

Alexander A Firsov

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1321834/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

61
papers

1,421
citations

331670

21
h-index

361022

35
g-index

63
all docs

63
docs citations

63
times ranked

742
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	In Vitro Pharmacodynamic Evaluation of the Mutant Selection Window Hypothesis Using Four Fluoroquinolones against Staphylococcus aureus. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2003, 47, 1604-1613.	3.2	215
2	Testing the mutant selection window hypothesis with Staphylococcus aureus exposed to daptomycin and vancomycin in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2006, 58, 1185-1192.	3.0	100
3	Emergence of resistant Streptococcus pneumoniae in an in vitro dynamic model that simulates moxifloxacin concentrations inside and outside the mutant selection window: related changes in susceptibility, resistance frequency and bacterial killing. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2003, 52, 616-622.	3.0	99
4	Inter- and Intraquinolone Predictors of Antimicrobial Effect in an In Vitro Dynamic Model: New Insight into a Widely Used Concept. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 1998, 42, 659-665.	3.2	65
5	Prediction of the antimicrobial effects of trovafloxacin and ciprofloxacin on staphylococci using an in-vitro dynamic model. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 1999, 43, 483-490.	3.0	61
6	ABT492 and levofloxacin: comparison of their pharmacodynamics and their abilities to prevent the selection of resistant Staphylococcus aureus in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2004, 54, 178-186.	3.0	46
7	A New Approach to In Vitro Comparisons of Antibiotics in Dynamic Models: Equivalent Area under the Curve/MIC Breakpoints and Equiefficient Doses of Trovafloxacin and Ciprofloxacin against Bacteria of Similar Susceptibilities. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 1998, 42, 2841-2847.	3.2	36
8	Prevention of the selection of resistant Staphylococcus aureus by moxifloxacin plus doxycycline in an in vitro dynamic model: an additive effect of the combination. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2004, 23, 451-456.	2.5	35
9	Enrichment of resistant Staphylococcus aureus at ciprofloxacin concentrations simulated within the mutant selection window: bolus versus continuous infusion. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2008, 32, 488-493.	2.5	33
10	Bacterial Resistance Studies Using In Vitro Dynamic Models: the Predictive Power of the Mutant Prevention and Minimum Inhibitory Antibiotic Concentrations. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2013, 57, 4956-4962.	3.2	33
11	Enrichment of Fluoroquinolone-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus : Oscillating Ciprofloxacin Concentrations Simulated at the Upper and Lower Portions of the Mutant Selection Window. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2008, 52, 1924-1928.	3.2	31
12	Selection of linezolid-resistant Enterococcus faecium in an in vitro dynamic model: protective effect of doxycycline. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2008, 61, 629-635.	3.0	31
13	Comparative pharmacodynamics of moxifloxacin and levofloxacin in an in vitro dynamic model: prediction of the equivalent AUC/MIC breakpoints and equiefficient doses. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2000, 46, 725-732.	3.0	30
14	Relationships of the Area under the Curve/MIC Ratio to Different Integral Endpoints of the Antimicrobial Effect: Gemifloxacin Pharmacodynamics in an In Vitro Dynamic Model. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2001, 45, 927-931.	3.2	26
15	Biodegradable Implants Containing Gentamicin: Drug Release and Pharmacokinetics. <i>Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy</i> , 1987, 13, 1651-1674.	2.0	25
16	Concentration-dependent changes in the susceptibility and killing of Staphylococcus aureus in an in vitro dynamic model that simulates normal and impaired gatifloxacin elimination. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2004, 23, 60-66.	2.5	25
17	Prediction of the Effects of Inoculum Size on the Antimicrobial Action of Trovafloxacin and Ciprofloxacin against Staphylococcus aureus and Escherichia coli in an In Vitro Dynamic Model. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 1999, 43, 498-502.	3.2	25
18	Comparative Pharmacodynamics of Gatifloxacin and Ciprofloxacin in an In Vitro Dynamic Model: Prediction of Equiefficient Doses and the Breakpoints of the Area under the Curve/MIC Ratio. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2000, 44, 879-884.	3.2	24

