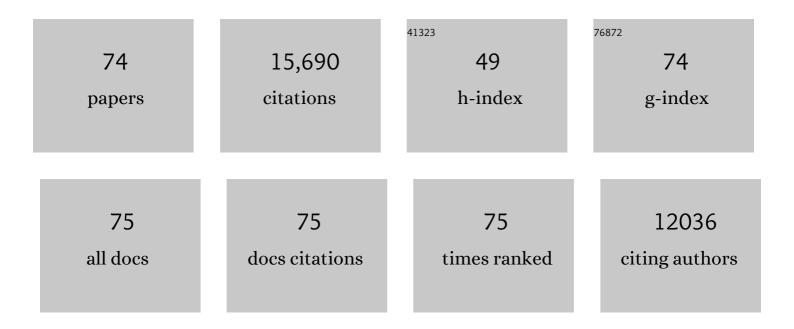
## George A Kaplan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Trends and Variation in the Gap Between Current and Anticipated Life Satisfaction in the United States, 2008–2020. American Journal of Public Health, 2022, 112, 509-517.	1.5	2
2	Defining Health in a Comprehensive Context: A New Definition of Integrative Health. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2017, 53, 134-137.	1.6	35
3	Socioeconomic position, John Henryism, and incidence of acute myocardial infarction in Finnish men. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 173, 54-62.	1.8	14
4	A Call for Global Discussion on Universal Coverage. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 594-595.	1.5	2
5	Neighbourhood food, physical activity, and educational environments and black/white disparities in obesity: a complex systems simulation analysis. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, 862-867.	2.0	32
6	Do depressive symptoms predict the incidence of myocardial infarction independent of hopelessness?. Journal of Health Psychology, 2015, 20, 60-68.	1.3	11
7	Reducing racial disparities in obesity: simulating the effects of improved education and social network influence on diet behavior. Annals of Epidemiology, 2014, 24, 563-569.	0.9	56
8	Are there hopeless neighborhoods? An exploration of environmental associations between individual-level feelings of hopelessness and neighborhood characteristics. Health and Place, 2012, 18, 434-439.	1.5	36
9	Economic crises: Some thoughts on why, when and where they (might) matter for health—A tale of three countries. Social Science and Medicine, 2012, 74, 643-646.	1.8	26
10	Metropolitan Fragmentation and Health Disparities: Is There a Link?. Milbank Quarterly, 2012, 90, 187-207.	2.1	17
11	Hopelessness, Depression, and Early Markers of Endothelial Dysfunction in U.S. Adults. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2010, 72, 613-619.	1.3	48
12	Income-related and educational inequality in small-for-gestational age and preterm birth in Denmark and Finland 1987—2003. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2010, 38, 40-45.	1.2	31
13	Socioeconomic Determinants of Psychological Well-Being: The Role of Income, Income Change, and Income Sources During the Course of 29 Years. Annals of Epidemiology, 2008, 18, 531-537.	0.9	117
14	The shape of health to come: prospective study of the determinants of 30-year health trajectories in the Alameda County Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 36, 542-548.	0.9	23
15	Socioeconomic disadvantage in childhood and across the life course and all-cause mortality and physical function in adulthood: evidence from the Alameda County Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 723-730.	2.0	89
16	Income inequality and mortality: a multilevel prospective study of 521 248 individuals in 50 US states. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 36, 590-596.	0.9	87
17	How Big Is Big Enough for Epidemiology?. Epidemiology, 2007, 18, 18-20.	1.2	11
18	Associations Between Income Inequality and Mortality Among US States: The Importance of Time Period and Source of Income Data. American Journal of Public Health, 2005, 95, 1424-1430.	1.5	33

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19	Mediation and Modification of the Association Between Hopelessness, Hostility, and Progression of Carotid Atherosclerosis. Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2005, 28, 53-64.	1.1	43
20	Impact of economic crisis on cause-specific mortality in South Korea. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 34, 1291-1301.	0.9	154
21	What's Wrong with Social Epidemiology, and How Can We Make It Better?. Epidemiologic Reviews, 2004, 26, 124-135.	1.3	137
22	Childhood and Adult Socioeconomic Conditions and 31-Year Mortality Risk in Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 159, 481-490.	1.6	108
23	Is Income Inequality a Determinant of Population Health? Part 1. A Systematic Review. Milbank Quarterly, 2004, 82, 5-99.	2.1	713
24	Self-esteem and mortality: prospective evidence from a population-based study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2004, 14, 58-65.	0.9	44
