Wayne I Lencer

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

145 papers	11,275 citations	25034 57 h-index	30087 103 g-index
153 all docs	153 docs citations	153 times ranked	10326 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Protein Disulfide Isomerase Acts as a Redox-Dependent Chaperone to Unfold Cholera Toxin. Cell, 2001, 104, 937-948.	28.9	455
2	Human Neonatal Fc Receptor Mediates Transport of IgG into Luminal Secretions for Delivery of Antigens to Mucosal Dendritic Cells. Immunity, 2004, 20, 769-783.	14.3	429
3	Bidirectional FcRn-dependent IgG transport in a polarized human intestinal epithelial cell line. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 1999, 104, 903-911.	8.2	391
4	Myosin light chain phosphorylation regulates barrier function by remodeling tight junction structure. Journal of Cell Science, 2006, 119, 2095-2106.	2.0	389
5	Receptor-mediated Immunoglobulin G Transport Across Mucosal Barriers in Adult Life. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2002, 196, 303-310.	8.5	376
6	Gangliosides are receptors for murine polyoma virus and SV40. EMBO Journal, 2003, 22, 4346-4355.	7.8	357
7	MHC Class I-Related Neonatal Fc Receptor for IgG Is Functionally Expressed in Monocytes, Intestinal Macrophages, and Dendritic Cells. Journal of Immunology, 2001, 166, 3266-3276.	0.8	279
8	Claudin-8 Expression in Madin-Darby Canine Kidney Cells Augments the Paracellular Barrier to Cation Permeation. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2003, 278, 17350-17359.	3.4	247
9	The intracellular voyage of cholera toxin: going retro. Trends in Biochemical Sciences, 2003, 28, 639-645.	7.5	236
10	Dependence of antibody-mediated presentation of antigen on FcRn. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2008, 105, 9337-9342.	7.1	229
11	Pulmonary delivery of an erythropoietin Fc fusion protein in non-human primates through an immunoglobulin transport pathway. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2004, 101, 9763-9768.	7.1	219
12	Rafting with cholera toxin: endocytosis and trafficking from plasma membrane to ER. FEMS Microbiology Letters, 2007, 266, 129-137.	1.8	219
13	Membrane traffic and the cellular uptake of cholera toxin. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research, 1999, 1450, 177-190.	4.1	215
14	The A Adenosine Receptor Mediates cAMP Responses to Adenosine Receptor Agonists in Human Intestinal Epithelia. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1995, 270, 2387-2394.	3.4	212
15	Gangliosides That Associate with Lipid Rafts Mediate Transport of Cholera and Related Toxins from the Plasma Membrane to Endoplasmic Reticulm. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2003, 14, 4783-4793.	2.1	212
16	Neonatal Fc Receptor: From Immunity to Therapeutics. Journal of Clinical Immunology, 2010, 30, 777-789.	3.8	208
17	Ganglioside Structure Dictates Signal Transduction by Cholera Toxin and Association with Caveolae-like Membrane Domains in Polarized Epithelia. Journal of Cell Biology, 1998, 141, 917-927.	5.2	205
18	Fc-fusion proteins and FcRn: structural insights for longer-lasting and more effective therapeutics. Critical Reviews in Biotechnology, 2015, 35, 235-254.	9.0	201

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19	FcRn: The Architect Behind the Immune and Nonimmune Functions of IgG and Albumin. Journal of Immunology, 2015, 194, 4595-4603.	0.8	199
20	Neonatal Fc receptor for IgG regulates mucosal immune responses to luminal bacteria. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2006, 116, 2142-2151.	8.2	199
21	Neonatal Fc receptor for IgG (FcRn) regulates cross-presentation of IgG immune complexes by CD8^{â^'}CD11b⁺dendritic cells. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 9927-9932.	7.1	187
22	Cholera Toxin: An Intracellular Journey into the Cytosol by Way of the Endoplasmic Reticulum. Toxins, 2010, 2, 310-325.	3.4	175
