

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Tumour-associated macrophages-derived CXCL8 determines immune evasion through autonomous PD-L1 expression in gastric cancer. Gut, 2019, 68, 1764-1773.	12.1	219
2	Tumor-infiltrating Neutrophils is Prognostic and Predictive for Postoperative Adjuvant Chemotherapy Benefit in Patients With Gastric Cancer. Annals of Surgery, 2018, 267, 311-318.	4.2	176
3	Identification and Validation of Stromal Immunotype Predict Survival and Benefit from Adjuvant Chemotherapy in Patients with Muscle-Invasive Bladder Cancer. Clinical Cancer Research, 2018, 24, 3069-3078.	7.0	124
4	Tumor-associated Macrophage-derived Interleukin-23 Interlinks Kidney Cancer Glutamine Addiction with Immune Evasion. European Urology, 2019, 75, 752-763.	1.9	123
5	Infiltration of diametrically polarized macrophages predicts overall survival of patients with gastric cancer after surgical resection. Gastric Cancer, 2015, 18, 740-750.	5.3	118
6	Association between indel polymorphism in the promoter region of lncRNA GAS5 and the risk of hepatocellular carcinoma. Carcinogenesis, 2015, 36, 1136-1143.	2.8	107
7	Prognostic Value of Diametrically Polarized Tumor-Associated Macrophages in Renal Cell Carcinoma. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2014, 21, 3142-3150.	1.5	98
8	EZH2-mediated loss of miR-622 determines CXCR4 activation in hepatocellular carcinoma. Nature Communications, 2015, 6, 8494.	12.8	95
9	Tumor infiltrating CD19 ⁺ B lymphocytes predict prognostic and therapeutic benefits in metastatic renal cell carcinoma patients treated with tyrosine kinase inhibitors. Oncolmmunology, 2018, 7, 1-9.	4.6	93
10	Intratumoral CXCL13 ⁺ CD8 ⁺ T cell infiltration determines poor clinical outcomes and immunoevasive contexture in patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. , 2021, 9, e001823.		87
11	Hepatitis B Virus Large Surface Antigen Promotes Liver Carcinogenesis by Activating the Src/PI3K/Akt Pathway. Cancer Research, 2011, 71, 7547-7557.	0.9	78
12	Enhancer of zeste homolog 2 (<scp>EZH2</scp>) promotes tumour cell migration and invasion via epigenetic repression of <scp>E</scp> â€cadherin in renal cell carcinoma. BJU International, 2016, 117, 351-362.	2.5	76
13	Increased expression of IDO associates with poor postoperative clinical outcome of patients with gastric adenocarcinoma. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 21319.	3.3	73
14	Tumor-infiltrating CD39+CD8+ T cells determine poor prognosis and immune evasion in clear cell renal cell carcinoma patients. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2020, 69, 1565-1576.	4.2	72
15	Hepatitis B Virus X Protein Confers Resistance of Hepatoma Cells to Anoikis by Up-regulating and Activating p21-Activated Kinase 1. Gastroenterology, 2012, 143, 199-212.e4.	1.3	70
16	Tumor stroma-infiltrating mast cells predict prognosis and adjuvant chemotherapeutic benefits in patients with muscle invasive bladder cancer. Oncolmmunology, 2018, 7, e1474317.	4.6	61
17	Blockade of DC-SIGN+ Tumor-Associated Macrophages Reactivates Antitumor Immunity and Improves Immunotherapy in Muscle-Invasive Bladder Cancer. Cancer Research, 2020, 80, 1707-1719.	0.9	61
18	Tumor-infiltrating neutrophils predict benefit from adjuvant chemotherapy in patients with muscle invasive bladder cancer. Oncolmmunology, 2017, 6, e1293211.	4.6	57

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19	Discovery of Specific Metastasis-Related N-Glycan Alterations in Epithelial Ovarian Cancer Based on Quantitative Glycomics. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e87978.	2.5	45
20	High expression of Solute Carrier Family 1, member 5 (SLC1A5) is associated with poor prognosis in clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Scientific Reports, 2015, 5, 16954.	3.3	43
21	CXCL13 expression is prognostic and predictive for postoperative adjuvant chemotherapy benefit in patients with gastric cancer. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2018, 67, 261-269.	4.2	43
22	Prognostic Value of SETD2 Expression in Patients with Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Treated with Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors. Journal of Urology, 2016, 196, 1363-1370.	0.4	42
23	Tumor infiltrating mast cells determine oncogenic HIF-2α-conferred immune evasion in clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2019, 68, 731-741.	4.2	39
24	CD19+ tumor-infiltrating B-cells prime CD4+ T-cell immunity and predict platinum-based chemotherapy efficacy in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2019, 68, 45-56.	4.2	39
25	Tumor-infiltrating γÎT cells predict prognosis and adjuvant chemotherapeutic benefit in patients with gastric cancer. Oncolmmunology, 2017, 6, e1353858.	4.6	38
