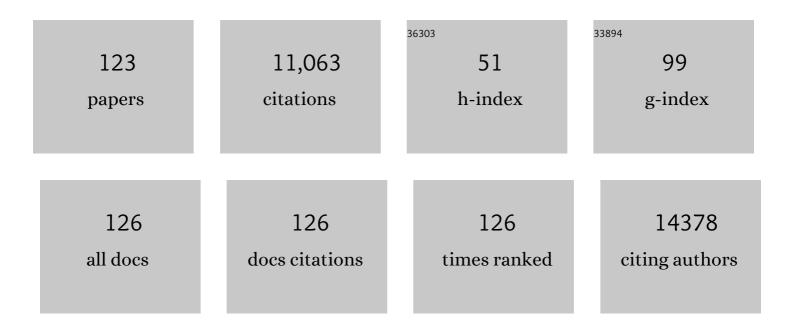
## Yvonne M Buckley

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1244346/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



| #  | Article   | IF               | CITATIONS           |
|----|---|------------------|---------------------|
| 1  | Predicting species distributions for conservation decisions. Ecology Letters, 2013, 16, 1424-1435.  | 6.4              | 1,375               |
| 2  | Herbivores and nutrients control grassland plant diversity via light limitation. Nature, 2014, 508, 517-520.  | 27.8             | 669                 |
| 3  | Refined Global Analysis of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> (Hemiptera: Sternorrhyncha: Aleyrodoidea:) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314<br>of the Entomological Society of America, 2010, 103, 196-208.                           | rgBT /Ove<br>2.5 | erlock 10 Tf<br>585 |
| 4  | Integrative modelling reveals mechanisms linking productivity and plant species richness. Nature, 2016, 529, 390-393.   | 27.8             | 564                 |
| 5  | Productivity Is a Poor Predictor of Plant Species Richness. Science, 2011, 333, 1750-1753.  | 12.6             | 463                 |
| 6  | Eutrophication weakens stabilizing effects of diversity in natural grasslands. Nature, 2014, 508, 521-525.  | 27.8             | 409                 |
| 7  | Grassland productivity limited by multiple nutrients. Nature Plants, 2015, 1, 15080.  | 9.3              | 403                 |
| 8  | Fast–slow continuum and reproductive strategies structure plant life-history variation worldwide.<br>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, 230-235. | 7.1              | 290                 |
| 9  | The <scp>compadre</scp> <scp>P</scp> lant <scp>M</scp> atrix <scp>D</scp> atabase: an open online repository for plant demography. Journal of Ecology, 2015, 103, 202-218.                                | 4.0              | 260                 |
| 10 | Offspring Size Plasticity in Response to Intraspecific Competition: An Adaptive Maternal Effect across<br>Lifeâ€History Stages. American Naturalist, 2008, 171, 225-237.                                  | 2.1              | 236                 |
| 11 | Non-natives: 141 scientists object. Nature, 2011, 475, 36-36.   | 27.8             | 197                 |
| 12 | <scp>COMADRE</scp> : a global data base of animal demography. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2016, 85, 371-384.   | 2.8              | 189                 |
| 13 | General rules for managing and surveying networks of pests, diseases, and endangered species.<br>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 8323-8328.   | 7.1              | 177                 |
| 14 | Managing the impact of invasive species: the value of knowing the density–impact curve. Ecological<br>Applications, 2009, 19, 376-386.  | 3.8              | 172                 |
| 15 | Local loss and spatial homogenization of plant diversity reduce ecosystem multifunctionality. Nature<br>Ecology and Evolution, 2018, 2, 50-56.  | 7.8              | 172                 |
| 16 | Animal life history is shaped by the pace of life and the distribution of age-specific mortality and reproduction. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 3, 1217-1224.                                      | 7.8              | 168                 |
| 17 | Causes and consequences of variation in plant population growth rate: a synthesis of matrix population models in a phylogenetic context. Ecology Letters, 2010, 13, 1182-1197.                            | 6.4              | 161                 |
| 18 | General guidelines for invasive plant management based on comparative demography of invasive and native plant populations. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2008, 45, 1124-1133.                               | 4.0              | 156                 |

