

Christian Kärner

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

262
papers

31,855
citations

3933

88
h-index

5829

161
g-index

404
all docs

404
docs citations

404
times ranked

23019
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A hierarchical inventory of the world's mountains for global comparative mountain science. Scientific Data, 2022, 9, 149.	5.3	20
2	The forest's nutrient cycle drives its carbon cycle. Tree Physiology, 2022, 42, 425-427.	3.1	3
3	Limits and Strengths of Tree-Ring Stable Isotopes. Tree Physiology, 2022, , 399-428.	2.5	7
4	Integrating the evidence for a terrestrial carbon sink caused by increasing atmospheric CO ₂ . New Phytologist, 2021, 229, 2413-2445.	7.3	286
5	Water and nutrient relations of mistletoes at the drought limit of their hosting evergreen oaks in the semiarid upper Yangtze region, SW China. Trees - Structure and Function, 2021, 35, 387-394.	1.9	1
6	Water relations of trailing evergreen oaks in the semi-arid upper Yangtze region, SE Himalaya. Journal of Systematics and Evolution, 2021, , .	3.1	5
7	Carbon investments. , 2021, , 309-333.		0
8	Climatic stress. , 2021, , 175-201.		0
9	The alpine life zone. , 2021, , 23-51.		2
10	Alpine treelines. , 2021, , 141-173.		5
11	Plant reproduction. , 2021, , 395-449.		1
12	Global change at high elevation. , 2021, , 451-483.		1
13	Cell division and tissue formation. , 2021, , 355-373.		0
14	Plant ecology at high elevations. , 2021, , 1-22.		2
15	The climate plants experience. , 2021, , 65-88.		2
16	Plant biomass production. , 2021, , 375-394.		0
17	Alpine soils. , 2021, , 119-140.		0
18	Populations-und Vegetationsökologie. , 2021, , 1013-1054.		0

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19	Mineral nutrition. , 2021, , 237-268.		2
20	Elevation-specific responses of phenology in evergreen oaks from their low-dry to their extreme high-cold range limits in the SE Himalaya. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2021, 131, 89-102.	2.4	4
21	Rhizosphere "Trade"™ Is an Unnecessary Analogy: Response to NoA«. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 36, 176-177.	8.7	4
22	Flowering phenology in alpine grassland strongly responds to shifts in snowmelt but weakly to summer drought. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2021, 131, 73-88.	2.4	19
23	Upregulation of HLA-F expression by BK polyomavirus infection induces immune recognition by KIR3DS1-positive natural killer cells. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2021, 99, 1140-1148.	5.2	9
24	Biomass allocation and seasonal non-structural carbohydrate dynamics do not explain the success of tall forbs in short alpine grassland. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2021, 197, 1063-1077.	2.0	13
25	"Fading of the temperature" growth coupling"™ in treeline trees reflects a conceptual bias. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 3951-3952.	9.5	13
26	The cold range limit of trees. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 36, 979-989.	8.7	61
27	Why Is the Alpine Flora Comparatively Robust against Climatic Warming?. <i>Diversity</i> , 2021, 13, 383.	1.7	51
28	Mountain definitions and their consequences. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2021, 131, 213-217.	2.4	23
29	KIR3DS1 directs NK cell-mediated protection against human adenovirus infections. <i>Science Immunology</i> , 2021, 6, eabe2942.	11.9	8
30	Life under and in snow: protection and limitation. , 2021, , 89-118.		1
31	Alpine climate. , 2021, , 53-64.		0
32	Uptake and loss of carbon. , 2021, , 269-308.		0
33	Alpine Plant Life. , 2021, , .		116
34	Water relations. , 2021, , 203-236.		1
35	Pflanzen im Lebensraum. , 2021, , 947-1012.		0
36	Soil invertebrate abundance, diversity, and community composition across steep high elevation snowmelt gradients in the European Alps. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2021, 53, 288-299.	1.1	4

