.	1.8	80
58	Autophagy plays a role in FSTL1-induced epithelial mesenchymal transition and airway remodeling in asthma. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2017, 313, L27-L40.	2.9	80
59	<i>Alternaria</i> Induces STAT6-Dependent Acute Airway Eosinophilia and Epithelial FIZZ1 Expression That Promotes Airway Fibrosis and Epithelial Thickness. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2012, 188, 2622-2629.	0.8	79
60	Corticosteroids prevent myofibroblast accumulation and airway remodeling in mice. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2006, 290, L162-L169.	2.9	78
61	Systemic administration of immunostimulatory DNA sequences mediates reversible inhibition of Th2 responses in a mouse model of asthma. <i>Journal of Clinical Immunology</i> , 2001, 21, 175-182.	3.8	77
62	A strategy to determine HLA class II restriction broadly covering the DR, DP, and DQ allelic variants most commonly expressed in the general population. <i>Immunogenetics</i> , 2013, 65, 357-370.	2.4	77
63	Immunostimulatory DNA Inhibits Transforming Growth Factor- β Expression and Airway Remodeling. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2004, 30, 651-661.	2.9	73
64	Transcriptional Profiling of Th2 Cells Identifies Pathogenic Features Associated with Asthma. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2016, 197, 655-664.	0.8	72
65	Insights into Group 2 Innate Lymphoid Cells in Human Airway Disease. <i>Current Allergy and Asthma Reports</i> , 2016, 16, 8.	5.3	70
66	Histamine-releasing factor has a proinflammatory role in mouse models of asthma and allergy. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2012, 122, 218-228.	8.2	69
67	Airway Fibrosis and Angiogenesis due to Eosinophil Trafficking in Chronic Asthma. <i>Current Molecular Medicine</i> , 2008, 8, 350-358.	1.3	63
68	Long-term assessment of esophageal remodeling in patients with pediatric eosinophilic esophagitis treated with topical corticosteroids. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 137, 147-156.e8.	2.9	63
69	Anti-Siglec-F antibody inhibits oral egg allergen induced intestinal eosinophilic inflammation in a mouse model. <i>Clinical Immunology</i> , 2009, 131, 157-169.	3.2	62
70	β 2 integrins rather than β 1 integrins mediate <i>Alternaria</i> -induced group 2 innate lymphoid cell trafficking to the lung. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2018, 141, 329-338.e12.	2.9	62
71	Role of mast cells in otitis media. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2005, 116, 1129-1135.	2.9	60
72	TGF- β 1-induced phospholamban expression alters esophageal smooth muscle cell contraction in patients with eosinophilic esophagitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 134, 1100-1107.e4.	2.9	60

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73	New targets for allergic rhinitis – a disease of civilization. <i>Nature Reviews Drug Discovery</i> , 2003, 2, 903-915.	46.4	59
74	Resolution of Airway Inflammation following Ovalbumin Inhalation. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2003, 28, 655-663.	2.9	59
75	T Cell Responses to Known Allergen Proteins Are Differently Polarized and Account for a Variable Fraction of Total Response to Allergen Extracts. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2012, 189, 1800-1811.	0.8	59
76	Analysis of T Cell Responses to the Major Allergens from German Cockroach: Epitope Specificity and Relationship to IgE Production. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2012, 189, 679-688.	0.8	59
77	PI3K ³ -deficient mice have reduced levels of allergen-induced eosinophilic inflammation and airway remodeling. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2009, 296, L210-L219.	2.9	57
78	Myeloid cell HIF-1 α regulates asthma airway resistance and eosinophil function. <i>Journal of Molecular Medicine</i> , 2013, 91, 637-644.	3.9	56
79	Cyclic AMP concentrations in dendritic cells induce and regulate Th2 immunity and allergic asthma. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 1529-1534.	7.1	56
80	Orosomucoid-like 3 (ORMDL3) upregulates airway smooth muscle proliferation, contraction, and Ca ²⁺ oscillations in asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2018, 142, 207-218.e6.	2.9	55
81	Down-regulation of Caveolin-1, an Inhibitor of Transforming Growth Factor- β Signaling, in Acute Allergen-Induced Airway Remodeling. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2008, 283, 5760-5768.	3.4	54
82	TGF- β 1-induced PAI-1 contributes to a profibrotic network in patients with eosinophilic esophagitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 791-800.e4.	2.9	53
83	Smad3-deficient Mice Have Reduced Esophageal Fibrosis and Angiogenesis in a Model of Egg-induced Eosinophilic Esophagitis. <i>Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition</i> , 2014, 59, 10-16.	1.8	50
84	Immunostimulatory DNA Reverses Established Allergen-Induced Airway Remodeling. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2004, 173, 7556-7564.	0.8	49
85	Genes and Pathways Regulating Decline in Lung Function and Airway Remodeling in Asthma. <i>Allergy, Asthma and Immunology Research</i> , 2019, 11, 604.	2.9	49
86	Immunostimulatory DNA sequences inhibit respiratory syncytial viral load, airway inflammation, and mucus secretion. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2001, 108, 697-702.	2.9	47