| #  | Article   | IF   | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 19 | Management of plant invasions mediated by frugivore interactions. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2006, 43, 848-857.  | 4.0  | 151       |
| 20 | Slowing down a pine invasion despite uncertainty in demography and dispersal. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2005, 42, 1020-1030.  | 4.0  | 145       |
| 21 | Disturbance, invasion and re-invasion: managing the weed-shaped hole in disturbed ecosystems.<br>Ecology Letters, 2007, 10, 809-817.  | 6.4  | 143       |
| 22 | Plant species' origin predicts dominance and response to nutrient enrichment and herbivores in global grasslands. Nature Communications, 2015, 6, 7710.   | 12.8 | 143       |
| 23 | Review of approaches to evaluate the effectiveness of weed biological control agents. Biological Control, 2009, 51, 1-15.   | 3.0  | 126       |
| 24 | Does the biogeographic origin of species matter? Ecological effects of native and nonâ€native species andÂthe use of origin to guide management. Journal of Ecology, 2016, 104, 4-17.   | 4.0  | 109       |
| 25 | Global gene flow releases invasive plants from environmental constraints on genetic diversity.<br>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 4218-4227.  | 7.1  | 108       |
| 26 | Apparent competition can compromise the safety of highly specific biocontrol agents. Ecology Letters, 2008, 11, 690-700.  | 6.4  | 97        |
| 27 | Leaf nutrients, not specific leaf area, are consistent indicators of elevated nutrient inputs. Nature<br>Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 3, 400-406.   | 7.8  | 97        |
| 28 | Demography and management of the invasive plant species Hypericum perforatum. I. Using multi-level<br>mixed-effects models for characterizing growth, survival and fecundity in a long-term data set.<br>Journal of Applied Ecology, 2003, 40, 481-493. | 4.0  | 93        |
| 29 | Modelling integrated weed management of an invasive shrub in tropical Australia. Journal of Applied<br>Ecology, 2004, 41, 547-560.  | 4.0  | 90        |
| 30 | What are the key drivers of spread in invasive plants: dispersal, demography or landscape: and how can we use this knowledge to aid management?. Biological Invasions, 2011, 13, 1649-1661.   | 2.4  | 90        |
| 31 | ARE INVASIVES BIGGER? A GLOBAL STUDY OF SEED SIZE VARIATION IN TWO INVASIVE SHRUBS. Ecology, 2003, 84, 1434-1440.   | 3.2  | 89        |
| 32 | Integral projection models perform better for small demographic data sets than matrix population models: a case study of two perennial herbs. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2009, 46, 1048-1053.  | 4.0  | 89        |
| 33 | Abundance of introduced species at home predicts abundance away in herbaceous communities.<br>Ecology Letters, 2011, 14, 274-281.   | 6.4  | 88        |
| 34 | Less favourable climates constrain demographic strategies in plants. Ecology Letters, 2017, 20, 969-980.  | 6.4  | 83        |
| 35 | The role of research for integrated management of invasive species, invaded landscapes and communities. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2008, 45, 397-402.  | 4.0  | 81        |
| 36 | Alternative states models provide an effective framework for invasive species control and restoration of native communities. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2010, 47, 96-105.  | 4.0  | 80        |

