Tim J Croudace

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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48315 38742 8,686 130 50 citations h-index papers

g-index 131 131 131 10474 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Association Between Duration of Untreated Psychosis and Outcome in Cohorts of First-Episode Patients. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2005, 62, 975.	12.3	1,303
2	Incidence of Schizophrenia and Other Psychoses in England, 1950–2009: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analyses. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e31660.	2.5	385
3	Outcomes of conduct problems in adolescence: 40 year follow-up of national cohort. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, a2981-a2981.	2.3	277
4	The Short Mood and Feelings Questionnaire (SMFQ): A Unidimensional Item Response Theory and Categorical Data Factor Analysis of Self-Report Ratings from a Community Sample of 7-through 11-Year-Old Children. Journal of Abnormal Child Psychology, 2006, 34, 365-377.	3.5	271
5	Reappraising the long-term course and outcome of psychotic disorders: the AESOP-10 study. Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 2713-2726.	4.5	192
6	Mokken scale analysis of mental health and well-being questionnaire item responses: a non-parametric IRT method in empirical research for applied health researchers. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2012, 12, 74.	3.1	175
7	Psychometric evaluation and predictive validity of Ryff's psychological well-being items in a UK birth cohort sample of women. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2006, 4, 76.	2.4	169
8	Clinical and social determinants of duration of untreated psychosis in the ÆSOP first-episode psychosis study. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 189, 446-452.	2.8	168
9	The effects of maternal postnatal depression and child sex on academic performance at age 16 years: a developmental approach. Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines, 2010, 51, 1150-1159.	5.2	161
10	Early developmental milestones in adult schizophrenia and other psychoses. A 31-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Schizophrenia Research, 2001, 52, 1-19.	2.0	159
11	Friendships and Family Support Reduce Subsequent Depressive Symptoms in At-Risk Adolescents. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0153715.	2.5	151
12	A Longitudinal Typology of Symptoms of Depression and Anxiety Over the Life Course. Biological Psychiatry, 2007, 62, 1265-1271.	1.3	147
13	Recovering Quality of Life (ReQoL): a new generic self-reported outcome measure for use with people experiencing mental health difficulties. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 212, 42-49.	2.8	141
14	Characteristics of Outcome in Schizophrenia at 13 Years. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1995, 167, 596-603.	2.8	137
15	Mood, anxiety and psychotic phenomena measure a common psychopathological factor. Psychological Medicine, 2015, 45, 1483-1493.	4.5	128
16	Mortality in Schizophrenia and Other Psychoses: A 10-Year Follow-up of the Ó"SOP First-Episode Cohort. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2015, 41, 664-673.	4.3	128
17	Forty-Year Psychiatric Outcomes Following Assessment for Internalizing Disorder in Adolescence. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2007, 164, 126-133.	7.2	122
18	Measuring mental health and wellbeing outcomes for children and adolescents to inform practice and policy: a review of child self-report measures. Child and Adolescent Psychiatry and Mental Health, 2014, 8, 14.	2.5	111

