

# Eva G Rakasz

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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102  
papers

6,084  
citations

101543

36  
h-index

76900

74  
g-index

112  
all docs

112  
docs citations

112  
times ranked

6079  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	HIV-1 neutralizing antibodies induced by native-like envelope trimers. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 349, aac4223.	12.6	482
2	Broadly Neutralizing Human Anti-HIV Antibody 2G12 Is Effective in Protection against Mucosal SHIV Challenge Even at Low Serum Neutralizing Titers. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2009, 5, e1000433.	4.7	475
3	Highly potent HIV-specific antibody neutralization in vitro translates into effective protection against mucosal SHIV challenge in vivo. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 18921-18925.	7.1	441
4	A rhesus macaque model of Asian-lineage Zika virus infection. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 12204.	12.8	353
5	Broadly Neutralizing Monoclonal Antibodies 2F5 and 4E10 Directed against the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 gp41 Membrane-Proximal External Region Protect against Mucosal Challenge by Simian-Human Immunodeficiency Virus SHIV <sub>Ba-L</sub> . <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 1302-1313.	3.4	296
6	Gag-Specific CD8+ T Lymphocytes Recognize Infected Cells before AIDS-Virus Integration and Viral Protein Expression. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2007, 178, 2746-2754.	0.8	247
7	Vaccine-Induced Cellular Immune Responses Reduce Plasma Viral Concentrations after Repeated Low-Dose Challenge with Pathogenic Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2006, 80, 5875-5885.	3.4	237
8	Highly efficient maternal-fetal Zika virus transmission in pregnant rhesus macaques. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2017, 13, e1006378.	4.7	201
9	Subdominant CD8 + T-Cell Responses Are Involved in Durable Control of AIDS Virus Replication. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 3465-3476.	3.4	199
10	Vaccine-induced CD8+ T cells control AIDS virus replication. <i>Nature</i> , 2012, 491, 129-133.	27.8	165
11	CD8 + T-Lymphocyte Response to Major Immunodominant Epitopes after Vaginal Exposure to Simian Immunodeficiency Virus: Too Late and Too Little. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 9228-9235.	3.4	153
12	Tetherin antagonism by Vpu protects HIV-infected cells from antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2014, 111, 6425-6430.	7.1	143
13	Macaques vaccinated with live-attenuated SIV control replication of heterologous virus. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2008, 205, 2537-2550.	8.5	139
14	Compartmentalization of Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Replication within Secondary Lymphoid Tissues of Rhesus Macaques Is Linked to Disease Stage and Inversely Related to Localization of Virus-Specific CTL. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2014, 193, 5613-5625.	0.8	127
15	Heterologous Protection against Asian Zika Virus Challenge in Rhesus Macaques. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2016, 10, e0005168.	3.0	125
16	Vaccine-Induced Cellular Responses Control Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Replication after Heterologous Challenge. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 6508-6521.	3.4	123
17	A Nonfucosylated Variant of the anti-HIV-1 Monoclonal Antibody b12 Has Enhanced Fc $\gamma$ 3RIIIa-Mediated Antiviral Activity <i>In Vitro</i> but Does Not Improve Protection against Mucosal SHIV Challenge in Macaques. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2012, 86, 6189-6196.	3.4	110
18	Adeno-Associated Virus Delivery of Anti-HIV Monoclonal Antibodies Can Drive Long-Term Virologic Suppression. <i>Immunity</i> , 2019, 50, 567-575.e5.	14.3	96

