

Hua-Hie Yong

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

94
papers

4,285
citations

101543

36
h-index

118850

62
g-index

95
all docs

95
docs citations

95
times ranked

3863
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Evaluating the impact of plain packaging among Canadian smokers: findings from the 2018 and 2020 ITC Smoking and Vaping Surveys. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2023, 32, 153-162.	3.2	9
2	Age-Related Interactions on Key Theoretical Determinants of Smoking Cessation: Findings from the ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Surveys (2016–2020). <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2022, 24, 679-689.	2.6	3
3	Do number of smoking friends and changes over time predict smoking relapse? Findings from the International Tobacco Control Four-Country Survey. <i>Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment</i> , 2022, 138, 108763.	2.8	5
4	Do Smokers'™ Perceptions of the Harmfulness of Nicotine Replacement Therapy and Nicotine Vaping Products as Compared to Cigarettes Influence Their Use as an Aid for Smoking Cessation? Findings from the ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Surveys. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2022, 24, 1413-1421.	2.6	11
5	Do post-quit experiences predict smoking relapse among former smokers in Australia and the United Kingdom? Findings from the International Tobacco Control Surveys. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2022, 41, 883-889.	2.1	3
6	Differences in cigarette smoking quit attempts and cessation between adults who did and did not take up nicotine vaping: Findings from the ITC four country smoking and vaping surveys. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2022, 132, 107339.	3.0	13
7	Predictive Power of Dependence Measures for Quitting Smoking. Findings From the 2016 to 2018 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Surveys. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021, 23, 276-285.	2.6	15
8	What kind of smoking identity following quitting would elevate smokers relapse risk?. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2021, 112, 106654.	3.0	7
9	Identifying factors that conjointly influence nicotine vaping product relative harm perception among smokers and recent ex-smokers: Findings from the 2016 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2021, 218, 108370.	3.2	6
10	Gender Differences in Reasons for Using Electronic Cigarettes and Product Characteristics: Findings From the 2018 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021, 23, 678-686.	2.6	15
11	Trends in Social Norms Towards Smoking Between 2002 and 2015 Among Daily Smokers: Findings From the International Tobacco Control Four Country Survey (ITC 4C). <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021, 23, 203-211.	2.6	8
12	Self-Reported Quit Aids and Assistance Used By Smokers At Their Most Recent Quit Attempt: Findings from the 2020 International Tobacco Control Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021, 23, 1699-1707.	2.6	22
13	Characterizing Heated Tobacco Product Use Among Adult Cigarette Smokers and Nicotine Vaping Product Users in the 2018 ITC Four Country Smoking & Vaping Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021, , .	2.6	9
14	Identifying smoker subgroups with high versus low smoking cessation attempt probability: A decision tree analysis approach. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2020, 103, 106258.	3.0	10
15	Awareness, trial and use of heated tobacco products among adult cigarette smokers and e-cigarette users: findings from the 2018 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2020, , tobaccocontrol-2020-055985.	3.2	21
16	Socioeconomic patterns of smoking cessation behavior in low and middle-income countries: Emerging evidence from the Global Adult Tobacco Surveys and International Tobacco Control Surveys. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0220223.	2.5	27
17	Prevalence of awareness, ever-use and current use of nicotine vaping products (NVPs) among adult current smokers and ex-smokers in 14 countries with differing regulations on sales and marketing of NVPs: cross-sectional findings from the ITC Project. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 1060-1073.	3.3	66
18	Methods of the ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey, wave 1 (2016). <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 6-14.	3.3	74