| #  | Article   | IF  | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Reviewing research priorities in weed ecology, evolution and management: a horizon scan. Weed Research, 2018, 58, 250-258.  | 1.7 | 78        |
| 38 | Drivers of lowland rain forest community assembly, species diversity and forest structure on islands in the tropical South Pacific. Journal of Ecology, 2010, 98, 87-95.  | 4.0 | 77        |
| 39 | Restoration thinning accelerates structural development and carbon sequestration in an endangered<br>Australian ecosystem. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2010, 47, 681-691.   | 4.0 | 72        |
| 40 | Predicting invasion in grassland ecosystems: is exotic dominance the real embarrassment of richness?.<br>Global Change Biology, 2013, 19, 3677-3687.  | 9.5 | 70        |
| 41 | Dispersal Capacity Predicts Both Population Genetic Structure and Species Richness in Reef Fishes.<br>American Naturalist, 2014, 184, 52-64.  | 2.1 | 70        |
| 42 | Demography and management of the invasive plant species Hypericum perforatum. II. Construction and use of an individual-based model to predict population dynamics and the effects of management strategies. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2003, 40, 494-507. | 4.0 | 67        |
| 43 | Testing the role of genetic factors across multiple independent invasions of the shrub Scotch broom (Cytisus scoparius). Molecular Ecology, 2007, 16, 4662-4673.  | 3.9 | 64        |
| 44 | Ecologically sustainable weed management: How do we get from proofâ€ofâ€concept to adoption?.<br>Ecological Applications, 2016, 26, 1352-1369.  | 3.8 | 63        |
| 45 | Increasing effects of chronic nutrient enrichment on plant diversity loss and ecosystem productivity over time. Ecology, 2021, 102, e03218.   | 3.2 | 62        |
| 46 | Interactions between density-dependent processes, population dynamics and control of an invasive plant species, Tripleurospermum perforatum (scentless chamomile). Ecology Letters, 2001, 4, 551-558.   | 6.4 | 61        |
| 47 | Stable coexistence of an invasive plant and biocontrol agent: a parameterized coupled plant-herbivore<br>model. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2005, 42, 70-79.  | 4.0 | 59        |
| 48 | Spatial variability in ecosystem services: simple rules for predatorâ€mediated pest suppression.<br>Ecological Applications, 2010, 20, 2322-2333.   | 3.8 | 59        |
| 49 | Increased population growth rate in invasive polyploid <i>Centaurea stoebe</i> in a common garden.<br>Ecology Letters, 2012, 15, 947-954.   | 6.4 | 58        |
| 50 | Seed terminal velocity, wind turbulence, and demography drive the spread of an invasive tree in an an analytical model. Ecology, 2012, 93, 368-377.   | 3.2 | 57        |
| 51 | Empirical tests of lifeâ€history evolution theory using phylogenetic analysis of plant demography.<br>Journal of Ecology, 2010, 98, 334-344.  | 4.0 | 56        |
| 52 | Disentangling the four demographic dimensions of species invasiveness. Journal of Ecology, 2016, 104, 1745-1758.  | 4.0 | 55        |
| 53 | Managing Natural Capital Stocks for the Provision of Ecosystem Services. Conservation Letters, 2017, 10, 211-220.   | 5.7 | 50        |
| 54 | Diet breadth influences how the impact of invasive plants is propagated through food webs. Ecology, 2010, 91, 1063-1074.  | 3.2 | 47        |