25	Relative or Absolute Standards for Child Poverty: A State-Level Analysis of Infant and Child Mortality. American Journal of Public Health, 2003, 93, 652-657.	1.5	24
26	Socioeconomic Position Across the Lifecourse and Cognitive Function in Late Middle Age. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2002, 57, S43-S51.	2.4	190
27	Neighborhood Environment and Loss of Physical Function in Older Adults: Evidence from the Alameda County Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2002, 155, 507-515.	1.6	466
28	Epidemiologic evidence for the relation between socioeconomic status and depression, obesity, and diabetes. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2002, 53, 891-895.	1.2	553
29	Physical Activity Reduces the Risk of Subsequent Depression for Older Adults. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2002, 156, 328-334.	1.6	599
30	Upstream approaches to reducing socioeconomic inequalities in health. Revista Brasileira De Epidemiologia, 2002, 5, 18-27.	0.3	3
31	Low serum lycopene concentration is associated with an excess incidence of acute coronary events and stroke: the Kuopio Ischaemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2001, 85, 749-754.	1.2	145
32	Comparative Impact of Hearing and Vision Impairment On Subsequent Functioning. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2001, 49, 1086-1092.	1.3	205
33	Religious attendance increases survival by improving and maintaining good health behaviors, mental health, and social relationships. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2001, 23, 68-74.	1.7	480
34	Women's exposure to early and later life socioeconomic disadvantage and coronary heart disease risk: the Stockholm Female Coronary Risk Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 30, 275-284.	0.9	144
35	Childhood socioeconomic position and cognitive function in adulthood. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 30, 256-263.	0.9	279
36	Hypertension Incidence Is Predicted by High Levels of Hopelessness in Finnish Men. Hypertension, 2000, 35, 561-567.	1.3	145

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Relation between income inequality and mortality in Canada and in the United States: cross sectional assessment using census data and vital statistics. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 898-902.	2.4	358
38	Income inequality and mortality: importance to health of individual income, psychosocial environment, or material conditions. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 1200-1204.	2.4	1,057
39	Neighborhood Social Environment and Risk of Death: Multilevel Evidence from the Alameda County Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1999, 149, 898-907.	1.6	403
40	Blood Pressure and the Progression of Carotid Atherosclerosis in Middle-Aged Men. Hypertension, 1999, 34, 51-56.	1.3	120
41	The Role of Psychological Characteristics in the Relation Between Socioeconomic Status and Perceived Health1. Journal of Applied Social Psychology, 1999, 29, 445-468.	1.3	107
42	Part III Summary. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1999, 896, 116-119.	1.8	64
43	Macroâ€ŧoâ€Micro Links in the Relation between Income Inequality and Mortality. Milbank Quarterly, 1998, 76, 315-339.	2.1	194
44	Socioeconomic considerations in the health of urban areas. Journal of Urban Health, 1998, 75, 228-235.	1.8	12
45	Religiosity Buffers Effects of Some Stressors on Depression but Exacerbates Others. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 1998, 53B, S118-S126.	2.4	223
46	Depressive Symptoms and Increased Risk of Stroke Mortality Over a 29-Year Period. Archives of Internal Medicine, 1998, 158, 1133.	4.3	310
47	Cumulative Impact of Sustained Economic Hardship on Physical, Cognitive, Psychological, and Social Functioning. New England Journal of Medicine, 1997, 337, 1889-1895.	13.9	713
48	Understanding How Inequality in the Distribution of Income Affects Health. Journal of Health Psychology, 1997, 2, 297-314.	1.3	212
49	Beer binging and mortality: results from the kuopio ischaemic heart disease risk factor study, a prospective population based study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1997, 315, 846-851.	2.4	227