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19	Cross-country comparison of cigarette and vaping product marketing exposure and use: findings from 2016 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2019, 29, tobaccocontrol-2018-054650.	3.2	8
20	Differences in norms towards the use of nicotine vaping products among adult smokers, former smokers and nicotine vaping product users: cross-sectional findings from the 2016 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 97-106.	3.3	13
21	Reasons for regular vaping and for its discontinuation among smokers and recent ex-smokers: findings from the 2016 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 35-48.	3.3	74
22	Rules about smoking and vaping in the home: findings from the 2016 International Tobacco Control Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 107-114.	3.3	6
23	Correlates of electronic cigarette use in the general population and among smokers in Australia – Findings from a nationally representative survey. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2019, 95, 6-10.	3.0	19
24	Barriers and facilitators to switching from smoking to vaping: Advice from vapers. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2019, 38, 234-243.	2.1	17
25	How the New European Union’s (Pictorial) Tobacco Health Warnings Influence Quit Attempts and Smoking Cessation: Findings from the 2016–2017 International Tobacco Control (ITC) Netherlands Surveys. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019, 16, 4260.	2.6	2
26	Understandings of the component causes of harm from cigarette smoking in Australia. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2019, 38, 807-817.	2.1	5
27	Predicting vaping uptake, vaping frequency and ongoing vaping among daily smokers using longitudinal data from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Four Country Surveys. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 61-70.	3.3	13
28	Discussions between health professionals and smokers about nicotine vaping products: results from the 2016 ITC Four Country Smoking and Vaping Survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2019, 114, 71-85.	3.3	17
29	Acceptance and patterns of personal vaporizer use in Australia and the United Kingdom: Results from the International Tobacco Control survey. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2018, 185, 142-148.	3.2	16
30	Do predictors of smoking relapse change as a function of duration of abstinence? Findings from the United States, Canada, United Kingdom and Australia. <i>Addiction</i> , 2018, 113, 1295-1304.	3.3	43
31	Response to Letter to the Editor by Benmarhnia T, Leas E, Hendrickson E, Trinidad D, Strong D, Pierce J. The Potential Influence of Regulatory Environment for e-cigarettes on the Effectiveness of e-cigarettes for Smoking Cessation: Different Reasons to Temper the Conclusions From Inadequate Data. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2018, 20, 660-661.	2.6	0
32	Factors associated with future intentions to use personal vaporisers among those with some experience of vaping. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2018, 37, 216-225.	2.1	16
33	Path analysis of warning label effects on negative emotions and quit attempts: A longitudinal study of smokers in Australia, Canada, Mexico, and the US. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2018, 197, 226-234.	3.8	103
34	Over-Time Impacts of Pictorial Health Warning Labels and their Differences across Smoker Subgroups: Results from Adult Smokers in Canada and Australia. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2018, 20, 888-896.	2.6	29
35	Banning tobacco price promotions, smoking-related beliefs and behaviour: findings from the International Tobacco Control Four Country (ITC 4C) Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2018, 27, 310-318.	3.2	15
36	Tobacco Control: Preventing Smoking and Facilitating Cessation. , 2018, , 771-805.		0

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37	Prevalence and Correlates of the Belief That Electronic Cigarettes are a Lot Less Harmful Than Conventional Cigarettes Under the Different Regulatory Environments of Australia and the United Kingdom. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2017, 19, 258-263.	2.6	51
38	Does the Regulatory Environment for E-Cigarettes Influence the Effectiveness of E-Cigarettes for Smoking Cessation?: Longitudinal Findings From the ITC Four Country Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2017, 19, 1268-1276.	2.6	56
39	Impact of Graphic Pack Warnings on Adult Smokers's™ Quitting Activities: Findings from the ITC Southeast Asia Survey (2005-2014). <i>Journal of Smoking Cessation</i> , 2016, 11, 124-134.	1.0	13
40	Impact of the introduction of standardised packaging on smokers' brand awareness and identification in Australia. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2016, 35, 102-109.	2.1	16
41	US Smokers's™ Beliefs, Experiences and Perceptions of Different Cigarette Variants Before and After the FSPTCA Ban on Misleading Descriptors Such as "Light," "Mild," or "Low". <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2016, 18, 2115-2123.	2.6	30
42	Smokers's™ reactions to the new larger health warning labels on plain cigarette packs in Australia: findings from the ITC Australia project. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2016, 25, 181-187.	3.2	38
43	Interpersonal communication about pictorial health warnings on cigarette packages: Policy-related influences and relationships with smoking cessation attempts. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2016, 164, 141-149.	3.8	41
44	Educational differences in the impact of pictorial cigarette warning labels on smokers: findings from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Europe surveys. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2016, 25, 325-332.	3.2	20
45	Impact of Point-of-Sale Tobacco Display Bans in Thailand: Findings from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Southeast Asia Survey. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2015, 12, 9508-9522.	2.6	14
46	Predictors of Successful Quitting among Thai Adult Smokers: Evidence from ITC-SEA (Thailand) Survey. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2015, 12, 12095-12109.	2.6	11
47	Longer term impact of cigarette package warnings in Australia compared with the United Kingdom and Canada. <i>Health Education Research</i> , 2015, 30, 67-80.	1.9	29
48	Smokers' sensory beliefs mediate the relation between smoking a light/low tar cigarette and perceptions of harm. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2015, 24, iv21-iv27.	3.2	12
49	Pictorial health warning label content and smokers' understanding of smoking-related risks—a cross-country comparison. <i>Health Education Research</i> , 2015, 30, 35-45.	1.9	49
50	Australian smokers's™ support for plain or standardised packs before and after implementation: findings from the ITC Four Country Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2015, 24, 616-621.	3.2	29
51	Trends in E-Cigarette Awareness, Trial, and Use Under the Different Regulatory Environments of Australia and the United Kingdom. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2015, 17, 1203-1211.	2.6	66
52	Awareness, Trial, and Current Use of Electronic Cigarettes in 10 Countries: Findings from the ITC Project. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2014, 11, 11691-11704.	2.6	129
53	Heaviness of Smoking Predicts Smoking Relapse Only in the First Weeks of a Quit Attempt: Findings From the International Tobacco Control Four-Country Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2014, 16, 423-429.	2.6	36
54	Mediational pathways of the impact of cigarette warning labels on quit attempts.. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2014, 33, 1410-1420.	1.6	102