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37	Plant Adaptations to Alpine Environments. , 2020, , 355-361.		3
38	Halving sunlight reveals no carbon limitation of aboveground biomass production in alpine grassland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 1857-1872.	9.5	17
39	High Metabolic Function and Resilience of NKG2A-Educated NK Cells. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 559576.	4.8	13
40	Surplus Carbon Drives Allocation and Plant-Soil Interactions. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 35, 1110-1118.	8.7	171
41	Distinct Signatures in the Receptor Repertoire Discriminate CD56 ^{bright} and CD56 ^{dim} Natural Killer Cells. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2020, 11, 568927.	4.8	12
42	Explaining the exceptional 4270 m high elevation limit of an evergreen oak in the south-eastern Himalayas. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2020, 40, 1327-1342.	3.1	13
43	Experiments by Nature: Strength in Realism. , 2020, , 236-240.		0
44	Climatic Controls of the Global High Elevation Treelines. , 2020, , 275-281.		6
45	Share the wealth: Trees with greater ectomycorrhizal species overlap share more carbon. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2020, 29, 2321-2333.	3.9	42
46	A first assessment of the impact of the extreme 2018 summer drought on Central European forests. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2020, 45, 86-103.	2.7	482
47	Tools Shape Paradigms of Plant-Environment Interactions. <i>Progress in Botany Fortschritte Der Botanik</i> , 2020, , 1-41.	0.3	3
48	A subset of HLA-DP molecules serve as ligands for the natural cytotoxicity receptor NKp44. <i>Nature Immunology</i> , 2019, 20, 1129-1137.	14.5	59
49	Life at 0°C: the biology of the alpine snowbed plant <i>Soldanella pusilla</i> . <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2019, 129, 63-80.	2.4	38
50	Increased Nitrogen Availability in the Soil Under Mature <i>Picea abies</i> Trees Exposed to Elevated CO ₂ Concentrations. <i>Frontiers in Forests and Global Change</i> , 2019, 2, .	2.3	14
51	A Humboldtian view of mountains. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 365, 1061-1061.	12.6	20
52	Limited capacity of tree growth to mitigate the global greenhouse effect under predicted warming. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 2171.	12.8	92
53	No need for pipes when the well is dry—a comment on hydraulic failure in trees. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2019, 39, 695-700.	3.1	71
54	Twelve years of low nutrient input stimulates growth of trees and dwarf shrubs in the treeline ecotone. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 768-780.	4.0	23

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55	Flowerâ€visitor communities of an arctoâ€alpine plantâ€”Global patterns in species richness, phylogenetic diversity and ecological functioning. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2019, 28, 318-335.	3.9	15
56	Alpine Ecosystems and the High-Elevation Treeline. , 2019, , 407-413.		1
57	A bioclimatic characterization of high elevation habitats in the Alborz mountains of Iran. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2018, 128, 1-11.	2.4	34
58	Alnus shrub expansion increases evapotranspiration in the Swiss Alps. <i>Regional Environmental Change</i> , 2018, 18, 1375-1385.	2.9	15
59	The 90 ways to describe plant temperature. <i>Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics</i> , 2018, 30, 16-21.	2.7	119
60	Concepts in empirical plant ecology. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , 2018, 11, 405-428.	2.4	37
61	Losing half the conductive area hardly impacts the water status of mature trees. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 15006.	3.3	39
62	Climate and soils together regulate photosynthetic carbon isotope discrimination within C ₃ plants worldwide. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 1056-1067.	5.8	85
63	Advances in Monitoring and Modelling Climate at Ecologically Relevant Scales. <i>Advances in Ecological Research</i> , 2018, , 101-161.	2.7	146
64	A matter of tree longevity. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 355, 130-131.	12.6	158
65	When metaâ€analysis fails: A case about stomata. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 2533-2534.	9.5	8
66	A global inventory of mountains for bio-geographical applications. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2017, 127, 1-15.	2.4	217
67	Low temperature limits for root growth in alpine species are set by cell differentiation. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2017, 9, plx054.	2.3	24
68	Plant adaptation to cold climates. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2016, 5, 2769.	1.6	110
69	Growth and carbon relations of mature <i>Picea abies</i> trees under 5Âyears of freeâ€air CO ₂ enrichment. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2016, 104, 1720-1733.	4.0	68
70	Carbon and nitrogen stable isotope signals for an entire alpine flora, based on herbarium samples. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2016, 126, 153-166.	2.4	25
71	Convergence of leafâ€out towards minimum risk of freezing damage in temperate trees. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2016, 30, 1480-1490.	3.6	59
72	Where, why and how? Explaining the lowâ€temperature range limits of temperate tree species. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2016, 104, 1076-1088.	4.0	171

