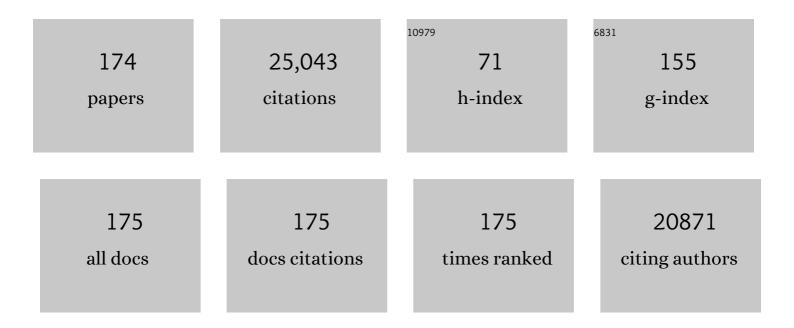
## David S Freedman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Measuring <scp>BMI</scp> change among children and adolescents. Pediatric Obesity, 2022, 17, e12889.	1.4	6
2	Metrics matter: Toward consensus reporting of BMI and weightâ€related outcomes in pediatric obesity clinical trials. Obesity, 2022, 30, 571-572.	1.5	11
3	Interpreting Weight, Height, and Body Mass Index Percentiles in the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Growth Charts. JAMA Pediatrics, 2022, 176, 424.	3.3	2
4	Interrelationships among age at adiposity rebound, BMI during childhood, and BMI after age 14 years in an electronic health record database. Obesity, 2022, 30, 201-208.	1.5	9
5	Response to ''BMI at age 3 years predicts later BMI but age at adiposity rebound conveys information on BMI patternâ€health association''. Obesity, 2022, , .	1.5	Ο
6	Weight gain among US adults during the <scp>COVID</scp> â€19 pandemic through May 2021. Obesity, 2022, 30, 2064-2070.	1.5	13
7	The Relation of Adiposity Rebound to Subsequent BMI in a Large Electronic Health Record Database. Childhood Obesity, 2021, 17, 51-57.	0.8	8
8	Body Mass Index and Blood Pressure Improvements With a Pediatric Weight Management Intervention at Federally Qualified Health Centers. Academic Pediatrics, 2021, 21, 312-320.	1.0	1
9	A Longitudinal Comparison of Alternatives to Body Mass Index Z-Scores for Children with Very High Body Mass Indexes. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 235, 156-162.	0.9	20
10	Changes in High Weight-for-Length among Infants Enrolled in Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children during 2010–2018. Childhood Obesity, 2021, 17, 408-419.	0.8	3
11	Response to Rolland-Cachera et al., "Early Adiposity Rebound Predicts Later Overweight and Provides Useful Information on Obesity Development―(DOI: chi-2021-0087). Childhood Obesity, 2021, 17, 429-430.	0.8	Ο
12	Distance and percentage distance from median BMI as alternatives to BMI <i>z</i> score. British Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 124, 493-500.	1.2	32
13	Trends in Obesity Prevalence by Race and Hispanic Origin—1999-2000 to 2017-2018. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 324, 1208.	3.8	441
14	A method for calculating BMI z-scores and percentiles above the 95 <sup>th</sup> percentile of the CDC growth charts. Annals of Human Biology, 2020, 47, 514-521.	0.4	26
15	The Longitudinal Relation of Childhood Height to Subsequent Obesity in a Large Electronic Health Record Database. Obesity, 2020, 28, 1742-1749.	1.5	4
16	Tracking of obesity among 2―to 9â€yearâ€olds in an electronic heath record database from 2006 to 2018. Obesity Science and Practice, 2020, 6, 300-306.	1.0	12
17	Trends in Obesity Among Low-Income Young Children—Reply. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2019, 322, 1714.	3.8	0
18	Changes in Obesity Among US Children Aged 2 Through 4 Years Enrolled in WIC During 2010-2016. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2019, 321, 2364.	3.8	25

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	State-Specific Prevalence of Obesity Among Children Aged 2–4 Years Enrolled in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children — United States, 2010–2016. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, 2019, 68, 1057-1061.	9.0	18
20	Infant feedingâ€related maternity care practices and maternal report of breastfeeding outcomes. Birth, 2018, 45, 424-431.	1.1	14
21	BMI Trajectories in Youth and Adulthood. Pediatrics, 2018, 141, e20173433.	1.0	1
22	Trends in Obesity and Severe Obesity Prevalence in US Youth and Adults by Sex and Age, 2007-2008 to 2015-2016. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2018, 319, 1723.	3.8	1,364
23	Prevalence of Obesity Among Youths by Household Income and Education Level of Head of Household — United States 2011–2014. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, 2018, 67, 186-189.	9.0	331
