Jasim M Albandar

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

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113 papers	8,828 citations	34016 52 h-index	43802 91 g-index
113 all docs	113 docs citations	113 times ranked	5820 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	National survey of periodontal diseases in adolescents and young adults in Morocco. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2022, 49, 439-447.	2.3	4
2	Prevalence of periodontal disease in young Moroccans: A national survey. Journal of Periodontology, 2022, 93, 1867-1877.	1.7	1
3	Prevalence and risk indicators of periâ€implant diseases in a group of Moroccan patients. Journal of Periodontology, 2021, 92, 1096-1106.	1.7	9
4	Measurement and Distribution of Periodontal Diseases. , 2021, , 171-188.		4
5	Obesity as a risk factor for tooth loss over 5Âyears: A populationâ€based cohort study. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2021, 48, 15-24.	2.3	12
6	Periodontitis stage and grade are associated with poor oralâ€healthâ€related quality of life: Findings from the <scp>Porto Alegre</scp> cohort study. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2021, 48, 1333-1343.	2.3	12
7	Manifestations of systemic diseases and conditions that affect the periodontal attachment apparatus: Case definitions and diagnostic considerations. Journal of Periodontology, 2018, 89, S183-S203.	1.7	117
8	Periodontal manifestations of systemic diseases and developmental and acquired conditions: Consensus report of workgroup 3 of the 2017 World Workshop on the Classification of Periodontal and Periâ€implant Diseases and Conditions. Journal of Periodontology, 2018, 89, S237-S248.	1.7	239
9	Manifestations of systemic diseases and conditions that affect the periodontal attachment apparatus: Case definitions and diagnostic considerations. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2018, 45, S171-S189.	2.3	110
10	Periodontal manifestations of systemic diseases and developmental and acquired conditions: Consensus report of workgroup 3 of the 2017 World Workshop on the Classification of Periodontal and Periâ€implant Diseases and Conditions. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2018, 45, S219-S229.	2.3	303
11	Effect of Alcohol Consumption on Clinical Attachment Loss Progression in an Urban Population From South Brazil: A 5â€year Longitudinal Study. Journal of Periodontology, 2017, 88, 1271-1280.	1.7	21
12	Aggressive and chronic periodontitis in a population of Moroccan school students. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2016, 43, 934-939.	2.3	17
13	Effect of obesity on periodontal attachment loss progression: a 5â€year populationâ€based prospective study. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2016, 43, 557-565.	2.3	38
14	Systematic review of the in vitro effects of statins on oral and perioral microorganisms. European Journal of Oral Sciences, 2016, 124, 4-10.	0.7	35
15	Description and evaluation of an intraoral cervical plexus anesthetic technique. Clinical Anatomy, 2015, 28, 608-613.	1.5	8
16	The association between alcohol consumption and periodontitis in southern Brazilian adults. Journal of Periodontal Research, 2015, 50, 622-628.	1.4	22
17	A population-based cohort study of oral health in South Brazil: The Porto Alegre Study. Revista Brasileira De Epidemiologia, 2015, 18, 515-519.	0.3	3
18	Standards for reporting chronic periodontitis prevalence and severity in epidemiologic studies. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2015, 42, 407-412.	2.3	230