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73	Belowground carbon trade among tall trees in a temperate forest. <i>Science</i> , 2016, 352, 342-344.	12.6	182
74	Shrub Expansion of <i>Alnus viridis</i> Drives Former Montane Grassland into Nitrogen Saturation. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2016, 19, 968-985.	3.4	31
75	Emerging opportunities and challenges in phenology: a review. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2016, 7, e01436.	2.2	225
76	When it gets cold, plant size matters – a comment on treeline. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2016, 27, 6-7.	2.2	29
77	Biomass turnover time in terrestrial ecosystems halved by land use. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2016, 9, 674-678.	12.9	108
78	A dynamic leaf gas-exchange strategy is conserved in woody plants under changing ambient CO ₂ : evidence from carbon isotope discrimination in paleo and CO ₂ enrichment studies. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 889-902.	9.5	106
79	Photosynthetic enhancement and diurnal stem and soil carbon fluxes in a mature Norway spruce stand under elevated CO ₂ . <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 124, 110-119.	4.2	10
80	The “island effect”™ in terrestrial global change experiments: a problem with no solution?. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2015, 7, plv092.	2.3	17
81	Water availability predicts forest canopy height at the global scale. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2015, 18, 1311-1320.	6.4	87
82	Species specific and environment induced variation of δ ¹³ C and δ ¹⁵ N in alpine plants. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2015, 6, 423.	3.6	31
83	Biogeography of photoautotrophs in the high polar biome. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2015, 6, 692.	3.6	56
84	Respiratory fluxes and fine root responses in mature <i>Picea abies</i> trees exposed to elevated atmospheric CO ₂ concentrations. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2015, 124, 95-111.	3.5	11
85	Paradigm shift in plant growth control. <i>Current Opinion in Plant Biology</i> , 2015, 25, 107-114.	7.1	516
86	Defoliation reduces growth but not carbon reserves in Mediterranean <i>Pinus pinaster</i> trees. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2015, 29, 1187-1196.	1.9	44
87	<i>Alnus viridis</i> expansion contributes to excess reactive nitrogen release, reduces biodiversity and constrains forest succession in the Alps. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2014, 124, 187-191.	2.4	32
88	The interaction between freezing tolerance and phenology in temperate deciduous trees. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 5, 541.	3.6	229
89	Multiple mycorrhization at the coldest place known for Angiosperm plant life. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2014, 124, 193-198.	2.4	30
90	Drought stress, growth and nonstructural carbohydrate dynamics of pine trees in a semi-arid forest. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2014, 34, 981-992.	3.1	136

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91	Does carbon storage limit tree growth?. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014, 201, 1096-1100.	7.3	212
92	Moving beyond photosynthesis: from carbon source to sink-driven vegetation modeling. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014, 201, 1086-1095.	7.3	421
93	Growth and carbon relations of temperate deciduous tree species at their upper elevation range limit. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2014, 102, 1537-1548.	4.0	25
94	Genetic vs. non-genetic responses of leaf morphology and growth to elevation in temperate tree species. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2014, 28, 243-252.	3.6	39
95	A climate-based model to predict potential treeline position around the globe. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2014, 124, 1-12.	2.4	195
96	Thermal imaging reveals massive heat accumulation in flowers across a broad spectrum of alpine taxa. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2014, 124, 27-35.	2.4	44
97	Long-term ¹³ C labeling provides evidence for temporal and spatial carbon allocation patterns in mature <i>Picea abies</i> . <i>Oecologia</i> , 2014, 175, 747-762.	2.0	35
98	Spring frost and growing season length control the cold range limits of broad-leaved trees. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2014, 41, 773-783.	3.0	105
99	Warum gibt es eine Waldgrenze?. <i>Biologie in Unserer Zeit</i> , 2014, 44, 250-257.	0.2	0
100	Physiological minimum temperatures for root growth in seven common European broad-leaved tree species. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2014, 34, 302-313.	3.1	59
101	Spring patterns of freezing resistance and photosynthesis of two leaf phenotypes of <i>Hedera helix</i> . <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 15, 543-550.	2.7	10
102	Ecological consequences of the expansion of N ₂ -fixing plants in cold biomes. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2014, 176, 11-24.	2.0	55
103	Photoperiod and temperature responses of bud swelling and bud burst in four temperate forest tree species. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2014, 34, 377-388.	3.1	167
104	Earlier leaf-out rather than difference in freezing resistance puts juvenile trees at greater risk of damage than adult trees. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2014, 102, 981-988.	4.0	83
105	How accurately can minimum temperatures at the cold limits of tree species be extrapolated from weather station data?. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2014, 184, 257-266.	4.8	46
106	Mountain ecosystems in a changing environment. <i>Eco Mont</i> , 2014, 6, 71-77.	0.1	7
107	Fruit production in three masting tree species does not rely on stored carbon reserves. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2013, 171, 653-662.	2.0	93
108	Elevational adaptation and plasticity in seedling phenology of temperate deciduous tree species. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2013, 171, 663-678.	2.0	122