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55	The predictive utility of micro indicators of concern about smoking: Findings from the International Tobacco Control Four Country study. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2014, 39, 1235-1242.	3.0	23
56	Secular Versus Religious Norms Against Smoking: Which Is More Important as a Driver of Quitting Behaviour Among Muslim Malaysian and Buddhist Thai Smokers?. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2013, 20, 252-258.	1.7	14
57	Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems. <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2013, 44, 207-215.	3.0	563
58	Stronger pack warnings predict quitting more than weaker ones: finding from the ITC Malaysia and Thailand surveys. <i>Tobacco Induced Diseases</i> , 2013, 11, 20.	0.6	37
59	Patterns of cognitive dissonance-reducing beliefs among smokers: a longitudinal analysis from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Four Country Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2013, 22, 52-58.	3.2	120
60	Adult Smokers' Reactions to Pictorial Health Warning Labels on Cigarette Packs in Thailand and Moderating Effects of Type of Cigarette Smoked: Findings From the International Tobacco Control Southeast Asia Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2013, 15, 1339-1347.	2.6	55
61	Urban Chinese Smokers From Lower Socioeconomic Backgrounds Face More Barriers to Quitting: Results From the International Tobacco Control-China Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2013, 15, 1044-1051.	2.6	13
62	The Quitting Rollercoaster: How Recent Quitting History Affects Future Cessation Outcomes (Data) <i>Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5</i> 2013, 15, 1578-1587.	2.6	63
63	Does Tobacco-Control Mass Media Campaign Exposure Prevent Relapse Among Recent Quitters?. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2013, 15, 385-392.	2.6	25
64	Stability of Cigarette Consumption Over Time Among Continuing Smokers: A Latent Growth Curve Analysis. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2012, 14, 531-539.	2.6	20
65	Trends in Roll-Your-Own Smoking: Findings from the ITC Four-Country Survey (2002â€“2008). <i>Journal of Environmental and Public Health</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-7.	0.9	47
66	Support for tobacco control interventions: do country of origin and socioeconomic status make a difference?. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , 2012, 57, 777-786.	2.3	16
67	How much unsuccessful quitting activity is going on among adult smokers? Data from the International Tobacco Control Four Country cohort survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2012, 107, 673-682.	3.3	194
68	Tobacco expenditure, smokingâ€­induced deprivation and financial stress: Results from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Fourâ€­Country Survey. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2012, 31, 664-671.	2.1	32
69	The Effectiveness of Tobacco Marketing Regulations on Reducing Smokersâ€™ Exposure to Advertising and Promotion: Findings from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Four Country Survey. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2011, 8, 321-340.	2.6	41
70	Prospective predictors of quitting behaviours among adult smokers in six cities in China: findings from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) China Survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2011, 106, 1335-1345.	3.3	59
71	Impact of the removal of misleading terms on cigarette pack on smokers' beliefs about â€œlight/mildâ€­ cigarettes: crossâ€­country comparisons. <i>Addiction</i> , 2011, 106, 2204-2213.	3.3	54
72	The use of cessation assistance among smokers from China: Findings from the ITC China Survey. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2011, 11, 75.	2.9	23

