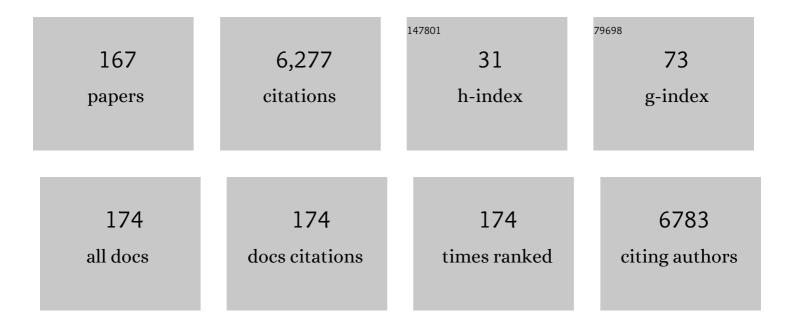
Peter Waiswa

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1543490/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



DETED WALSWA

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Every Newborn: progress, priorities, and potential beyond survival. Lancet, The, 2014, 384, 189-205.	13.7	1,319
2	Stillbirths: rates, risk factors, and acceleration towards 2030. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 587-603.	13.7	1,220
3	Using the three delays model to understand why newborn babies die in eastern Uganda. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2010, 15, 964-972.	2.3	209
4	Delayed care seeking for fatal pneumonia in children aged under five years in Uganda: a cse-series study. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2008, 86, 332-338.	3.3	190
5	Newborn survival in Uganda: a decade of change and future implications. Health Policy and Planning, 2012, 27, iii104-iii117.	2.7	131
6	Count every newborn; a measurement improvement roadmap for coverage data. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2015, 15, S8.	2.4	126
7	Perinatal mortality audit: Counting, accountability, and overcoming challenges in scaling up in low- and middle-income countries. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2009, 107, S113-S122.	2.3	115
8	Acceptability of evidence-based neonatal care practices in rural Uganda $\hat{a} \in$ implications for programming. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2008, 8, 21.	2.4	113
9	Poor newborn care practices - a population based survey in eastern Uganda. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2010, 10, 9.	2.4	107
10	Increasing access to institutional deliveries using demand and supply side incentives: early results from a quasi-experimental study. BMC International Health and Human Rights, 2011, 11, S11.	2.5	87
11	Effect of the Uganda Newborn Study on care-seeking and care practices: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 24584.	1.9	74
12	Protecting hard-won gains for mothers and newborns in low-income and middle-income countries in the face of COVID-19: call for a service safety net. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e002754.	4.7	66
13	The neonatal mortality and its determinants in rural communities of Eastern Uganda. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 13.	3.1	57
14	Assessment of quality of primary care with facility surveys: a descriptive analysis in ten low-income and middle-income countries. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e1176-e1185.	6.3	57
15	Weeping in silence: community experiences of stillbirths in rural eastern Uganda. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 24011.	1.9	56
16	Enabling Dynamic Partnerships through Joint Degrees between Low- and High-Income Countries for Capacity Development in Global Health Research: Experience from the Karolinska Institutet/Makerere University Partnership. PLoS Medicine, 2015, 12, e1001784.	8.4	56
17	Two decades of antenatal and delivery care in Uganda: a cross-sectional study using Demographic and Health Surveys. BMC Health Services Research, 2018, 18, 758.	2.2	56
18	Effect of a quality improvement package for intrapartum and immediate newborn care on fresh stillbirth and neonatal mortality among preterm and low-birthweight babies in Kenya and Uganda: a cluster-randomised facility-based trial. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e1061-e1070.	6.3	55

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Social autopsy: INDEPTH Network experiences of utility, process, practices, and challenges in investigating causes and contributors to mortality. Population Health Metrics, 2011, 9, 44.	2.7	53
20	Health system context and implementation of evidence-based practices—development and validation of the Context Assessment for Community Health (COACH) tool for low- and middle-income settings. Implementation Science, 2015, 10, 120.	6.9	51
21	â€ĩI never thought that this baby would survive; I thought that it would die any time': perceptions and care for preterm babies in eastern Uganda. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2010, 15, 1140-1147.	2.3	50
22	Strengthening health facilities for maternal and newborn care: experiences from rural eastern Uganda. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 24271.	1.9	49
23	Engaging community health workers in maternal and newborn care in eastern Uganda. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 23968.	1.9	48
24	Counting stillbirths and COVID 19—there has never been a more urgent time. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e10-e11.	6.3	44
25	Bottlenecks in the implementation of essential screening tests in antenatal care: Syphilis, HIV, and anemia testing in rural Tanzania and Uganda. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2015, 130, S43-50.	2.3	43
26	The Uganda Newborn Study (UNEST): an effectiveness study on improving newborn health and survival in rural Uganda through a community-based intervention linked to health facilities - study protocol for a cluster randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2012, 13, 213.	1.6	41