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19	Follicular regulatory T cells impair follicular T helper cells in HIV and SIV infection. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 8608.	12.8	87
20	Patterns of CD8 <sup>+</sup> Immunodominance May Influence the Ability of Mamu-B*08-Positive Macaques To Naturally Control Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239 Replication. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2008, 82, 1723-1738.	3.4	83
21	Simian Immunodeficiency Virus-Producing Cells in Follicles Are Partially Suppressed by CD8 <sup>+</sup> Cells <i>In Vivo</i> . <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016, 90, 11168-11180.	3.4	74
22	The Antiviral Efficacy of Simian Immunodeficiency Virus-Specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T Cells Is Unrelated to Epitope Specificity and Is Abrogated by Viral Escape. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 2624-2634.	3.4	67
23	Mapping the immunogenic landscape of near-native HIV-1 envelope trimers in non-human primates. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2020, 16, e1008753.	4.7	61
24	Host Anti-antibody Responses Following Adeno-associated Virus-mediated Delivery of Antibodies Against HIV and SIV in Rhesus Monkeys. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2016, 24, 76-86.	8.2	60
25	Simian Immunodeficiency Virus (SIV)-Specific Chimeric Antigen Receptor-T Cells Engineered to Target B Cell Follicles and Suppress SIV Replication. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2018, 9, 492.	4.8	60
26	Envelope Glycoprotein Internalization Protects Human and Simian Immunodeficiency Virus-Infected Cells from Antibody-Dependent Cell-Mediated Cytotoxicity. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 10648-10655.	3.4	57
27	Follicular Regulatory CD8 <sup>+</sup> T Cells Impair the Germinal Center Response in SIV and Ex Vivo HIV Infection. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2016, 12, e1005924.	4.7	55
28	Tat 28-35 SL8-Specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T Lymphocytes Are More Effective than Gag 181-189 CM9-Specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T Lymphocytes at Suppressing Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Replication in a Functional In Vitro Assay. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 14986-14991.	3.4	53
29	Infection with Escaped Virus Variants Impairs Control of Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239 Replication in Mamu-B*08-Positive Macaques. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 11514-11527.	3.4	53
30	ALT-803 Transiently Reduces Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Replication in the Absence of Antiretroviral Treatment. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2018, 92, .	3.4	52
31	Repeated Intravaginal Inoculation with Cell-Associated Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Results in Persistent Infection of Nonhuman Primates. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2006, 194, 912-916.	4.0	51
32	Recombinant Yellow Fever Vaccine Virus 17D Expressing Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239 Gag Induces SIV-Specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T-Cell Responses in Rhesus Macaques. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 3699-3706.	3.4	49
33	AIDS virus-specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T lymphocytes against an immunodominant cryptic epitope select for viral escape. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2007, 204, 2505-2512.	8.5	48
34	Vaccination with Cancer- and HIV Infection-Associated Endogenous Retrotransposable Elements Is Safe and Immunogenic. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2012, 189, 1467-1479.	0.8	46
35	Genital Ulcers Facilitate Rapid Viral Entry and Dissemination following Intravaginal Inoculation with Cell-Associated Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2008, 82, 4154-4158.	3.4	40
36	Recognition of Escape Variants in ELISPOT Does Not Always Predict CD8 <sup>+</sup> T-Cell Recognition of Simian Immunodeficiency Virus-Infected Cells Expressing the Same Variant Sequences. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2008, 82, 575-581.	3.4	40

