Charles H King

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) for 291 diseases and injuries in 21 regions, 1990–2010: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 2197-2223.	13.7	7,061
2	Years lived with disability (YLDs) for 1160 sequelae of 289 diseases and injuries 1990–2010: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 2163-2196.	13.7	6,376
3	Human schistosomiasis. Lancet, The, 2014, 383, 2253-2264.	13.7	1,849
4	Helminth infections: the great neglected tropical diseases. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2008, 118, 1311-1321.	8.2	1,207
5	Reassessment of the cost of chronic helmintic infection: a meta-analysis of disability-related outcomes in endemic schistosomiasis. Lancet, The, 2005, 365, 1561-1569.	13.7	804
6	The Global Burden of Disease Study 2010: Interpretation and Implications for the Neglected Tropical Diseases. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2014, 8, e2865.	3.0	796
7	Parasites and poverty: The case of schistosomiasis. Acta Tropica, 2010, 113, 95-104.	2.0	472
8	The unacknowledged impact of chronic schistosomiasis. Chronic Illness, 2008, 4, 65-79.	1.5	444
9	Soil-Transmitted Helminth Reinfection after Drug Treatment: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2012, 6, e1621.	3.0	319
10	A Five-Country Evaluation of a Point-of-Care Circulating Cathodic Antigen Urine Assay for the Prevalence of Schistosoma mansoni. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 88, 426-432.	1.4	220
11	Measuring the burden of arboviral diseases: the spectrum of morbidity and mortality from four prevalent infections. Population Health Metrics, 2011, 9, 1.	2.7	198
12	The global burden of disease study 2013: What does it mean for the NTDs?. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005424.	3.0	181
13	Toward the Elimination of Schistosomiasis. New England Journal of Medicine, 2009, 360, 106-109.	27.0	136
14	A call to strengthen the global strategy against schistosomiasis and soil-transmitted helminthiasis: the time is now. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2017, 17, e64-e69.	9.1	136
15	Interepidemic Rift Valley Fever Virus Seropositivity, Northeastern Kenya. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2008, 14, 1240-1246.	4.3	131
16	Drugs Five Years Later: Praziquantel. Annals of Internal Medicine, 1989, 110, 290.	3.9	130
17	Asymmetries of Poverty: Why Global Burden of Disease Valuations Underestimate the Burden of Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2008, 2, e209.	3.0	128
18	Utility of Repeated Praziquantel Dosing in the Treatment of Schistosomiasis in High-Risk Communities in Africa: A Systematic Review. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2011, 5, e1321.	3.0	121

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19	Do Antenatal Parasite Infections Devalue Childhood Vaccination?. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2009, 3, e442.	3.0	115
20	Transmission control for schistosomiasis – why it matters now. Trends in Parasitology, 2006, 22, 575-582.	3.3	111
21	Impact of insecticide-treated bed nets on malaria transmission indices on the south coast of Kenya. Malaria Journal, 2011, 10, 356.	2.3	105
22	Detection of Schistosoma mansoni and Schistosoma haematobium DNA by Loop-Mediated Isothermal Amplification: Identification of Infected Snails from Early Prepatency. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2010, 83, 427-432.	1.4	100
23	Historical Perspective: Snail Control to Prevent Schistosomiasis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003657.	3.0	100
24	Comparison of Schistosoma mansoni Prevalence and Intensity of Infection, as Determined by the Circulating Cathodic Antigen Urine Assay or by the Kato-Katz Fecal Assay: A Systematic Review. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2016, 94, 605-610.	1.4	98
25	Systematic Review and Meta-analysis of the Impact of Chemical-Based Mollusciciding for Control of Schistosoma mansoni and S. haematobium Transmission. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0004290.	3.0	96
26	SPATIAL PATTERNS OF URINARY SCHISTOSOMIASIS INFECTION IN A HIGHLY ENDEMIC AREA OF COASTAL KENYA. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 70, 443-448.	1.4	95
27	Measuring the global burden of chikungunya and Zika viruses: A systematic review. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009055.	3.0	94
28	Meta-analysis of Urine Heme Dipstick Diagnosis of Schistosoma haematobium Infection, Including Low-Prevalence and Previously-Treated Populations. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2013, 7, e2431.	3.0	89