27	Knowledge translation in Uganda: a qualitative study of Ugandan midwives' and managers' perceived relevance of the sub-elements of the context cornerstone in the PARIHS framework. Implementation Science, 2012, 7, 117.	6.9	40
28	Quality of Antenatal care services in eastern Uganda: implications for interventions. Pan African Medical Journal, 2012, 13, 27.	0.8	40
29	Missed Opportunities: Barriers to HIV Testing during Pregnancy from a Population Based Cohort Study in Rural Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e37590.	2.5	39
30	Pathways to increased coverage: an analysis of time trends in contraceptive need and use among adolescents and young women in Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, and Uganda. Reproductive Health, 2017, 14, 130.	3.1	38
31	Randomised comparison of two household survey modules for measuring stillbirths and neonatal deaths in five countries: the Every Newborn-INDEPTH study. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e555-e566.	6.3	37
32	Health service utilisation during the COVID-19 pandemic in sub-Saharan Africa in 2020: a multicountry empirical assessment with a focus on maternal, newborn and child health services. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 7, e008069.	4.7	37
33	Facility readiness in low and middle-income countries to address care of high risk/ small and sick newborns. Maternal Health, Neonatology and Perinatology, 2019, 5, 10.	2.2	34
34	Working with community health workers to improve maternal and newborn health outcomes: implementation and scale-up lessons from eastern Uganda. Global Health Action, 2017, 10, 1345495.	1.9	33
35	Childbirth experiences and their derived meaning: a qualitative study among postnatal mothers in Mbale regional referral hospital, Uganda. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 183.	3.1	33
36	Effect of a participatory multisectoral maternal and newborn intervention on maternal health service utilization and newborn care practices: a quasi-experimental study in three rural Ugandan districts. Global Health Action, 2017, 10, 1363506.	1.9	32

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	"Every Newborn-INDEPTH―(EN-INDEPTH) study protocol for a randomised comparison of household survey modules for measuring stillbirths and neonatal deaths in five Health and Demographic Surveillance sites. Journal of Global Health, 2019, 9, 010901.	2.7	31
38	Improving child survival through a district management strengthening and community empowerment intervention: early implementation experiences from Uganda. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 797.	2.9	29
39	The performance of community health workers in the management of multiple childhood infectious diseases in Lira, northern Uganda – a mixed methods cross-sectional study. Global Health Action, 2016, 9, 33194.	1.9	29
40	Trends and risk factors of stillbirths and neonatal deaths in Eastern Uganda (1982–2011): a crossâ€sectional, populationâ€based study. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2017, 22, 63-73.	2.3	29
41	Development and validation of a simplified score to predict neonatal mortality risk among neonates weighing 2000 g or less (NMR-2000): an analysis using data from the UK and The Gambia. The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health, 2020, 4, 299-311.	5.6	29
42	Evaluating Global Health Partnerships: A Case Study of a Gavi HPV Vaccine Application Process in Uganda. International Journal of Health Policy and Management, 2017, 6, 327-338.	0.9	29
43	Improving newborn care practices through home visits: lessons from Malawi, Nepal, Bangladesh, and Uganda. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 23963.	1.9	27
44	Community and District Empowerment for Scale-up (CODES): a complex district-level management intervention to improve child survival in Uganda: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2016, 17, 135.	1.6	27
45	Bottleneck analysis at district level to illustrate gaps within the district health system in Uganda. Global Health Action, 2017, 10, 1327256.	1.9	27
46	Maternal and perinatal death surveillance and response in low- and middle-income countries: a scoping review of implementation factors. Health Policy and Planning, 2021, 36, 955-973.	2.7	27
47	Community health workers – a resource for identification and referral of sick newborns in rural Uganda. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2013, 18, 898-906.	2.3	26
48	Improving health and social systems for all children in LMICs: structural innovations to deliver high-quality services. Lancet, The, 2022, 399, 1830-1844.	13.7	26
49	Strategies for helping families prepare for birth: experiences from eastern central Uganda. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 23969.	1.9	25
50	Differences in essential newborn care at birth between private and public health facilities in eastern Uganda. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 24251.	1.9	25
51	Unlocking community capabilities for improving maternal and newborn health: participatory action research to improve birth preparedness, health facility access, and newborn care in rural Uganda. BMC Health Services Research, 2016, 16, 638.	2.2	25
52	Barriers and enablers to reporting pregnancy and adverse pregnancy outcomes in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 15.	2.7	25