50	Hopelessness and 4-Year Progression of Carotid Atherosclerosis. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 1997, 17, 1490-1495.	1.1	190
51	Exaggerated Blood Pressure Responses During Mental Stress Are Associated With Enhanced Carotid Atherosclerosis in Middle-Aged Finnish Men. Circulation, 1997, 96, 3842-3848.	1.6	203
52	Perceived Health Status and Morbidity and Mortality: Evidence from the Kuopio Ischaemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1996, 25, 259-265.	0.9	304
53	Hopelessness and Risk of Mortality and Incidence of Myocardial Infarction and Cancer. Psychosomatic Medicine, 1996, 58, 113-121.	1.3	481
54	People and Places: Contrasting Perspectives on the Association between Social Class and Health. International Journal of Health Services, 1996, 26, 507-519.	1.2	178

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Natural History of Leisure-time Physical Activity and Its Correlates: Associations with Mortality from All Causes and Cardiovascular Disease Over 28 Years. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1996, 144, 793-797.	1.6	157
56	Inequality in income and mortality in the United States: analysis of mortality and potential pathways. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1996, 312, 999-1003.	2.4	947
57	Are All Hostility Scales Alike? Factor Structure and Covariation Among Measures of Hostility1. Journal of Applied Social Psychology, 1995, 25, 1142-1168.	1.3	51
58	Factors Associated with Change in Physical Functioning in the Elderly. Journal of Aging and Health, 1993, 5, 140-153.	0.9	218
59	Maintenance of functioning in the elderly. Annals of Epidemiology, 1992, 2, 823-834.	0.9	30
60	Psychosocial Factors in the Natural History of Physical Activity. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 1991, 7, 12-17.	1.6	86
61	Physical Activity and Depression: Evidence from the Alameda County Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1991, 134, 220-231.	1.6	518
62	The relationship between stressful life situations and changes in alcohol consumption in a general population sample. Addiction, 1991, 86, 157-169.	1.7	44
63	Psychological distress and mortality: Evidence from the Alameda county study. Social Science and Medicine, 1990, 31, 527-536.	1.8	50
64	Social Connections and Risk for Cancer: Prospective Evidence from the Alameda County Study. Behavioral Medicine, 1990, 16, 101-110.	1.0	192
65	The Health Consequences of Multiple Morbidity in the Elderly. Journal of Aging and Health, 1989, 1, 50-66.	0.9	50
66	Smoking and Body Mass in the Natural History of Physical Activity: Prospective Evidence from the Alameda County Study, 1965-1974. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 1989, 5, 127-135.	1.6	17
67	SOCIAL CONNECTIONS AND MORTALITY FROM ALL CAUSES AND FROM CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE: PROSPECTIVE EVIDENCE FROM EASTERN FINLAND. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1988, 128, 370-380.	1.6	364
68	SOCIAL NETWORK TIES AND MORTALITY AMONG TILE ELDERLY IN THE ALAMEDA COUNTY STUDY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1987, 126, 714-723.	1.6	460
69	POVERTY AND HEALTH PROSPECTIVE EVIDENCE FROM THE ALAMEDA COUNTY STUDY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1987, 125, 989-998.	1.6	623
70	PSYCHOSOCIAL PREDICTORS OF DEPRESSION. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1987, 125, 206-220.	1.6	323
71	Alcohol consumption and mortality in Alameda County. Journal of Chronic Diseases, 1987, 40, 229-236.	1.3	122
72	Self-reports predictive of mortality from ischemic heart disease: A nine-year follow-up of the human population laboratory cohort. Journal of Chronic Diseases, 1985, 38, 195-201.	1.3	42

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73	Psychosocial Aspects of Chronic Illness: Direct and Indirect Associations with Ischemic Heart Disease Mortality. , 1985, , 237-269.		19
74	PERCEIVED HEALTH AND MORTALITY: A NINE-YEAR FOLLOW-UP OF THE HUMAN POPULATION LABORATORY COHORT1. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1983, 117, 292-304.	1.6	916