L Krabbendam

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Letter to the Editor: Should we focus on quality or quantity in meta-analyses?. Psychological Medicine, 2016, 46, 2003-2005.	4.5	8
2	Metacognitive training for schizophrenia spectrum patients: a meta-analysis on outcome studies. Psychological Medicine, 2016, 46, 47-57.	4.5	63
3	Learning to trust: trust and attachment in early psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2016, 46, 1437-1447.	4.5	44
4	Social neuroscience in psychiatry: unravelling the neural mechanisms of social dysfunction. Psychological Medicine, 2015, 45, 1145-1165.	4.5	38
5	Reduced brain reward response during cooperation in first-degree relatives of patients with psychosis: an fMRI study. Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 3445-3454.	4.5	28
6	Neural Effects of the Social Environment. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2014, 40, 248-251.	4.3	20
7	Metacognitive group training for schizophrenia spectrum patients with delusions: a randomized controlled trial. Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 3025-3035.	4.5	58
8	Self-perception but not peer reputation of bullying victimization is associated with non-clinical psychotic experiences in adolescents. Psychological Medicine, 2013, 43, 781-787.	4.5	32
9	Self-monitoring as a familial vulnerability marker for psychosis: an analysis of patients, unaffected siblings and healthy controls. Psychological Medicine, 2012, 42, 235-245.	4.5	15
10	A 2-year naturalistic study on cognitive functioning in bipolar disorder. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2011, 123, 190-205.	4.5	94
11	Can obsessions drive you mad? Longitudinal evidence that obsessiveâ€compulsive symptoms worsen the outcome of early psychotic experiences. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2011, 123, 136-146.	4.5	40
12	Evidence that bipolar disorder is the poor outcome fraction of a common developmental phenotype: an 8-year cohort study in young people. Psychological Medicine, 2010, 40, 289-299.	4.5	57
13	Subjective Experience of Cognitive Failures as Possible Risk Factor for Negative Symptoms of Psychosis in the General Population. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2009, 35, 766-774.	4.3	25
14	Berkson's bias and the mood dimensions of bipolar disorder. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2009, 18, 279-286.	2.1	17
15	Subtle gene–environment interactions driving paranoia in daily life. Genes, Brain and Behavior, 2009, 8, 5-12.	2.2	75
16	Cognition as predictor of current and followâ€up depressive symptoms in the general population. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2009, 120, 45-52.	4.5	55
17	A systematic review and meta-analysis of the psychosis continuum: evidence for a psychosis proneness–persistence–impairment model of psychotic disorder. Psychological Medicine, 2009, 39, 179-195.	4.5	1,829
18	Social cognition and neurocognition as independent domains in psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2008, 103, 257-265.	2.0	150

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19	Cognitive Performance and Grey Matter Density in Psychosis: Functional Relevance of a Structural Endophenotype. Neuropsychobiology, 2008, 58, 128-137.	1.9	12
20	Meta-analyses of cognitive functioning in euthymic bipolar patients and their first-degree relatives. Psychological Medicine, 2008, 38, 771-785.	4.5	603
21	Childhood psychological trauma and psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2008, 38, 1405-1408.	4.5	19
22	Relationship between DHA status at birth and child problem behaviour at 7 years of age. Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids, 2007, 76, 29-34.	2.2	61
23	Subclinical psychotic experiences and cognitive functioning as a bivariate phenotype for genetic studies in the general population. Schizophrenia Research, 2007, 92, 24-31.	2.0	37
24	Cognitive alterations in groups at risk for psychosis: neutral markers of genetic risk or indicators of social disability?. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2007, 116, 253-262.	4.5	15
25	Evidence for instrument and family-specific variation of subclinical psychosis dimensions in the general population Journal of Abnormal Psychology, 2006, 115, 5-14.	1.9	82
26	A prospective study of the transition rates of subthreshold (hypo)mania and depression in the general population. Psychological Medicine, 2006, 36, 619.	4.5	62
27	Validity and reliability of the CAPE: a selfâ€report instrument for the measurement of psychotic experiences in the general population. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2006, 114, 55-61.	4.5	423
28	Data Gathering: Biased in Psychosis?. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2006, 32, 341-351.	4.3	178
29	Attribution style and psychosis: evidence for an externalizing bias in patients but not in individuals at high risk. Psychological Medicine, 2006, 36, 771-778.	4.5	72
30	Are apparent associations between parental representations and psychosis risk mediated by early trauma?. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2005, 112, 372-375.	4.5	23
31	Early trauma may increase the risk for psychotic experiences by impacting on emotional response and perception of control. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2005, 112, 360-366.	4.5	95
32	Schizophrenia and Urbanicity: A Major Environmental InfluenceConditional on Genetic Risk. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2005, 31, 795-799.	4.3	455
33	Familial covariation of the subclinical psychosis phenotype and verbal fluency in the general population. Schizophrenia Research, 2005, 74, 37-41.	2.0	41
34	Hallucinatory experiences and onset of psychotic disorder: evidence that the risk is mediated by delusion formation. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2004, 110, 264-272.	4.5	70
35	Early maternal stress and health behaviours and offspring expression of psychosis in adolescence. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2004, 110, 356-364.	4.5	47
36	Childhood abuse as a risk factor for psychotic experiences. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2004, 109, 38-45.	4.5	721

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Dimensions of depression, mania and psychosis in the general population. Psychological Medicine, 2004, 34, 1177-1186.	4.5	91
38	Sex Differences in Emotional Reactivity to Daily Life Stress in Psychosis. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2004, 65, 805-809.	2.2	64
39	How psychotic are individuals with non-psychotic disorders?. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2003, 38, 149-154.	3.1	146
40	Can cognitive deficits explain differential sensitivity to life events in psychosis?. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2003, 38, 262-268.	3.1	15
41	Alterations in theory of mind in patients with schizophrenia and nonâ€psychotic relatives. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2003, 108, 110-117.	4.5	209
42	Do life events have their effect on psychosis by influencing the emotional reactivity to daily life stress?. Psychological Medicine, 2003, 33, 327-333.	4.5	90
43	Event-related potentials and white matter lesions in bipolar disorder. Acta Neuropsychiatrica, 2002, 14, 11-16.	2.1	2
44	Single or multiple familial cognitive risk factors in schizophrenia?. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A, 2001, 105, 183-188.	2.4	64
45	Cognitive Performance in Relation to MRI Temporal Lobe Volume in Schizophrenic Patients and Healthy Control Subjects. Journal of Neuropsychiatry and Clinical Neurosciences, 2000, 12, 251-256.	1.8	13
46	Normal Cognitive Performance in Patients With Chronic Alcoholism in Contrast to Patients With Korsakoff's Syndrome. Journal of Neuropsychiatry and Clinical Neurosciences, 2000, 12, 44-50.	1.8	34
47	Cognitive dysfunctions and white matter lesions in patients with bipolar disorder in remission. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2000, 101, 274-280.	4.5	113
48	Tardive dyskinesia is associated with impaired retrieval from long-term memory: the Curaçao Extrapyramidal syndromes study: IV. Schizophrenia Research, 2000, 42, 41-46.	2.0	11
49	Cognitive dysfunctions and white matter lesions in patients with bipolar disorder in remission. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2000, 101, 274-80.	4.5	80
50	A controlled study of temporal lobe structure volumes and P300 responses in schizophrenic patients with persistent auditory hallucinations. Schizophrenia Research, 1999, 38, 151-158.	2.0	64
51	The Neuropsychology of Schizophrenia. , 0, , 631-647.		2