53	Increased use of social autopsy is needed to improve maternal, neonatal and child health programmes in low-income countries. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2012, 90, 403-403A.	3.3	24
54	Introduction of Newborn Care within Integrated Community Case Management in Uganda. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2012, 87, 46-53.	1.4	23

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	The conduct of maternal and perinatal death reviews in Oyam District, Uganda: a descriptive cross-sectional study. BMC Women's Health, 2016, 16, 38.	2.0	22
56	Factors associated with adoption of beneficial newborn care practices in rural Eastern Uganda: a cross-sectional study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2016, 16, 83.	2.4	22
57	Knowledge and care seeking practices for ear infections among parents of under five children in Kigali, Rwanda: a cross-sectional study. BMC Ear, Nose and Throat Disorders, 2017, 17, 7.	2.6	22
58	Strengthening intrapartum and immediate newborn care to reduce morbidity and mortality of preterm infants born in health facilities in Migori County, Kenya and Busoga Region, Uganda: a study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2018, 19, 313.	1.6	22
59	Birthweight data completeness and quality in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 17.	2.7	22
60	Newborn Care Practices among Adolescent Mothers in Hoima District, Western Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0166405.	2.5	22
61	Enablers and barriers to evidence based planning in the district health system in Uganda; perceptions of district health managers. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, 103.	2.2	21
62	Community-made mobile videos as a mechanism for maternal, newborn and child health education in rural Uganda; a qualitative evaluation. African Health Sciences, 2017, 16, 923.	0.7	21
63	High Compliance with Newborn Community-to-Facility Referral in Eastern Uganda:.An Opportunity to Improve Newborn Survival. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e81610.	2.5	20
64	The use of continuous surveys to generate and continuously report high quality timely maternal and newborn health data at the district level in Tanzania and Uganda. Implementation Science, 2014, 9, 112.	6.9	20
65	How people-centred health systems can reach the grassroots: experiences implementing community-level quality improvement in rural Tanzania and Uganda. Health Policy and Planning, 2018, 33, e1-e13.	2.7	20
66	Determinants of facility based–deliveries among urban slum dwellers of Kampala, Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0214995.	2.5	20
67	Maternal and neonatal implementation for equitable systems. A study design paper. Global Health Action, 2017, 10, 1346925.	1.9	18
68	Persisting demand and supply gap for maternal and newborn care in eastern Uganda: a mixed-method cross-sectional study. Reproductive Health, 2017, 14, 136.	3.1	17
69	Effect of a participatory multisectoral maternal and newborn intervention on birth preparedness and knowledge of maternal and newborn danger signs among women in Eastern Uganda: a quasi-experiment study. Global Health Action, 2017, 10, 1362826.	1.9	17
70	Prevalence and associated factors of neurodevelopmental disability among infants in eastern Uganda: a population based study. BMC Pediatrics, 2019, 19, 379.	1.7	17
71	Operationalising kangaroo Mother care before stabilisation amongst low birth Weight Neonates in Africa (OMWaNA): protocol for a randomised controlled trial to examine mortality impact in Uganda. Trials, 2020, 21, 126.	1.6	17
72	Impact of the early COVID-19 pandemic on outcomes in a rural Ugandan neonatal unit: A retrospective cohort study. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0260006.	2.5	17

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Overview, methods and results of multi-country community-based maternal and newborn care economic analysis. Health Policy and Planning, 2017, 32, i6-i20.	2.7	16
74	A structural equation analysis on the relationship between maternal health services utilization and newborn health outcomes: a cross-sectional study in Eastern Uganda. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 98.	2.4	15
75	Community-based approaches for neonatal survival: meta-analyses of randomized trial data. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2017, 95, 453-464C.	3.3	15
76	National policies and care provision in pregnancy and childbirth for twins in Eastern and Southern Africa: A mixed-methods multi-country study. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002749.	8.4	15
77	â€~As soon as the umbilical cord gets off, the child ceases to be called a newborn': sociocultural beliefs and newborn referral in rural Uganda. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 24386.	1.9	15
78	Observation study showed that the continuity of skinâ€ŧoâ€skin contact with lowâ€birthweight infants in Uganda was suboptimal. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2018, 107, 1541-1547.	1.5	14
79	Clinical cascades as a novel way to assess physical readiness of facilities for the care of small and sick neonates in Kenya and Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0207156.	2.5	14