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37	Disassembly of HIV envelope glycoprotein trimer immunogens is driven by antibodies elicited via immunization. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2021, 7, .	10.3	37
38	AAV-delivered eCD4-Ig protects rhesus macaques from high-dose SIVmac239 challenges. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2019, 11, .	12.4	35
39	gammadelta T cell receptor repertoire in blood and colonic mucosa of rhesus macaques. <i>Journal of Medical Primatology</i> , 2000, 29, 387-396.	0.6	32
40	Not All Cytokine-Producing CD8 + T Cells Suppress Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Replication. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 1517-1523.	3.4	30
41	Vaccine-Induced Simian Immunodeficiency Virus-Specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T-Cell Responses Focused on a Single Nef Epitope Select for Escape Variants Shortly after Infection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 10802-10820.	3.4	30
42	Importance of the CD3 marker for evaluating changes in rhesus macaque CD4/CD8 T-cell ratios. , 2000, 40, 69-75.		29
43	CD8+ gamma-delta TCR+ and CD4+ T cells produce IFN- $\gamma$ at 5-7 days after yellow fever vaccination in Indian rhesus macaques, before the induction of classical antigen-specific T cell responses. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2010, 28, 8183-8188.	3.8	29
44	Long-Term Delivery of an Anti-SIV Monoclonal Antibody With AAV. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 449.	4.8	29
45	Glycerol Monolaurate Microbicide Protection against Repeat High-Dose SIV Vaginal Challenge. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0129465.	2.5	27
46	Allogeneic Lymphocytes Persist and Traffic in Feral MHC-Matched Mauritian <i>Cynomolgus</i> Macaques. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2008, 3, e2384.	2.5	25
47	Cytotoxic Capacity of SIV-Specific CD8+ T Cells against Primary Autologous Targets Correlates with Immune Control in SIV-Infected Rhesus Macaques. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2013, 9, e1003195.	4.7	24
48	Rapid Transduction and Expansion of Transduced T Cells with Maintenance of Central Memory Populations. <i>Molecular Therapy - Methods and Clinical Development</i> , 2020, 16, 1-10.	4.1	24
49	Vaccination with <i>gag</i> , <i>vif</i> , and <i>nef</i> Gene Fragments Affords Partial Control of Viral Replication after Mucosal Challenge with SIVmac239. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2014, 88, 7493-7516.	3.4	23
50	A Rapid Immunization Strategy with a Live-Attenuated Tetravalent Dengue Vaccine Elicits Protective Neutralizing Antibody Responses in Non-Human Primates. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2014, 5, 263.	4.8	23
51	Effector function does not contribute to protection from virus challenge by a highly potent HIV broadly neutralizing antibody in nonhuman primates. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2021, 13, .	12.4	23
52	Dengue virus-specific CD4+ and CD8+ T lymphocytes target NS1, NS3 and NS5 in infected Indian rhesus macaques. <i>Immunogenetics</i> , 2012, 64, 111-121.	2.4	22
53	KIR3DL01 upregulation on gut natural killer cells in response to SIV infection of KIR- and MHC class I-defined rhesus macaques. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2017, 13, e1006506.	4.7	21
54	CAR/CXCR5-T cell immunotherapy is safe and potentially efficacious in promoting sustained remission of SIV infection. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2022, 18, e1009831.	4.7	20