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109	Plant species dominance shifts across erosion edgeâ€meadow transects in the Swiss Alps. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2013, 171, 693-703.	2.0	17
110	European deciduous trees exhibit similar safety margins against damage by spring freeze events along elevational gradients. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2013, 200, 1166-1175.	7.3	144
111	Leaf turnover and herbivory in the tall tussock grass <i>Festuca orthophylla</i> in the Andean Altiplano. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2013, 123, 13-20.	2.4	10
112	Central European hardwood trees in a high-CO ₂ future: synthesis of an 8-year forest canopy CO ₂ enrichment project. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 1509-1519.	4.0	141
113	Vegetation of the Earth. , 2013, , 1217-1262.		0
114	Climate and plant cover co-determine the elevational reduction in evapotranspiration in the Swiss Alps. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2013, 500, 75-83.	5.4	24
115	Tropical forest responses to increasing atmospheric CO ₂ : current knowledge and opportunities for future research. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2013, 40, 531.	2.1	118
116	On the use of elevation, altitude, and height in the ecological and climatological literature. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2013, 171, 335-337.	2.0	79
117	Hydrological consequences of declining land use and elevated CO ₂ in alpine grassland. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 86-96.	4.0	23
118	Response: complexities of sustainable forest use. <i>GCB Bioenergy</i> , 2013, 5, 1-2.	5.6	20
119	An alpine treeline in a carbon dioxide-rich world: synthesis of a nine-year free-air carbon dioxide enrichment study. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2013, 171, 623-637.	2.0	73
120	Alpine Ecosystems. , 2013, , 148-157.		9
121	Do the elevational limits of deciduous tree species match their thermal latitudinal limits?. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2013, 22, 913-923.	5.8	52
122	Inter- and intra-annual stable carbon and oxygen isotope signals in response to drought in Mediterranean pines. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2013, 168, 59-68.	4.8	133
123	No slope exposure effect on alpine treeline position in the Three Parallel Rivers Region, SW China. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2013, 123, 87-95.	2.4	15
124	A greener Greenland? Climatic potential and long-term constraints on future expansions of trees and shrubs. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 368, 20120479.	4.0	74
125	Plantâ€Environment Interactions. , 2013, , 1065-1166.		11
126	Early season temperature controls cambial activity and total tree ring width at the alpine treeline. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , 2013, 6, 365-375.	2.4	67

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127	Forest soil respiration reflects plant productivity across a temperature gradient in the Alps. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012, 170, 1143-1154.	2.0	26
128	When growth controls photosynthesis. , 2012, , .		3
129	Variation of mobile carbon reserves in trees at the alpine treeline ecotone is under environmental control. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2012, 195, 794-802.	7.3	58
130	Photoperiod sensitivity of bud burst in 14 temperate forest tree species. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2012, 165, 73-81.	4.8	288
131	Tree rings and volcanic cooling. <i>Nature Geoscience</i> , 2012, 5, 836-837.	12.9	137
132	Alpine Treelines. , 2012, , .		508
133	Treelines Will be Understood Once the Functional Difference Between a Tree and a Shrub Is. <i>Ambio</i> , 2012, 41, 197-206.	5.5	104
134	Increased nitrate availability in the soil of a mixed mature temperate forest subjected to elevated CO_2 concentration (canopy FACE). <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 757-768.	9.5	47
135	No growth stimulation by CO_2 enrichment in alpine glacier forefield plants. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 985-999.	9.5	69
136	Tree recruitment of European tree species at their current upper elevational limits in the Swiss Alps. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2012, 39, 1439-1449.	3.0	67
137	Large-scale bioenergy from additional harvest of forest biomass is neither sustainable nor greenhouse gas neutral. <i>GCB Bioenergy</i> , 2012, 4, 611-616.	5.6	252
138	Precipitation manipulation experiments – challenges and recommendations for the future. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 899-911.	6.4	411
139	Global patterns of mobile carbon stores in trees at the high-elevation tree line. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 861-871.	5.8	175
140	Species-specific tree growth responses to 9 years of CO_2 enrichment at the alpine treeline. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2011, 99, 383-394.	4.0	50
141	Mountain biodiversity. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , 2011, 4, 301-302.	2.4	66
142	Drought-sensitivity ranking of deciduous tree species based on thermal imaging of forest canopies. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2011, 151, 1632-1640.	4.8	121
143	Do global change experiments overestimate impacts on terrestrial ecosystems?. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2011, 26, 236-241.	8.7	300
144	The Grand Challenges in Functional Plant Ecology. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2011, 2, 1.	3.6	155