24	Tracking and Variability in Childhood Levels of BMI: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Obesity, 2018, 26, 1197-1202.	1.5	39
25	Differences in Obesity Prevalence by Demographics and Urbanization in US Children and Adolescents, 2013-2016. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2018, 319, 2410.	3.8	351
26	Differences in Obesity Prevalence by Demographic Characteristics and Urbanization Level Among Adults in the United States, 2013-2016. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2018, 319, 2419.	3.8	326
27	BMI <i>z</i> â€Scores are a poor indicator of adiposity among 2―to 19â€yearâ€olds with very high BMIs, NHANES 1999â€2000 to 2013â€2014. Obesity, 2017, 25, 739-746.	1.5	187
28	The Limitations of Transforming Very High Body Mass Indexes into z -Scores among 8.7 Million 2- to 4-Year-Old Children. Journal of Pediatrics, 2017, 188, 50-56.e1.	0.9	61
29	Trends in Weight-for-Length Among Infants in WIC From 2000 to 2014. Pediatrics, 2017, 139, .	1.0	28
30	Tracking of BMI <i>z</i> Scores for Severe Obesity. Pediatrics, 2017, 140, .	1.0	125
31	Longitudinal changes in BMI <i>z</i> -scores among 45 414 2–4-year olds with severe obesity. Annals of Human Biology, 2017, 44, 687-692.	0.4	16
32	Secular trends for skinfolds differ from those for BMI and waist circumference among adults examined in NHANES from 1988–1994 through 2009–20101–3. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 105, 169-176.	2.2	7
33	Prevalence of Obesity Among Adults, by Household Income and Education — United States, 2011–2014. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, 2017, 66, 1369-1373.	9.0	314
34	The prevalence and validity of high, biologically implausible values of weight, height, and <scp>BMI</scp> among 8.8 million children. Obesity, 2016, 24, 1132-1139.	1.5	29
35	Trends in Obesity Among Participants Aged 2–4 Years in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children — United States, 2000–2014. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, 2016, 65, 1256-1260.	9.0	86
36	Interrelationships between BMI, skinfold thicknesses, percent body fat, and cardiovascular disease risk factors among U.S. children and adolescents. BMC Pediatrics, 2015, 15, 188.	0.7	40

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37	Are the Recent Secular Increases in Waist Circumference among Children and Adolescents Independent of Changes in BMI?. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0141056.	1.1	9
38	Are the recent secular increases in the waist circumference of adults independent of changes in BMI?. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 425-431.	2.2	57
39	Prevalence of and Trends in Dyslipidemia and Blood Pressure Among US Children and Adolescents, 1999-2012. JAMA Pediatrics, 2015, 169, 272.	3.3	296
40	Growth Charts for Children With Down Syndrome in the United States. Pediatrics, 2015, 136, e1204-e1211.	1.0	152
41	Validity of the WHO cutoffs for biologically implausible values of weight, height, and BMI in children and adolescents in NHANES from 1999 through 2012. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 1000-1006.	2.2	56
42	A Longitudinal Analysis of Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Intake in Infancy and Obesity at 6 Years. Pediatrics, 2014, 134, S29-S35.	1.0	167
43	Differences Between the Fourth and Fifth Korotkoff Phases Among Children and Adolescents. American Journal of Hypertension, 2014, 27, 1495-1502.	1.0	8
44	Population Distribution of the Sagittal Abdominal Diameter (SAD) from a Representative Sample of US Adults: Comparison of SAD, Waist Circumference and Body Mass Index for Identifying Dysglycemia. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e108707.	1.1	27
45	Skinfolds and coronary heart disease risk factors are more strongly associated with BMI than with the body adiposity index. Obesity, 2013, 21, E64-70.	1.5	9
46	Determination of body size measures and blood pressure levels among children. Jornal De Pediatria, 2013, 89, 211-214.	0.9	3