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19	Risk factors for the progression of periodontal attachment loss: a 5â€yearpopulationâ€based study in South Brazil. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2014, 41, 215-223.	2.3	37
20	Aggressive and acute periodontal diseases. Periodontology 2000, 2014, 65, 7-12.	6.3	65
21	Aggressive periodontitis: case definition and diagnostic criteria. Periodontology 2000, 2014, 65, 13-26.	6.3	129
22	Epidemiology and demographics of aggressive periodontitis. Periodontology 2000, 2014, 65, 27-45.	6.3	119
23	Role of genetic factors in the pathogenesis of aggressive periodontitis. Periodontology 2000, 2014, 65, 92-106.	6.3	70
24	Aggressive forms of periodontitis secondary to systemic disorders. Periodontology 2000, 2014, 65, 134-148.	6.3	35
25	The 1-Year Treatment Outcome of Generalized Chronic Periodontitis May be Enhanced by the Systemic Use of Metronidazole Alone or in Combination With Amoxicillin as Adjuncts to Scaling and Root Planing. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2013, 13, 52-54.	0.7	2
26	The Subgingival Microbiota of Papillonâ€LefÃ¨vre Syndrome. Journal of Periodontology, 2012, 83, 902-908.	1.7	31
27	Adjunctive azithromycin in the treatment of aggressive periodontitis: Microbiological findings of a 12-month randomized clinical trial. Journal of Dentistry, 2012, 40, 556-563.	1.7	24
28	Adjunctive Antibiotics with Nonsurgical Periodontal Therapy Improve the Clinical Outcome of Chronic Periodontitis in Current Smokers. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2012, 12, 63-66.	0.7	9
29	Treatment of Intrabony Defects With Access Flap Surgery Improves the Periodontal Parameters and Yields a Modest Attachment Gain. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2012, 12, 206-208.	0.7	2
30	Pattern and rate of progression of periodontal attachment loss in an urban population of South <scp>B</scp>razil: a 5â€years populationâ€based prospective study. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2012, 39, 1-9.	2.3	47
31	Immediate Implants with Immediate Loading vs. Conventional Loading: 1â€Year Randomized Clinical Trial. Clinical Implant Dentistry and Related Research, 2012, 14, 663-671.	1.6	32
32	Oral health status in elders from South Brazil: a populationâ€based study. Gerodontology, 2012, 29, 214-223.	0.8	42
33	Underestimation of Periodontitis in NHANES Surveys. Journal of Periodontology, 2011, 82, 337-341.	1.7	129
34	Adjunctive Antibiotics with Nonsurgical Periodontal Therapy Improve the Clinical Outcome of Chronic Periodontitis in Current Smokers. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2011, 11, 137-140.	0.7	10
35	Prevalence and risk indicators for chronic periodontitis in adolescents and young adults in south Brazil. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2011, 38, 326-333.	2.3	64
36	Prevalence of Aggregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans in Sudanese patients with aggressive periodontitis: a case-control study. Journal of Periodontal Research, 2011, 46, 285-291.	1.4	33

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37	Prevalence and risk indicators of oral mucosal lesions in an urban population from South Brazil. Oral Diseases, 2011, 17, 171-179.	1.5	54
38	Bone Regeneration Around Implants in Periodontally Compromised Patients: A Randomized Clinical Trial of the Effect of Immediate Implant With Immediate Loading. Journal of Periodontology, 2010, 81, 1743-1751.	1.7	37
39	Ethnic Disparities in the Prevalence of Periodontitis Among High School Students in Sudan. Journal of Periodontology, 2010, 81, 891-896.	1.7	39
40	Enamel Matrix Derivative Versus Bioactive Ceramic Filler in the Treatment of Intrabony Defects: 12-Month Results. Journal of Periodontology, 2009, 80, 219-227.	1.7	16
41	Association Among Menopause, Hormone Replacement Therapy, and Periodontal Attachment Loss in Southern Brazilian Women. Journal of Periodontology, 2009, 80, 1380-1387.	1.7	58
42	Effect of partial recording protocols on severity estimates of periodontal disease. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2008, 35, 659-667.	2.3	132
43	Azithromycin as an adjunctive treatment of aggressive periodontitis: 12â€months randomized clinical trial. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2008, 35, 696-704.	2.3	95
44	Periodontal Disease is Prevalent Among Adults in France. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2008, 8, 89-90.	0.7	0
45	Oral Bisphosphonate Therapy may not Significantly Compromise Dental Implants Success. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2008, 8, 229-231.	0.7	4
46	Periodontal Disease Surveillance. Journal of Periodontology, 2007, 78, 1179-1181.	1.7	37
47	Bioactive Ceramic Filler in the Treatment of Severe Osseous Defects: 12-Month Results. Journal of Periodontology, 2007, 78, 403-410.	1.7	18
48	Tooth Loss in a Young Population from South Brazil. Journal of Public Health Dentistry, 2006, 66, 110-115.	0.5	48
49	Bone formation at titanium porous oxide (TiUniteâ„¢) oral implants in type IV bone. Clinical Oral Implants Research, 2005, 16, 105-111.	1.9	81
50	Occurrence and risk indicators of increased probing depth in an adult Brazilian population. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2005, 32, 123-129.	2.3	48
51	Prognostic factors for alveolar regeneration: effect of space provision. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2005, 32, 951-954.	2.3	52
52	Tooth loss and associated risk indicators in an adult urban population from south Brazil. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 2005, 63, 85-93.	0.9	113
53	Overweight and Obesity as Risk Indicators for Periodontitis in Adults. Journal of Periodontology, 2005, 76, 1721-1728.	1.7	192
54	Aggressive Periodontitis in an Urban Population in Southern Brazil. Journal of Periodontology, 2005, 76, 468-475.	1.7	84

