

# Andrew J Storer

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11865541/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

21  
papers

579  
citations

623734

14  
h-index

713466

21  
g-index

22  
all docs

22  
docs citations

22  
times ranked

469  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Role of insect vectors in epidemiology and invasion risk of <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> , and risk assessment of biological control of invasive <i>Pinus contorta</i> . <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 1177-1190.	2.4	14
2	Responses of oaks and tanoaks to the sudden oak death pathogen after 8y of monitoring in two coastal California forests. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2010, 259, 2248-2255.	3.2	61
3	Bark beetle-mediated fungal infections of susceptible trees induce resistance to subsequent infections in a dose dependent manner. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2009, 11, 255-263.	1.3	11
4	Attraction of ambrosia and bark beetles to coast live oaks infected by <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> . <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2008, 10, 315-321.	1.3	27
5	The role of <i>Pityophthorus</i> spp. as vectors of pitch canker affecting <i>Pinus radiata</i> . <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 2007, 139, 864-871.	0.8	27
6	Colonization of cut branches of five coniferous hosts of the pitch canker fungus by <i>Pityophthorus</i> spp. (Coleoptera: Scolytidae) in central, coastal California. <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 2005, 137, 337-349.	0.8	9
7	Sudden oak death in California: Disease progression in oaks and tanoaks. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2005, 213, 71-89.	3.2	62
8	Twig beetles, <i>Pityophthorus</i> spp. (Coleoptera: Scolytidae), as vectors of the pitch canker pathogen in California. <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 2004, 136, 685-693.	0.8	43
9	Systemic effects of <i>Heterobasidion annosum</i> on ferulic acid glucoside and lignin of presymptomatic ponderosa pine phloem, and potential effects on bark-beetle-associated fungi. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2003, 29, 1167-1182.	1.8	61
10	Feeding response of <i>Ips paraconfusus</i> to phloem and phloem metabolites of <i>Heterobasidion annosum</i> -inoculated ponderosa pine, <i>Pinus ponderosa</i> . <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2003, 29, 1183-1202.	1.8	20
11	Incidence of the pitch canker pathogen and associated insects in intact and chipped Monterey pine branches. <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 2002, 134, 47-58.	0.8	20
12	Effects of pitch canker pathogen on gallery excavation and oviposition by <i>Ips paraconfusus</i> (Coleoptera: Scolytidae). <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 2002, 134, 519-528.	0.8	5
13	The role of olfactory stimuli in the location of weakened hosts by twig-infesting <i>Pityophthorus</i> spp.. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2001, 26, 8-15.	2.2	28
14	Modification of coevolved insect-plant interactions by an exotic plant pathogen. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 1999, 24, 238-243.	2.2	11
15	ASSOCIATION BETWEEN A NATIVE SPITTLEBUG (HOMOPTERA: CERCOPIDAE) ON MONTEREY PINE AND AN INTRODUCED TREE PATHOGEN WHICH CAUSES PITCH CANKER DISEASE. <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 1998, 130, 783-792.	0.8	22
16	Susceptibility of Five Landscape Pines to Pitch Canker Disease, Caused by <i>Fusarium subglutinans</i> f. sp. <i>pini</i> . <i>Hortscience: A Publication of the American Society for Horticultural Science</i> , 1998, 33, 868-871.	1.0	53
17	Effects of Enantiomeric Blend of Verbenone on Response of <i>Ips paraconfusus</i> to Naturally Produced Aggregation Pheromone in the Laboratory. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1997, 23, 2825-2839.	1.8	10
18	Olfactory responses of <i>Ips plastographus maritimus lanier</i> (coleoptera: Scolytidae) to insect and host-associated volatiles in the laboratory. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1996, 22, 2299-2316.	1.8	3

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Relationships between <i>Dendroctonus micans</i> Kug. (Coleoptera: Scolytidae) survival and development and biochemical changes in Norway Spruce, <i>Picea abies</i> (L.) Karst., phloem caused by mechanical wounding. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 1996, 22, 559-573.	1.8	21
20	TRANSMISSION OF THE PITCH CANKER FUNGUS, <i>FUSARIUM SUBGLUTINANS</i> F. SP. <i>PINI</i> , TO MONTEREY PINE, <i>PINUS RADIATA</i> , BY CONE- AND TWIG-INFESTING BEETLES. <i>Canadian Entomologist</i> , 1996, 128, 981-994.	0.8	36
21	Pitch canker kills pines, spreads to new species and regions. <i>California Agriculture</i> , 1994, 48, 9-13.	0.8	35