47	The Abilities of Body Mass Index and Skinfold Thicknesses to Identify Children with Low or Elevated Levels of Dual-Energy X-Ray Absorptiometryâ^'Determined Body Fatness. Journal of Pediatrics, 2013, 163, 160-166.e1.	0.9	39
48	Determination of Body Size Measures and Blood Pressure Levels among Children. Jornal De Pediatria (Versão Em Português), 2013, 89, 211-214.	0.2	0
49	A comparison of the Slaughter skinfold-thickness equations and BMI in predicting body fatness and cardiovascular disease risk factor levels in children. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 98, 1417-1424.	2.2	104
50	Is the body adiposity index (hip circumference/height <sup>1·5</sup> ) more strongly related to skinfold thicknesses and risk factor levels than is BMI? The Bogalusa Heart Study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 109, 338-345.	1.2	25
51	Secular trends in pediatric BMI. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 95, 999-1000.	2.2	1
52	Secular Trends in BMI and Blood Pressure Among Children and Adolescents: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 2012, 130, e159-e166.	1.0	102
53	The Body Adiposity Index (Hip Circumference ÷ Height <sup>1.5</sup> ) Is Not a More Accurate Measure of Adiposity Than Is BMI, Waist Circumference, or Hip Circumference. Obesity, 2012, 20, 2438-2444.	1.5	124

54 The Measurement and Epidemiology of Child Obesity. , 2011, , 31-42.

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Incidences of obesity and extreme obesity among US adults: findings from the 2009 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Population Health Metrics, 2011, 9, 56.	1.3	29
56	Obesity—Findings from the Bogalusa Heart Study. , 2011, , 77-92.		0
57	Obesity - United States, 1988-2008. MMWR Supplements, 2011, 60, 73-7.	15.3	42
58	Smoothed percentage body fat percentiles for U.S. children and adolescents, 1999-2004. National Health Statistics Reports, 2011, , 1-7.	0.7	50
59	High adiposity and high body mass index–for-age in US children and adolescents overall and by race-ethnic group. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 1020-1026.	2.2	189
60	Reply to TJ Cole. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 815-816.	2.2	2
61	Changes and Variability in High Levels of Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol Among Children. Pediatrics, 2010, 126, 266-273.	1.0	21
62	The identification of children with adverse risk factor levels by body mass index cutoffs from 2 classification systems: the Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 92, 1298-1305.	2.2	22
63	Morbid Obesity as a Risk Factor for Hospitalization and Death Due to 2009 Pandemic Influenza A(H1N1) Disease. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e9694.	1.1	371
64	The Pediatric Obesity Epidemic Continues Unabated in Bogalusa, Louisiana. Pediatrics, 2010, 125, 900-905.	1.0	72
65	The relation of BMI and skinfold thicknesses to risk factors among young and middle-aged adults: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Annals of Human Biology, 2010, 37, 726-737.	0.4	13
66	Characterizing extreme values of body mass index–for-age by using the 2000 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention growth charts. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 1314-1320.	2.2	372
67	Classification of Body Fatness by Body Mass Index–for-Age Categories Among Children. JAMA Pediatrics, 2009, 163, 805.	3.6	124
68	Relation of body mass index and skinfold thicknesses to cardiovascular disease risk factors in children: the Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 210-216.	2.2	136
69	Ethnic Differences in Subcutaneous Adiposity and Waist Girth in Children and Adolescents. Obesity, 2009, 17, 2075-2081.	1.5	16
70	Risk Factors and Adult Body Mass Index Among Overweight Children: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 2009, 123, 750-757.	1.0	117
71	The Validity of BMI as an Indicator of Body Fatness and Risk Among Children. Pediatrics, 2009, 124, S23-S34.	1.0	378
72	Use of Density-Equalizing Cartograms to Visualize Trends and Disparities in State-Specific Prevalence of Obesity: 1996–2006. American Journal of Public Health, 2009, 99, 308-312.	1.5	12