87	Hypoxia potentiates allergen induction of HIF-1 α , chemokines, airway inflammation, TGF- β 1, and airway remodeling in a mouse model. <i>Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 147, 27-37.	3.2	47
88	Airway innate lymphoid cells in the induction and regulation of allergy. <i>Allergology International</i> , 2019, 68, 9-16.	3.3	47
89	VCAM-1 is more effective than MAdCAM-1 in supporting eosinophil rolling under conditions of shear flow. <i>Blood</i> , 2000, 95, 592-601.	1.4	46
90	CD4 ⁺ cells are required for chronic eosinophilic lung inflammation but not airway remodeling. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2009, 296, L229-L235.	2.9	45

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91	Inhibition of eosinophilic inflammation in allergen-challenged, IL-1 receptor type 1-deficient mice is associated with reduced eosinophil rolling and adhesion on vascular endothelium. <i>Blood</i> , 2000, 95, 263-269.	1.4	44
92	Adiponectin-deficient mice are protected against tobacco-induced inflammation and increased emphysema. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology</i> , 2010, 299, L834-L842.	2.9	44
93	Potent Inhibitors of Pro-Inflammatory Cytokine Production Produced by a Marine-Derived Bacterium. <i>Journal of Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2009, 52, 2317-2327.	6.4	43
94	Regulatory B cells and T follicular helper cells are reduced in allergic rhinitis. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 1192-1195.e5.	2.9	43
95	Cutting Edge: Targeting Epithelial ORMDL3 Increases, Rather than Reduces, Airway Responsiveness and Is Associated with Increased Sphingosine-1-Phosphate. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2017, 198, 3017-3022.	0.8	43
96	Inhibition of Eosinophilic Inflammation in Allergen-Challenged TNF Receptor p55/p75-deficient and TNF Receptor p55-deficient Mice. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2001, 24, 304-311.	2.9	41
97	Fstl1 Promotes Asthmatic Airway Remodeling by Inducing Oncostatin M. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2015, 195, 3546-3556.	0.8	41
98	Persistent Airway Inflammation and Emphysema Progression on CT Scan in Ex-Smokers Observed for 4 Years. <i>Chest</i> , 2011, 139, 1380-1387.	0.8	40
99	Rhinovirus infection interferes with induction of tolerance to aeroantigens through OX40 ligand, thymic stromal lymphopoietin, and IL-33. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 137, 278-288.e6.	2.9	40
100	DNA-Based Immunization for Asthma. <i>International Archives of Allergy and Immunology</i> , 1999, 118, 453-456.	2.1	38
101	Chronic OVA allergen challenged Siglec-F deficient mice have increased mucus, remodeling, and epithelial Siglec-F ligands which are up-regulated by IL-4 and IL-13. <i>Respiratory Research</i> , 2010, 11, 154.	3.6	38
102	Coexposure to Environmental Tobacco Smoke Increases Levels of Allergen-Induced Airway Remodeling in Mice. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2007, 178, 5321-5328.	0.8	36
103	Advances in mechanisms of asthma, allergy, and immunology in 2008. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2009, 123, 569-574.	2.9	34
104	Oroscomuoid like protein 3 (ORMDL3) transgenic mice have reduced levels of sphingolipids including sphingosine-1-phosphate and ceramide. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 139, 1373-1376.e4.	2.9	34
105	A Murine Model to Study Leukocyte Rolling and Intravascular Trafficking in Lung Microvessels. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2003, 162, 2019-2028.	3.8	33
106	Immunostimulatory DNA inhibits allergen-induced peribronchial angiogenesis in mice. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2006, 117, 597-603.	2.9	33
107	Constitutive overexpression of IL-5 induces extramedullary hematopoiesis in the spleen. <i>Blood</i> , 2003, 101, 863-868.	1.4	29
108	Indoleamine-2,3-dioxygenase modulation of allergic immune responses. <i>Current Allergy and Asthma Reports</i> , 2006, 6, 27-31.	5.3	29

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109	Computed tomographic scan-diagnosed chronic obstructive pulmonary disease-emphysema: Eotaxin-1 is associated with bronchodilator response and extent of emphysema. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2007, 120, 1118-1125.	2.9	29
110	Synthetic di-sulfated iduronic acid attenuates asthmatic response by blocking T-cell recruitment to inflammatory sites. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2014, 111, 8173-8178.	7.1	29
111	Lipid regulation of group 2 innate lymphoid cell function: Moving beyond epithelial cytokines. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2018, 141, 1587-1589.	2.9	29
112	Remodeling associated expression of matrix metalloproteinase 9 but not tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 1 in airway epithelium: Modulation by immunostimulatory DNA. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2006, 117, 618-625.	2.9	28
113	Association between specific timothy grass antigens and changes in TH1- and TH2-cell responses following specific immunotherapy. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2014, 134, 1076-1083.	2.9	27
114	Immunostimulatory DNA mediates inhibition of eosinophilic inflammation and airway hyperreactivity independent of natural killer cells in vivo. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2001, 108, 759-763.	2.9	26