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19	The Course of Schizophrenia Over 13 Years. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1996, 169, 580-586.	2.8	110
20	Developmental Trajectories of Sex‶yped Behavior in Boys and Girls: A Longitudinal General Population Study of Children Aged 2.5–8 Years. Child Development, 2008, 79, 1583-1593.	3.0	107
21	Cognitive behaviour therapy for improving social recovery in psychosis: a report from the ISREP MRC Trial Platform study (Improving Social Recovery in Early Psychosis). Psychological Medicine, 2009, 39, 1627.	4.5	101
22	Randomised trial of a parenting intervention during neonatal intensive care. Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition, 2007, 92, F438-F443.	2.8	97
23	Elevated morning cortisol is a stratified population-level biomarker for major depression in boys only with high depressive symptoms. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 3638-3643.	7.1	97
24	An Evaluation of the Precision of Measurement of Ryff's Psychological Well-Being Scales in a Population Sample. Social Indicators Research, 2010, 97, 357-373.	2.7	93
25	Profiles of family-focused adverse experiences through childhood and early adolescence: The ROOTS project a community investigation of adolescent mental health. BMC Psychiatry, 2011, 11, 109.	2.6	92
26	Non-linear relationship between an index of social deprivation, psychiatric admission prevalence and the incidence of psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2000, 30, 177-185.	4.5	91
27	Timing of menarche and depressive symptoms in adolescent girls from a UK cohort. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2011, 198, 17-23.	2.8	91
28	Ten-Year Outcomes of First-Episode Psychoses in the MRC $\tilde{A}\dagger$ SOP-10 Study. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 2015, 203, 379-386.	1.0	90
29	Analysis of cluster randomized cross-over trial data: a comparison of methods. Statistics in Medicine, 2007, 26, 274-289.	1.6	89
30	Aggressive incidents in first-episode psychosis. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2001, 178, 433-440.	2.8	88
31	Serotonin transporter genotype, morning cortisol and subsequent depression in adolescents. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2009, 195, 39-45.	2.8	87
32	Reduction in adolescent depression after contact with mental health services: a longitudinal cohort study in the UK. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2017, 4, 120-127.	7.4	86
33	Rumination, anxiety, depressive symptoms and subsequent depression in adolescents at risk for psychopathology: a longitudinal cohort study. BMC Psychiatry, 2013, 13, 250.	2.6	84
34	Developmental Typology of Trajectories to Nighttime Bladder Control: Epidemiologic Application of Longitudinal Latent Class Analysis. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 157, 834-842.	3.4	76
35	Diagnostic change 10 years after a first episode of psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2015, 45, 2757-2769.	4.5	74
36	Three-year outcome of first-episode psychoses in an established community psychiatric service. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2000, 176, 210-216.	2.8	73

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37	The predictive validity of a diagnosis of schizophrenia. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1997, 170, 321-327.	2.8	71
38	Impact of the ICD–10 Primary Health Care (PHC) diagnostic and management guidelines for mental disorders on detection and outcome in primary care. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2003, 182, 20-30.	2.8	71
39	Ethnicity and long-term course and outcome of psychotic disorders in a UK sample: The ÆSOP-10 study. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2017, 211, 88-94.	2.8	71
40	Childhood and adolescent predictors of schizophrenia in the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort – a descriptive life-span model. European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience, 2000, 250, 311-319.	3.2	63
41	The relationship between early personality and midlife psychological well-being: evidence from a UK birth cohort study. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2008, 43, 679-687.	3.1	62
42	Cohort Profile: Risk patterns and processes for psychopathology emerging during adolescence: the ROOTS project. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 39, 361-369.	1.9	62
43	Classifying Patients by Antipsychotic Adherence Patterns Using Latent Class Analysis: Characteristics of Nonadherent Groups in the California Medicaid (Medi-Cal) Program. Value in Health, 2008, 11, 48-56.	0.3	61
44	Polymorphisms in <i>BDNF</i> (Val66Met) and <i>5-HTTLPR</i> , morning cortisol and subsequent depression in at-risk adolescents. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2010, 197, 365-371.	2.8	60
45	Comparative Effectiveness of Cognitive Therapies Delivered Face-to-Face or over the Telephone: An Observational Study Using Propensity Methods. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e42916.	2.5	60
46	Association between pubertal development and depressive symptoms in girls from a UK cohort. Psychological Medicine, 2012, 42, 2579-2589.	4.5	57
47	Outcome of psychosis in people of African–Caribbean family origin. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1999, 175, 43-49.	2.8	56
48	The persistence of developmental markers in childhood and adolescence and risk for schizophrenic psychoses in adult life. A 34-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 birth cohort. Schizophrenia Research, 2004, 71, 213-225.	2.0	55
49	Childhood adversity subtypes and depressive symptoms in early and late adolescence. Development and Psychopathology, 2015, 27, 885-899.	2.3	54
50	Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders in Caribbean-born migrants and their descendants in England: systematic review and meta-analysis of incidence rates, 1950–2013. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2015, 50, 1039-1055.	3.1	54
51	Discharged from special hospital under restrictions: a comparison of the fates of psychopaths and the mentally ill. Criminal Behaviour and Mental Health, 1998, 8, 39-55.	0.8	53
52	Calibrating well-being, quality of life and common mental disorder items: Psychometric epidemiology in public mental health research. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 209, 162-168.	2.8	53
53	Biased Mentalizing in Children Aged Seven to 11: Latent Class Confirmation of Response Styles to Social Scenarios and Associations with Psychopathology. Social Development, 2007, 16, 181-202.	1.3	52
54	Latent mixture models for multivariate and longitudinal outcomes. Statistical Methods in Medical Research, 2010, 19, 271-289.	1.5	52

