

Jason M Tylianakis

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

113
papers

15,726
citations

31976

53
h-index

22832

112
g-index

127
all docs

127
docs citations

127
times ranked

16690
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Conservation needs to integrate knowledge across scales. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 118-119.	7.8	40
2	Potential for cascading impacts of environmental change and policy on indigenous culture. <i>Ambio</i> , 2022, 51, 1110-1122.	5.5	6
3	Effective climate change adaptation means supporting community autonomy. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2022, 12, 213-215.	18.8	39
4	The recovery of functional diversity with restoration. <i>Ecology</i> , 2022, 103, e3618.	3.2	6
5	A network perspective for sustainable agroecosystems. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2022, 27, 769-780.	8.8	11
6	Social-ecological connections across land, water, and sea demand a reprioritization of environmental management. <i>Elementa</i> , 2022, 10, .	3.2	6
7	Behaviour moderates the impacts of food web structure on species coexistence. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2021, 24, 298-309.	6.4	7
8	Tricky partners: native plants show stronger interaction preferences than their exotic counterparts. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03239.	3.2	14
9	Effects of customary egg harvest regimes on hatching success of a culturally important waterfowl species. <i>People and Nature</i> , 2021, 3, 499-512.	3.7	3
10	Consistent trade-offs in ecosystem services between land covers with different production intensities. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2021, 96, 1989-2008.	10.4	6
11	Exotic plants accumulate and share herbivores yet dominate communities via rapid growth. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 2696.	12.8	9
12	Predicting direct and indirect non-target impacts of biocontrol agents using machine-learning approaches. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0252448.	2.5	4
13	International scientists formulate a roadmap for insect conservation and recovery. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 4, 174-176.	7.8	176
14	Trait matching and phenological overlap increase the spatio-temporal stability and functionality of plant-pollinator interactions. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2020, 23, 1107-1116.	6.4	58
15	Biotic interactions drive ecosystem responses to exotic plant invaders. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 368, 967-972.	12.6	59
16	Strength of niche processes for species interactions is lower for generalists and exotic species. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2020, 89, 2145-2155.	2.8	21
17	Asymmetric interactions of seed-predation network contribute to rare-species advantage. <i>Ecology</i> , 2020, 101, e03050.	3.2	9
18	Engaging Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities in Environmental Management Could Alleviate Scale Mismatches in Social-Ecological Systems. <i>BioScience</i> , 2020, 70, 699-707.	4.9	19

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19	Climatic and local stressor interactions threaten tropical forests and coral reefs. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020, 375, 20190116.	4.0	69
20	The patchwork of evolutionary landscapes. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 4, 672-673.	7.8	1
21	Community-level direct and indirect impacts of an invasive plant favour exotic over native species. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2020, 108, 2499-2510.	4.0	12
22	Building biocultural approaches into Aotearoa "New Zealand"™s conservation future. <i>Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand</i> , 2019, 49, 394-411.	1.9	40
23	Predation risk influences foodweb structure by constraining species diet choice. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 1734-1745.	6.4	26
24	Reshaping our understanding of species™ roles in landscape-scale networks. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 1367-1377.	6.4	37
25	Biocultural Hysteresis Inhibits Adaptation to Environmental Change. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 34, 771-780.	8.7	58
26	Distance to range edge determines sensitivity to deforestation. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 886-891.	7.8	33
27	Organic farming promotes biotic resistance to foodborne human pathogens. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2019, 56, 1117-1127.	4.0	34
28	Above and belowground community strategies respond to different global change drivers. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 2540.	3.3	23
29	Extinction filters mediate the global effects of habitat fragmentation on animals. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 366, 1236-1239.	12.6	164
30	Bringing Elton and Grinnell together: a quantitative framework to represent the biogeography of ecological interaction networks. <i>Ecography</i> , 2019, 42, 401-415.	4.5	85
31	Symmetric assembly and disassembly processes in an ecological network. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2018, 21, 896-904.	6.4	19
32	Asymmetry in reproduction strategies drives evolution of resistance in biological control systems. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0207610.	2.5	14
33	Community dynamics can modify the direction of simulated warming effects on crop yield. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0207796.	2.5	1
34	Intensified agriculture favors evolved resistance to biological control. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 3885-3890.	7.1	95
35	The database of the <sc>PREDICTS</sc> (Projecting Responses of Ecological Diversity In Changing) Tj ETQq1 1 0,784314 rgBT /Overl 1.9 186	1.9	186
36	Indigenous peoples: Conservation paradox. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 357, 142-143.	12.6	20

