## Jean Clobert

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/114090/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

25 papers 6,633 citations

430874 18 h-index 610901 24 g-index

26 all docs

26 docs citations

times ranked

26

5984 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Intraspecific diversity alters the relationship between climate change and parasitism in a polymorphic ectotherm. Global Change Biology, 2022, 28, 1301-1314.	9.5	2
2	Interaction of hydric and thermal conditions drive geographic variation in thermoregulation in a widespread lizard. Ecological Monographs, 2021, 91, e01440.	5.4	11
3	When water interacts with temperature: Ecological and evolutionary implications of thermoâ€hydroregulation in terrestrial ectotherms. Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 9, 10029-10043.	1.9	97
4	Environmental variation mediates the prevalence and co-occurrence of parasites in the common lizard, Zootoca vivipara. BMC Ecology, 2019, 19, 44.	3.0	19
5	Species dispersal and biodiversity in human-dominated metacommunities. Journal of Theoretical Biology, 2018, 457, 199-210.	1.7	10
6	Reduction in baseline corticosterone secretion correlates with climate warming and drying across wild lizard populations. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2018, 87, 1331-1341.	2.8	33
7	Water availability and environmental temperature correlate with geographic variation in water balance in common lizards. Oecologia, 2017, 185, 561-571.	2.0	40
8	Shorter telomeres precede population extinction in wild lizards. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 16976.	3.3	69
9	Climate and habitat interact to shape the thermal reaction norms of breeding phenology across lizard populations. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2016, 85, 457-466.	2.8	33
10	Warmer temperatures attenuate the classic offspring number and reproductive investment trade-off in the common lizard, <i>Zootoca vivipara</i> . Biology Letters, 2016, 12, 20160101.	2.3	16
11	Live Fast, Die Young: Experimental Evidence of Population Extinction Risk due to Climate Change. PLoS Biology, 2015, 13, e1002281.	5.6	119
12	Reproductive allocation strategies: a long-term study on proximate factors and temporal adjustments in a viviparous lizard. Oecologia, 2013, 171, 141-151.	2.0	37
13	The importance of a good neighborhood: dispersal decisions in juvenile common lizards are based on social environment. Behavioral Ecology, 2012, 23, 1059-1067.	2.2	18
14	An integrative study of ageing in a wild population of common lizards. Functional Ecology, 2011, 25, 848-858.	3.6	96
15	Frequency-dependent reproductive success in female common lizards: a real-life hawk–dove–bully game?. Oecologia, 2010, 162, 49-58.	2.0	23
16	Erosion of Lizard Diversity by Climate Change and Altered Thermal Niches. Science, 2010, 328, 894-899.	12.6	1,430
17	Discrete two-sex models of population dynamics: On modelling the mating function. Acta Oecologica, 2010, 36, 439-445.	1.1	33
18	Climate warming, dispersal inhibition and extinction risk. Global Change Biology, 2008, 14, 461-469.	9.5	112

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Ventral colour polymorphism correlates with alternative behavioural patterns in female common lizards ( <i>Lacerta vivipara &lt;  i&gt;). Ecoscience, 2008, 15, 320-326.</i>	1.4	35
20	Global warming and positive fitness response in mountain populations of common lizards Lacerta vivipara. Global Change Biology, 2006, 12, 392-402.	9.5	180
21	THE CONTRIBUTION OF PHENOTYPIC PLASTICITY TO ADAPTATION IN LACERTA VIVIPARA. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2001, 55, 392-404.	2.3	88
22	Effect of water constraint on growth rate, activity and body temperature of yearling common lizard () Tj ETQq0 (	0 o rgBT /0 2.0	Overlock 10 T
23	Density Dependence in the Common Lizard: Demographic Consequences of a Density Manipulation. Ecology, 1992, 73, 1742-1756.	3.2	167
24	Modeling Survival and Testing Biological Hypotheses Using Marked Animals: A Unified Approach with Case Studies. Ecological Monographs, 1992, 62, 67-118.	5.4	3,853
25	Grandmaternal age at reproduction affects grandoffspring body condition, reproduction and survival in a wild population of lizards. Functional Ecology, 0, , .	3.6	O