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55	Health-Related Quality of Life (HRQL) and Continuous Antipsychotic Treatment: 3-year Results from the Schizophrenia Health Outcomes (SOHO) Study. Value in Health, 2009, 12, 536-543.	0.3	51
56	Educational consequences of mental disorders treated in hospital. A 31-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Psychological Medicine, 2001, 31, 339-349.	4.5	50
57	Comparing growth trajectories of risk behaviors from late adolescence through young adulthood: An accelerated design Developmental Psychology, 2013, 49, 1732-1738.	1.6	50
58	Trajectories of Daytime Wetting and Soiling in a United Kingdom 4 to 9-Year-Old Population Birth Cohort Study. Journal of Urology, 2008, 179, 1970-1975.	0.4	49
59	General and specific components of depression and anxiety in an adolescent population. BMC Psychiatry, 2011, 11, 191.	2.6	47
60	Clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of tailored intensive liaison between primary and secondary care to identify individuals at risk of a first psychotic illness (the LEGs study): a cluster-randomised controlled trial. Lancet Psychiatry, the, 2015, 2, 984-993.	7.4	47
61	Evaluation of ethnic disparities in detection of depression and anxiety in primary care during the maternal period: Combined analysis of routine and cohort data. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 208, 453-461.	2.8	46
62	Randomized Trial of a Parenting Intervention for Very Preterm Infants: Outcome at 2 Years. Journal of Pediatrics, 2009, 155, 488-494.e1.	1.8	44
63	Measuring the benefits of treatment for psychosis: validity and responsiveness of the EQ–5D. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2009, 195, 170-177.	2.8	41
64	5-HTTLPR and Early Childhood Adversities Moderate Cognitive and Emotional Processing in Adolescence. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e48482.	2.5	39
65	Early development, stress and depression across the life course: pathways to depression in a national British birth cohort. Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 2845-2854.	4.5	38
66	On Dimensionality, Measurement Invariance, and Suitability of Sum Scores for the PHQ-9 and the GAD-7. Assessment, 2022, 29, 355-366.	3.1	38
67	Birth order and risk for schizophrenia: a 31-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2001, 104, 148-152.	4.5	35
68	Cohort profile: mental health following extreme trauma in a northern Ugandan cohort of W ar-A ffected Y outh S tudy (The WAYS Study). SpringerPlus, 2013, 2, 300.	1.2	35
69	Psychological Distress during Pregnancy in a Multi-Ethnic Community: Findings from the Born in Bradford Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e60693.	2.5	34
70	Is the incidence of psychotic disorder in decline? Epidemiological evidence from two decades of research. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 38, 1255-1264.	1.9	33
71	Childhood cognitive function and adult psychopathology: associations with psychotic and non-psychotic symptoms in the general population. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2012, 201, 124-130.	2.8	33
72	Cortisol levels in response to starting school in children at increased risk for social phobia. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2012, 37, 462-474.	2.7	33