23	Intracellular phosphatidylserine is essential for retrograde membrane traffic through endosomes. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 15846-15851.	7.1	163
24	The recycling and transcytotic pathways for IgG transport by FcRn are distinct and display an inherent polarity. Journal of Cell Biology, 2009, 185, 673-684.	5.2	149
25	Bidirectional Transepithelial IgG Transport by a Strongly Polarized Basolateral Membrane Fcγ-Receptor. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2004, 15, 1746-1759.	2.1	142
26	Role of ubiquitination in retroâ€translocation of cholera toxin and escape of cytosolic degradation. EMBO Reports, 2002, 3, 1222-1227.	4.5	135
27	Advances in Evaluation of Chronic Diarrhea in Infants. Gastroenterology, 2018, 154, 2045-2059.e6.	1.3	129
28	A passionate kiss, then run: exocytosis and recycling of IgG by FcRn. Trends in Cell Biology, 2005, 15, 5-9.	7.9	125
29	The Immunologic Functions of the Neonatal Fc Receptor for IgG. Journal of Clinical Immunology, 2013, 33, 9-17.	3.8	120
30	Lipid Sorting by Ceramide Structure from Plasma Membrane to ER for the Cholera Toxin Receptor Ganglioside GM1. Developmental Cell, 2012, 23, 573-586.	7.0	119
31	Immune and non-immune functions of the (not so) neonatal Fc receptor, FcRn. Seminars in Immunopathology, 2009, 31, 223-236.	6.1	115
32	Neonatal Fc Receptor Expression in Dendritic Cells Mediates Protective Immunity against Colorectal Cancer. Immunity, 2013, 39, 1095-1107.	14.3	112
33	Protein disulfide isomeraseâ€"like proteins play opposing roles during retrotranslocation. Journal of Cell Biology, 2006, 173, 853-859.	5.2	109
34	Uncoupling of the Cholera Toxin-GM1 Ganglioside Receptor Complex from Endocytosis, Retrograde Golgi Trafficking, and Downstream Signal Transduction by Depletion of Membrane Cholesterol. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2002, 277, 16249-16256.	3.4	106
35	Retrograde transport of cholera toxin from the plasma membrane to the endoplasmic reticulum requires the trans â€Golgi network but not the Golgi apparatus in Exo2â€treated cells. EMBO Reports, 2004, 5, 596-601.	4.5	101
36	The zebrafish dag1 mutant: a novel genetic model for dystroglycanopathies. Human Molecular Genetics, 2011, 20, 1712-1725.	2.9	101

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37	Derlin-1 Facilitates the Retro-Translocation of Cholera Toxin. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2008, 19, 877-884.	2.1	99
38	TorsinA participates in endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation. Nature Communications, 2011, 2, 393.	12.8	99
39	Functional Reconstitution of Human FcRn in Madin-Darby Canine Kidney Cells Requires Co-expressed Human Î²2-Microglobulin. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2002, 277, 28038-28050.	3.4	98
40	Raft trafficking of AB5 subunit bacterial toxins. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research, 2005, 1746, 314-321.	4.1	96
41	Cholera Toxin Toxicity Does Not Require Functional Arf6- and Dynamin-dependent Endocytic Pathways. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2004, 15, 3631-3641.	2.1	94
42	Distribution of the IgG Fc Receptor, FcRn, in the Human Fetal Intestine. Pediatric Research, 2003, 53, 295-301.	2.3	93
43	Aquaporin-3 mediates hydrogen peroxide-dependent responses to environmental stress in colonic epithelia. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 568-573.	7.1	88
44	The HA proteins of botulinum toxin disrupt intestinal epithelial intercellular junctions to increase toxin absorption. Cellular Microbiology, 2007, 10, 070921101202001-???.	2.1	84
45	Hepatic FcRn regulates albumin homeostasis and susceptibility to liver injury. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, E2862-E2871.	7.1	84
46	Role of p97 AAA-ATPase in the Retrotranslocation of the Cholera Toxin A1 Chain, a Non-ubiquitinated Substrate. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2005, 280, 28127-28132.	3.4	79
47	An FcRn-Dependent Role for Anti-flagellin Immunoglobulin G in Pathogenesis of Colitis in Mice. Gastroenterology, 2009, 137, 1746-1756.e1.	1.3	77