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73	Racial/ethnic Differences in Body Fatness Among Children and Adolescents. Obesity, 2008, 16, 1105-1111.	1.5	111
74	The contribution of childhood obesity to adult carotid intima-media thickness: the Bogalusa Heart Study. International Journal of Obesity, 2008, 32, 749-756.	1.6	159
75	Unexplained decline in the prevalence of anemia among US children and women between 1988–1994 and 1999–2002. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 88, 1611-1617.	2.2	64
76	Do Skinfold Measurements Provide Additional Information to Body Mass Index in the Assessment of Body Fatness Among Children and Adolescents?. Pediatrics, 2007, 119, e1306-e1313.	1.0	70
77	Relation of body mass index and waist-to-height ratio to cardiovascular disease risk factors in children and adolescents: the Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 86, 33-40.	2.2	270
78	The prediction of body fatness by BMI and skinfold thicknesses among children and adolescents. Annals of Human Biology, 2007, 34, 183-194.	0.4	101
79	Cardiovascular Risk Factors and Excess Adiposity Among Overweight Children and Adolescents: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Journal of Pediatrics, 2007, 150, 12-17.e2.	0.9	1,246
80	Childhood overweight and family income. MedGenMed: Medscape General Medicine, 2007, 9, 26.	0.2	17
81	Low-Density Lipoprotein and High-Density Lipoprotein Particle Subclasses Predict Coronary Events and Are Favorably Changed by Gemfibrozil Therapy in the Veterans Affairs High-Density Lipoprotein Intervention Trial. Circulation, 2006, 113, 1556-1563.	1.6	522
82	Racial and Ethnic Differences in Secular Trends for Childhood BMI, Weight, and Height. Obesity, 2006, 14, 301-308.	1.5	329
83	Body mass index and body fatness in childhood. Current Opinion in Clinical Nutrition and Metabolic Care, 2005, 8, 618-623.	1.3	93
84	Racial Differences in the Tracking of Childhood BMI to Adulthood. Obesity, 2005, 13, 928-935.	4.0	165
85	Relation of BMI to fat and fat-free mass among children and adolescents. International Journal of Obesity, 2005, 29, 1-8.	1.6	398
86	The Relation of Childhood BMI to Adult Adiposity: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 2005, 115, 22-27.	1.0	808
87	Sex and Age Differences in Lipoprotein Subclasses Measured by Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: The Framingham Study. Clinical Chemistry, 2004, 50, 1189-1200.	1.5	259
88	The relation of obesity throughout life to carotid intima-media thickness in adulthood: the Bogalusa Heart Study. International Journal of Obesity, 2004, 28, 159-166.	1.6	190
89	Inter-relationships among childhood BMI, childhood height, and adult obesity: the Bogalusa Heart Study. International Journal of Obesity, 2004, 28, 10-16.	1.6	184
90	Height and Adiposity among Children. Obesity, 2004, 12, 846-853.	4.0	81

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91	The relation of menarcheal age to obesity in childhood and adulthood: the Bogalusa heart study. BMC Pediatrics, 2003, 3, 3.	0.7	209
92	Prediction of Adult Overweight From Childhood Body Mass Index and Not Childhood Height. Pediatrics, 2003, 111, 224-225.	1.0	1
93	Clustering of Coronary Heart Disease Risk Factors among Obese Children. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2002, 15, 1099-108.	0.4	43
94	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy of Lipoproteins and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in the Cardiovascular Health Study. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2002, 22, 1175-1180.	1.1	281
95	Trends and Correlates of Class 3 Obesity in the United States From 1990 Through 2000. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2002, 288, 1758.	3.8	393
96	Relation of Age at Menarche to Race, Time Period, and Anthropometric Dimensions: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 2002, 110, e43-e43.	1.0	279