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73	A comparison of approaches for assessing covariate effects in latent class analysis. Longitudinal and Life Course Studies, 2015, 6, .	0.6	33
74	Public mental health: evidenced-based priorities. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 1472-1475.	13.7	31
75	Measuring patients' views: a bifactor model of distinct patient-reported outcomes in psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2011, 41, 277-289.	4.5	29
76	Reliability Generalization for Childhood Autism Rating Scale. Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders, 2013, 43, 2855-2865.	2.7	29
77	Cognitive behaviour therapy for improving social recovery in psychosis: Cost-effectiveness analysis. Schizophrenia Research, 2009, 112, 158-163.	2.0	28
78	Postwar environment and long-term mental health problems in former child soldiers in Northern Uganda: the WAYS study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 425-430.	3.7	28
79	Factors associated with antidepressant, anxiolytic and hypnotic use over 17Âyears in a national cohort. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2008, 110, 234-240.	4.1	27
80	Protocol for the Mindful Student Study: a randomised controlled trial of the provision of a mindfulness intervention to support university students' well-being and resilience to stress. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e012300.	1.9	27
81	Prevalence of and recovery from common mental disorder including psychotic experiences in the UK Primary Care Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) Programme. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 272, 84-90.	4.1	27
82	Factors of psychological distress: clinical value, measurement substance, and methodological artefacts. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2015, 50, 515-524.	3.1	26
83	Outcomes following first-episode psychosis – Why we should intervene early in all ages, not only in youth. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 50, 1055-1063.	2.3	25
84	Lifetime affect and midlife cognitive function: prospective birth cohort study. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2014, 204, 194-199.	2.8	24
85	A modelling strategy for the analysis of clinical trials with partly missing longitudinal data. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2003, 12, 139-150.	2.1	23
86	The validity of subjective quality of life measures in psychotic patients with severe psychopathology and cognitive deficits: an item response model analysis. Quality of Life Research, 2012, 21, 237-246.	3.1	23
87	Ten-year outcomes in first episode psychotic major depression patients compared with schizophrenia and bipolar patients. Schizophrenia Research, 2016, 176, 417-422.	2.0	23
88	Deciding who gets treatment for depression and anxiety: a study of consecutive GP attenders. British Journal of General Practice, 2005, 55, 846-53.	1.4	23
89	Neurological Signs at the First Psychotic Episode as Correlates of Long-Term Outcome: Results From the AESOP-10 Study. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2021, 47, 118-127.	4.3	20
90	Three decades of antidepressant, anxiolytic and hypnotic use in a national population birth cohort. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 189, 156-160.	2.8	19

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91	Metaâ€analytic approaches to determine gender differences in the ageâ€incidence characteristics of schizophrenia and related psychoses. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2013, 22, 36-45.	2.1	19
92	The influence of different types of war experiences on depression and anxiety in a Ugandan cohort of war-affected youth: the WAYS study. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2014, 49, 1783-1792.	3.1	19
93	Biological and psychosocial risk factors for psychotic major depression. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2016, 51, 233-245.	3.1	19
94	Improvements in social functioning reported by a birth cohort in mid-adult life: A person-centred analysis of GHQ-28 social dysfunction items using latent class analysis. Personality and Individual Differences, 2007, 42, 305-316.	2.9	18
95	Adolescent self-organization predicts midlife memory in a prospective birth cohort study Psychology and Aging, 2013, 28, 958-968.	1.6	18
96	An evaluation of computerized adaptive testing for general psychological distress: combining GHQ-12 and Affectometer-2 in an item bank for public mental health research. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2016, 16, 58.	3.1	17
97	Improvement and decline of cognitive function in schizophrenia over one year: a longitudinal investigation using latent growth modelling. BMC Psychiatry, 2007, 7, 16.	2.6	16
98	Who Do You Think Is in Control in Addiction? A Pilot Study on Drug-related Locus of Control Beliefs. Addictive Disorders and Their Treatment, 2012, 11, 195-205.	0.5	16
99	The catechol-O-methyltransferase gene (COMT) and cognitive function from childhood through adolescence. Biological Psychology, 2013, 92, 359-364.	2.2	16
100	Heterogeneity in Patient-Reported Outcomes following Low-Intensity Mental Health Interventions: A Multilevel Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e99658.	2.5	16
101	Symptom remission at 12-weeks strongly predicts long-term recovery from the first episode of psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2020, 50, 1452-1462.	4.5	16
102	A randomised controlled trial assessing the severity and duration of depressive symptoms associated with a clinically significant response to sertraline versus placebo, in people presenting to primary care with depression (PANDA trial): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2017, 18, 496.	1.6	15
103	Juvenile and early adulthood smoking and adult educational achievements â€" A 31-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2001, 29, 87-95.	2.3	14
104	A longitudinal investigation of the impact of typology of urinary incontinence on quality of life during midlife: Results from a British prospective study. Maturitas, 2009, 64, 246-248.	2.4	14
105	Factors influencing the costs of epilepsy in adults with an intellectual disability. Seizure: the Journal of the British Epilepsy Association, 2012, 21, 205-210.	2.0	14
106	Validity of single item responses to short message service texts to monitor depression: an mHealth sub-study of the UK ACUDep trial. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2015, 15, 56.	3.1	14
107	Maternal psychological distress in primary care and association with child behavioural outcomes at age three. European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 2016, 25, 601-613.	4.7	13
108	Clinical services for adults with an intellectual disability and epilepsy: A comparison of management alternatives. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0180266.	2.5	13