26	Blocking siglec-10hi tumor-associated macrophages improves anti-tumor immunity and enhances immunotherapy for hepatocellular carcinoma. Experimental Hematology and Oncology, 2021, 10, 36.	5.0	36
27	CCR8 blockade primes anti-tumor immunity through intratumoral regulatory T cells destabilization in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2020, 69, 1855-1867.	4.2	35
28	Identification and validation of dichotomous immune subtypes based on intratumoral immune cells infiltration in clear cell renal cell carcinoma patients. , 2020, 8, e000447.		35
29	The prognostic value of CXC-chemokine receptor 2 (CXCR2) in gastric cancer patients. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 766.	2.6	34
30	Tumor-associated macrophages expressing galectin-9 identify immunoevasive subtype muscle-invasive bladder cancer with poor prognosis but favorable adjuvant chemotherapeutic response. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2019, 68, 2067-2080.	4.2	34
31	Identification and validation of an immunogenic subtype of gastric cancer with abundant intratumoural CD103+CD8+ T cells conferring favourable prognosis. British Journal of Cancer, 2020, 122, 1525-1534.	6.4	34
32	Intratumoral CXCR5+CD8+T associates with favorable clinical outcomes and immunogenic contexture in gastric cancer. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 3080.	12.8	34
33	Tumor Infiltrating Mast Cells (TIMs) Confers a Marked Survival Advantage in Nonmetastatic Clear-Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2017, 24, 1435-1442.	1.5	33
34	CCL2/CCR2 axis is associated with postoperative survival and recurrence of patients with non-metastatic clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 51525-51534.	1.8	32
35	High APOBEC3B expression is a predictor of recurrence in patients with low-risk clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2015, 33, 340.e1-340.e8.	1.6	31
36	Clinical significance of tumor-derived IL-1β and IL-18 in localized renal cell carcinoma: Associations with recurrence and survival1Contributed equally to this work Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2015, 33, 68.e9-68.e16.	1.6	31

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37	Identification of β-1,4-galactosyltransferase I as a target gene of HBx-induced cell cycle progression of hepatoma cell. Journal of Hepatology, 2008, 49, 1029-1037.	3.7	30
38	P2X7 receptor predicts postoperative cancerâ€specific survival of patients with clearâ€cell renal cell carcinoma. Cancer Science, 2015, 106, 1224-1231.	3.9	30
39	Galectin-9 as a prognostic and predictive biomarker in bladder urothelial carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2017, 35, 349-355.	1.6	30
40	Stromal LAG-3 ⁺ cells infiltration defines poor prognosis subtype muscle-invasive bladder cancer with immunoevasive contexture. , 2020, 8, e000651.		29
41	Prognostic value of interleukin-6 and interleukin-6 receptor in organ-confined clear-cell renal cell carcinoma: a 5-year conditional cancer-specific survival analysis. British Journal of Cancer, 2015, 113, 1581-1589.	6.4	28
42	Poor clinical outcomes of intratumoral dendritic cell–specific intercellular adhesion molecule 3–grabbing non-integrin–positive macrophages associated with immune evasion in gastric cancer. European Journal of Cancer, 2020, 128, 27-37.	2.8	28
43	Immunosuppressive tumor-associated macrophages expressing interlukin-10 conferred poor prognosis and therapeutic vulnerability in patients with muscle-invasive bladder cancer. , 2022, 10, e003416.		28
44	Increased expression of colony stimulating factor-1 is a predictor of poor prognosis in patients with clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 67.	2.6	27
45	CXC chemokine receptor 2 is associated with postoperative recurrence and survival of patients with non-metastatic clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. European Journal of Cancer, 2015, 51, 1953-1961.	2.8	24
46	Tumorâ€infiltrating neutrophils predict prognosis and adjuvant chemotherapeutic benefit in patients with biliary cancer. Cancer Science, 2018, 109, 2266-2274.	3.9	24
47	Increased B4GALT1 expression associates with adverse outcome in patients with non-metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 32723-32730.	1.8	24
48	High expression of interleukinâ€11 is an independent indicator of poor prognosis in clearâ€cell renal cell carcinoma. Cancer Science, 2015, 106, 592-597.	3.9	23
49	High Level of Anaphylatoxin C5a Predicts Poor Clinical Outcome in Patients with Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 29177.	3.3	23
50	Tumor-infiltrating TNFRSF9 ⁺ CD8 ⁺ T cells define different subsets of clear cell renal cell carcinoma with prognosis and immunotherapeutic response. OncoImmunology, 2020, 9, 1838141.	4.6	23
51	Elevated expression of IFN-inducible CXCR3 ligands predicts poor prognosis in patients with non-metastatic clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 13976-13983.	1.8	23
