Hirofumi Kunitomo

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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33 1,895 21 papers citations h-index

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2277
times ranked citing authors

29

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	The Insulin/PI 3-Kinase Pathway Regulates Salt Chemotaxis Learning in Caenorhabditis elegans. Neuron, 2006, 51, 613-625.	8.1	285
2	Structural basis for Na+ transport mechanism by a light-driven Na+ pump. Nature, 2015, 521, 48-53.	27.8	224
3	Single-cell transcriptional analysis of taste sensory neuron pair in Caenorhabditis elegans. Nucleic Acids Research, 2010, 38, 131-142.	14.5	143
4	Concentration memory-dependent synaptic plasticity of a taste circuit regulates salt concentration chemotaxis in Caenorhabditis elegans. Nature Communications, 2013, 4, 2210.	12.8	104
5	Lateralized Gustatory Behavior of C. elegans Is Controlled by Specific Receptor-Type Guanylyl Cyclases. Current Biology, 2009, 19, 996-1004.	3.9	101
6	Identification of Tubulin Deglutamylase among Caenorhabditis elegans and Mammalian Cytosolic Carboxypeptidases (CCPs). Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2010, 285, 22936-22941.	3.4	95
7	Olfactory Plasticity Is Regulated by Pheromonal Signaling in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . Science, 2010, 329, 1647-1650.	12.6	85
8	Role of synaptic phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase in a behavioral learning response in <i>C. elegans</i> Science, 2014, 345, 313-317.	12.6	84
9	A Zinc-Finger Protein, Rst2p, Regulates Transcription of the Fission Yeast <i>ste11</i> ⁺ Gene, Which Encodes a Pivotal Transcription Factor for Sexual Development. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2000, 11, 3205-3217.	2.1	81
10	Identification of ciliated sensory neuron-expressed genes in Caenorhabditis elegans using targeted pull-down of poly(A) tails. Genome Biology, 2005, 6, R17.	9.6	81
11	Go regulates olfactory adaptation by antagonizing GqÂ-DAG signaling in Caenorhabditis elegans. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2006, 103, 1112-1117.	7.1	75
12	CASY-1, an ortholog of calsyntenins/alcadeins, is essential for learning in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2008, 105, 5260-5265.	7.1	69
13	Reversal of Salt Preference Is Directed by the Insulin/PI3K and Gq/PKC Signaling in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i>	2.9	63
14	Schizosaccharomyces pombe pac2 + controls the onset of sexual development via a pathway independent of the cAMP cascade. Current Genetics, 1995, 28, 32-38.	1.7	60
15	A trophic role for Wnt-Ror kinase signaling during developmental pruning in Caenorhabditis elegans. Nature Neuroscience, 2009, 12, 981-987.	14.8	49
16	MBR-1, a Novel Helix-Turn-Helix Transcription Factor, Is Required for Pruning Excessive Neurites in Caenorhabditis elegans. Current Biology, 2005, 15, 1554-1559.	3.9	43
17	<i>Caenorhabditis elegans </i> Note: A sensory cilia formation. Genes To Cells, 2008, 13, 13-25.	1.2	41
18	The Caenorhabditis elegans eukaryotic initiation factor 5A homologue, IFF-1, is required for germ cell proliferation, gametogenesis and localization of the P-granule component PGL-1. Mechanisms of Development, 2004, 121, 213-224.	1.7	37

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	A Gustatory Neural Circuit of <i>Caenorhabditis elegans </i> Generates Memory-Dependent Behaviors in Na < sup > + Chemotaxis. Journal of Neuroscience, 2017, 37, 2097-2111.	3.6	36
20	Regulation of Experience-Dependent Bidirectional Chemotaxis by a Neural Circuit Switch in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> Journal of Neuroscience, 2014, 34, 15631-15637.	3.6	34
21	GPC-1, a G Protein Î ³ -Subunit, Regulates Olfactory Adaptation in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . Genetics, 2009, 181, 1347-1357.	2.9	23
22	Multiple sensory neurons mediate starvation-dependent aversive navigation in <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> . Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 18673-18683.	7.1	23
23	Roles for class IIA phosphatidylinositol transfer protein in neurotransmission and behavioral plasticity at the sensory neuron synapses of <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 7589-7594.	7.1	21
24	Glutamate signaling from a single sensory neuron mediates experience-dependent bidirectional behavior in Caenorhabditis elegans. Cell Reports, 2021, 35, 109177.	6.4	20
25	A reporter assay for G-protein-coupled receptors using a B-cell line suitable for stable episomal expression. Analytical Biochemistry, 2010, 400, 163-172.	2.4	6
26	Roles of the CIC chloride channel CLH-1 in food-associated salt chemotaxis behavior of C. elegans. ELife, $2021,10,$	6.0	4
27	Simultaneous recording of behavioral and neural responses of free-moving nematodes C.Âelegans. STAR Protocols, 2021, 2, 101011.	1.2	3
28	Behavioural assay for olfactory plasticity in C. elegans. Protocol Exchange, 0, , .	0.3	2
29	Caenorhabditis Elegans Exhibits Morphine Addiction-like Behavior via the Opioid-like Receptor NPR-17. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2021, 12, 802701.	3.5	2
30	is allelic to. MicroPublication Biology, 2020, 2020, .	0.1	1
31	A suppressor screen for genes that regulate salt chemotaxis learning in C. elegans. Neuroscience Research, 2007, 58, S227.	1.9	0
32	The neprilysin gene nep-2 is involved in olfactory adaptation in C. elegans. Neuroscience Research, 2007, 58, S216.	1.9	0
33	Ciliated sensory neurons of C. elegans are regulated by tubulin polyglutamylation in response to the environmental stresses. Neuroscience Research, 2011, 71, e47.	1.9	0