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109	Multilevel ordinal factor analysis of the Positive and Negative Syndrome Scale (PANSS). International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2014, 23, 25-35.	2.1	12
110	Monoamine Oxidase A (MAOA) Gene and Personality Traits from Late Adolescence through Early Adulthood: A Latent Variable Investigation. Frontiers in Psychology, 2017, 8, 1736.	2.1	12
111	Depressive symptoms during adolescence: comparison between epidemiological and high risk sampling. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2012, 47, 1333-1341.	3.1	11
112	Exploring the item sets of the Recovering Quality of Life (ReQoL) measures using factor analysis. Quality of Life Research, 2019, 28, 1005-1015.	3.1	11
113	Psychiatric outcomes 10 years after treatment with antidepressants or anxiolytics. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2008, 193, 327-331.	2.8	10
114	Comparison of high and low intensity contact between secondary and primary care to detect people at ultra-high risk for psychosis: study protocol for a theory-based, cluster randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2013, 14, 222.	1.6	10
115	Predictors of human rotation. Laterality, 2013, 18, 265-281.	1.0	10
116	Adolescent Self-control Predicts Midlife Hallucinatory Experiences: 40-Year Follow-up of a National Birth Cohort. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2014, 40, 1543-1551.	4.3	10
117	Item bank measurement of depression: will one dimension work?. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2014, 67, 4-6.	5.0	9
118	Diagnostic stability and outcome after first episode psychosis. Journal of Mental Health, 2021, 30, 104-112.	1.9	9
119	Computerized adaptive testing of population psychological distress: simulation-based evaluation of GHQ-30. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2016, 51, 895-906.	3.1	8
120	Use of the theory of planned behaviour to assess factors influencing the identification of individuals at ultraâ€high risk for psychosis in primary care. Microbial Biotechnology, 2012, 6, 265-275.	1.7	7
121	The validity of patient- and clinician-rated measures of needs and the therapeutic relationship in psychosis: A pooled analysis. Psychiatry Research, 2013, 209, 711-720.	3.3	7
122	Factor analysis of treatment outcomes from a UK specialist addiction service: Relationship between the L eeds D ependence Q uestionnaire, S ocial S atisfaction Q uestionnaire and 10―i tem C linical O utcomes in R outine E v. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2014, 33, 643-650.	2.1	7
123	Changes of hand preference in Parkinson's disease. Journal of Neural Transmission, 2012, 119, 693-696.	2.8	6
124	Effects of ignoring clustered data structure in confirmatory factor analysis of ordered polytomous items: a simulation study based on PANSS. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2016, 25, 205-219.	2.1	6
125	An item response theory analysis of an item pool for the recovering quality of life (ReQoL) measure. Quality of Life Research, 2021, 30, 267-276.	3.1	6
126	A Life Course Approach to Well-Being. , 2007, , 187-205.		6

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127	Antidepressant treatment with sertraline for adults with depressive symptoms in primary care: the PANDA research programme including RCT. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2019, 7, 1-108.	1.0	6
128	Determinants of patient-reported outcome trajectories and symptomatic recovery in Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) services. Psychological Medicine, 2022, 52, 3231-3240.	4.5	4
129	BILOG-MG, MULTILOG, PARSCALE and TESTFACT4 programs on CD with single volume manual combining reference guide and users guide (program examples: Input and output). British Journal of Mathematical and Statistical Psychology, 2005, 58, 193-195.	1.4	3
130	Understanding causes of and developing effective interventions for schizophrenia and other psychoses. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2016, 4, 1-184.	1.0	3