80	Action leveraging evidence to reduce perinatal mortality and morbidity (ALERT): study protocol for a stepped-wedge cluster-randomised trial in Benin, Malawi, Tanzania and Uganda. BMC Health Services Research, 2021, 21, 1324.	2.2	14
81	Designing for action: adapting and implementing a community-based newborn care package to affect national change in Uganda. Clobal Health Action, 2015, 8, 24250.	1.9	13
82	Comparing performance of methods used to identify pregnant women, pregnancy outcomes, and child mortality in the Iganga-Mayuge Health and Demographic Surveillance Site, Uganda. Global Health Action, 2017, 10, 1356641.	1.9	13
83	Prevalence of Middle Ear Infections and Associated Risk Factors in Children under 5 Years in Gasabo District of Kigali City, Rwanda. International Journal of Pediatrics (United Kingdom), 2017, 2017, 1-8.	0.8	13
84	Status of birth and pregnancy outcome capture in Health Demographic Surveillance Sites in 13 countries. International Journal of Public Health, 2019, 64, 909-920.	2.3	13
85	Stillbirth outcome capture and classification in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 13.	2.7	13
86	Kangaroo mother care for clinically unstable neonates weighing â‰ 2 000 g: Is it feasible at a hospital in Uganda?. Journal of Global Health, 2018, 8, 010701.	2.7	13
87	Institutionalization of Projects Into Districts in Low- and Middle-Income Countries Needs Stewardship, Autonomy, and Resources. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2020, 8, 144-146.	1.7	12
88	Gestational age data completeness, quality and validity in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 16.	2.7	12
89	Birth, stillbirth and death registration data completeness, quality and utility in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 14.	2.7	12
90	Health system redesign for equity in maternal and newborn health must be codesigned, country led, adapted to context and fit for purpose. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e003748.	4.7	12

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	A tale of 22 cities: utilisation patterns and content of maternal care in large African cities. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 7, e007803.	4.7	12
92	Adherence to standards of quality HIV/AIDS care and antiretroviral therapy in the West Nile Region of Uganda. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 521.	2.2	11
93	Measurement and accountability for maternal, newborn and child health: fit for 2030?. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e002697.	4.7	11
94	Four decades of measuring stillbirths and neonatal deaths in Demographic and Health Surveys: historical review. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 8.	2.7	11
95	A Novel Mobile Health Tool for Home-Based Identification of Neonatal Illness in Uganda: Formative Usability Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2019, 7, e14540.	3.7	11
96	Experience of perceived barriers and enablers of safe uninterrupted skin-to-skin contact during the first hour after birth in Uganda. Midwifery, 2018, 67, 95-102.	2.3	10
97	Decision-making in district health planning in Uganda: does use of district-specific evidence matter?. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2019, 17, 57.	2.8	10
98	Neurodevelopmental outcomes of preterm babies during infancy in Eastern Uganda: a prospective cohort study. Global Health Action, 2020, 13, 1820714.	1.9	10
99	Determinants of uptake of malaria preventive interventions among pregnant women in eastern Uganda. Malaria Journal, 2021, 20, 5.	2.3	10
100	From MDGs to SDGs: Implications for Maternal Newborn Health in Africa. African Journal of Reproductive Health, 2016, 20, 26-28.	1.1	10
101	Feasibility of a Mobile Health Tool for Mothers to Identify Neonatal Illness in Rural Uganda: Acceptability Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2020, 8, e16426.	3.7	10
102	A low-cost intervention to promote immediate skin-to-skin contact and improve temperature regulation in Northern Uganda. African Journal of Midwifery and Women's Health, 2019, 13, 1-12.	0.2	9
103	Panacea or pitfall? The introduction of community health extension workers in Uganda. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e002445.	4.7	9
104	Neonatal and child mortality data in retrospective population-based surveys compared with prospective demographic surveillance: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 7.	2.7	9
105	Midwife-performed checklist and ultrasound to identify obstetric conditions at labour triage in Uganda: A quasi-experimental study. Midwifery, 2021, 96, 102949.	2.3	9
106	Caring for children with neurodevelopmental disability: Experiences from caretakers and health workers in rural eastern Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0236488.	2.5	8
107	Implementing an intrapartum package of interventions to improve quality of care to reduce the burden of preterm birth in Kenya and Uganda. Implementation Science Communications, 2021, 2, 10.	2.2	8
108	Institutionalizing a Regional Model for Improving Quality of Newborn Care at Birth Across Hospitals in Eastern Uganda: A 4-Year Story. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2021, 9, 365-378.	1.7	8