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55	Effective Simian Immunodeficiency Virus-Specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T Cells Lack an Easily Detectable, Shared Characteristic. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 753-764.	3.4	19
56	Vaccine-induced immune responses against both Gag and Env improve control of simian immunodeficiency virus replication in rectally challenged rhesus macaques. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2017, 13, e1006529.	4.7	19
57	OMIP#28: Activation panel for Rhesus macaque NK cell subsets. <i>Cytometry Part A: the Journal of the International Society for Analytical Cytology</i> , 2015, 87, 890-893.	1.5	18
58	Low levels of SIV-specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T cells in germinal centers characterizes acute SIV infection. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2019, 15, e1007311.	4.7	18
59	Liver-Directed but Not Muscle-Directed AAV-Antibody Gene Transfer Limits Humoral Immune Responses in Rhesus Monkeys. <i>Molecular Therapy - Methods and Clinical Development</i> , 2020, 16, 94-102.	4.1	18
60	V $\beta$ 2 TCR Repertoire Overlap in Different Anatomical Compartments of Healthy, Unrelated Rhesus Macaques. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2001, 166, 2296-2302.	0.8	17
61	The live-attenuated yellow fever vaccine 17D induces broad and potent T cell responses against several viral proteins in Indian rhesus macaques—implications for recombinant vaccine design. <i>Immunogenetics</i> , 2010, 62, 593-600.	2.4	16
62	Activation features of intraepithelial $\beta$ 2 T-cells of the murine vagina. <i>Immunology Letters</i> , 1996, 54, 129-134.	2.5	15
63	Protection against High-Dose Highly Pathogenic Mucosal SIV Challenge at Very Low Serum Neutralizing Titers of the Antibody-Like Molecule CD4-IgG2. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e42209.	2.5	15
64	Immunogenicity of Seven New Recombinant Yellow Fever Viruses 17D Expressing Fragments of SIVmac239 Gag, Nef, and Vif in Indian Rhesus Macaques. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e54434.	2.5	15
65	Rare Control of SIVmac239 Infection in a Vaccinated Rhesus Macaque. <i>AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses</i> , 2017, 33, 843-858.	1.1	15
66	Vaccine protection against SIVmac239 acquisition. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 1739-1744.	7.1	15
67	Macaque Long-Term Nonprogressors Resist Superinfection with Multiple CD8 <sup>+</sup> T Cell Escape Variants of Simian Immunodeficiency Virus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2011, 85, 530-541.	3.4	14
68	OMIP#35: Functional analysis of natural killer cell subsets in macaques. <i>Cytometry Part A: the Journal of the International Society for Analytical Cytology</i> , 2016, 89, 799-802.	1.5	13
69	High Viremia Is Associated with High Levels of <i>In Vivo</i> Major Histocompatibility Complex Class I Downregulation in Rhesus Macaques Infected with Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 5443-5447.	3.4	12
70	GagCM9-Specific CD8 <sup>+</sup> T Cells Expressing Limited Public TCR Clonotypes Do Not Suppress SIV Replication <i>In Vivo</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e23515.	2.5	11
71	Maintenance of AP-2-Dependent Functional Activities of Nef Restricts Pathways of Immune Escape from CD8 T Lymphocyte Responses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2018, 92, .	3.4	11
72	Mucosal antibody responses to vaccines targeting SIV protease cleavage sites or full-length Gag and Env proteins in Mauritian cynomolgus macaques. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0202997.	2.5	11

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73	<i>Mamu-B*17</i> Rhesus Macaques Vaccinated with <i>env</i> , <i>vif</i> , and <i>nef</i> Manifest Early Control of SIVmac239 Replication. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2018, 92, .	3.4	11
74	The effect of WSEWS pentapeptide and WSEWS-specific monoclonal antibodies on constitutive and IL-6 induced acute-phase protein production by a human hepatoma cell line, HEPG-2. <i>Immunology Letters</i> , 1995, 46, 183-187.	2.5	10
75	Novel Translation Products from Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239 Env-Encoding mRNA Contain both Rev and Cryptic T-Cell Epitopes. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2009, 83, 10280-10285.	3.4	10
76	Novel simian immunodeficiency virus CTL epitopes restricted by MHC class I molecule Mamu-B*01 are highly conserved for long term in DNA/MVA-vaccinated, SHIV-challenged rhesus macaques. <i>International Immunology</i> , 2005, 17, 637-648.	4.0	9
77	Integrin $\alpha 4 \beta 7$ Is Downregulated on the Surfaces of Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239-Infected Cells. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 6344-6351.	3.4	9
78	Dengue Virus Evades AAV-Mediated Neutralizing Antibody Prophylaxis in Rhesus Monkeys. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2017, 25, 2323-2331.	8.2	9
79	A recombinant herpesviral vector containing a near-full-length SIVmac239 genome produces SIV particles and elicits immune responses to all nine SIV gene products. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2018, 14, e1007143.	4.7	9
80	Neutrophil progenitor populations of rhesus macaques. <i>Journal of Leukocyte Biology</i> , 2019, 105, 113-121.	3.3	8
81	Vaccination against Endogenous Retrotransposable Element Consensus Sequences Does Not Protect Rhesus Macaques from SIVsmE660 Infection and Replication. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e92012.	2.5	8
82	Vaccine protection against rectal acquisition of SIVmac239 in rhesus macaques. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2019, 15, e1008015.	4.7	7
83	Rectal Acquisition of Simian Immunodeficiency Virus (SIV) SIVmac239 Infection despite Vaccine-Induced Immune Responses against the Entire SIV Proteome. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 94, .	3.4	7
84	Long-Term Protection of Rhesus Macaques from Zika Virus Reinfection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 94, .	3.4	7
85	Separate regulation of a membrane protein, gp130, present in receptor complex specific for interleukin-6 and other functionally related cytokines. <i>Journal of Molecular Recognition</i> , 1994, 7, 277-281.	2.1	6
86	Ex vivo analysis of SIV-infected cells by flow cytometry. <i>Cytometry Part A: the Journal of the International Society for Analytical Cytology</i> , 2010, 77A, 1059-1066.	1.5	6
87	Acute Phase CD8+ T Lymphocytes against Alternate Reading Frame Epitopes Select for Rapid Viral Escape during SIV Infection. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e61383.	2.5	6
88	Acute Viral Escape Selectively Impairs Nef-Mediated Major Histocompatibility Complex Class I Downmodulation and Increases Susceptibility to Antiviral T Cells. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2016, 90, 2119-2126.	3.4	5
89	Use of a Recombinant Gamma-2 Herpesvirus Vaccine Vector against Dengue Virus in Rhesus Monkeys. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2017, 91, .	3.4	5
90	The Frequency of Vaccine-Induced T-Cell Responses Does Not Predict the Rate of Acquisition after Repeated Intrarectal SIVmac239 Challenges in Mamu-B*08 + Rhesus Macaques. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2019, 93, .	3.4	5