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	<i>In Vitro</i> Resistance Studies with Bacteria That Exhibit Low Mutation Frequencies: Prediction of Antimutant Linezolid Concentrations Using a Mixed Inoculum Containing both Susceptible and Resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> . <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2015, 59, 1014-1019.	3.2	23
20	Antistaphylococcal Effect Related to the Area under the Curve/MIC Ratio in an In Vitro Dynamic Model: Predicted Breakpoints versus Clinically Achievable Values for Seven Fluoroquinolones. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2005, 49, 2642-2647.	3.2	22
21	MIC-Based Interspecies Prediction of the Antimicrobial Effects of Ciprofloxacin on Bacteria of Different Susceptibilities in an In Vitro Dynamic Model. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 1998, 42, 2848-2852.	3.2	21
22	Predicting bacterial resistance using the time inside the mutant selection window: Possibilities and limitations. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2014, 44, 301-305.	2.5	21
23	Synthesis and Antibacterial Activity of Quaternary Ammonium 4-Deoxy pyridoxine Derivatives. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2016, 2016, 1-8.	1.9	21
24	Time inside the mutant selection window as a predictor of staphylococcal resistance to linezolid. <i>Journal of Antibiotics</i> , 2018, 71, 514-521.	2.0	20
25	AUC/MIC relationships to different endpoints of the antimicrobial effect: multiple-dose in vitro simulations with moxifloxacin and levofloxacin. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2002, 50, 533-539.	3.0	19
26	Concentration-resistance relationships with <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> exposed to doripenem and ciprofloxacin in an in vitro model. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2013, 68, 881-887.	3.0	19
27	Predictors of bacterial resistance using <i>in vitro</i> dynamic models: area under the concentration-time curve related to either the minimum inhibitory or mutant prevention antibiotic concentration. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2016, 71, 678-684.	3.0	19
28	The impact of duration of antibiotic exposure on bacterial resistance predictions using in vitro dynamic models. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2009, 64, 815-820.	3.0	17
29	Use of modeling techniques to aid in antibiotic selection. <i>Current Infectious Disease Reports</i> , 2001, 3, 35-43.	3.0	15
30	Telavancin and vancomycin pharmacodynamics with <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2008, 62, 1065-1069.	3.0	15
31	Searching for the Optimal Predictor of Ciprofloxacin Resistance in <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> by Using <i>In Vitro</i> Dynamic Models. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2016, 60, 1208-1215.	3.2	15
32	Testing the mutant selection window hypothesis with <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> exposed to linezolid in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2017, 72, 3100-3107.	3.0	15
33	Pharmacokinetically-based prediction of the effects of antibiotic combinations on resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> mutants: in vitro model studies with linezolid and rifampicin. <i>Journal of Chemotherapy</i> , 2017, 29, 220-226.	1.5	15
34	Gemifloxacin and ciprofloxacin pharmacodynamics in an in-vitro dynamic model: prediction of the equivalent AUC/MIC breakpoints and doses. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2000, 16, 407-414.	2.5	14
35	Comparative pharmacodynamics of the new fluoroquinolone ABT492 and ciprofloxacin with <i>Escherichia coli</i> and <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2004, 24, 173-177.	2.5	13
36	Comparative pharmacodynamics of azithromycin and roxithromycin with <i>S. pyogenes</i> and <i>S. pneumoniae</i> in a model that simulates in vitro pharmacokinetics in human tonsils. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2002, 49, 113-119.	3.0	12