4

| #  | Article   | IF   | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 55 | Carbon for conservation: Assessing the potential for win–win investment in an extensive Australian regrowth ecosystem. Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment, 2009, 134, 1-7.               | 5.3  | 45        |
| 56 | Preâ€zygotic parental environment modulates seed longevity. Austral Ecology, 2010, 35, 837-848.   | 1.5  | 45        |
| 57 | Early emergence and resource availability can competitively favour natives over a functionally similar<br>invader. Oecologia, 2010, 163, 775-784.   | 2.0  | 43        |
| 58 | Modeling population dynamics, landscape structure, and management decisions for controlling the spread of invasive plants. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2012, 1249, 72-83.     | 3.8  | 41        |
| 59 | Managing the side effects of invasion control. Science, 2014, 344, 975-976.   | 12.6 | 39        |
| 60 | Fertilized graminoids intensify negative drought effects on grassland productivity. Global Change<br>Biology, 2021, 27, 2441-2457.  | 9.5  | 39        |
| 61 | Investigations in commonness and rarity: a comparative analysis of co-occurring, congeneric Mexican trees. Ecology Letters, 2001, 4, 618-627.   | 6.4  | 37        |
| 62 | Movement, impacts and management of plant distributions in response to climate change: insights from invasions. Oikos, 2013, 122, 1265-1274.  | 2.7  | 36        |
| 63 | Guidelines for Using Movement Science to Inform Biodiversity Policy. Environmental Management, 2015, 56, 791-801.   | 2.7  | 36        |
| 64 | Patterns of introduced species interactions affect multiple aspects of network structure in plant–pollinator communities. Ecology, 2014, 95, 2953-2963.                                       | 3.2  | 34        |
| 65 | Optimizing taxonomic resolution and sampling effort to design costâ€effective ecological models for<br>environmental assessment. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2014, 51, 1722-1732.             | 4.0  | 34        |
| 66 | Prioritizing management actions for invasive populations using cost, efficacy, demography and expert opinion for 14 plant species worldâ€wide. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2016, 53, 305-316. | 4.0  | 33        |
| 67 | Distribution, demography and dispersal model of spatial spread of invasive plant populations with limited data. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2015, 6, 782-794.                           | 5.2  | 31        |
| 68 | Surveillance protocols for management of invasive plants: modelling Chilean needle grass<br>( <i>Nassella neesiana</i> ) in Australia. Diversity and Distributions, 2009, 15, 577-589.        | 4.1  | 30        |
| 69 | Response to Comments on "Productivity Is a Poor Predictor of Plant Species Richness― Science, 2012,<br>335, 1441-1441.  | 12.6 | 30        |
| 70 | The behavior of multiple independent managers and ecological traits interact to determine prevalence of weeds. , 2013, 23, 523-536.   |      | 30        |
| 71 | Extrapolating demography with climate, proximity and phylogeny: approach with caution. Ecology<br>Letters, 2016, 19, 1429-1438.   | 6.4  | 29        |
| 72 | Low concentrations of fertilizer and herbicide alter plant growth and interactions with flower-visiting insects. Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment, 2020, 304, 107141.                  | 5.3  | 29        |

| #  | Article   | IF   | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 73 | A modelling approach to estimate the effect of exotic pollinators on exotic weed population dynamics: bumblebees and broom in Australia. Diversity and Distributions, 2006, 12, 593-600.  | 4.1  | 27        |
| 74 | Managing beyond the invader: manipulating disturbance of natives simplifies control efforts. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2008, 45, 1143-1151.   | 4.0  | 27        |
| 75 | Two colonisation stages generate two different patterns of genetic diversity within native and invasive ranges of Ulex europaeus. Heredity, 2013, 111, 355-363.   | 2.6  | 27        |
| 76 | Neighbourhood effects influence drought-induced mortality of savanna trees in Australia. Journal of<br>Vegetation Science, 2010, 21, 573-585.   | 2.2  | 26        |
| 77 | Agricultural legacy, climate, and soil influence the restoration and carbon potential of woody regrowth in Australia. , 2010, 20, 1838-1850.  |      | 26        |
| 78 | A decision framework for management of conflicting production and biodiversity goals for a commercially valuable invasive species. Agricultural Systems, 2014, 125, 1-11.   | 6.1  | 26        |
| 79 | Predicting invasion winners and losers under climate change. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 4040-4041.   | 7.1  | 26        |
| 80 | Biological control as an invasion process: disturbance and propagule pressure affect the invasion success of Lythrum salicaria biological control agents. Biological Invasions, 2012, 14, 255-271.  | 2.4  | 25        |
| 81 | A Long-Term Experimental Case Study of the Ecological Effectiveness and Cost Effectiveness of<br>Invasive Plant Management in Achieving Conservation Goals: Bitou Bush Control in Booderee National<br>Park in Eastern Australia. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0128482. | 2.5  | 25        |
| 82 | Cost-benefit analysis for intentional plant introductions under uncertainty. Biological Invasions, 2012, 14, 839-849.   | 2.4  | 24        |
| 83 | Demographic amplification is a predictor of invasiveness among plants. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 5602.   | 12.8 | 23        |
| 84 | Plastic Traits of an Exotic Grass Contribute to Its Abundance but Are Not Always Favourable. PLoS<br>ONE, 2012, 7, e35870.  | 2.5  | 23        |
| 85 | Restoration potential of Brigalow regrowth: Insights from a cross-sectional study in southern<br>Queensland. Ecological Management and Restoration, 2007, 8, 218-221.   | 1.5  | 21        |
| 86 | Phenotypic plasticity masks rangeâ€wide genetic differentiation for vegetative but not reproductive<br>traits in a shortâ€lived plant. Ecology Letters, 2021, 24, 2378-2393.  | 6.4  | 21        |
| 87 | Long term climate effects are confounded with the biological control programme against the invasive weed Baccharis halimifolia in Australia. Biological Invasions, 2010, 12, 3145-3155.   | 2.4  | 20        |
| 88 | A system wide approach to managing zoo collections for visitor attendance and in situ conservation.<br>Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 584.  | 12.8 | 20        |
| 89 | Disruption of an exotic mutualism can improve management of an invasive plant: varroa mite,<br>honeybees and biological control of Scotch broomCytisus scopariusin New Zealand. Journal of<br>Applied Ecology, 2010, 47, 309-317.                               | 4.0  | 19        |
| 90 | Climatic and evolutionary contexts are required to infer plant life history strategies from functional traits at a global scale. Ecology Letters, 2021, 24, 970-983.  | 6.4  | 19        |