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91	Induction of Transient Virus Replication Facilitates Antigen-Independent Isolation of SIV-Specific Monoclonal Antibodies. <i>Molecular Therapy - Methods and Clinical Development</i> , 2020, 16, 225-237.	4.1	5
92	Immunogenicity of trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole in a macaque model of HIV infection. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2016, 368-369, 10-18.	4.2	3
93	A Recombinant Rhesus Monkey Rhadinovirus Deleted of Glycoprotein L Establishes Persistent Infection of Rhesus Macaques and Elicits Conventional T Cell Responses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2020, 94, .	3.4	3
94	Cervico-Vaginal Inflammatory Cytokine and Chemokine Responses to Two Different SIV Immunogens. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 1935.	4.8	3
95	Immunophenotyping of Rhesus CMV â€¢Specific CD8 Tâ€¢Cell Populations. <i>Cytometry Part A: the Journal of the International Society for Analytical Cytology</i> , 2021, 99, 278-288.	1.5	3
96	Non-neutralizing Antibodies May Contribute to Suppression of SIVmac239 Viremia in Indian Rhesus Macaques. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2021, 12, 657424.	4.8	2
97	Recombinant Herpesvirus Vectors: Durable Immune Responses and Durable Protection against Simian Immunodeficiency Virus SIVmac239 Acquisition. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2021, 95, e0033021.	3.4	2
98	Rhesus Cytomegalovirus-Specific CD8+ Cytotoxic T Lymphocytes Do Not Become Functionally Exhausted in Chronic SIVmac239 Infection. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 1960.	4.8	1
99	Modulation of cytosine arabinoside-induced proliferation inhibition by exogenous adenosylmethionine. <i>Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology</i> , 1991, 28, 484-486.	2.3	0
100	Use of a gamma-2 herpesvirus as a vector to deliver antibodies to rhesus monkeys. <i>Gene Therapy</i> , 2017, 24, 487-492.	4.5	0
101	An Automated Fluorescence-Based Method to Isolate Bone Marrow-Derived Plasma Cells from Rhesus Macaques Using SIVmac239 SOSIP.664. <i>Molecular Therapy - Methods and Clinical Development</i> , 2020, 18, 781-790.	4.1	0
102	SOSIP Trimer-Specific Antibodies Isolated from a Simian-Human Immunodeficiency Virus-Infected Monkey with versus without a Pre-blocking Step with gp41. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2022, 96, JVI0158221.	3.4	0