29	FACTORS AFFECTING INFECTION OR REINFECTION WITH SCHISTOSOMA HAEMATOBIUM IN COASTAL KENYA: SURVIVAL ANALYSIS DURING A NINE-YEAR, SCHOOL-BASED TREATMENT PROGRAM. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2006, 75, 83-92.	1.4	88
30	Impact and cost-effectiveness of snail control to achieve disease control targets for schistosomiasis. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, E584-E591.	7.1	86
31	Cognitive deficits and educational loss in children with schistosome infection—A systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2018, 12, e0005524.	3.0	86
32	Defining Persistent Hotspots: Areas That Fail to Decrease Meaningfully in Prevalence after Multiple Years of Mass Drug Administration with Praziquantel for Control of Schistosomiasis. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 97, 1810-1817.	1.4	85
33	Are We on Our Way to Achieving the 2020 Goals for Schistosomiasis Morbidity Control Using Current World Health Organization Guidelines?. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 66, S245-S252.	5.8	82
34	Evidence Against Rapid Emergence of Praziquantel Resistance in Schistosoma haematobium, Kenya. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2000, 6, 585-594.	4.3	82
35	Quantitative analyses and modelling to support achievement of the 2020 goals for nine neglected tropical diseases. Parasites and Vectors, 2015, 8, 630.	2.5	80
36	High Rates of O'Nyong Nyong and Chikungunya Virus Transmission in Coastal Kenya. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003436.	3.0	78

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37	Measuring morbidity in schistosomiasis mansoni: relationship between image pattern, portal vein diameter and portal branch thickness in large-scale surveys using new WHO coding guidelines for ultrasound in schistosomiasis. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2003, 8, 109-117.	2.3	76
38	Serologic Evidence of Arboviral Infections among Humans in Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 85, 158-161.	1.4	76
39	Chemotherapy-Based Control of Schistosomiasis haematobia. I. Metrifonate Versus Praziquantel in Control of Intensity and Prevalence of Infection. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1988, 39, 295-305.	1.4	76
40	LARGE-SCALE, POLYMERASE CHAIN REACTION–BASED SURVEILLANCE OF SCHISTOSOMA HAEMATOBIUM DNA IN SNAILS FROM TRANSMISSION SITES IN COASTAL KENYA: A NEW TOOL FOR STUDYING THE DYNAMICS OF SNAIL INFECTION. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 71, 765-773.	1.4	74
41	SPECTRUM OF RIFT VALLEY FEVER VIRUS TRANSMISSION IN KENYA: INSIGHTS FROM THREE DISTINCT REGIONS. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2007, 76, 795-800.	1.4	74
42	Evaluation of Loop-Mediated Isothermal Amplification Suitable for Molecular Monitoring of Schistosome-Infected Snails in Field Laboratories. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 88, 344-351.	1.4	73
43	Gender Differences in Growth of School-Aged Children with Schistosomiasis and Geohelminth Infection. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1996, 55, 150-156.	1.4	73
44	Quality of life and social support among patients receiving antiretroviral therapy in Western Uganda. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2009, 21, 271-279.	1.2	72
45	DISTRIBUTION PATTERNS AND CERCARIAL SHEDDING OF BULINUS NASUTUS AND OTHER SNAILS IN THE MSAMBWENI AREA, COAST PROVINCE, KENYA. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 70, 449-456.	1.4	72
46	Review of 2022 WHO guidelines on the control and elimination of schistosomiasis. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2022, 22, e327-e335.	9.1	72
47	Iron Deficiency Anemia at Time of Vaccination Predicts Decreased Vaccine Response and Iron Supplementation at Time of Vaccination Increases Humoral Vaccine Response: A Birth Cohort Study and a Randomized Trial Follow-Up Study in Kenyan Infants. Frontiers in Immunology, 2020, 11, 1313.	4.8	70
48	Physical condition and maintenance of mosquito bed nets in Kwale County, coastal Kenya. Malaria Journal, 2013, 12, 46.	2.3	67
49	Reduced Plasmodium vivax Erythrocyte Infection in PNG Duffy-Negative Heterozygotes. PLoS ONE, 2007, 2, e336.	2.5	65
50	lt's Time to Dispel the Myth of "Asymptomatic―Schistosomiasis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015 9, e0003504.	'3.0	65
51	A Sub-Microscopic Gametocyte Reservoir Can Sustain Malaria Transmission. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e20805.	2.5	65
52	Additional Evaluation of the Point-of-Contact Circulating Cathodic Antigen Assay for Schistosoma mansoni Infection. Frontiers in Public Health, 2015, 3, 48.	2.7	64
53	Impact of Polyparasitic Infections on Anemia and Undernutrition among Kenyan Children Living in a Schistosoma haematobium-Endemic Area. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 88, 433-440.	1.4	62