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145	Topographically controlled thermal-habitat differentiation buffers alpine plant diversity against climate warming. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2011, 38, 406-416.	3.0	611
146	Impact of recent climatic change on growth of low elevation eastern Mediterranean forest trees. <i>Climatic Change</i> , 2011, 106, 203-223.	3.6	103
147	Elevational species shifts in a warmer climate are overestimated when based on weather station data. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 2011, 55, 645-654.	3.0	80
148	Coldest places on earth with angiosperm plant life. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2011, 121, 11-22.	2.4	96
149	Fine root traits in adult trees of evergreen and deciduous taxa from low and high elevation in the Alps. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2011, 121, 107-112.	2.4	17
150	A definition of mountains and their bioclimatic belts for global comparisons of biodiversity data. <i>Alpine Botany</i> , 2011, 121, 73.	2.4	239
151	Drought at erosion edges selects for a "hidden" keystone species. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , 2011, 4, 303-311.	2.4	13
152	Infra-red thermometry of alpine landscapes challenges climatic warming projections. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2010, 16, 2602-2613.	9.5	208
153	Sustained enhancement of photosynthesis in mature deciduous forest trees after 8 years of free air CO ₂ enrichment. <i>Planta</i> , 2010, 232, 1115-1125.	3.2	96
154	Phylogenetically balanced evidence for structural and carbon isotope responses in plants along elevational gradients. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2010, 162, 853-863.	2.0	80
155	Rainfall distribution is the main driver of runoff under future CO ₂ concentration in a temperate deciduous forest. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2010, 16, 246-254.	9.5	68
156	Reduced early growing season freezing resistance in alpine treeline plants under elevated atmospheric CO ₂ . <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2010, 16, 1057-1070.	9.5	71
157	No overall stimulation of soil respiration under mature deciduous forest trees after 7 years of CO ₂ enrichment. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2010, 16, 2830-2843.	9.5	41
158	Phenology Under Global Warming. <i>Science</i> , 2010, 327, 1461-1462.	12.6	842
159	Response to Warming, Photoperiods, and Tree Phenology. <i>Science</i> , 2010, 329, 278-278.	12.6	25
160	Biomass allocation in herbaceous plants under grazing impact in the high semi-arid Andes. <i>Flora: Morphology, Distribution, Functional Ecology of Plants</i> , 2010, 205, 695-703.	1.2	56
161	Challenges in elevated CO ₂ experiments on forests. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2010, 15, 5-10.	8.8	46
162	Tree surface temperature in an urban environment. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2010, 150, 56-62.	4.8	240

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163	Nitrogen status of conifer needles at the alpine treeline. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , 2009, 2, 233-241.	2.4	47
164	Poor methodology for predicting large-scale tree die-off. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, E106-E106.	7.1	34
165	Higher plant diversity enhances soil stability in disturbed alpine ecosystems. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2009, 324, 91-102.	3.7	186
166	Elevational trends of biodiversity and plant traits do not converge—a test in the Helan Range, NW China. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2009, 205, 273-283.	1.6	16
167	Fine root responses of mature deciduous forest trees to free air carbon dioxide enrichment (FACE). <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2009, 23, 913-921.	3.6	54
168	Growth and carbon relations of tree line forming conifers at constant vs. variable low temperatures. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2009, 97, 57-66.	4.0	94
169	Tropical epiphytes in a CO ₂ -rich atmosphere. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , 2009, 35, 60-68.	1.1	21
170	Responses of Humid Tropical Trees to Rising CO ₂ . <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2009, 40, 61-79.	8.3	109
171	Windthrow damage in <i>Picea abies</i> is associated with physical and chemical stem wood properties. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2008, 22, 463-473.	1.9	19
172	Small differences in arrival time influence composition and productivity of plant communities. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2008, 177, 698-705.	7.3	150
173	Winter crop growth at low temperature may hold the answer for alpine treeline formation. <i>Plant Ecology and Diversity</i> , 2008, 1, 3-11.	2.4	79
174	The Ecological Significance of Pubescence in <i>Saussurea Medusa</i> , a High-Elevation Himalayan “Woolly Plant”. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2008, 40, 250-255.	1.1	38
175	Effects of 4 years of CO ₂ enrichment on the abundance of leaf-galls and leaf-mines in mature oaks. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , 2008, 34, 139-146.	1.1	4
176	Tree species diversity affects canopy leaf temperatures in a mature temperate forest. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2007, 146, 29-37.	4.8	172
177	The use of “altitude”™ in ecological research. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2007, 22, 569-574.	8.7	2,120
178	Creative Use of Mountain Biodiversity Databases: The Kazbegi Research Agenda of GMBA-DIVERSITAS. <i>Mountain Research and Development</i> , 2007, 27, 276-281.	1.0	16
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