97	Effects of pravastatin treatment on lipoprotein subclass profiles and particle size in the PLAC-I trial. Atherosclerosis, 2002, 160, 41-48.	0.4	82
98	Risk of cardiovascular complications. , 2002, , 221-240.		12
99	Differences in the relation of obesity to serum triacylglycerol and VLDL subclass concentrations between black and white children: the Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2002, 75, 827-833.	2.2	42
100	Relation of Childhood Height to Obesity Among Adults: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 2002, 109, e23-e23.	1.0	63
101	Relations of lipoprotein subclass levels and low-density lipoprotein size to progression of coronary artery disease in the pravastatin limitation of atherosclerosis in the coronary arteries (PLAC-I) trial. American Journal of Cardiology, 2002, 90, 89-94.	0.7	269
102	Relationship of Childhood Obesity to Coronary Heart Disease Risk Factors in Adulthood: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 2001, 108, 712-718.	1.0	1,062
103	Distribution and correlates of high-density lipoprotein subclasses among children and adolescents. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2001, 50, 370-376.	1.5	63
104	BMI rebound, childhood height and obesity among adults: the Bogalusa Heart Study. International Journal of Obesity, 2001, 25, 543-549.	1.6	100
105	High prevalence of postpartum anemia among low-income women in the United States. American Journal of Obstetrics and Cynecology, 2001, 185, 438-443.	0.7	101
106	Secular Trends in Height Among Children During 2 Decades. JAMA Pediatrics, 2000, 154, 155.	3.6	84
107	Body Composition and Health Status among Children and Adolescents. Preventive Medicine, 2000, 31, S34-S53.	1.6	41
108	Black/White Differences in Relative Weight and Obesity among Girls: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Preventive Medicine, 2000, 30, 234-243.	1.6	27

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109	Levels and correlates of LDL and VLDL particle sizes among children: the Bogalusa heart study. Atherosclerosis, 2000, 152, 441-449.	0.4	67
110	Relation of circumferences and skinfold thicknesses to lipid and insulin concentrations in children and adolescents: the Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1999, 69, 308-317.	2.2	504
111	The Relation of Overweight to Cardiovascular Risk Factors Among Children and Adolescents: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 1999, 103, 1175-1182.	1.0	1,962
112	Relation of Lipoprotein Subclasses as Measured by Proton Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy to Coronary Artery Disease. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 1998, 18, 1046-1053.	1.1	314
113	Occupational Chlorophenol Exposure and Soft Tissue Sarcoma Risk among Men Aged 30-60 Years. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1998, 148, 693-703.	1.6	42
114	Validity of Self-reported Diagnoses Leading to Hospitalization: A Comparison of Self-reports with Hospital Records in a Prospective Study of American Adults. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1998, 147, 969-977.	1.6	323
115	Relation of Cigarette Smoking to Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma among Middle-aged Men. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1998, 148, 833-841.	1.6	51
116	Increasing Prevalence of Overweight Among US Low-income Preschool Children: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Pediatric Nutrition Surveillance, 1983 to 1995. Pediatrics, 1998, 101, e12-e12.	1.0	192
117	Black/white differences in leukocyte subpopulations in men. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1997, 26, 757-764.	0.9	59
118	Secular Increases in Relative Weight and Adiposity Among Children Over Two Decades: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics, 1997, 99, 420-426.	1.0	325
119	Risk Factors for Coronary Heart Disease among Navajo Indians: Findings from the Navajo Health and Nutrition Survey. Journal of Nutrition, 1997, 127, 2099S-2105S.	1.3	50
120	Obesity, Levels of Lipids and Glucose, and Smoking among Navajo Adolescents. Journal of Nutrition, 1997, 127, 2120S-2127S.	1.3	53