52	Association of O ⁶ -Methylguanine-DNA Methyltransferase Protein Expression With Postoperative Prognosis and Adjuvant Chemotherapeutic Benefits Among Patients With Stage II or III Gastric Cancer. JAMA Surgery, 2017, 152, e173120.	4.3	22
53	Intratumoral IL22â€producing cells define immunoevasive subtype muscleâ€invasive bladder cancer with poor prognosis and superior nivolumab responses. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 542-552.	5.1	22
54	Tumor Suppressive Function of p21-activated Kinase 6 in Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2015, 290, 28489-28501.	3.4	20

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55	Interleukin-13 receptor α2 is associated with poor prognosis in patients with gastric cancer after gastrectomy. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 49281-49288.	1.8	20
56	Infiltration and Polarization of Tumor-associated Macrophages Predict Prognosis and Therapeutic Benefit in Muscle-Invasive Bladder Cancer. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2022, 71, 1497-1506.	4.2	20
57	Increased expression of MUC3A is associated with poor prognosis in localized clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 50017-50026.	1.8	19
58	Enrichment of C5a-C5aR axis predicts poor postoperative prognosis of patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 80925-80934.	1.8	18
59	Prognostic significance of ST3GAL-1 expression in patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 880.	2.6	17
60	Prognostic value of preoperative lymphocyte to monocyte ratio in patients with nonmetastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 4613-4620.	1.8	17
61	Evaluation of Tumor Pseudocapsule Status and its Prognostic Significance in Renal Cell Carcinoma. Journal of Urology, 2018, 199, 915-920.	0.4	17
62	Poor clinical outcomes and immunoevasive contexture in CXCL13+CD8+ T cells enriched gastric cancer patients. Oncolmmunology, 2021, 10, 1915560.	4.6	17
63	Latency-associated Peptide Identifies Immunoevasive Subtype Gastric Cancer With Poor Prognosis and Inferior Chemotherapeutic Responsiveness. Annals of Surgery, 2022, 275, e163-e173.	4.2	17
64	Interleukin-11 receptor predicts post-operative clinical outcome in patients with early-stage clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 45, 202-209.	1.3	16
65	C-C motif chemokine 22 predicts postoperative prognosis and adjuvant chemotherapeutic benefits in patients with stage II/III gastric cancer. Oncolmmunology, 2018, 7, e1433517.	4.6	16
66	Lauren classification identifies distinct prognostic value and functional status of intratumoral CD8+ T cells in gastric cancer. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2020, 69, 1327-1336.	4.2	16
67	Clinical Outcomes and Immune Metrics in Intratumoral Basophil-Enriched Gastric Cancer Patients. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2021, 28, 6439-6450.	1.5	16
68	CD103+CD8+ tissue-resident memory T cell infiltration predicts clinical outcome and adjuvant therapeutic benefit in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2022, 126, 1581-1588.	6.4	16
69	Galectin-8 is associated with recurrence and survival of patients with non-metastatic gastric cancer after surgery. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 12635-12642.	1.8	15
70	B4GALT1 expression predicts prognosis and adjuvant chemotherapy benefits in muscle-invasive bladder cancer patients. BMC Cancer, 2018, 18, 590.	2.6	15
71	CCR5 blockade inflames antitumor immunity in BAP1-mutant clear cell renal cell carcinoma. , 2020, 8, e000228.		15
72	<scp>Lymphocyteâ€activation gene 3 expression associates with poor prognosis and immunoevasive contexture in Epsteinâ€Barr virusâ€positive and MLH1â€defective gastric cancer patients</scp> . International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 759-768.	5.1	15

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73	Impact of intratumoural CD73 expression on prognosis and therapeutic response in patients with gastric cancer. European Journal of Cancer, 2021, 157, 114-123.	2.8	15
74	Expression of IL-4 and IL-13 predicts recurrence and survival in localized clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. International Journal of Clinical and Experimental Pathology, 2015, 8, 1594-603.	0.5	15
75	Tumor-infiltrating mast cells predict prognosis and gemcitabine-based adjuvant chemotherapeutic benefit in biliary tract cancer patients. BMC Cancer, 2018, 18, 313.	2.6	14
76	Poliovirus receptor CD155 is up-regulated in muscle-invasive bladder cancer and predicts poor prognosis. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2020, 38, 41.e11-41.e18.	1.6	14
77	Immune inactivation by APOBEC3B enrichment predicts response to chemotherapy and survival in gastric cancer. Oncolmmunology, 2021, 10, 1975386.	4.6	14