48	Multivalent immune complexes divert FcRn to lysosomes by exclusion from recycling sorting tubules. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2013, 24, 2398-2405.	2.1	75
49	Intoxication of zebrafish and mammalian cells by cholera toxin depends on the flotillin/reggie proteins but not Derlin-1 or -2. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2010, 120, 4399-4409.	8.2	74
50	Characterization of the porcine neonatal Fc receptor-potential use for trans-epithelial protein delivery. Immunology, 2005, 114, 542-553.	4.4	70
51	V. Cholera: invasion of the intestinal epithelial barrier by a stably folded protein toxin. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2001, 280, G781-G786.	3.4	68
52	Mechanism for Adhesion G Protein-Coupled Receptor GPR56-Mediated RhoA Activation Induced By Collagen III Stimulation. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e100043.	2.5	65
53	Distinct Ca2+- and cAMP-dependent anion conductances in the apical membrane of polarized T84 cells. American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology, 1998, 275, C484-C495.	4.6	64
54	Paneth Cell Cryptdins Act in Vitro as Apical Paracrine Regulators of the Innate Inflammatory Response. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2004, 279, 19902-19907.	3.4	64

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55	Association of Protease Activity in Vibrio cholerae Vaccine Strains with Decreases in Transcellular Epithelial Resistance of Polarized T84 Intestinal Epithelial Cells. Infection and Immunity, 2000, 68, 6487-6492.	2.2	63
56	IgG transport across mucosal barriers by neonatal Fc receptor for IgG and mucosal immunity. Seminars in Immunopathology, 2006, 28, 397-403.	4.0	63
57	CRISPR Screen Reveals that EHECâ€™s T3SS and Shiga Toxin Rely on Shared Host Factors for Infection. MBio, 2018, 9, .	4.1	62
58	Proteolytic Activation of Cholera Toxin and Escherichia coli Labile Toxin by Entry into Host Epithelial Cells. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1997, 272, 15562-15568.	3.4	58
59	Vibrio cholerae -Induced Cellular Responses of Polarized T84 Intestinal Epithelial Cells Are Dependent on Production of Cholera Toxin and the RTX Toxin. Infection and Immunity, 2001, 69, 6310-6317.	2.2	58
60	Insights on the trafficking and retro-translocation of glycosphingolipid-binding bacterial toxins. Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology, 2012, 2, 51.	3.9	58
61	Structured clustering of the glycosphingolipid GM1 is required for membrane curvature induced by cholera toxin. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 14978-14986.	7.1	58
62	Distribution of the IgG Fc Receptor, FcRn, in the Human Fetal Intestine. Pediatric Research, 2003, 53, 295-301.	2.3	58
63	Carboxyl-terminal Vesicular Stomatitis Virus G Protein-tagged Intestinal Na+-dependent Glucose Cotransporter (SGLT1). Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1996, 271, 7738-7744.	3.4	57
64	Structural Basis for the Differential Toxicity of Cholera Toxin and Escherichia coli Heat-labile Enterotoxin. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1999, 274, 3962-3969.	3.4	56
65	A Single Native Ganglioside GM ₁ -Binding Site Is Sufficient for Cholera Toxin To Bind to Cells and Complete the Intoxication Pathway. MBio, 2012, 3, .	4.1	55
66	Attenuated Endocytosis and Toxicity of a Mutant Cholera Toxin with Decreased Ability To Cluster Ganglioside GM ₁ Molecules. Infection and Immunity, 2008, 76, 1476-1484.	2.2	53
67	Ganglioside GM1-mediated Transcytosis of Cholera Toxin Bypasses the Retrograde Pathway and Depends on the Structure of the Ceramide Domain. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2013, 288, 25804-25809.	3.4	52
68	Microtubule Motors Power Plasma Membrane Tubulation in Clathrinâ€Independent Endocytosis. Traffic, 2015, 16, 572-590.	2.7	52
69	N-Glycan Moieties in Neonatal Fc Receptor Determine Steady-state Membrane Distribution and Directional Transport of IgG. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2009, 284, 8292-8300.	3.4	49