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37	Ecological Networks Across Environmental Gradients. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2017, 48, 25-48.	8.3	339
38	Non-random food web assembly at habitat edges increases connectivity and functional redundancy. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 995-1005.	3.2	15
39	Complementary Effects of Species Abundances and Ecological Neighborhood on the Occurrence of Fruit-Frugivore Interactions. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 5, .	2.2	24
40	Predicting the effect of habitat modification on networks of interacting species. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017, 8, 792.	12.8	31
41	Species roles in plant-pollinator communities are conserved across native and alien ranges. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2016, 22, 841-852.	4.1	46
42	Linking species functional roles to their network roles. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2016, 19, 762-770.	6.4	119
43	Microbes in the Anthropocene: spillover of agriculturally selected bacteria and their impact on natural ecosystems. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 283, 20160896.	2.6	25
44	Persist or Produce: A Community Trade-Off Tuned by Species Evenness. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2016, 188, 411-422.	2.1	54
45	Predicting bee community responses to land-use changes: Effects of geographic and taxonomic biases. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 31153.	3.3	92
46	Apparent competition drives community-wide parasitism rates and changes in host abundance across ecosystem boundaries. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 12644.	12.8	56
47	A common framework for identifying linkage rules across different types of interactions. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2016, 30, 1894-1903.	3.6	161
48	Host identity is a dominant driver of mycorrhizal fungal community composition during ecosystem development. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 205, 1565-1576.	7.3	173
49	Community-level net spillover of natural enemies from managed to natural forest. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 193-202.	3.2	53
50	Phylogenetic diversity and co-evolutionary signals among trophic levels change across a habitat edge. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2015, 84, 364-372.	2.8	22
51	Agricultural Intensification Exacerbates Spillover Effects on Soil Biogeochemistry in Adjacent Forest Remnants. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0116474.	2.5	40
52	The PREDICTS database: a global database of how local terrestrial biodiversity responds to human impacts. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 4701-4735.	1.9	178
53	Exotic birds increase generalization and compensate for native bird decline in plant-frugivore assemblages. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2014, 83, 1441-1450.	2.8	64
54	Effects of Soil Warming and Nitrogen Addition on Soil Respiration in a New Zealand Tussock Grassland. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e91204.	2.5	42

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55	Effects of global environmental changes on parasitoid–host food webs and biological control. <i>Biological Control</i> , 2014, 75, 77-86.	3.0	67
56	If and when successful classical biological control fails. <i>Biological Control</i> , 2014, 72, 76-79.	3.0	42
57	Complementarity and redundancy of interactions enhance attack rates and spatial stability in host–parasitoid food webs. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 1888-1896.	3.2	79
58	<scp>BIOFRAG</scp> – a new database for analyzing <scp>BIO</scp> diversity responses to forest <scp>FRAG</scp> mentation. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 1524-1537.	1.9	29
59	The winners and losers of land use intensification: pollinator community disassembly is non-random and alters functional diversity. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2014, 20, 908-917.	4.1	138
60	Tipping points in ecological networks. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 19, 281-283.	8.8	25
61	Mycorrhizas and mycorrhizal fungal communities throughout ecosystem development. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2013, 367, 11-39.	3.7	152
62	A long-term experimental test of the dynamic equilibrium model of species diversity. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2013, 171, 439-448.	2.0	20
63	Genotype matching in a parasitoid–host genotypic food web: an approach for measuring effects of environmental change. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2013, 22, 229-238.	3.9	23
64	The dimensionality of ecological networks. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 577-583.	6.4	246
65	Pollination Decline in Context – Response. <i>Science</i> , 2013, 340, 924-925.	12.6	13
66	The Global Plight of Pollinators. <i>Science</i> , 2013, 339, 1532-1533.	12.6	86
67	Community shifts under climate change: Mechanisms at multiple scales. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2013, 100, 1422-1434.	1.7	42
68	Elevated Temperature and Drought Interact to Reduce Parasitoid Effectiveness in Suppressing Hosts. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e58136.	2.5	99
69	Warming and nitrogen affect size structuring and density dependence in a host–parasitoid food web. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2012, 367, 3033-3041.	4.0	36
70	Landscape moderation of biodiversity patterns and processes – eight hypotheses. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2012, 87, 661-685.	10.4	1,443
71	–Ecosystemics™: ecology by sequencer. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2012, 27, 309-310.	8.7	11
72	Specialization and Rarity Predict Nonrandom Loss of Interactions from Mutualist Networks. <i>Science</i> , 2012, 335, 1486-1489.	12.6	237

