

# Masato Nakafuku

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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65  
papers

10,798  
citations

53794

45  
h-index

118850

62  
g-index

66  
all docs

66  
docs citations

66  
times ranked

10652  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Olig2 defines a subset of neural stem cells that produce specific olfactory bulb interneuron subtypes in the subventricular zone of adult mice. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2022, 149, .	2.5	7
2	Conserved Gsx2/Ind homeodomain monomer versus homodimer DNA binding defines regulatory outcomes in flies and mice. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2021, 35, 157-174.	5.9	17
3	Developmental dynamics of neurogenesis and gliogenesis in the postnatal mammalian brain in health and disease: Historical and future perspectives. <i>Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Developmental Biology</i> , 2020, 9, e369.	5.9	16
4	Physical interactions between Gsx2 and Ascl1 balance progenitor expansion versus neurogenesis in the mouse lateral ganglionic eminence. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2020, 147, .	2.5	14
5	Neurogenesis in the damaged mammalian brain. , 2020, , 523-597.		1
6	Gsx transcription factors control neuronal versus glial specification in ventricular zone progenitors of the mouse lateral ganglionic eminence. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2018, 442, 115-126.	2.0	33
7	Neurogenesis in the Developing and Adult Brain—Similarities and Key Differences. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology</i> , 2016, 8, a018853.	5.5	120
8	Characterization of a new <i>Gsx2</i> <i>cre</i> line in the developing mouse telencephalon. <i>Genesis</i> , 2016, 54, 542-549.	1.6	15
9	<i>In Vivo</i> Reprogramming for Brain and Spinal Cord Repair. <i>ENeuro</i> , 2015, 2, ENEURO.0106-15.2015.	1.9	38
10	Transgenic expression of the proneural transcription factor Ascl1 in MÃ¼ller glia stimulates retinal regeneration in young mice. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 13717-13722.	7.1	220
11	The Protein Tyrosine Phosphatase Shp2 Is Required for the Generation of Oligodendrocyte Progenitor Cells and Myelination in the Mouse Telencephalon. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 34, 3767-3778.	3.6	40
12	A Transcriptional Mechanism Integrating Inputs from Extracellular Signals to Activate Hippocampal Stem Cells. <i>Neuron</i> , 2014, 83, 1085-1097.	8.1	190
13	Environmental impact on direct neuronal reprogramming in vivo in the adult brain. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2013, 4, 2373.	12.8	206
14	Ciliary Neurotrophic Factor Receptor Regulation of Adult Forebrain Neurogenesis. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 33, 1241-1258.	3.6	15
15	Ascl1/Mash1 Promotes Brain Oligodendrogenesis during Myelination and Remyelination. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 33, 9752-9768.	3.6	116
16	The homeobox gene <i>Gsx2</i> controls the timing of oligodendroglial fate specification in mouse lateral ganglionic eminence progenitors. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2013, 140, 2289-2298.	2.5	54
17	Gsx2 controls region-specific activation of neural stem cells and injury-induced neurogenesis in the adult subventricular zone. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2013, 27, 1272-1287.	5.9	84
18	<i>Ex Vivo</i> Diffusion Tensor Imaging and Neuropathological Correlation in a Murine Model of Hypoxia—Ischemia-Induced Thrombotic Stroke. <i>Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow and Metabolism</i> , 2011, 31, 1155-1169.	4.3	61