70	The Viral E3 Ubiquitin Ligase mK3 Uses the Derlin/p97 Endoplasmic Reticulum-associated Degradation Pathway to Mediate Down-regulation of Major Histocompatibility Complex Class I Proteins. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2006, 281, 8636-8644.	3.4	47
71	Ca²⁺-dependent Calmodulin Binding to FcRn Affects Immunoglobulin G Transport in the Transcytotic Pathway. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2008, 19, 414-423.	2.1	47
72	Membrane Transport across Polarized Epithelia. Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Biology, 2017, 9, a027912.	5.5	47

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73	Functional Analysis of VopF Activity Required for Colonization in Vibrio cholerae. MBio, 2010, 1, .	4.1	45
74	Antigen presentation by intestinal epithelial cells. Immunology Letters, 1999, 69, 7-11.	2.5	44
75	Trafficking of cholera toxin-ganglioside GM1complex into Golgi and induction of toxicity depend on actin cytoskeleton. American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology, 2004, 287, C1453-C1462.	4.6	43
76	The heavy chain of neonatal Fc receptor for IgG is sequestered in endoplasmic reticulum by forming oligomers in the absence of Î²2-microglobulin association. Biochemical Journal, 2002, 367, 703-714.	3.7	42
77	A Cholera Toxin B-subunit Variant That Binds Ganglioside GM1 but Fails to Induce Toxicity. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2001, 276, 36939-36945.	3.4	41
78	Innate immunity at mucosal surfaces: the IRE1-RIDD-RIG-I pathway. Trends in Immunology, 2015, 36, 401-409.	6.8	41
79	Selective Translocation of the Bordetella pertussis Adenylate Cyclase Toxin across the Basolateral Membranes of Polarized Epithelial Cells. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2010, 285, 10662-10670.	3.4	40
80	Ganglioside GD1a Restores Infectibility to Mouse Cells Lacking Functional Receptors for Polyomavirus. Journal of Virology, 2005, 79, 615-618.	3.4	35
81	Anthrax Toxin Entry into Polarized Epithelial Cells. Infection and Immunity, 1999, 67, 3026-3030.	2.2	35
82	Heterogeneity of detergent-insoluble membranes from human intestine containing caveolin-1 and ganglioside G_{M1}. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2000, 278, G895-G904.	3.4	34
83	Glycolipid Crosslinking Is Required for Cholera Toxin to Partition Into and Stabilize Ordered Domains. Biophysical Journal, 2016, 111, 2547-2550.	0.5	34
84	Intestinal goblet cells sample and deliver lumenal antigens by regulated endocytic uptake and transcytosis. ELife, 2021, 10, .	6.0	34
85	N-terminal Extension of the Cholera Toxin A1-chain Causes Rapid Degradation after Retrotranslocation from Endoplasmic Reticulum to Cytosol. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2010, 285, 6145-6152.	3.4	32
86	IRE1Î² negatively regulates IRE1Î± signaling in response to endoplasmic reticulum stress. Journal of Cell Biology, 2020, 219, .	5.2	31
87	Diarrhea-associated HIV-1 APIs potentiate muscarinic activation of Cl- secretion by T84 cells via prolongation of cytosolic Ca2+ signaling. American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology, 2004, 286, C998-C1008.	4.6	30
88	Remodeling of the Intestinal Brush Border Underlies Adhesion and Virulence of an Enteric Pathogen. MBio, 2014, 5, .	4.1	30
89	Cholera Toxin as a Probe for Membrane Biology. Toxins, 2021, 13, 543.	3.4	30
90	Cross-presentation of IgG-containing immune complexes. Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences, 2013, 70, 1319-1334.	5.4	28

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91	Ceramide structure dictates glycosphingolipid nanodomain assembly and function. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 3675.	12.8	27
92	CellMapper: rapid and accurate inference of gene expression in difficult-to-isolate cell types. Genome Biology, 2016, 17, 201.	8.8	24