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73	Plant-mediated and nonadditive effects of two global change drivers on an insect herbivore community. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, 1892-1901.	3.2	64
74	Biodiversity, Species Interactions and Ecological Networks in a Fragmented World. <i>Advances in Ecological Research</i> , 2012, 46, 89-210.	2.7	284
75	Food webs: reconciling the structure and function of biodiversity. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2012, 27, 689-697.	8.7	521
76	Cascading effects of long-term land-use changes on plant traits and ecosystem functioning. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, 145-155.	3.2	119
77	Climate Change Disproportionately Increases Herbivore over Plant or Parasitoid Biomass. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e40557.	2.5	114
78	Effects of Introducing Threatened Falcons into Vineyards on Abundance of Passeriformes and Bird Damage to Grapes. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2012, 26, 142-149.	4.7	69
79	Warming, CO ₂ , and nitrogen deposition interactively affect a plant-pollinator mutualism. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 227-234.	6.4	143
80	Translocation of Threatened New Zealand Falcons to Vineyards Increases Nest Attendance, Brooding and Feeding Rates. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e38679.	2.5	10
81	Forest Biodiversity and the Delivery of Ecosystem Goods and Services: Translating Science into Policy. <i>BioScience</i> , 2011, 61, 972-981.	4.9	126
82	Early succession arthropod community changes on experimental passion fruit plant patches along a land-use gradient in Ecuador. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2011, 140, 14-19.	5.3	12
83	Natural enemy diversity reduces temporal variability in wasp but not bee parasitism. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2010, 162, 755-762.	2.0	26
84	Natural enemy diversity and biological control: Making sense of the context-dependency. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 11, 657-668.	2.7	115
85	Genetic analyses reveal hybridization but no hybrid swarm in one of the world's rarest birds. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2010, 19, 5090-5100.	3.9	52
86	Deforestation homogenizes tropical parasitoid-host networks. <i>Ecology</i> , 2010, 91, 1740-1747.	3.2	113
87	Conservation of species interaction networks. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2010, 143, 2270-2279.	4.1	689
88	Comparison of Two Sampling Methods for Quantifying Changes in Vegetation Composition Under Rangeland Development. <i>Rangeland Ecology and Management</i> , 2010, 63, 537-545.	2.3	11
89	Warming Up Food Webs. <i>Science</i> , 2009, 323, 1300-1301.	12.6	21
90	The invasive Yellow Crazy Ant and the decline of forest ant diversity in Indonesian cacao agroforests. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2008, 10, 1399-1409.	2.4	67

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91	The population consequences of natural enemy enhancement, and implications for conservation biological control. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2008, 6, 604-612.	6.4	86
92	Global change and species interactions in terrestrial ecosystems. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2008, 11, 1351-1363.	6.4	1,880
93	LANDSCAPE CONSTRAINTS ON FUNCTIONAL DIVERSITY OF BIRDS AND INSECTS IN TROPICAL AGROECOSYSTEMS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2008, 89, 944-951.	3.2	310
94	Reprint of "Conservation biological control and enemy diversity on a landscape scale" [Biol. Control 43 (2007) 294-309]. <i>Biological Control</i> , 2008, 45, 238-253.	3.0	64
95	Functional group diversity of bee pollinators increases crop yield. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2008, 275, 2283-2291.	2.6	534
96	Understanding the Web of Life: The Birds, the Bees, and Sex with Aliens. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2008, 6, e47.	5.6	51
97	Resource Heterogeneity Moderates the Biodiversity-Function Relationship in Real World Ecosystems. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2008, 6, e122.	5.6	210
98	CAVEATS TO QUANTIFYING ECOSYSTEM SERVICES: FRUIT ABORTION BLURS BENEFITS FROM CROP POLLINATION. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2007, 17, 1841-1849.	3.8	126
99	Interactive effects of habitat modification and species invasion on native species decline. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2007, 22, 489-496.	8.7	692
100	Conservation biological control and enemy diversity on a landscape scale. <i>Biological Control</i> , 2007, 43, 294-309.	3.0	531
101	Habitat modification alters the structure of tropical host-parasitoid food webs. <i>Nature</i> , 2007, 445, 202-205.	27.8	775
102	Abandonment of coffee agroforests increases insect abundance and diversity. <i>Agroforestry Systems</i> , 2007, 69, 175-182.	2.0	22
103	DIVERSITY, ECOSYSTEM FUNCTION, AND STABILITY OF PARASITOID-HOST INTERACTIONS ACROSS A TROPICAL HABITAT GRADIENT. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 3047-3057.	3.2	139
104	Spillover edge effects: the dispersal of agriculturally subsidized insect natural enemies into adjacent natural habitats. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006, 9, 603-614.	6.4	518
105	The effects of floral understoreys on parasitism of leafrollers (Lepidoptera: Tortricidae) on apples in New Zealand. <i>Agricultural and Forest Entomology</i> , 2006, 8, 25-34.	1.3	88
106	Spatial scale of observation affects alpha, beta and gamma diversity of cavity-nesting bees and wasps across a tropical land-use gradient. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2006, 33, 1295-1304.	3.0	90
107	Remotely sensed landscape heterogeneity as a rapid tool for assessing local biodiversity value in a highly modified New Zealand landscape. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2005, 14, 1469-1485.	2.6	23
108	Are invasive species the drivers of ecological change?. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2005, 20, 470-474.	8.7	648

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109	SPATIOTEMPORAL VARIATION IN THE DIVERSITY OF HYMENOPTERA ACROSS A TROPICAL HABITAT GRADIENT. Ecology, 2005, 86, 3296-3302.	3.2	230
110	IMPROVED FITNESS OF APHID PARASITIDS RECEIVING RESOURCE SUBSIDIES. Ecology, 2004, 85, 658-666.	3.2	244
111	Insect Interactions with Other Pests (Weeds, Pathogens, Nematodes). , 2004, , 1-4.		0
112	Field boundaries as barriers to movement of hover flies (Diptera: Syrphidae) in cultivated land. Oecologia, 2003, 134, 605-611.	2.0	152
113	Conservation, biodiversity, and integrated pest management. , 0, , 223-245.		3