54	Decline in infection-related morbidities following drug-mediated reductions in the intensity of Schistosoma infection: A systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005372.	3.0	61

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55	Urinary Tract Morbidity in Schistosomiasis Haematobia: Associations with Age and Intensity of Infection in an Endemic Area of Coast Province, Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1988, 39, 361-368.	1.4	61
56	Rift Valley Fever Virus Infection in African Buffalo (Syncerus caffer) Herds in Rural South Africa: Evidence of Interepidemic Transmission. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 84, 641-646.	1.4	59
57	Postepidemic Analysis of Rift Valley Fever Virus Transmission in Northeastern Kenya: A Village Cohort Study. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2011, 5, e1265.	3.0	58
58	Severe Rift Valley Fever May Present with a Characteristic Clinical Syndrome. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2010, 82, 371-375.	1.4	57
59	Effect of Antenatal Parasitic Infections on Anti-vaccine IgG Levels in Children: A Prospective Birth Cohort Study in Kenya. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003466.	3.0	57
60	SPATIAL AND TEMPORAL VARIATIONS IN LOCAL TRANSMISSION OF SCHISTOSOMA HAEMATOBIUM IN MSAMBWENI, KENYA. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2006, 75, 1034-1041.	1.4	56
61	Spatial patterns of urinary schistosomiasis infection in a highly endemic area of coastal Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 70, 443-8.	1.4	56
62	Factors Associated with Severe Human Rift Valley Fever in Sangailu, Garissa County, Kenya. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003548.	3.0	55
63	Factors affecting infection or reinfection with Schistosoma haematobium in coastal Kenya: survival analysis during a nine-year, school-based treatment program. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2006, 75, 83-92.	1.4	54
64	Gaining and sustaining schistosomiasis control: study protocol and baseline data prior to different treatment strategies in five African countries. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2016, 16, 229.	2.9	52
65	Quantifying Quality of Life and Disability of Patients with Advanced Schistosomiasis Japonica. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2011, 5, e966.	3.0	51
66	Modelling control of Schistosoma haematobium infection: predictions of the long-term impact of mass drug administration in Africa. Parasites and Vectors, 2015, 8, 529.	2.5	50
67	Spectrum of Rift Valley fever virus transmission in Kenya: insights from three distinct regions. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2007, 76, 795-800.	1.4	50
68	Increased Ratio of Tumor Necrosis Factor–α to Interleukinâ€10 Production Is Associated withSchistosoma haematobium–Induced Urinaryâ€Tract Morbidity. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2004, 190, 2020-2030.	4.0	49
69	Arbovirus Prevalence in Mosquitoes, Kenya. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2011, 17, 233-241.	4.3	48
70	Measuring Fitness of Kenyan Children with Polyparasitic Infections Using the 20-Meter Shuttle Run Test as a Morbidity Metric. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2011, 5, e1213.	3.0	48
71	Persistent Hotspots in Schistosomiasis Consortium for Operational Research and Evaluation Studies for Gaining and Sustaining Control of Schistosomiasis after Four Years of Mass Drug Administration of Praziquantel. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2019, 101, 617-627.	1.4	48
72	Schistosomal hepatic fibrosis and the interferon gamma receptor: a linkage analysis using single-nucleotide polymorphic markers. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2005, 13, 660-668.	2.8	47

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73	Health metrics for helminth infections. Acta Tropica, 2015, 141, 150-160.	2.0	46
74	Large-scale, polymerase chain reaction-based surveillance of Schistosoma haematobium DNA in snails from transmission sites in coastal Kenya: a new tool for studying the dynamics of snail infection. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 71, 765-73.	1.4	46
75	Advances in Rift Valley fever research: insights for disease prevention. Current Opinion in Infectious Diseases, 2010, 23, 403-408.	3.1	45
76	Schistosomiasis in Africa: Improving strategies for long-term and sustainable morbidity control. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2018, 12, e0006484.	3.0	45
77	Dynamics and control of Schistosoma haematobium transmission in Kenya: an overview of the Msambweni project. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1996, 55, 127-134.	1.4	45
