Anita Koushik

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

52 papers	1,764 citations	257450 24 h-index	276875 41 g-index
72 all docs	72 docs citations	72 times ranked	3154 citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Fruits, Vegetables, and Colon Cancer Risk in a Pooled Analysis of 14 Cohort Studies. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2007, 99, 1471-1483.	6.3	228
2	p53 Codon 72 Polymorphism and Cervical Neoplasia. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2004, 13, 11-22.	2.5	153
3	Dairy Products and Ovarian Cancer: A Pooled Analysis of 12 Cohort Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 364-372.	2.5	96
4	Nonsynonymous Polymorphisms in Genes in the One-Carbon Metabolism Pathway and Associations with Colorectal Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 2408-2417.	2.5	81
5	Human leukocyte antigen G polymorphism is associated with an increased risk of invasive cancer of the uterine cervix. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 131, E312-9.	5.1	64
6	Distribution of human papillomavirus genotypes in cervical intraepithelial neoplasia and invasive cervical cancer in Canada. Journal of Medical Virology, 2011, 83, 1034-1041.	5.0	61
7	p53 Arg72Pro polymorphism and risk of colorectal adenoma and cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 119, 1863-1868.	5.1	60
8	Intake of Fruits and Vegetables and Risk of Pancreatic Cancer in a Pooled Analysis of 14 Cohort Studies. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 373-386.	3.4	58
9	The Risk of Lung Cancer Related to Dietary Intake of Flavonoids. Nutrition and Cancer, 2012, 64, 964-974.	2.0	54
10	Methylation of viral and host genes and severity of cervical lesions associated with human papillomavirus type 16. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, E638-45.	5.1	51
11	Genetic Data from Nearly 63,000 Women of European Descent Predicts DNA Methylation Biomarkers and Epithelial Ovarian Cancer Risk. Cancer Research, 2019, 79, 505-517.	0.9	49
12	Fruits and Vegetables and Ovarian Cancer Risk in a Pooled Analysis of 12 Cohort Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 2160-2167.	2.5	48
13	Inverse Association between Dietary Intake of Selected Carotenoids and Vitamin C and Risk of Lung Cancer. Frontiers in Oncology, 2017, 7, 23.	2.8	48
14	Intake of the major carotenoids and the risk of epithelial ovarian cancer in a pooled analysis of 10 cohort studies. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 119, 2148-2154.	5.1	41
15	Herpes simplex virus type II is not a cofactor to human papillomavirus in cancer of the uterine cervix. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 188, 129-134.	1.3	36
16	The p53 codon 72 polymorphism and risk of high-grade cervical intraepithelial neoplasia. Cancer Detection and Prevention, 2005, 29, 307-316.	2.1	34
17	Body mass index, lifetime smoking intensity and lung cancer risk. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 133, 1721-1731.	5.1	34
18	Using national dietary intake data to evaluate and adapt the US Diet History Questionnaire: the stepwise tailoring of an FFQ for Canadian use. Public Health Nutrition, 2016, 19, 3247-3255.	2.2	34