121	Prevalence of Hypertension among Navajo Indians: Findings from the Navajo Health and Nutrition Survey. Journal of Nutrition, 1997, 127, 2114S-2119S.	1.3	26
122	Correlates of leukocyte counts in men. Annals of Epidemiology, 1996, 6, 74-82.	0.9	24
123	Education, Health Behaviors, and the Blackâ€White Difference in Waistâ€toâ€Hip Ratio. Obesity, 1996, 4, 505-512.	4.0	5
124	Cigarette smoking and leukocyte subpopulations in men. Annals of Epidemiology, 1996, 6, 299-306.	0.9	66
125	Seasonal change in nutritional status among young children in an urban shanty town in Peru. Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1996, 90, 442-445.	0.7	19
126	Baldness and Ischemic Heart Disease in a National Sample of Men. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1996, 143, 651-657.	1.6	64

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127	Relation of Serum Uric Acid to Mortality and Ischemic Heart Disease. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1995, 141, 637-644.	1.6	419
128	Relation of Body Fat Distribution to Ischemic Heart Disease. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1995, 142, 53-63.	1.6	105
129	Plasma Lipid Levels and Psychologic Characteristics in Men. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1995, 141, 507-517.	1.6	90
130	The Importance of Body Fat Distribution in Early Life. American Journal of the Medical Sciences, 1995, 310, S72-S76.	0.4	10
131	THE RELATION OF DOCUMENTED CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE TO LEVELS OF TOTAL CHOLESTEROL AND HIGH-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN CHOLESTEROL. Epidemiology, 1994, 5, 80-87.	1.2	12
132	Do Obese Children Become Obese Adults? A Review of the Literature. Preventive Medicine, 1993, 22, 167-177.	1.6	1,445
133	The relation of atherosclerotic lesions to antemortem and postmortem lipid levels: the Bogalusa Heart Study. Atherosclerosis, 1993, 104, 37-46.	0.4	21
134	Interpretation of linear regression models that include transformations or interaction terms. Annals of Epidemiology, 1992, 2, 735-744.	0.9	33
135	Cholesterol and coronary artery disease: Age as an effect modifier. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 1992, 45, 1053-1059.	2.4	22
136	Serum cholesterol levels in a multiracial sample of 7,439 preschool children from Arizona. Preventive Medicine, 1992, 21, 162-176.	1.6	25
137	The Relation of Prothrombin Times to Coronary Heart Disease Risk Factors among Men Aged 31–45 Years. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1992, 136, 513-524.	1.6	3
138	Relation of serum testosterone levels to high density lipoprotein cholesterol and other characteristics in men Arteriosclerosis and Thrombosis: A Journal of Vascular Biology, 1991, 11, 307-315.	3.8	58
139	DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BLACK AND WHITE MEN IN CORRELATES OF HIGH DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN CHOLESTEROL. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1990, 132, 656-669.	1.6	28
140	Body fat distribution and male/female differences in lipids and lipoproteins Circulation, 1990, 81, 1498-1506.	1.6	175
141	Relation of body fat patterning to lipid and lipoprotein concentrations in children and adolescents: the Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1989, 50, 930-939.	2.2	134
142	Polymorphism in the 5′-flanking region of the insulin gene and its potential relation to cardiovascular disease risk: observations in a biracial community. Atherosclerosis, 1989, 79, 51-57.	0.4	13
143	Risk factors and the anatomic distribution of coronary artery disease. Atherosclerosis, 1989, 75, 227-236.	0.4	9
144	Health Risks of Obesity. Medical Clinics of North America, 1989, 73, 111-138.	1.1	266

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145	Risk Factors in Early Life as Predictors of Adult Heart Disease: The Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of the Medical Sciences, 1989, 298, 141-151.	0.4	110