78	The design of schistosomiasis monitoring and evaluation programmes: The importance of collecting adult data to inform treatment strategies for Schistosoma mansoni. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2018, 12, e0006717.	3.0	44
79	Evaluation of the Health-related Quality of Life of Children in Schistosoma haematobium-endemic Communities in Kenya: A Cross-sectional Study. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2013, 7, e2106.	3.0	43
80	Parasitism in Children Aged Three Years and Under: Relationship between Infection and Growth in Rural Coastal Kenya. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003721.	3.0	43
81	Expanding Praziquantel (PZQ) Access beyond Mass Drug Administration Programs: Paving a Way Forward for a Pediatric PZQ Formulation for Schistosomiasis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2016, 10, e0004946.	3.0	43
82	Distribution patterns and cercarial shedding of Bulinus nasutus and other snails in the Msambweni area, Coast Province, Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 70, 449-56.	1.4	43
83	Impact of Different Mass Drug Administration Strategies for Gaining and Sustaining Control of Schistosoma mansoni and Schistosoma haematobium Infection in Africa. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2020, 103, 14-23.	1.4	42
84	HIV and schistosomiasis co-infection in African children. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2014, 14, 640-649.	9.1	40
85	Latent class analysis to evaluate performance of point-of-care CCA for low-intensity Schistosoma mansoni infections in Burundi. Parasites and Vectors, 2018, 11, 111.	2.5	40
86	Improving public health control of schistosomiasis with a modified WHO strategy: a model-based comparison study. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e1414-e1422.	6.3	40
87	Schistosomiasis-associated pulmonary arterial hypertension: a systematic review. European Respiratory Review, 2020, 29, 190089.	7.1	40
88	Adherence and Treatment Response Among HIV-1-Infected Adults Receiving Antiretroviral Therapy in a Rural Government Hospital in Southwestern Uganda. Journal of the International Association of Providers of AIDS Care, 2009, 8, 139-147.	1.2	39
89	Systematic review of community-based, school-based, and combined delivery modes for reaching school-aged children in mass drug administration programs for schistosomiasis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0006043.	3.0	39
90	LOW HERITABLE COMPONENT OF RISK FOR INFECTION INTENSITY AND INFECTION-ASSOCIATED DISEASE IN URINARY SCHISTOSOMIASIS AMONG WADIGO VILLAGE POPULATIONS IN COAST PROVINCE, KENYA. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 70, 57-62.	1.4	39

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91	Underestimation of the global burden of schistosomiasis. Lancet, The, 2018, 391, 307-308.	13.7	37
92	Spatial and temporal variations in local transmission of Schistosoma haematobium in Msambweni, Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2006, 75, 1034-41.	1.4	37
93	Lifting the Burden of Schistosomiasis—Defining Elements of Infectionâ€Associated Disease and the Benefits of Antiparasite Treatment. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2007, 196, 653-655.	4.0	36
94	Cross-sectional Study of the Burden of Vector-Borne and Soil-Transmitted Polyparasitism in Rural Communities of Coast Province, Kenya. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2014, 8, e2992.	3.0	36
95	Elimination of schistosomiasis in China: Current status and future prospects. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009578.	3.0	36
96	Chemotherapy-Based Control of Schistosomiasis Haematobia. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1990, 42, 587-595.	1.4	36
97	Health Metrics for Helminthic Infections. Advances in Parasitology, 2010, 73, 51-69.	3.2	35
98	Global burden of disease in young people aged 10–24 years. Lancet, The, 2012, 379, 27-28.	13.7	35
99	Refined stratified-worm-burden models that incorporate specific biological features of human and snail hosts provide better estimates of Schistosoma diagnosis, transmission, and control. Parasites and Vectors, 2016, 9, 428.	2.5	35
100	Partnering Parasites: Evidence of Synergism between Heavy Schistosoma haematobium and Plasmodium Species Infections in Kenyan Children. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2012, 6, e1723.	3.0	34
101	Age-targeted chemotherapy for control of urinary schistosomiais in endemic populations. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 1992, 87, 203-210.	1.6	33