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19	Human Papillomavirus Type 33 Polymorphisms and High‑Grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesions of the Uterine Cervix. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2006, 194, 886-894.	4.0	33
20	Selected class I and class II HLA alleles and haplotypes and risk of high‑grade cervical intraepithelial neoplasia. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 122, 2820-2826.	5.1	33
21	Characteristics of menstruation and pregnancy and the risk of lung cancer in women. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 125, 2428-2433.	5.1	31
22	Meat Consumption and Cancer Risk. PLoS Medicine, 2007, 4, e345.	8.4	31
23	Hormonal and reproductive factors and the risk of ovarian cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 393-403.	1.8	30
24	Menstrual and reproductive factors and lung cancer risk: A pooled analysis from the international lung cancer consortium. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 141, 309-323.	5.1	28
25	Shift Work Patterns, Chronotype, and Epithelial Ovarian Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 987-995.	2.5	25
26	Insulin-like Growth Factor-I and Risk of High-Grade Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 716-722.	2.5	24
27	Evaluation of Human Papillomavirus Type Replacement Postvaccination Must Account for Diagnostic Artifacts: Masking of HPV52 by HPV16 in Anogenital Specimens. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 286-290.	2.5	24
28	Dietary assessment is a critical element of health research â€" Perspective from the Partnership for Advancing Nutritional and Dietary Assessment in Canada. Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism, 2016, 41, 1096-1099.	1.9	24
29	Intake of vitamins A, C, and E and folate and the risk of ovarian cancer in a pooled analysis of 10 cohort studies. Cancer Causes and Control, 2015, 26, 1315-1327.	1.8	23
30	Alcohol consumption and lung cancer risk: A pooled analysis from the International Lung Cancer Consortium and the SYNERGY study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2019, 58, 25-32.	1.9	22
31	The Comparative Reliability and Feasibility of the Past-Year Canadian Diet History Questionnaire II: Comparison of the Paper and Web Versions. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 133.	4.1	21
32	Assessment of the effect of occupational exposure to formaldehyde on the risk of lung cancer in two Canadian population-based caseâ€"control studies. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2013, 39, 401-410.	3.4	19
33	Haptoglobin phenotype and risk of cervical neoplasia: A case-control study. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2007, 385, 67-72.	1.1	18
34	Epidemiologic Evaluation of Human Papillomavirus Type Competition and the Potential for Type Replacement Post-Vaccination. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0166329.	2.5	17
35	Influence of human papillomavirus type 16 (HPV-16) E2 polymorphism on quantification of HPV-16 episomal and integrated DNA in cervicovaginal lavages from women with cervical intraepithelial neoplasia. Journal of General Virology, 2008, 89, 1716-1728.	2.9	16
36	Human papillomavirus type 52 polymorphism and high‑grade lesions of the uterine cervix. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 132, 1821-1830.	5.1	15

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Viral load of episomal and integrated forms of human papillomavirus type 33 in high‐grade squamous intraepithelial lesions of the uterine cervix. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 2674-2681.	5.1	14
38	Detection of human herpes virus type 6 DNA in precancerous lesions of the uterine cervix. Journal of Medical Virology, 2002, 68, 606-610.	5.0	13
39	Physical activity and lung cancer risk in men and women. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 309-318.	1.8	13
40	Viral load of human papillomavirus types 16/18/31/33/45 as a predictor of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia and cancer by age. Gynecologic Oncology, 2019, 155, 245-253.	1.4	11
41	Vitamin D Exposure and Ovarian Cancer Risk and Prognosis. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 1168.	2.6	9
42	Low-risk human papillomavirus type 6 DNA load and integration in cervical samples from women with squamous intraepithelial lesions. Journal of Clinical Virology, 2009, 45, 96-99.	3.1	7
43	Identifiability and Estimation Under the Test-negative Design With Population Controls With the Goal of Identifying Risk and Preventive Factors for SARS-CoV-2 Infection. Epidemiology, 2021, 32, 690-697.	2.7	7
44	The consumption of coffee and black tea and the risk of lung cancer. Annals of Epidemiology, 2016, 26, 757-763.e2.	1.9	6
45	Predicting serum vitamin D concentrations based on self-reported lifestyle factors and personal attributes. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 120, 803-812.	2.3	5
46	Human papillomavirus type 56 polymorphism in Canadian women with and without cervical lesions. Journal of Clinical Virology, 2013, 58, 660-665.	3.1	3
47	Lifetime recreational moderate‐to‐vigorous physical activity and ovarian cancer risk: A case–control study. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 1800-1809.	5.1	3
48	Epidemiology and the Role of Human Papillomaviruses. , 0, , 257-276.		3
49	Lifetime caffeine intake and the risk of epithelial ovarian cancer. Cancer Epidemiology, 2022, 76, 102058.	1.9	2
50	Atypical glandular cells on cervical cytology. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i723.	6.0	1
51	Shift Work, Chronotype, and Cancer Risk—Response. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 1405-1405.	2.5	1
52	Addition of food group equivalents to the Canadian Diet History Questionnaire II for the estimation of the Canadian Healthy Eating Index-2005. Health Promotion and Chronic Disease Prevention in Canada: Research, Policy and Practice, 2018, 38, 125-134.	1.1	1