115	Allergen-Induced Coexpression of bFGF and TGF- β 1 by Macrophages in a Mouse Model of Airway Remodeling: bFGF Induces Macrophage TGF- β 1 Expression in vitro. <i>International Archives of Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2011, 155, 12-22.	2.1	26
116	Sialyltransferase ST3Gal-III Regulates Siglec-F Ligand Formation and Eosinophilic Lung Inflammation in Mice. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2013, 190, 5939-5948.	0.8	26
117	The TGF β 1 Promoter SNP C-509T and Food Sensitization Promote Esophageal Remodeling in Pediatric Eosinophilic Esophagitis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0144651.	2.5	26
118	Eosinophil Tissue Recruitment to Sites of Allergic Inflammation in the Lung Is Platelet Endothelial Cell Adhesion Molecule Independent. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2001, 167, 2292-2297.	0.8	25
119	New perspectives on mechanisms underlying chronic allergic inflammation and asthma in 2007. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2008, 122, 475-480.	2.9	25
120	Chronic OVA allergen challenged TNF p55/p75 receptor deficient mice have reduced airway remodeling. <i>International Immunopharmacology</i> , 2011, 11, 1038-1044.	3.8	24
121	Human Mesenchymal Stem Cells Suppress the Stretch-Induced Inflammatory miR-155 and Cytokines in Bronchial Epithelial Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e71342.	2.5	24
122	Inhibition of IRF4 in dendritic cells by PRR-independent and -dependent signals inhibit Th2 and promote Th17 responses. <i>ELife</i> , 2020, 9, .	6.0	24
123	Chronic allergen challenge induces bronchial mast cell accumulation in BALB/c but not C57BL/6 mice and is independent of IL-9. <i>Immunogenetics</i> , 2010, 62, 499-506.	2.4	22
124	Hypoxia-inducible factor-1 α inhibition modulates airway hyperresponsiveness and nitric oxide levels in a BALB/c mouse model of asthma. <i>Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 176, 94-99.	3.2	22
125	Induction and Inhibition of the Th2 Phenotype Spread: Implications for Childhood Asthma. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2005, 174, 5864-5873.	0.8	21
126	The pathophysiology of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis. <i>Allergy and Asthma Proceedings</i> , 2007, 28, 398-403.	2.2	21

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127	Unconventional ST2- and CD127-negative lung ILC2 populations are induced by the fungal allergen <i>Alternaria alternata</i> . <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2019, 144, 1432-1435.e9.	2.9	21
128	Inhibition of eosinophilic inflammation in allergen-challenged, IL-1 receptor type 1-deficient mice is associated with reduced eosinophil rolling and adhesion on vascular endothelium. <i>Blood</i> , 2000, 95, 263-9.	1.4	21
129	MMPs and IL-4 Are Elevated in Eosinophilic Esophagitis and Reduced Following Topical Corticosteroid Therapy. <i>Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition</i> , 2015, 61, 194-199.	1.8	20
130	Combination of corticosteroid therapy and allergen avoidance reverses allergen-induced airway remodeling in mice. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2005, 116, 1116-1122.	2.9	19
131	Immunostimulatory sequences of DNA and conjugates in the treatment of allergic rhinitis. <i>Current Allergy and Asthma Reports</i> , 2005, 5, 182-185.	5.3	16
132	Strategies to Query and Display Allergy-Derived Epitope Data from the Immune Epitope Database. <i>International Archives of Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2013, 160, 334-345.	2.1	16
133	Targeting AMCase reduces esophageal eosinophilic inflammation and remodeling in a mouse model of egg induced eosinophilic esophagitis. <i>International Immunopharmacology</i> , 2014, 18, 35-42.	3.8	16
134	Rhinovirus Infection of ORMDL3 Transgenic Mice Is Associated with Reduced Rhinovirus Viral Load and Airway Inflammation. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2017, 199, 2215-2224.	0.8	16
135	Genes That Regulate Eosinophilic Inflammation. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1999, 65, 302-307.	6.2	15
136	Eotaxin induces a sustained reduction in the functional adhesive state of very late antigen 4 for the connecting segment 1 region of fibronectin. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2000, 106, 933-940.	2.9	15
137	Toll-Like Receptor-9 Agonist Inhibits Airway Inflammation, Remodeling and Hyperreactivity in Mice Exposed to Chronic Environmental Tobacco Smoke and Allergen. <i>International Archives of Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2010, 151, 285-296.	2.1	15
138	Segmental allergen challenge increases levels of airway follistatin-like 1 in patients with asthma. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2016, 138, 596-599.e4.	2.9	15
139	Pathways to limit group 2 innate lymphoid cell activation. <i>Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2017, 139, 1465-1467.	2.9	15
140	Differential Regulation of Eosinophil Adhesion under Conditions of Flow In Vivo. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1996, 796, 218-225.	3.8	14
141	Inhibition of eosinophilic inflammation in allergen-challenged, IL-1 receptor type 1-deficient mice is associated with reduced eosinophil rolling and adhesion on vascular endothelium. <i>Blood</i> , 2000, 95, 263-269.	1.4	14
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