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	Can routine health facility data be used to monitor subnational coverage of maternal, newborn and child health services in Uganda?. BMC Health Services Research, 2021, 21, 512.	2.2	8
110	Household Survey Measurement of Newborn Postnatal Care: Coverage, Quality Gaps, and Internal Inconsistencies in Responses. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2021, 9, 737-751.	1.7	8
111	What is the role of community capabilities for maternal health? An exploration of community capabilities as determinants to institutional deliveries in Bangladesh, India, and Uganda. BMC Health Services Research, 2016, 16, 621.	2.2	7
112	Illness recognition and care-seeking for maternal and newborn complications in rural eastern Uganda. Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition, 2017, 36, 47.	2.0	7
113	Uganda Newborn Study (UNEST) trial: Community-based maternal and newborn care economic analysis. Health Policy and Planning, 2017, 32, i42-i52.	2.7	7
114	Using research priority-setting to guide bridging the implementation gap in countries – a case study of the Uganda newborn research priorities in the SDG era. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2019, 17, 54.	2.8	7
115	Protecting newborn infants during the COVIDâ€19 pandemic should be based on evidence and equity. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2020, 109, 2448-2450.	1.5	7
116	Working with what you have: How the East Africa Preterm Birth Initiative used gestational age data from facility maternity registers. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0237656.	2.5	7
117	Pregnancy outcomes in facility deliveries in Kenya and Uganda: A large cross-sectional analysis of maternity registers illuminating opportunities for mortality prevention. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0233845.	2.5	7
118	Uganda's increasing dependence on development partner's support for immunization – a five year resource tracking study (2012 – 2016). BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 160.	2.9	7
119	Stillbirth maternity care measurement and associated factors in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 11.	2.7	7
120	Antenatal corticosteroids for preterm births in resource-limited settings. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 1944-1945.	13.7	6
121	Applying the model of diffusion of innovations to understand facilitators for the implementation of maternal and neonatal health programmes in rural Uganda. Globalization and Health, 2019, 15, 38.	4.9	6
122	Implementation of maternal and perinatal death reviews: a scoping review protocol. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e031328.	1.9	6
123	SMART Vaccines 2.0 decision-support platform: a tool to facilitate and promote priority setting for sustainable vaccination in resource-limited settings. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e003587.	4.7	6
124	Child health and the implementation of Community and District-management Empowerment for Scale-up (CODES) in Uganda: a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e006084.	4.7	6
125	Termination of pregnancy data completeness and feasibility in population-based surveys: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 12.	2.7	5
126	Mixed-method study to assess the feasibility, acceptability and early effectiveness of the Hospital to Home programme for follow-up of high-risk newborns in a rural district of Central Uganda: a study protocol. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e043773.	1.9	5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	Effect of a labor triage checklist and ultrasound on obstetric referral at three primary health centers in Eastern Uganda. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 153, 130-137.	2.3	4
128	"Even when people live just across the road…they won't go― Community health worker perspectives on incentivized delays to under-five care-seeking in urban slums of Kampala, Uganda. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0244891.	2.5	4
129	Examining the recent trends in adolescent sexual and reproductive health in five countries of sub‧aharan Africa based on PMA and DHS household surveys. Reproductive Health, 2021, 18, 121.	3.1	4
130	Implementing the WHO Safe Childbirth Checklist modified for preterm birth: lessons learned and experiences from Kenya and Uganda. BMC Health Services Research, 2022, 22, 294.	2.2	4
131	Home visits: a strategy to improve newborn survival. Lancet, The, 2013, 382, 1626.	13.7	3
132	Productive global health research from Africa: it takes more. International Journal of Public Health, 2015, 60, 755-756.	2.3	3
133	Electronic data collection in a multi-site population-based survey: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 9.	2.7	3
134	Rapid policy development for essential RMNCAH services in sub-Saharan Africa: what happened during the COVID-19 pandemic and what needs to happen going forward?. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e006938.	4.7	3
135	Impact of Solar Light and Electricity on the Quality and Timeliness of Maternity Care: A Stepped-Wedge Cluster-Randomized Trial in Uganda. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2021, 9, 777-792.	1.7	3
