

Kadri KÃµiv

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Extracellular Dopamine Levels in Nucleus Accumbens after Chronic Stress in Rats with Persistently High vs. Low 50-kHz Ultrasonic Vocalization Response. <i>Brain Sciences</i> , 2021, 11, 470.	2.3	4
2	Effect of Neuropeptide S Administration on Ultrasonic Vocalizations and Behaviour in Rats with Low vs. High Exploratory Activity. <i>Pharmaceuticals</i> , 2021, 14, 524.	3.8	3
3	Expression and impact of Lsamp neural adhesion molecule in the serotonergic neurotransmission system. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2020, 198, 173017.	2.9	6
4	Effect of chronic variable stress on sensitization to amphetamine in high and low sucrose-consuming rats. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 33, 1512-1523.	4.0	10
5	Chronic stress sensitizes amphetamine-elicited 50-kHz calls in the rat: Dependence on positive affective phenotype and effects of long-term fluoxetine pretreatment. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2018, 171, 10-19.	2.9	6
6	Antidepressants differentially affect striatal amphetamine-stimulated dopamine and serotonin release in rats with high and low novelty-oriented behaviour. <i>Pharmacological Research</i> , 2016, 113, 739-746.	7.1	11
7	Middle-range exploratory activity in adult rats suggests higher resilience to chronic social defeat. <i>Acta Neuropsychiatrica</i> , 2016, 28, 125-140.	2.1	7
8	Chronic variable stress prevents amphetamine-elicited 50-kHz calls in rats with low positive affectivity. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 26, 631-643.	0.7	16
9	Revealing the cerebral regions and networks mediating vulnerability to depression: Oxidative metabolism mapping of rat brain. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2014, 267, 83-94.	2.2	23
10	The effect of denervation of the locus coeruleus projections with N-(2-chloroethyl)-N-ethyl-2-bromobenzylamine (DSP-4) on cocaine-induced locomotion and place preference in rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2011, 216, 172-179.	2.2	4
11	Brain responses to chronic social defeat stress: Effects on regional oxidative metabolism as a function of a hedonic trait, and gene expression in susceptible and resilient rats. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 21, 92-107.	0.7	55
12	Differences in 5-HT _{1A} receptor-mediated hypothermia in rats with low or high exploratory activity. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 21, 765-768.	1.7	3
13	Differential gene expression in a rat model of depression based on persistent differences in exploratory activity. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 20, 288-300.	0.7	43
14	Rats with persistently high exploratory activity have both higher extracellular dopamine levels and higher proportion of D receptors in the striatum. <i>Synapse</i> , 2009, 63, 443-446.	1.2	25
15	Rat behavior after chronic variable stress and partial lesioning of 5-HT-ergic neurotransmission: Effects of citalopram. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 32, 164-177.	4.8	59
16	Rats with persistently low or high exploratory activity: Behaviour in tests of anxiety and depression, and extracellular levels of dopamine. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2007, 177, 269-281.	2.2	87
17	Tickling-induced 50-kHz ultrasonic vocalization is individually stable and predicts behaviour in tests of anxiety and depression in rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2007, 184, 57-71.	2.2	80