Jimmy Volmink

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11166189/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

26 3,749 19 23 g-index

28 28 28 5552

28 28 28 5552 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Patient Adherence to Tuberculosis Treatment: A Systematic Review of Qualitative Research. PLoS Medicine, 2007, 4, e238.	8.4	734
2	Conducting a meta-ethnography of qualitative literature: Lessons learnt. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2008, 8, 21.	3.1	666
3	Non-communicable diseases in sub-Saharan Africa: what we know now. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 40, 885-901.	1.9	463
4	A review of health behaviour theories: how useful are these for developing interventions to promote long-term medication adherence for TB and HIV/AIDS?. BMC Public Health, 2007, 7, 104.	2.9	367
5	Low Carbohydrate versus Isoenergetic Balanced Diets for Reducing Weight and Cardiovascular Risk: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e100652.	2.5	194
6	Directly observed therapy for treating tuberculosis. , 2007, , CD003343.		187
7	What Are the Effects of Teaching Evidence-Based Health Care (EBHC)? Overview of Systematic Reviews. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e86706.	2.5	186
8	Directly observed therapy and treatment adherence. Lancet, The, 2000, 355, 1345-1350.	13.7	148
9	Non-Communicable Diseases in Sub-Saharan Africa: The Case for Cohort Studies. PLoS Medicine, 2010, 7, e1000244.	8.4	122
10	Addressing inequalities in research capacity in Africa. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2005, 331, 705-706.	2.3	87
11	Urban and rural prevalence of diabetes and pre-diabetes and risk factors associated with diabetes in Tanzania and Uganda. Global Health Action, 2016, 9, 31440.	1.9	81
12	Urban–rural and geographic differences in overweight and obesity in four sub-Saharan African adult populations: a multi-country cross-sectional study. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 1126.	2.9	80
13	Promoting adherence to tuberculosis treatment. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2007, 85, 404-406.	3.3	73
14	Incentives and enablers to improve adherence in tuberculosis. The Cochrane Library, 2015, 2015, CD007952.	2.8	65
15	Material incentives and enablers in the management of tuberculosis. , 2012, 1, CD007952.		52
16	Economic support to improve tuberculosis treatment outcomes in South Africa: a pragmatic cluster-randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2013, 14, 154.	1.6	43
17	Consumption of processed food dietary patterns in four African populations. Public Health Nutrition, 2018, 21, 1529-1537.	2.2	36
18	Interventions for promoting adherence to tuberculosis management. The Cochrane Library, 2000, , .	2.8	31

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Low-carbohydrate versus balanced-carbohydrate diets for reducing weight and cardiovascular risk. The Cochrane Library, 2022, 2022, CD013334.	2.8	26
20	Series: Clinical Epidemiology in South Africa. Paper 1: Evidence-based health care and policy in Africa: past, present, and future. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2017, 83, 24-30.	5.0	24
21	Feasibility of a large cohort study in sub-Saharan Africa assessed through a four-country study. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 27422.	1.9	23
22	Directly observed treatment for tuberculosis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2003, 327, 823-824.	2.3	22
23	Patience, Persistence and Pragmatism: Experiences and Lessons Learnt from the Implementation of Clinically Integrated Teaching and Learning of Evidence-Based Health Care – A Qualitative Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0131121.	2.5	17
24	Attitude and confidence of undergraduate medical programme educators to practice and teach evidence-based healthcare. International Journal of Evidence-Based Healthcare, 2016, 14, 74-83.	0.5	7
25	Low carbohydrate versus balanced carbohydrate diets for reducing weight and cardiovascular risk. The Cochrane Library, 0, , .	2.8	5
26	Perspectives of undergraduate module convenors at a South African academic institution on medical student training in evidence-based health care: a qualitative study. South African Family Practice: Official Journal of the South African Academy of Family Practice/Primary Care, 2015, 57, 353-359.	0.6	2