78	Snail predicts recurrence and survival of patients with localized clear cell renal cell carcinoma after surgical resection. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2015, 33, 69.e1-69.e10.	1.6	13
79	IL-33 is associated with unfavorable postoperative survival of patients with clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 11127-11134.	1.8	13
80	Identification and validation of poor prognosis immunoevasive subtype of muscle-invasive bladder cancer with tumor-infiltrating podoplanin ⁺ cell abundance. Oncolmmunology, 2020, 9, 1747333.	4.6	13
81	GALNT4 Predicts Clinical Outcome in Patients with Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma. Journal of Urology, 2014, 192, 1534-1541.	0.4	12
82	Prognostic significance of \hat{l}^2 1,6-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase V expression in patients with hepatocellular carcinoma. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 45, 844-853.	1.3	12
83	Dectin-1 predicts adverse postoperative prognosis of patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 32657.	3.3	12
84	High expression of chemokine CCL2 is associated with recurrence after surgery in clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2016, 34, 238.e19-238.e26.	1.6	12
85	High expression of Mucin13 associates with grimmer postoperative prognosis of patients with non-metastatic clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 7548-7558.	1.8	12
86	Tumor-infiltrating neutrophils predict therapeutic benefit of tyrosine kinase inhibitors in metastatic renal cell carcinoma. Oncolmmunology, 2019, 8, e1515611.	4.6	12
87	Dot1l expression predicts adverse postoperative prognosis of patients with clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 84775-84784.	1.8	12
88	TIM3+ cells in gastric cancer: clinical correlates and association with immune context. British Journal of Cancer, 2022, 126, 100-108.	6.4	12
89	Intratumoral IL-1R1 expression delineates a distinctive molecular subset with therapeutic resistance in patients with gastric cancer. , 2022, 10, e004047.		12
90	High mucin-7 expression is an independent predictor of adverse clinical outcomes in patients with clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 15193-15201.	1.8	11

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91	Increased expression of interleukin-8 is an independent indicator of poor prognosis in clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 4523-4529.	1.8	11
92	High Expression of Colony-Stimulating Factor 1 Receptor Associates with Unfavorable Cancer-Specific Survival of Patients with Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2016, 23, 1044-1052.	1.5	11
93	High NUCB2 expression level represents an independent negative prognostic factor in Chinese cohorts of non-metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma patients. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 35244-35254.	1.8	11
94	An Indel Polymorphism within pre-miR3131 Confers Risk for Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Carcinogenesis, 2017, 38, bgw206.	2.8	10
95	High expression of CXC chemokine receptor 6 associates with poor prognosis in patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2017, 35, 675.e17-675.e24.	1.6	10
96	Prognostic value of copper transporter 1 expression in patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncology Letters, 2017, 14, 5791-5800.	1.8	10
97	Prognostic value of CC-chemokine receptor seven expression in patients with metastatic renal cell carcinoma treated with tyrosine kinase inhibitor. BMC Cancer, 2017, 17, 70.	2.6	10
98	PAK1 expression determines poor prognosis and immune evasion in metastatic renal cell carcinoma patients. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2020, 38, 293-304.	1.6	10
99	CXC chemokine receptor 1 predicts postoperative prognosis and chemotherapeutic benefits for TNM II and III resectable gastric cancer patients. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 20328-20339.	1.8	10
100	β1,6-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase V predicts recurrence and survival of patients with clear-cell renal cell carcinoma after surgical resection. World Journal of Urology, 2015, 33, 1791-1799.	2.2	9
101	Prognostic value of UTX expression in patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2016, 34, 338.e19-338.e27.	1.6	9
102	Decreased expression of Siglec-8 associates with poor prognosis in patients with gastric cancer after surgical resection. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 10883-10891.	1.8	9
103	Functional Short Tandem Repeat Polymorphism of PTPN11 and Susceptibility to Hepatocellular Carcinoma in Chinese Populations. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e106841.	2.5	9
104	High mucin 5AC expression predicts adverse postoperative recurrence and survival of patients with clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 59777-59790.	1.8	9