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55	Effect of Partial Recording Protocols on Estimates of Prevalence of Periodontal Disease. Journal of Periodontology, 2005, 76, 262-267.	1.7	154
56	Epidemiology and Risk Factors of Periodontal Diseases. Dental Clinics of North America, 2005, 49, 517-532.	0.8	257
57	Periodontal repair in dogs: examiner reproducibility in the supraalveolar periodontal defect model. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2004, 31, 439-442.	2.3	17
58	Prognostic factors for alveolar regeneration: effect of a space-providing biomaterial on guided tissue regeneration. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2004, 31, 725-729.	2.3	74
59	Prognostic factors for alveolar regeneration: effect of tissue occlusion on alveolar bone regeneration with guided tissue regeneration. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2004, 31, 730-735.	2.3	37
60	Prognostic factors for alveolar regeneration: osteogenic potential of resident bone. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2004, 31, 840-844.	2.3	19
61	Prognostic factors for alveolar regeneration: bone formation at teeth and titanium implants. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2004, 31, 927-932.	2.3	32
62	Periodontal attachment loss attributable to cigarette smoking in an urban Brazilian population. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2004, 31, 951-958.	2.3	68
63	Gingival Recession: Epidemiology and Risk Indicators in a Representative Urban Brazilian Population. Journal of Periodontology, 2004, 75, 1377-1386.	1.7	194
64	Periodontal Repair in Dogs: Analysis of Histometric Assessments in the Supraalveolar Periodontal Defect Model. Journal of Periodontology, 2004, 75, 1688-1693.	1.7	18
65	Periodontal Attachment Loss in an Urban Population of Brazilian Adults: Effect of Demographic, Behavioral, and Environmental Risk Indicators. Journal of Periodontology, 2004, 75, 1033-1041.	1.7	136
66	Use of classification systems in epidemiologic studies of early-onset periodontitis. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2004, 4, 153-155.	0.7	0
67	Periodontal referrals show more severe periodontal disease and higher numbers of missing teeth from 1980 to 2000. Journal of Evidence-based Dental Practice, 2004, 4, 279-282.	0.7	0
68	Subgingival microbiota levels and their associations with periodontal status at the sampled sites in an adult Sudanese population using miswak or toothbrush regularly. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 2003, 61, 115-122.	0.9	27
69	Salivary microbiota levels in relation to periodontal status, experience of caries and miswak use in Sudanese adults. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2002, 29, 411-420.	2.3	66
70	Associations of serum concentrations of IgG, IgA, IgM and interleukin-1Î² with early-onset periodontitis classification and race. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2002, 29, 421-426.	2.3	31
71	Prevalence of aggressive periodontitis in school attendees in Uganda. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2002, 29, 823-831.	2.3	64
72	Global epidemiology of periodontal diseases: an overview. Periodontology 2000, 2002, 29, 7-10.	6.3	357

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73	Methodological aspects of epidemiological studies of periodontal diseases. Periodontology 2000, 2002, 29, 11-30.	6.3	220
74	Periodontal diseases in North America. Periodontology 2000, 2002, 29, 31-69.	6.3	189
75	Global epidemiology of periodontal diseases in children and young persons. Periodontology 2000, 2002, 29, 153-176.	6.3	241
76	Global risk factors and risk indicators for periodontal diseases. Periodontology 2000, 2002, 29, 177-206.	6.3	412
77	Risk factors for periodontitis in children and young persons. Periodontology 2000, 2002, 29, 207-222.	6.3	82
78	Prevention and control of periodontal diseases in developing and industrialized nations. Periodontology 2000, 2002, 29, 235-246.	6.3	71
79	Correlations between bacterial levels in autologous subgingival plaque and saliva of adult Sudanese. Clinical Oral Investigations, 2002, 6, 210-216.	1.4	9
80	Associations Between Serum Antibody Levels to Periodontal Pathogens and Early-Onset Periodontitis. Journal of Periodontology, 2001, 72, 1463-1469.	1.7	60
81	Periodontal status of adult Sudanese habitual users of miswak chewing sticks or toothbrushes. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 2000, 58, 25-30.	0.9	71
82	Cigar, Pipe, and Cigarette Smoking as Risk Factors for Periodontal Disease and Tooth Loss. Journal of Periodontology, 2000, 71, 1874-1881.	1.7	310
83	Destructive Periodontal Disease in Adults 30 Years of Age and Older in the United States, 1988-1994. Journal of Periodontology, 1999, 70, 13-29.	1.7	636
84	Gingival Recession, Gingival Bleeding, and Dental Calculus in Adults 30 Years of Age and Older in the United States, 1988-1994. Journal of Periodontology, 1999, 70, 30-43.	1.7	409
85	Gingival inflammation and subgingival calculus as determinants of disease progression in early-onset periodontitis. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1998, 25, 231-237.	2.3	80
86	Putative Periodontal Pathogens in Subgingival Plaque of Young Adults With and Without Early-Onset Periodontitis. Journal of Periodontology, 1997, 68, 973-981.	1.7	119
87	Clinical Classification of Periodontitis in Adolescents and Young Adults. Journal of Periodontology, 1997, 68, 545-555.	1.7	83
88	CLINICAL FEATURES OF EARLY-ONSET PERIODONTITIS. Journal of the American Dental Association, 1997, 128, 1393-1399.	0.7	85
89	Dental Caries and Tooth Loss in Adolescents With Earlyâ€Onset Periodontitis. Journal of Periodontology, 1996, 67, 960-967.	1.7	26
90	Earlyâ€Onset Periodontitis: Progression of Attachment Loss During 6 Years. Journal of Periodontology, 1996, 67, 968-975.	1.7	53