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73	Compliance and support for bans on smoking in licensed venues in Australia: findings from the International Tobacco Control Four-Country Survey. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2010, 34, 379-385.	1.8	66
74	Support for and Reported Compliance Among Smokers With Smoke-Free Policies in Air-Conditioned Hospitality Venues in Malaysia and Thailand: Findings From the International Tobacco Control Southeast Asia Survey. <i>Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health</i> , 2010, 22, 98-109.	1.0	30
75	Individual-level factors associated with intentions to quit smoking among adult smokers in six cities of China: findings from the ITC China Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2010, 19, i6-i11.	3.2	72
76	Predictors of smoking cessation among adult smokers in Malaysia and Thailand: Findings from the International Tobacco Control Southeast Asia Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2010, 12, S34-S44.	2.6	85
77	Postquitting experiences and expectations of adult smokers and their association with subsequent relapse: Findings from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Four Country Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2010, 12, S12-S19.	2.6	19
78	Motivational factors predict quit attempts but not maintenance of smoking cessation: Findings from the International Tobacco Control Four country project. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2010, 12, S4-S11.	2.6	187
79	Regional differences in awareness of tobacco advertising and promotion in China: findings from the ITC China Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2010, 19, 117-124.	3.2	20
80	Adult smokers' perception of the role of religion and religious leadership on smoking and association with quitting: A comparison between Thai Buddhists and Malaysian Muslims. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2009, 69, 1025-1031.	3.8	58
81	How reactions to cigarette packet health warnings influence quitting: findings from the ITC Four-Country survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2009, 104, 669-675.	3.3	238
82	Smokers with financial stress are more likely to want to quit but less likely to try or succeed: findings from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Four Country Survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2009, 104, 1382-1390.	3.3	126
83	Do risk-minimizing beliefs about smoking inhibit quitting? Findings from the International Tobacco Control (ITC) Four-Country Survey. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2009, 49, 219-223.	3.4	37
84	The effects of smoking norms and attitudes on quitting intentions in Malaysia, Thailand and four Western nations: A cross-cultural comparison. <i>Psychology and Health</i> , 2009, 24, 95-107.	2.2	45
85	Socio-economic variations in tobacco consumption, intention to quit and self-efficacy to quit among male smokers in Thailand and Malaysia: results from the International Tobacco Control "South-East Asia (ITC-SEA) survey. <i>Addiction</i> , 2008, 103, 502-508.	3.3	38
86	Prevalence and correlates of roll-your-own smoking in Thailand and Malaysia: Findings of the ITC-South East Asia Survey. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2008, 10, 907-915.	2.6	25
87	Levels and correlates of awareness of tobacco promotional activities among adult smokers in Malaysia and Thailand: findings from the International Tobacco Control Southeast Asia (ITC-SEA) Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2008, 17, 46-52.	3.2	26
88	How does a failed quit attempt among regular smokers affect their cigarette consumption? Findings from the International Tobacco Control Four-Country Survey (ITC-4). <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2008, 10, 897-905.	2.6	13
89	Functional beliefs about smoking and quitting activity among adult smokers in four countries: Findings from the International Tobacco Control Four-Country Survey.. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2008, 27, S216-S223.	1.6	34
90	Does how you quit affect success? A comparison between abrupt and gradual methods using data from the International Tobacco Control Policy Evaluation Study. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2007, 9, 801-810.	2.6	74

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91	Sociodemographic and psychosocial correlates of smoking-induced deprivation and its effect on quitting: findings from the International Tobacco Control Policy Evaluation Survey. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2007, 16, e2-e2.	3.2	76
92	Can attitudes of stoicism and cautiousness explain observed age-related variation in levels of self-rated pain, mood disturbance and functional interference in chronic pain patients?. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2006, 10, 399-399.	2.8	54
93	Quitting-related beliefs, intentions, and motivations of older smokers in four countries: findings from the international tobacco control policy evaluation survey. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2005, 30, 777-788.	3.0	68
94	Psychometric properties of the Pain Attitudes Questionnaire (revised) in adult patients with chronic pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2003, 104, 673-681.	4.2	26