102	Modeling the Effect of Chronic Schistosomiasis on Childhood Development and the Potential for Catch-Up Growth with Different Drug Treatment Strategies Promoted for Control of Endemic Schistosomiasis. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 84, 773-781.	1.4	33
103	Chemotherapy-Based Control of Schistosomiasis Haematobia IV. Impact of Repeated Annual Chemotherapy on Prevalence and Intensity of Schistosoma Haematobium infection in an Endemic Area of Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1991, 45, 498-508.	1.4	33
104	Long-term outcomes of school-based treatment for control of urinary schistosomiasis: a review of experience in Coast Province, Kenya. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2006, 101, 299-306.	1.6	32
105	Population Biology of Schistosoma Mating, Aggregation, and Transmission Breakpoints: More Reliable Model Analysis for the End-Game in Communities at Risk. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e115875.	2.5	32
106	The human-snail transmission environment shapes long term schistosomiasis control outcomes: Implications for improving the accuracy of predictive modeling. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2018, 12, e0006514.	3.0	32
107	Evaluation, Validation, and Recognition of the Point-of-Care Circulating Cathodic Antigen, Urine-Based Assay for Mapping Schistosoma mansoni Infections. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2020, 103, 42-49.	1.4	32
108	Risk factors of SARS-CoV-2 infection in healthcare workers: a retrospective study of a nosocomial outbreak. Sleep Medicine: X, 2020, 2, 100028.	1.5	31

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109	Association of Symptoms and Severity of Rift Valley Fever with Genetic Polymorphisms in Human Innate Immune Pathways. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003584.	3.0	30
110	New approaches to measuring anthelminthic drug efficacy: parasitological responses of childhood schistosome infections to treatment with praziquantel. Parasites and Vectors, 2016, 9, 41.	2.5	30
111	Contributions of the Schistosomiasis Consortium for Operational Research and Evaluation (SCORE) to Schistosomiasis Control and Elimination: Key Findings and Messages for Future Goals, Thresholds, and Operational Research. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2020, 103, 125-134.	1.4	30
112	Age-Stratified Profiles of Serum IL-6, IL-10, and TNF-α Cytokines Among Kenyan Children with Schistosoma haematobium, Plasmodium falciparum, and Other Chronic Parasitic Co-Infections. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2015, 92, 945-951.	1.4	29
113	Toward Measuring Schistosoma Response to Praziquantel Treatment with Appropriate Descriptors of Egg Excretion. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003821.	3.0	29
114	Countrywide Reassessment of Schistosoma mansoni Infection in Burundi Using a Urine-Circulating Cathodic Antigen Rapid Test: Informing the National Control Program. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 96, 16-0671.	1.4	29
115	Quantitative assessment of the impact of partially protective anti-schistosomiasis vaccines. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005544.	3.0	29
116	Monitoring Malaria Vector Control Interventions: Effectiveness of Five Different Adult Mosquito Sampling Methods. Journal of Medical Entomology, 2013, 50, 1140-1151.	1.8	28
117	Effects of Borehole Wells on Water Utilization in Schistosoma Haematobium Endemic Communities in Coast Province, Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1989, 41, 212-219.	1.4	28
118	DIFFERENTIATION OF SCHISTOSOMA HAEMATOBIUM FROM RELATED SCHISTOSOMES BY PCR AMPLIFYING AN INTER-REPEAT SEQUENCE. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2007, 76, 950-955.	1.4	28
119	Dengue and West Nile Virus Transmission in Children and Adults in Coastal Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 96, 141-143.	1.4	27
120	The influence of raw milk exposures on Rift Valley fever virus transmission. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2019, 13, e0007258.	3.0	27
121	Projecting the Long-Term Impact of School- or Community-Based Mass-Treatment Interventions for Control of Schistosoma Infection. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2012, 6, e1903.	3.0	26
122	Birthweight in Offspring of Mothers with High Prevalence of Helminth and Malaria Infection in Coastal Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 88, 48-53.	1.4	26
123	Mathematical Modeling of Malaria Infection with Innate and Adaptive Immunity in Individuals and Agent-Based Communities. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e34040.	2.5	26
124	Evidence of transovarial transmission of Chikungunya and Dengue viruses in field-caught mosquitoes in Kenya. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2020, 14, e0008362.	3.0	25