105	High expression of FUT3 is linked to poor prognosis in clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 61036-61047.	1.8	9
106	Prognostic value of granulocyte colony-stimulating factor in patients with non-metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 69961-69971.	1.8	9
107	High expression of C-C chemokine receptor 2 associates with poor overall survival in gastric cancer patients after surgical resection. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 23909-23918.	1.8	9
108	p21-Activated kinase 4 predicts early recurrence and poor survival in patients with nonmetastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2015, 33, 205.e13-205.e21.	1.6	8

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109	Increased expression of C-C motif ligand 2 associates with poor prognosis in patients with gastric cancer after gastrectomy. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 3285-3293.	1.8	8
110	Poor clinical outcomes and immunoevasive contexture in interleukinâ€9 abundant muscleâ€invasive bladder cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 147, 3539-3549.	5.1	8
111	High CLEC-2 expression associates with unfavorable postoperative prognosis of patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 63661-63668.	1.8	8
112	IRF5 is associated with adverse postoperative prognosis of patients with non-metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 44186-44194.	1.8	8
113	Positive intratumoral chemokine (C-C motif) receptor 8 expression predicts high recurrence risk of post-operation clear-cell renal cell carcinoma patients. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 8413-8421.	1.8	8
114	Notch1 Predicts Recurrence and Survival of Patients With Clear-cell Renal Cell Carcinoma After Surgical Resection. Urology, 2015, 85, 483.e9-483.e14.	1.0	7
115	p21â€activated kinase 1 predicts recurrence and survival in patients with nonâ€metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. International Journal of Urology, 2015, 22, 447-453.	1.0	7
116	Decreased expression of JMJD3 predicts poor prognosis of patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncology Letters, 2017, 14, 1550-1560.	1.8	7
117	HLA class I expression predicts prognosis and therapeutic benefits from tyrosine kinase inhibitors in metastatic renal-cell carcinoma patients. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2018, 67, 79-87.	4.2	7
118	Tumor-infiltrating podoplanin ⁺ cells in gastric cancer: clinical outcomes and association with immune contexture. Oncolmmunology, 2020, 9, 1845038.	4.6	7
119	High expression of galectin-7 associates with poor overall survival in patients with non-metastatic clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 0, 7, 41986-41995.	1.8	7
120	TIGIT and PD-1 expression atlas predicts response to adjuvant chemotherapy and PD-L1 blockade in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2022, 126, 1310-1317.	6.4	7
121	The Presence of Vascular Mimicry Predicts High Risk of Clear Cell Renal Cell Carcinoma after Radical Nephrectomy. Journal of Urology, 2016, 196, 335-342.	0.4	6
122	Decreased expression of CTR2 predicts poor prognosis of patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2016, 34, 5.e1-5.e9.	1.6	6
123	Low CCL17 expression associates with unfavorable postoperative prognosis of patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. BMC Cancer, 2017, 17, 117.	2.6	6
124	High CXC chemokine receptor 1 level represents an independent negative prognosticator in non-metastatic clear-cell renal cell carcinoma patients. Oncolmmunology, 2017, 6, e1359450.	4.6	6
125	Tumor-infiltrating IL-17A ⁺ cells determine favorable prognosis and adjuvant chemotherapeutic response in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. Oncolmmunology, 2020, 9, 1747332.	4.6	6
126	A three-molecule score based on Notch pathway predicts poor prognosis in non-metastasis clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 68559-68570.	1.8	6

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127	Low CCL-21 expression associates with unfavorable postoperative prognosis of patients with metastatic renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 25650-25659.	1.8	6
128	Stathmin 1 expression predicts prognosis and benefits from adjuvant chemotherapy in patients with gallbladder carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 108548-108555.	1.8	6
129	Granulocyte macrophage colony-stimulating factor predicts postoperative recurrence of clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 24527-24536.	1.8	6
130	Decreased expression of mucin 18 is associated with unfavorable postoperative prognosis in patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. International Journal of Clinical and Experimental Pathology, 2015, 8, 11005-14.	0.5	6