93	Retrograde transport of cholera toxin into the ER of host cells. International Journal of Medical Microbiology, 2004, 293, 491-494.	3.6	23
94	Calnexin and ERp57 Facilitate the Assembly of the Neonatal Fc Receptor for IgG with Î²2-Microglobulin in the Endoplasmic Reticulum. Journal of Immunology, 2005, 175, 967-976.	0.8	22
95	Discovery of Dual-Action Membrane-Anchored Modulators of Incretin Receptors. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e24693.	2.5	21
96	4-Phenylbutyrate Attenuates the ER Stress Response and Cyclic AMP Accumulation in DYT1 Dystonia Cell Models. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e110086.	2.5	21
97	Endocytosis of cholera toxin by human enterocytes is developmentally regulated. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2005, 289, G332-G341.	3.4	20
98	Conversion of apical plasma membrane sphingomyelin to ceramide attenuates the intoxication of host cells by cholera toxin. Cellular Microbiology, 2007, 10, 070725190509001-???.	2.1	20
99	Evolution and function of the epithelial cell-specific ER stress sensor IRE1Î². Mucosal Immunology, 2021, 14, 1235-1246.	6.0	19
100	The epithelial-specific ER stress sensor ERN2/IRE1Î² enables host-microbiota crosstalk to affect colon goblet cell development. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2022, 132, .	8.2	19
101	Unsaturated glycoceramides as molecular carriers for mucosal drug delivery of GLP-1. Journal of Controlled Release, 2014, 175, 72-78.	9.9	18
102	A targeted RNAi screen identifies factors affecting diverse stages of receptor-mediated transcytosis. Journal of Cell Biology, 2017, 216, 511-525.	5.2	18
103	A modified cholera toxin B subunit containing an ER retention motif enhances colon epithelial repair via an unfolded protein response. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 13527-13545.	0.5	18
104	Extracellular cyclic dinucleotides induce polarized responses in barrier epithelial cells by adenosine signaling. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 27502-27508.	7.1	17
105	INAVA-ARNO complexes bridge mucosal barrier function with inflammatory signaling. ELife, 2018, 7, .	6.0	17
106	Characterization of Receptor-Mediated Signal Transduction by Escherichia coli Type IIa Heat-Labile Enterotoxin in the Polarized Human Intestinal Cell Line T84. Infection and Immunity, 2001, 69, 7205-7212.	2.2	16
107	The multiple roles of major histocompatibility complex class-I-like molecules in mucosal immune function. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 2001, 59, 139-144.	1.6	15
108	Mucosal absorption of therapeutic peptides by harnessing the endogenous sorting of glycosphingolipids. ELife, 2018, 7, .	6.0	15

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109	Microbial Invasion Across the Intestinal Epithelial Barrier: Commentary on the article by Burns et al. on page 30. Pediatric Research, 2001, 49, 4-5.	2.3	14
110	The Cdc42 inhibitor secramine B prevents cAMP-induced K+ conductance in intestinal epithelial cells. Biochemical Pharmacology, 2006, 71, 1720-1726.	4.4	12
111	Patching a Leaky Intestine. New England Journal of Medicine, 2008, 359, 526-528.	27.0	12
112	How the controller is controlled ? neonatal Fc receptor expression and immunoglobulin G homeostasis. Immunology, 2007, 120, 145-147.	4.4	11
113	A quantitative single-cell assay for retrograde membrane traffic enables rapid detection of defects in cellular organization. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2020, 31, 511-519.	2.1	11
114	Beyond IgA: the mucosal immunoglobulin alphabet. Mucosal Immunology, 2010, 3, 324-325.	6.0	10
115	Ceramide activates JNK to inhibit a cAMPâ€gated K ⁺ conductance and Cl ^{â€‹} secretion in intestinal epithelia. FASEB Journal, 2009, 23, 259-270.	0.5	9
116	Eliciting Mucosal Immunity. New England Journal of Medicine, 2011, 365, 1151-1153.	27.0	9
117	Antibodies in the breakdown lane. Nature Biotechnology, 2005, 23, 1232-1234.	17.5	7
118	A Biochemical Method for Tracking Cholera Toxin Transport From Plasma Membrane to Golgi and Endoplasmic Reticulum. , 2006, 341, 127-140.		7