125	Paving the way for human vaccination against Rift Valley fever virus: A systematic literature review of RVFV epidemiology from 1999 to 2021. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2022, 16, e0009852.	3.0	25
126	Impact of Drought on the Spatial Pattern of Transmission of Schistosoma haematobium in Coastal Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 85, 1065-1070.	1.4	23

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127	Seasonal dynamics of snail populations in coastal Kenya: Model calibration and snail control. Advances in Water Resources, 2017, 108, 397-405.	3.8	23
128	One hundred years of neglect in paediatric schistosomiasis. Parasitology, 2017, 144, 1613-1623.	1.5	23
129	Assessing the benefits of five years of different approaches to treatment of urogenital schistosomiasis: A SCORE project in Northern Mozambique. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0006061.	3.0	23
130	Cross-sectional interview study of fertility, pregnancy, and urogenital schistosomiasis in coastal Kenya: Documented treatment in childhood is associated with reduced odds of subfertility among adult women. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0006101.	3.0	23
131	Lessons Learned in Conducting Mass Drug Administration for Schistosomiasis Control and Measuring Coverage in an Operational Research Setting. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2020, 103, 105-113.	1.4	23
132	Randomized comparison of low-dose versus standard-dose praziquantel therapy in treatment of urinary tract morbidity due to Schistosoma haema tobium infection American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2002, 66, 725-730.	1.4	23
133	SCORE Operational Research on Moving toward Interruption of Schistosomiasis Transmission. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2020, 103, 58-65.	1.4	21
134	Low heritable component of risk for infection intensity and infection-associated disease in urinary schistosomiasis among Wadigo village populations in Coast Province, Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2004, 70, 57-62.	1.4	21
135	Planning for Rift Valley fever virus: use of geographical information systems to estimate the human health threat of white-tailed deer (Odocoileus virginianus)-related transmission. Geospatial Health, 2010, 5, 33.	0.8	20
136	RNA Helicase Signaling Is Critical for Type I Interferon Production and Protection against Rift Valley Fever Virus during Mucosal Challenge. Journal of Virology, 2013, 87, 4846-4860.	3.4	20
137	Ultrasound monitoring of structural urinary tract disease in Schistosoma haematobium infection. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2002, 97, 149-152.	1.6	20
138	Acute Flavivirus and Alphavirus Infections among Children in Two Different Areas of Kenya, 2015. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2019, 100, 170-173.	1.4	20
139	LATE BENEFITS 10–18 YEARS AFTER DRUG THERAPY FOR INFECTION WITH SCHISTOSOMA HAEMATOBIUM IN KWALE DISTRICT, COAST PROVINCE, KENYA. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2005, 73, 359-364.	1.4	20
140	The evolving schistosomiasis agenda 2007-2017—Why we are moving beyond morbidity control toward elimination of transmission. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005517.	3.0	19
141	Molluscicidal effectiveness of Luo-Wei, a novel plant-derived molluscicide, against Oncomelania hupensis, Biomphalaria alexandrina and Bulinus truncatus. Infectious Diseases of Poverty, 2019, 8, 27.	3.7	19
142	PEDIATRIC WEST NILE VIRUS INFECTION: NEUROLOGIC DISEASE PRESENTATIONS DURING THE 2002 EPIDEMIC IN CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2006, 25, 751-753.	2.0	18
143	Schistosomiasis in travelers and immigrants. Current Infectious Disease Reports, 2008, 10, 42-49.	3.0	18
144	Rift Valley Fever Seroprevalence in Coastal Kenya. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 97, 115-120.	1.4	17

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145	Procalcitonin Increase Is Associated with the Development of Critical Care-Acquired Infections in COVID-19 ARDS. Antibiotics, 2021, 10, 1425.	3.7	17
146	High prevalence of ectopic kidney in Coast Province, Kenya. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2004, 9, 595-600.	2.3	16
147	Determining post-treatment surveillance criteria for predicting the elimination of Schistosoma mansoni transmission. Parasites and Vectors, 2019, 12, 437.	2.5	16
148	Economic evaluations of human schistosomiasis interventions: a systematic review and identification of associated research needs. Wellcome Open Research, 2020, 5, 45.	1.8	16
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