131	Immune inactivation by CD47 expression predicts clinical outcomes and therapeutic responses in clear cell renal cell carcinoma patients. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2022, 40, 166.e15-166.e25.	1.6	6
132	B7-H4 correlates with clinical outcome and immunotherapeutic benefit in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. European Journal of Cancer, 2022, 171, 133-142.	2.8	6
133	Galectin-8 predicts postoperative recurrence of patients with localized T1 clear cell renal cell car cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2015, 33, 112.e1-112.e8.	1.6	5
134	Beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase II predicts poor prognosis of patients with non-metastatic clear-cell renal cell carcinoma. Tumor Biology, 2017, 39, 101042831769141.	1.8	5
135	Prognostic value of vascular mimicry in patients with urothelial carcinoma of the bladder after radical cystectomy. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 76214-76223.	1.8	5
136	NKG2A and PD-L1 expression panel predicts clinical benefits from adjuvant chemotherapy and PD-L1 blockade in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. , 2022, 10, e004569.		5
137	High peritumoral Bmi-1 expression is an independent prognosticator of poor prognosis in renal cell carcinoma. Tumor Biology, 2015, 36, 8007-8014.	1.8	4
138	Glycoprotein 130 is associated with adverse postoperative clinical outcomes of patients with late-stage non-metastatic gastric cancer. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 38364.	3.3	4
139	Podoplanin associates with adverse postoperative prognosis of patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Cancer Science, 2016, 107, 1243-1249.	3.9	4
140	Enhancement of Siglec-8 expression predicts adverse prognosis in patients with clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2017, 35, 607.e1-607.e8.	1.6	4
141	Prognostic and Predictive Value of O6-methylguanine Methyltransferase for Chemotherapy in Patients with Muscle-Invasive Bladder Cancer. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2018, 25, 342-348.	1.5	4
142	Intratumoral CCR5 ⁺ neutrophils identify immunogenic subtype muscle-invasive bladder cancer with favorable prognosis and therapeutic responses. Oncolmmunology, 2020, 9, 1802176.	4.6	4
143	Prognostic significance of ST6GalNAc-1 expression in patients with non-metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2018, 9, 3112-3120.	1.8	4
144	Prognostic role of N-Acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 10 in metastatic renal cell carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 14995-15003.	1.8	4

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145	Stromal Tumor-Associated Macrophage Infiltration Predicts Poor Clinical Outcomes in Muscle-Invasive Bladder Cancer Patients. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2022, , 1.	1.5	4
146	Poor clinical outcomes and immunoevasive contexture in SIRPα+ tumor-associated macrophages enriched muscle-invasive bladder cancer patients. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2022, 40, 109.e11-109.e20.	1.6	3
147	Expression of Jagged1 predicts postoperative clinical outcome of patients with gastric cancer. International Journal of Clinical and Experimental Medicine, 2015, 8, 14782-92.	1.3	3
148	Decreased expression of granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor is associated with adverse clinical outcome in patients with gastric cancer undergoing gastrectomy. Oncology Letters, 2017, 14, 4701-4707.	1.8	2
149	CXCR1 expression predicts benefit from tyrosine kinase inhibitors therapy in patients with metastatic renal cell carcinoma. Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations, 2018, 36, 242.e15-242.e21.	1.6	2
150	Latency-associated peptide identifies therapeutically resistant muscle-invasive bladder cancer with poor prognosis. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2021, , 1.	4.2	2
151	Failure to Cite Related Studies and Report Complete Information on Patients and Tissue Samples. JAMA Surgery, 2019, 154, 362.	4.3	1
152	ASO Author Reflections: Optimization of Tumor Therapy for the Specific Immune Microenvironment of Gastric Cancer. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2021, 28, 6451-6452.	1.5	1
153	Immune inactivation by neuropilin-1 predicts clinical outcome and therapeutic benefit in muscle-invasive bladder cancer. Cancer Immunology, Immunotherapy, 2022, 71, 2117-2126.	4.2	1
154	High truncated-O-glycan score predicts adverse clinical outcome in patients with localized clear-cell renal cell carcinoma after surgery. Oncotarget, 2017, 8, 80083-80092.	1.8	0
155	ASO Visual Abstract: Stromal Tumor-Associated Macrophage Infiltration Predicts Poor Clinical Outcomes in Muscle-Invasive Bladder Cancer Patients. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2022, 29, 2504-2504.	1.5	0