| #   | Article   | IF   | CITATIONS |
|-----|---|------|-----------|
| 91  | Multiple life stages with multiple replicated density levels are required to estimate density dependence for plants. Oikos, 2009, 118, 1164-1173.   | 2.7  | 18        |
| 92  | Rapid genetic turnover in populations of the insect pest <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Middle East: Asia Minor 1<br>in an agricultural landscape. Bulletin of Entomological Research, 2012, 102, 539-549.   | 1.0  | 18        |
| 93  | Biocontrol insect impacts population growth of its target plant species but not an incidentally used nontarget. Ecosphere, 2016, 7, e01280.   | 2.2  | 18        |
| 94  | Consequences of neglecting cryptic life stages from demographic models. Ecological Modelling, 2019, 408, 108723.  | 2.5  | 18        |
| 95  | Interâ€population variation in seed longevity for two invasive weeds: <i>Chrysanthemoides<br/>monilifera</i> ssp. <i>monilifera</i> (boneseed) and ssp. <i>rotundata</i> (bitou bush). Weed<br>Research, 2010, 50, 67-75.                       | 1.7  | 17        |
| 96  | An invasive grass shows colonization advantages over native grasses under conditions of low resource availability. Plant Ecology, 2012, 213, 1117-1130.   | 1.6  | 17        |
| 97  | Seed predators and the evolutionarily stable flowering strategy in the invasive plant, Carduus nutans. Evolutionary Ecology, 2009, 23, 893-906.   | 1.2  | 16        |
| 98  | Comment on "Worldwide evidence of a unimodal relationship between productivity and plant species<br>richness― Science, 2016, 351, 457-457.  | 12.6 | 16        |
| 99  | The macroecology of plant populations from local to global scales. New Phytologist, 2022, 233, 1038-1050.   | 7.3  | 16        |
| 100 | Patchy herbivore and pathogen damage throughout the introduced Australian range of groundsel<br>bush, Baccharis halimifolia, is influenced by rainfall, elevation, temperature, plant density and size.<br>Biological Control, 2009, 50, 13-20. | 3.0  | 15        |
| 101 | Reproductive ecology of Pinus nigra in an invasive population: individual- and population-level variation in seed production and timing of seed release. Annals of Forest Science, 2012, 69, 467-476.   | 2.0  | 13        |
| 102 | Management recommendations for shortâ€lived weeds depend on model structure and explicit characterization of density dependence. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2010, 1, 158-167.  | 5.2  | 12        |
| 103 | Policy-oriented environmental research: What is it worth?. Environmental Science and Policy, 2018, 86, 64-71.   | 4.9  | 12        |
| 104 | Dominant native and nonâ€native graminoids differ in key leaf traits irrespective of nutrient availability.<br>Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2020, 29, 1126-1138.  | 5.8  | 11        |
| 105 | Trichogramma zahiri (Hymenoptera: Trichogrammatidae) an egg parasitoid of the rice hispa Dicladispa<br>armigera (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae) in Bangladesh. Bulletin of Entomological Research, 2002, 92,<br>529-537.                            | 1.0  | 10        |
| 106 | Use of seasonal epilithic diatom assemblages to evaluate ecological status in Irish lakes. Ecological<br>Indicators, 2021, 129, 107853.   | 6.3  | 8         |
| 107 | Opposing community assembly patterns for dominant and nondominant plant species in herbaceous ecosystems globally. Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 11, 17744-17761.  | 1.9  | 8         |
|     |   |      |           |