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19	Homeobox genes Gsx1 and Gsx2 differentially regulate telencephalic progenitor maturation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 1675-1680.	7.1	72
20	The Wnt receptor Ryk controls specification of GABAergic neurons versus oligodendrocytes during telencephalon development. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2011, 138, 409-419.	2.5	38
21	Coordinated control of self-renewal and differentiation of neural stem cells by Myc and the p19ARF-p53 pathway. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2009, 184, 335-335.	5.2	0
22	Revisiting neural stem cell identity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008, 105, 829-830.	7.1	19
23	Ascl1 is required for oligodendrocyte development in the spinal cord. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2008, 135, 1271-1281.	2.5	92
24	Coordinated control of self-renewal and differentiation of neural stem cells by Myc and the p19ARF-p53 pathway. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2008, 183, 1243-1257.	5.2	64
25	The Proneural Gene Mash1 Specifies an Early Population of Telencephalic Oligodendrocytes. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 27, 4233-4242.	3.6	179
26	Cross Talk between Notch and Growth Factor/Cytokine Signaling Pathways in Neural Stem Cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2007, 27, 3982-3994.	2.3	102
27	Combinatorial actions of patterning and HLH transcription factors in the spatiotemporal control of neurogenesis and gliogenesis in the developing spinal cord. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2007, 134, 1617-1629.	2.5	170
28	Control of neurogenesis and tyrosine hydroxylase expression in neural progenitor cells through bHLH proteins and Nurr1. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2007, 203, 394-405.	4.1	70
29	Cdc42 deficiency causes Sonic hedgehog-independent holoprosencephaly. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2006, 103, 16520-16525.	7.1	114
30	Notch1 Signaling Regulates Radial Glia Differentiation through Multiple Transcriptional Mechanisms. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2006, 26, 3102-3108.	3.6	52
31	Growth Factor Treatment and Genetic Manipulation Stimulate Neurogenesis and Oligodendrogenesis by Endogenous Neural Progenitors in the Injured Adult Spinal Cord. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2006, 26, 11948-11960.	3.6	191
32	Gsh2 is required for the repression of Ngn1 and specification of dorsal interneuron fate in the spinal cord. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2005, 132, 2991-3002.	2.5	48
33	The Pax6 isoform bearing an alternative spliced exon promotes the development of the neural retinal structure. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2005, 14, 735-745.	2.9	58
34	Transdifferentiation of the retinal pigment epithelia to the neural retina by transfer of the Pax6 transcriptional factor. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2005, 14, 1059-1068.	2.9	61
35	Hes binding to STAT3 mediates crosstalk between Notch and JAK-STAT signalling. <i>Nature Cell Biology</i> , 2004, 6, 547-554.	10.3	375
36	Mash1 specifies neurons and oligodendrocytes in the postnatal brain. <i>EMBO Journal</i> , 2004, 23, 4495-4505.	7.8	341