136	Social accountability and health systems' change, beyond the shock of Covid-19: drawing on histories of technical and activist approaches to rethink a shared code of practice. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2024, 21, 41.	3.5	3
137	Health facility readiness to care for high risk newborn babies for early childhood development in eastern Uganda. BMC Health Services Research, 2022, 22, 306.	2.2	3
138	A case-control study of factors associated with caesarean sections at health facilities in Kabarole District, Western Uganda, 2016. Pan African Medical Journal, 2018, 29, 179.	0.8	2
139	Operationalising the Global Financing Facility (GFF) model: the devil is in the detail. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001369.	4.7	2
140	Under 10 mortality patterns, risk factors, and mechanisms in low resource settings of Eastern Uganda: An analysis of event history demographic and verbal social autopsy data. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0234573.	2.5	2
141	Knowledge and Information Exposure About Family Planning Among Women of Reproductive Age in Informal Settlements of Kira Municipality, Wakiso District, Uganda. Frontiers in Global Women S Health, 2021, 2, 650538.	2.3	2
142	Ultrasound at labour triage in eastern Uganda: A mixed methods study of patient perceptions of care and providers' implementation experience. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0259770.	2.5	2
143	Knowledge and use of lactational amenorrhoea as a family planning method among adolescent mothers in Uganda: a secondary analysis of Demographic and Health Surveys between 2006 and 2016. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e054609.	1.9	2
144	Infant behaviour and maternal adaptation after uninterrupted skin-to-skin contact for 1 hour following birth in northern Uganda. African Journal of Midwifery and Women's Health, 2020, 14, 1-15.	0.2	1

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Sexual and reproductive health for young people in Africa: a strong government-led multisectoral approach is urgently needed. International Journal of Public Health, 2020, 65, 377-378.	2.3	1
146	Count Every Newborn: EN-INDEPTH study to improve pregnancy outcome measurement in population-based surveys. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 5.	2.7	1
147	Paradata analyses to inform population-based survey capture of pregnancy outcomes: EN-INDEPTH study. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 10.	2.7	1
148	Protocol for a scoping review of neonatal emollient therapy and massage practices throughout sub-Saharan Africa. Gates Open Research, 2021, 5, 142.	1.1	1
149	In-country data will illuminate under-5 mortality disparities. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 821-822.	13.7	1
150	Survival time and its predictors among preterms in the neonatal period post-discharge in Busoga region-Uganda June – July 2017. Journal of Interventional Epidemiology and Public Health, 2018, 2, .	0.3	1
151	Malaria reduction drives childhood stunting decline in Uganda: a mixed-methods country case study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 115, 1559-1568.	4.7	1
152	Adverse pregnancy outcome disclosure and women's social networks: a qualitative multi-country study with implications for improved reporting in surveys. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2022, 22, 292.	2.4	1
153	Respectful language in intrapartum and newborn care – Authors' reply. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e18.	6.3	0
154	Readiness for implementation of preconception care in Uganda; a review on the current policy, health system barriers, opportunities and way forward. International Journal of Pregnancy & Child Birth, 2021, 7, 68-72.	0.1	0
155	The 13 UN Life-saving Commodities for Maternal, Newborn and Child Health: Knowledge, Attitudes and Practices in Uganda. Journal of Advances in Medicine and Medical Research, 2017, 23, 1-18.	0.1	0
156	Postneonatal under-5 mortality in peri-urban and rural Eastern Uganda, 2005-2015. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, .	4.7	0
157	Using clinical cascades to measure health facilities' obstetric emergency readiness: testing the cascade model using cross-sectional facility data in East Africa. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e057954.	1.9	0
158	Impact of reliable light and electricity on job satisfaction among maternity health workers in Uganda: A cluster randomized trial. Human Resources for Health, 2022, 20, 30.	3.1	0
159	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0234573.		0
160	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0234573.		0
161	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0234573.		0
162	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0234573.		0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237656.		0
164	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237656.		0
165	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237656.		0
166	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237656.		0
167	Stillbirth, neonatal and maternal mortality among caesarean births in Kenya and Uganda: a register-based prospective cohort study. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e055904.	1.9	Ο