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91	Gingival State and Dental Calculus in Earlyâ€Onset Periodontitis. Journal of Periodontology, 1996, 67, 953-959.	1.7	49
92	Lack of Effect of Oral Hygiene Training on Periodontal Disease Progression Over 3 Years in Adolescents. Journal of Periodontology, 1995, 66, 255-260.	1.7	28
93	Caries Lesions and Dental Restorations as Predisposing Factors in the Progression of Periodontal Diseases in Adolescents. A 3â€Year Longitudinal Study. Journal of Periodontology, 1995, 66, 249-254.	1.7	56
94	Longâ€Term Effect of Two Preventive Programs on the Incidence of Plaque and Gingivitis in Adolescents. Journal of Periodontology, 1994, 65, 605-610.	1.7	62
95	Chlorhexidine Use After Two Decades of Overâ€theâ€Counter Availability. Journal of Periodontology, 1994, 65, 109-112.	1.7	32
96	Juvenile periodontitis - pattern of progression and relationship to clinical periodontal parameters. Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology, 1993, 21, 185-189.	0.9	32
97	Multiâ€Level Statistical Models in Studies of Periodontal Diseases. Journal of Periodontology, 1992, 63, 690-695.	1.7	49
98	Antibiotic prescribing practices among Norwegian dentists. European Journal of Oral Sciences, 1992, 100, 232-235.	0.7	11
99	Destructive Forms of Periodontal Disease in Adolescents. A 3â€Year Longitudinal Study. Journal of Periodontology, 1991, 62, 370-376.	1.7	58
100	An in vivo model for the identification of serum proteins in the acquired subgingival pellicle. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1991, 18, 341-345.	2.3	11
101	A 6-year study on the pattern of periodontal disease progression. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1990, 17, 467-471.	2.3	99
102	Nucleic acid probes as potential tools in oral microbial epidemiology. Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology, 1990, 18, 88-94.	0.9	5
103	Some predictors of radiographic alveolar bone height reduction over 6 years. Journal of Periodontal Research, 1990, 25, 186-192.	1.4	44
104	Associations between six DNA probe-detected periodontal bacteria and alveolar bone loss and other clinical signs of periodontitis. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 1990, 48, 415-423.	0.9	41
105	Prevalence of incipient radiographic periodontal lesions in relation to ethnic background and dental care provisions in young adults. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1989, 16, 625-629.	2.3	38
106	Validity and reliability of alveolar bone level measurements made on dry skulls. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1989, 16, 575-579.	2.3	49
107	Variation in prevalence of radiographic alveolar bone loss in subgroups of 14-year-old schoolchildren in Oslo. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1988, 15, 130-133.	2.3	62
108	Pattern of alveolar bone loss and reliability of measurements of the radiographic technique. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 1988, 46, 227-232.	0.9	11

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109	Attachment of human gingival fibroblasts to planed root surfaces exposed to human plasma in vitro. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 1987, 45, 353-360.	0.9	4
110	Radiographic quantification of alveolar bone level changes: Predictors of longitudinal bone loss. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 1987, 45, 55-59.	0.9	17
111	Radiographic quantification of alveolar bone level changes. A 2-year longitudinal study in man. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1986, 13, 195-200.	2.3	110
112	Radiographic quantification of alveolar bone level changes. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1986, 13, 810-813.	2.3	54
113	Comparison between standardized periapical and bitewing radiographs in assessing alveolar bone loss. Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology, 1985, 13, 222-224.	0.9	26