146	Black/white differences in risk factors for arteriographically documented coronary artery disease in men. American Journal of Cardiology, 1988, 62, 214-219.	0.7	34
147	Use of 86 Rb and 22 Na in assaying active and cotransport activities in human erythrocytes in a biracial population. Clinica Chimica Acta, 1988, 176, 133-142.	0.5	4
148	Diabetes mellitus and arteriographically-documented coronary artery disease. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 1988, 41, 659-668.	2.4	33
149	Black-white differences in aortic fatty streaks in adolescence and early adulthood: the Bogalusa Heart Study Circulation, 1988, 77, 856-864.	1.6	104
150	RELATION OF TRIGLYCERIDE LEVELS TO CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE: THE MILWAUKEE CARDIOVASCULAR DATA REGISTRY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1988, 127, 1118-1130.	1.6	57
151	Cardiovascular Risk in Parents of Children With Extreme Lipoprotein Cholesterol Levels. Southern Medical Journal, 1988, 81, 341-353.	0.3	7
152	Reply to A Legido et al. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1988, 48, 686-687.	2.2	1
153	Body fat patterning and blood pressure in children and young adults. The Bogalusa Heart Study Hypertension, 1987, 9, 236-244.	1.3	130
154	Correlates of high density lipoprotein cholesterol and apolipoprotein A-I levels in children. The Bogalusa Heart Study Arteriosclerosis (Dallas, Tex ), 1987, 7, 354-360.	4.9	13
155	Black-white differences in cholesterol levels of serum high-density lipoprotein subclasses among children: the Bogalusa Heart Study Circulation, 1987, 76, 272-279.	1.6	37
156	ADVERSE INFLUENCES OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, AND ORAL CONTRACEPTIVE USE ON CARDIOVASCULAR RISK FACTORS DURING TRANSITION TO ADULTHOOD. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1987, 126, 202-213.	1.6	35
157	DESIGNATION OF CHILDREN WITH HIGH BLOOD PRESSUREâ€"CONSIDERATIONS ON PERCENTILE CUT POINTS AND SUBSEQUENT HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE: THE BOGALUSA HEART STUDY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1987, 125, 73-84.	1.6	23
158	Review: Atherosclerosis and its Evolution in Childhood. American Journal of the Medical Sciences, 1987, 294, 429-440.	0.4	36
159	Black-white differences in serum lipoproteins during sexual maturation: The Bogalusa Heart Study. Journal of Chronic Diseases, 1987, 40, 309-318.	1.3	37
160	The association between cardiovascular response tasks and future blood pressure levels in children: Bogalusa heart study. American Heart Journal, 1987, 113, 1174-1179.	1.2	69
161	Relation of body fat distribution to hyperinsulinemia in children and adolescents: the Bogalusa Heart Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 1987, 46, 403-410.	2.2	190
162	Relation of Serum Lipoprotein Levels and Systolic Blood Pressure to Early Atherosclerosis. New England Journal of Medicine, 1986, 314, 138-144.	13.9	1,012

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163	Fasting plasma glucose and insulin levels and their relationship to cardiovascular risk factors in children: Bogalusa Heart Study. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 1986, 35, 441-446.	1.5	135
164	CIGARETTE SMOKING INITLATION AND LONGITUDINAL CHANGES IN SERUM LIPIDS AND LIPOPOPROTEINS IN EARLY ADULTHOOD THE BOGALUSA HEART STUDY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1986, 124, 207-219.	1.6	87
165	Prevention of Atherosclerosis in Childhood. Pediatric Clinics of North America, 1986, 33, 835-858.	0.9	34
166	The Relation of Apolipoproteins A-I and B in Children to Parental Myocardial Infarction. New England Journal of Medicine, 1986, 315, 721-726.	13.9	172
167	Racial (black-white) comparisons of the relationship of levels of endogenous sex hormones to serum lipoproteins during male adolescence: the Bogalusa Heart Study Circulation, 1986, 74, 1226-1234.	1.6	41
168	Persistence of high diastolic blood pressure in thin children. The Bogalusa Heart Study Hypertension, 1986, 8, 24-29.	1.3	9
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