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37	Notch promotes survival of neural precursor cells via mechanisms distinct from those regulating neurogenesis. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2004, 276, 172-184.	2.0	78
38	Differential activities of Sonic hedgehog mediated by Gli transcription factors define distinct neuronal subtypes in the dorsal thalamus. <i>Mechanisms of Development</i> , 2003, 120, 1097-1111.	1.7	111
39	F3/Contactin Acts as a Functional Ligand for Notch during Oligodendrocyte Maturation. <i>Cell</i> , 2003, 115, 163-175.	28.9	332
40	Regeneration of Hippocampal Pyramidal Neurons after Ischemic Brain Injury by Recruitment of Endogenous Neural Progenitors. <i>Cell</i> , 2002, 110, 429-441.	28.9	1,391
41	Cell-type-specific expression of protein tyrosine kinase-related receptor RYK in the central nervous system of the rat. <i>Molecular Brain Research</i> , 2002, 104, 255-266.	2.3	7
42	Glial cells generate neurons: the role of the transcription factor Pax6. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2002, 5, 308-315.	14.8	701
43	Early subdivisions in the neural plate define distinct competence for inductive signals. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2002, 129, 83-93.	2.5	200
44	Dual origin of spinal oligodendrocyte progenitors and evidence for the cooperative role of <i>Olig2</i> and <i>Nkx2.2</i> in the control of oligodendrocyte differentiation. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2002, 129, 681-693.	2.5	184
45	Identification of Sonic Hedgehog-Responsive Genes Using cDNA Microarray. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2001, 289, 472-478.	2.1	29
46	Proliferation of Parenchymal Neural Progenitors in Response to Injury in the Adult Rat Spinal Cord. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2001, 172, 115-127.	4.1	228
47	Combinatorial Roles of <i>Olig2</i> and <i>Neurogenin2</i> in the Coordinated Induction of Pan-Neuronal and Subtype-Specific Properties of Motoneurons. <i>Neuron</i> , 2001, 31, 757-771.	8.1	399
48	Transcription Factor Expression and Notch-Dependent Regulation of Neural Progenitors in the Adult Rat Spinal Cord. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2001, 21, 9814-9823.	3.6	235
49	The Neural RNA-Binding Protein <i>Musashi1</i> Translationally Regulates Mammalian <i>numb</i> Gene Expression by Interacting with Its mRNA. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2001, 21, 3888-3900.	2.3	433
50	Role of <i>Deltex-1</i> as a Transcriptional Regulator Downstream of the Notch Receptor. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2001, 276, 45031-45040.	3.4	169
51	Dynamic expression of basic helix-loop-helix Olig family members: implication of <i>Olig2</i> in neuron and oligodendrocyte differentiation and identification of a new member, <i>Olig3</i> . <i>Mechanisms of Development</i> , 2000, 99, 143-148.	1.7	346
52	Sonic Hedgehog-induced Activation of the <i>Gli1</i> Promoter Is Mediated by <i>GLI3</i> . <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1999, 274, 8143-8152.	3.4	466
53	Mesodermal- vs. neuronal-specific expression of <i>MafK</i> is elicited by different promoters. <i>Genes To Cells</i> , 1996, 1, 223-238.	1.2	40
54	Identification of <i>AF-6</i> and <i>Canoe</i> as Putative Targets for <i>Ras</i> . <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1996, 271, 607-610.	3.4	190

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55	Identification of IQGAP as a Putative Target for the Small GTPases, Cdc42 and Rac1. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1996, 271, 23363-23367.	3.4	290
56	Biosynthesis and Expression of Polysialic Acid on the Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule Is Predominantly Directed by ST8Sia II/STX during in Vitro Neuronal Differentiation. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1996, 271, 22058-22062.	3.4	53
57	Establishment and characterization of a multipotential neural cell line that can conditionally generate neurons, astrocytes, and oligodendrocytes in vitro. Journal of Neuroscience Research, 1995, 41, 153-168.	2.9	57
58	A Novel GTPase-activating Protein for R-Ras. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1995, 270, 30557-30561.	3.4	62
59	Inhibition of Ras/Raf Interaction by Anti-oncogenic Mutants of Neurofibromin, the Neurofibromatosis Type 1 (NF1) Gene Product, in Cell-free Systems. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1995, 270, 28834-28838.	3.4	8
60	Epidermal growth factor and transforming growth factor- $\beta$ can induce neuronal differentiation of rat pheochromocytoma PC 12 cells under particular culture conditions. FEBS Letters, 1993, 315, 227-232.	2.8	28
61	Structure and Function of Signal-Transducing GTP-Binding Proteins. Annual Review of Biochemistry, 1991, 60, 349-400.	11.1	659
62	<i>S. cerevisiae</i> genes IRA1 and IRA2 encode proteins that may be functionally equivalent to mammalian ras GTPase activating protein. Cell, 1990, 60, 803-807.	28.9	346
63	Organization of Genes Coding for G-Protein $\beta$ Subunits in Higher and Lower Eukaryotes. , 1990, , 63-80.		2
64	Studies on ras proteins. Catalytic properties of normal and activated ras proteins purified in the absence of protein denaturants. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta Gene Regulatory Mechanisms, 1988, 949, 97-109.	2.4	61
65	GPA1, a haploid-specific essential gene, encodes a yeast homolog of mammalian G protein which may be involved in mating factor signal transduction. Cell, 1987, 50, 1011-1019.	28.9	400