

# Xiaolei Xu

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

16  
papers

362  
citations

759233

12  
h-index

996975

15  
g-index

23  
all docs

23  
docs citations

23  
times ranked

295  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Disorder- and cognitive demand-specific neurofunctional alterations during social emotional working memory in generalized anxiety disorder and major depressive disorder. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2022, 308, 98-105.	4.1	5
2	Intrinsic connectivity of the prefrontal cortex and striato-limbic system respectively differentiate major depressive from generalized anxiety disorder. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 46, 791-798.	5.4	29
3	Disorder- and emotional context-specific neurofunctional alterations during inhibitory control in generalized anxiety and major depressive disorder. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2021, 30, 102661.	2.7	18
4	Intranasal oxytocin may help maintain romantic bonds by decreasing jealousy evoked by either imagined or real partner infidelity. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 35, 668-680.	4.0	10
5	Decreased homotopic interhemispheric functional connectivity in children with autism spectrum disorder. <i>Autism Research</i> , 2021, 14, 1609-1620.	3.8	8
6	Segregating domain-general from emotional context-specific inhibitory control systems - ventral striatum and orbitofrontal cortex serve as emotion-cognition integration hubs. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2021, 238, 118269.	4.2	27
7	Intranasal vasopressin like oxytocin increases social attention by influencing top-down control, but additionally enhances bottom-up control. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2021, 133, 105412.	2.7	21
8	Common and Disorder-Specific Neurofunctional Markers of Dysregulated Empathic Reactivity in Major Depression and Generalized Anxiety Disorder. <i>Psychotherapy and Psychosomatics</i> , 2020, 89, 114-116.	8.8	33
9	Oxytocin reduces top-down control of attention by increasing bottom-up attention allocation to social but not non-social stimuli – A randomized controlled trial. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2019, 108, 62-69.	2.7	29
10	Oxytocin Facilitates Self-Serving Rather Than Altruistic Tendencies in Competitive Social Interactions Via Orbitofrontal Cortex. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2019, 22, 501-512.	2.1	17
11	Common and Dissociable Contributions of Alexithymia and Autism to Domain-Specific Interoceptive Dysregulations: A Dimensional Neuroimaging Approach. <i>Psychotherapy and Psychosomatics</i> , 2019, 88, 187-189.	8.8	26
12	A dimensional approach to determine common and specific neurofunctional markers for depression and social anxiety during emotional face processing. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2018, 39, 758-771.	3.6	22
13	Oxytocin facilitation of acceptance of social advice is dependent upon the perceived trustworthiness of individual advisors. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2017, 83, 1-8.	2.7	15
14	Oxytocin biases men but not women to restore social connections with individuals who socially exclude them. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 40589.	3.3	26
15	Voluntary control of anterior insula and its functional connections is feedback-independent and increases pain empathy. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2016, 130, 230-240.	4.2	62
16	Disorder- and Emotional Context-Specific Neurofunctional Alterations During Inhibitory Control in Generalized Anxiety Disorder and Major Depressive Disorder. <i>SSRN Electronic Journal</i> , 0, , .	0.4	1