108 Title is missing!. Plant Ecology, 2003, 167, 45-56.

1.6 7

| #   | Article  | IF  | CITATIONS |
|-----|--|-----|-----------|
| 109 | An experimental study of fire and moisture stress on the survivorship of savanna eucalypt seedlings.<br>Australian Journal of Botany, 2008, 56, 693.                                       | 0.6 | 7         |
| 110 | Incidence of competitors and landscape structure as predictors of woodland-dependent birds.<br>Landscape Ecology, 2013, 28, 1975-1987.   | 4.2 | 7         |
| 111 | An ecological paradox: More woodland predators and less artificial nest predation in landscapes colonized by noisy miners. Austral Ecology, 2014, 39, 255-266.                             | 1.5 | 7         |
| 112 | Breaking and remaking a seed and seed predator interaction in the introduced range of Scotch Broom<br>( <i>Cytisus scoparius</i> ) in New Zealand. Journal of Ecology, 2016, 104, 182-192. | 4.0 | 7         |
| 113 | Impacts of Invasive Plants on Australian Rangelands. Rangelands, 2010, 32, 48-51.  | 1.9 | 6         |
| 114 | Managing uncertainty in movement knowledge for environmental decisions. Conservation Letters, 2019, 12, e12620.  | 5.7 | 6         |
| 115 | Isolation and characterization of polymorphic microsatellite loci for the invasive plant Cytisus scoparius. Molecular Ecology Notes, 2006, 7, 100-102.                                     | 1.7 | 4         |
| 116 | Invasion ecology: Unpredictable arms race in a jam jar. Nature Ecology and Evolution, 2017, 1, 28.   | 7.8 | 4         |
| 117 | Effect of management on natural capital stocks underlying ecosystem service provision: a â€~provider group' approach. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2017, 26, 3289-3305.                  | 2.6 | 4         |
| 118 | Taxonomy, ecology and analysis of type material of some small Encyonopsis with description of new species in Ireland. Phytotaxa, 2019, 395, 89.  | 0.3 | 4         |
| 119 | Predicting the ecosystem-wide impacts of eradication with limited information using a qualitative modelling approach Ecological Modelling, 2020, 430, 109122.                              | 2.5 | 4         |
| 120 | Density dependence in invasive plants: demography, herbivory, spread and evolution. , 2006, , 109-123.   |     | 4         |
| 121 | Common species contribute little to spatial patterns of functional diversity across scales in coastal grasslands. Journal of Ecology, 2022, 110, 1149-1160.                                | 4.0 | 4         |
| 122 | Impact of roadside burning on genetic diversity in aÂhighâ€biomass invasive grass. Evolutionary<br>Applications, 0, , .  | 3.1 | 2         |
| 123 | CORSICAN PINE INVASION. Bulletin of the Ecological Society of America, 2012, 93, 173-175.  | 0.2 | 1         |