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Linezolid pharmacodynamics with <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2009, 33, 251-254.	2.5	11
38	Predicting antibiotic combination effects on the selection of resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> : In vitro model studies with linezolid and gentamicin. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2018, 52, 854-860.	2.5	11
39	Validation of Optimal Ampicillin/Sulbactam Ratio in Dosage Forms Using In-Vitro Dynamic Model. <i>Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy</i> , 1988, 14, 2425-2442.	2.0	10
40	Simulated in vitro Quinolone Pharmacodynamics at Clinically Achievable AUC/MIC Ratios: Advantage of $\int C dt$ over Other Integral Parameters. <i>Chemotherapy</i> , 2002, 48, 275-279.	1.6	10
41	Comparative pharmacodynamics of the new fluoroquinolone ABT492 and levofloxacin with <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2005, 25, 409-413.	2.5	9
42	Comparative Pharmacodynamics and Antimutant Potentials of Doripenem and Imipenem with Ciprofloxacin-Resistant <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> in an <i>In Vitro</i> Model. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2012, 56, 1223-1228.	3.2	9
43	Bacterial antibiotic resistance studies using in vitro dynamic models: Population analysis vs. susceptibility testing as endpoints of mutant enrichment. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2015, 46, 313-318.	2.5	7
44	A novel parameter to predict the effects of antibiotic combinations on the development of <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> resistance: in vitro model studies at subtherapeutic daptomycin and rifampicin exposures. <i>Journal of Chemotherapy</i> , 2019, 31, 320-328.	1.5	7
45	Predicting effects of antibiotic combinations using MICs determined at pharmacokinetically derived concentration ratios: in vitro model studies with linezolid- and rifampicin-exposed <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> . <i>Journal of Chemotherapy</i> , 2017, 29, 267-273.	1.5	6
46	Species differences in ciprofloxacin resistance among Gram-negative bacteria: can anti-mutant ratios of the area under the concentration-time curve to the MIC be achieved clinically?. <i>Journal of Chemotherapy</i> , 2017, 29, 351-357.	1.5	6
47	Resistance studies with <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> using an in vitro dynamic model: amoxicillin versus azithromycin at clinical exposures. <i>Journal of Chemotherapy</i> , 2019, 31, 252-260.	1.5	6
48	In Vitro Dynamic Models as Tools to Predict Antibiotic Pharmacodynamics. <i>Infectious Disease and Therapy</i> , 2007, , 45-78.	0.0	6
49	Comparative pharmacodynamics of telithromycin and clarithromycin with and in an in vitro dynamic model: focus on clinically achievable antibiotic concentrations. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2005, 26, 197-204.	2.5	5
50	In vitro dynamic model for determining the comparative pharmacology of fluoroquinolones. <i>American Journal of Health-System Pharmacy</i> , 1999, 56, S12-S15.	1.0	4
51	Bacterial strain-independent AUC/MIC and strain-specific dose-response relationships reflecting comparative fluoroquinolone anti-pseudomonal pharmacodynamics in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2002, 20, 44-49.	2.5	4
52	Concentration-response relationships as a basis for choice of the optimal endpoints of the antimicrobial effect: daptomycin and vancomycin pharmacodynamics with staphylococci in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2007, 29, 165-169.	2.5	4
53	Concentration-dependent enrichment of resistant <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> exposed to linezolid in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>Journal of Chemotherapy</i> , 2018, 30, 364-370.	1.5	4
54	Predicting the antistaphylococcal effects of daptomycin-rifampicin combinations in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>Journal of Antibiotics</i> , 2020, 73, 101-107.	2.0	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Verification of a Novel Approach to Predicting Effects of Antibiotic Combinations: In Vitro Dynamic Model Study with Daptomycin and Gentamicin against <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> . <i>Antibiotics</i> , 2020, 9, 538.	3.7	4
56	Comparative anti-staphylococcal effects of gemifloxacin and trovafloxacin in an in vitro dynamic model in terms of AUC/MIC and dose relationships. <i>Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease</i> , 2001, 40, 167-171.	1.8	3
57	Species-independent pharmacodynamics of gemifloxacin and ciprofloxacin with <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> and <i>Moraxella catarrhalis</i> in an in vitro dynamic model. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2002, 20, 201-205.	2.5	3
58	Anti-mutant efficacy of antibiotic combinations: <i>in vitro</i> model studies with linezolid and daptomycin. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2021, 76, 1832-1839.	3.0	2
59	PK/PD-Based Prediction of "Anti-Mutant" Antibiotic Exposures Using In Vitro Dynamic Models. , 2018, , 643-666.		2
60	Antibiotic pharmacodynamics and bacterial resistance: Usefulness of in vitro models. <i>Current Infectious Disease Reports</i> , 2007, 9, 175-177.	3.0	1
61	MPC-Based Prediction of Anti-Mutant Effectiveness of Antibiotic Combinations: In Vitro Model Study with Daptomycin and Gentamicin against <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> . <i>Antibiotics</i> , 2021, 10, 1148.	3.7	1