119	Depletion of the apical endosome in response to viruses and bacterial toxins provides cell-autonomous host defense at mucosal surfaces. Cell Host and Microbe, 2022, 30, 216-231.e5.	11.0	6
120	Electrophysiological Studies into the Safety of the Anti-diarrheal Drug Clotrimazole during Oral Rehydration Therapy. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0004098.	3.0	5
121	Microbial sphingomyelinase induces RhoA-mediated reorganization of the apical brush border membrane and is protective against invasion. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2016, 27, 1120-1130.	2.1	5
122	Transcytosis Assay for Transport of Glycosphingolipids across MDCK-II Cells. Bio-protocol, 2018, 8, .	0.4	5
123	Cryosectioning of epithelial cells grown on permeable supports. Cytotechnology, 1992, 14, 181-186.	0.3	4
124	Small-molecule modulators of INAVA cytosolic condensate and cellâ€“cell junction assemblies. Journal of Cell Biology, 2021, 220, .	5.2	4
125	Structural basis for acyl chain control over glycosphingolipid sorting and vesicular trafficking. Cell Reports, 2022, 40, 111063.	6.4	4
126	Salmonella pathogenesis: The Trojan Horse or the New York Shuttle?. Gastroenterology, 2000, 118, 803-805.	1.3	3

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127	Congenital chloride-losing diarrhea in a Mexican child with the novel homozygous SLC26A3 mutation G393W. Frontiers in Physiology, 2015, 6, 179.	2.8	3
128	15 Membrane translocation by bacterial AB toxins. Methods in Microbiology, 2002, 31, 277-296.	0.8	2
129	Transcytosis of Bacterial Toxins across Mucosal Barriers. , 0, , 173-186.		2
130	Cholera toxin: mechanisms of entry into host cells. Topics in Current Genetics, 0, , 55-67.	0.7	1
131	Biology of Gut Immunoglobulins. , 2012, , 1089-1118.		1
132	Opening CFTR in the Intestine: Flushing on Demand. Cellular and Molecular Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2016, 2, 256.	4.5	1
133	A Quantitative Single-cell Flow Cytometry Assay for Retrograde Membrane Trafficking Using Engineered Cholera Toxin. Bio-protocol, 2020, 10, e3707.	0.4	1
134	Research Agenda for Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition: Secretion and Diarrhea: Report of the North American Society for Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition for the Children's Digestive Health and Nutrition Foundation. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2002, 35, S246-S249.	1.8	0
135	Signal Transduction by Bacterial Proteins. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2005, 40, S33-S34.	1.8	0
136	To Translocate or Not: That Is the Problem. Cell Host and Microbe, 2011, 10, 179-180.	11.0	0
137	Everything Illuminatedâ€"Clostridium perfringens Î²-toxin. Cell Host and Microbe, 2020, 28, 5-6.	11.0	0
138	Conjugation of peptides to short-acyl-chain ceramides for delivery across mucosal cell barriers. Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry Letters, 2020, 30, 127014.	2.2	0
139	Biology of Gut Immunoglobulins. , 2006, , 1067-1090.		0
140	Trafficking of IgG by FcRn in Epithelial Polarized Cells. FASEB Journal, 2009, 23, 686.2.	0.5	0
141	Unsaturated glycoceramides as molecular carriers for mucosal drug delivery of GLPâ€1 analogues. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 588.2.	0.5	0
142	Trafficking of Cholera Toxin and Related Bacterial Enterotoxins: Pathways and Endpoints. , 0, , 385-401.		0
143	The Epithelialâ€Specific ER Stress Sensor IRE1Î² Enables Hostâ€Microbiota Crosstalk to Affect Colon Goblet Cell Development. FASEB Journal, 2022, 36, .	0.5	0
144	Coronin 1A is Uniquely Expressed in the Human Follicle Associated Epithelium and is Required For Human M Cell Maturation and Function. FASEB Journal, 2022, 36, .	0.5	0

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145	Conformational Dynamics Linking Kinase and Endonuclease Domains Explain the Divergent Function of IRE1 Paralogues. FASEB Journal, 2022, 36, .	0.5	0