

Andrew C Seger

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

23
papers

4,369
citations

361413

20
h-index

642732

23
g-index

23
all docs

23
docs citations

23
times ranked

3689
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Patient-centered Pharmacist Care in the Hemodialysis Unit: a quasi-experimental interrupted time series study. <i>BMC Nephrology</i> , 2019, 20, 408.	1.8	4
2	Ambulatory Computerized Prescribing and Preventable Adverse Drug Events. <i>Journal of Patient Safety</i> , 2016, 12, 69-74.	1.7	8
3	The vulnerabilities of computerized physician order entry systems: a qualitative study. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2016, 23, 311-316.	4.4	27
4	Impact of Robotic Antineoplastic Preparation on Safety, Workflow, and Costs. <i>Journal of Oncology Practice</i> , 2012, 8, 344-349.	2.5	58
5	Ambulatory prescribing errors among community-based providers in two states. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2012, 19, 644-648.	4.4	30
6	Electronic Drug Interaction Alerts in Ambulatory Care. <i>Drug Safety</i> , 2011, 34, 587-593.	3.2	26
7	Impact of implementing alerts about medication black-box warnings in electronic health records. <i>Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety</i> , 2011, 20, 192-202.	1.9	27
8	Addition of electronic prescription transmission to computerized prescriber order entry: Effect on dispensing errors in community pharmacies. <i>American Journal of Health-System Pharmacy</i> , 2011, 68, 158-163.	1.0	56
9	Outpatient Adverse Drug Events Identified by Screening Electronic Health Records. <i>Journal of Patient Safety</i> , 2010, 6, 91-96.	1.7	26
10	An Empirical Model to Estimate the Potential Impact of Medication Safety Alerts on Patient Safety, Health Care Utilization, and Cost in Ambulatory Care. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2009, 169, 1465.	3.8	62
11	Tiering Drug-Drug Interaction Alerts by Severity Increases Compliance Rates. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2009, 16, 40-46.	4.4	213
12	A Randomized Trial of Electronic Clinical Reminders to Improve Medication Laboratory Monitoring. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2008, 15, 424-429.	4.4	48
13	Adverse Drug Event Detection in a Community Hospital Utilising Computerised Medication and Laboratory Data. <i>Drug Safety</i> , 2007, 30, 817-824.	3.2	26
14	Adherence to Black Box Warnings for Prescription Medications in Outpatients. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2006, 166, 338.	3.8	73
15	Improving Acceptance of Computerized Prescribing Alerts in Ambulatory Care. <i>Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA</i> , 2006, 13, 5-11.	4.4	319
16	Patient-Reported Medication Symptoms in Primary Care. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2005, 165, 234.	3.8	119
17	Outpatient prescribing errors and the impact of computerized prescribing. <i>Journal of General Internal Medicine</i> , 2005, 20, 837-841.	2.6	220
18	Generic Drug Savings. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2005, 143, 845.	3.9	1

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	An evaluation of risk factors for adverse drug events associated with angiotensinâ€converting enzyme inhibitors. Journal of Evaluation in Clinical Practice, 2004, 10, 499-509.	1.8	179
20	Risk Factors for Adverse Drug Events Among Older Adults in the Ambulatory Setting. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2004, 52, 1349-1354.	2.6	253
21	Strategies for Detecting Adverse Drug Events among Older Persons in the Ambulatory Setting. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association: JAMIA, 2004, 11, 492-498.	4.4	80
22	Adverse Drug Events in Ambulatory Care. New England Journal of Medicine, 2003, 348, 1556-1564.	27.0	1,160
23	Incidence and Preventability of Adverse Drug Events Among Older Persons in the Ambulatory Setting. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2003, 289, 1107.	7.4	1,354