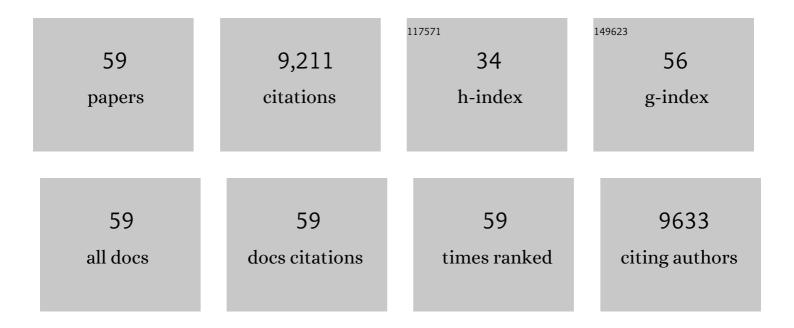
Joanne Young

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	CpG island methylator phenotype underlies sporadic microsatellite instability and is tightly associated with BRAF mutation in colorectal cancer. Nature Genetics, 2006, 38, 787-793.	9.4	1,715
2	Epigenetic stem cell signature in cancer. Nature Genetics, 2007, 39, 157-158.	9.4	1,023
3	Serrated Lesions of the Colorectum: Review and Recommendations From an Expert Panel. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2012, 107, 1315-1329.	0.2	948
4	High Prevalence of Sessile Serrated Adenomas With BRAF Mutations: A Prospective Study of Patients Undergoing Colonoscopy. Gastroenterology, 2006, 131, 1400-1407.	0.6	512
5	The Clinical Phenotype of Lynch Syndrome Due to Germ-Line PMS2 Mutations. Gastroenterology, 2008, 135, 419-428.e1.	0.6	480
6	Emerging concepts in colorectal neoplasia. Gastroenterology, 2002, 123, 862-876.	0.6	444
7	Microsatellite instability in the insulin–like growth factor II receptor gene in gastrointestinal tumours. Nature Genetics, 1996, 14, 255-257.	9.4	429
8	Features of Colorectal Cancers with High-Level Microsatellite Instability Occurring in Familial and Sporadic Settings. American Journal of Pathology, 2001, 159, 2107-2116.	1.9	337
9	Risks of Lynch Syndrome Cancers for MSH6 Mutation Carriers. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2010, 102, 193-201.	3.0	328
10	Molecular Characterization of MSI-H Colorectal Cancer by <i>MLHI</i> Promoter Methylation, Immunohistochemistry, and Mismatch Repair Germline Mutation Screening. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 3208-3215.	1.1	207
11	Colorectal Cancer With Mutation in BRAF, KRAS, and Wild-Type With Respect to Both Oncogenes Showing Different Patterns of DNA Methylation. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2004, 22, 4584-4594.	0.8	202
12	Multiple Common Susceptibility Variants near BMP Pathway Loci GREM1, BMP4, and BMP2 Explain Part of the Missing Heritability of Colorectal Cancer. PLoS Genetics, 2011, 7, e1002105.	1.5	188
13	Hyperplastic Polyposis Syndrome: Phenotypic Presentations and the Role of MBD4 and MYH. Gastroenterology, 2006, 131, 30-39.	0.6	186
14	Hyperplastic Polyposis. American Journal of Surgical Pathology, 2001, 25, 177-184.	2.1	185
15	Analysis of the Association between CIMP and BRAFV600E in Colorectal Cancer by DNA Methylation Profiling. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e8357.	1.1	133
16	Quality Assessment and Correlation of Microsatellite Instability and Immunohistochemical Markers among Population- and Clinic-Based Colorectal Tumors. Journal of Molecular Diagnostics, 2011, 13, 271-281.	1.2	131
17	Genomic instability occurs in colorectal carcinomas but not in adenomas. Human Mutation, 1993, 2, 351-354.	1.1	124
18	Evidence for BRAF mutation and variable levels of microsatellite instability in a syndrome of familial colorectal cancer. Clinical Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2005, 3, 254-263.	2.4	123

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19	CDX2, a human homologue of Drosophila caudal, is mutated in both alleles in a replication error positive colorectal cancer. Oncogene, 1998, 17, 657-659.	2.6	105
20	The Case for a Genetic Predisposition to Serrated Neoplasia in the Colorectum: Hypothesis and Review of the Literature. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1778-1784.	1.1	103
21	Morphological and molecular heterogeneity within nonmicrosatellite instability-high colorectal cancer. Cancer Research, 2002, 62, 6011-4.	0.4	99
22	Molecular, Pathologic, and Clinical Features of Early-Onset Endometrial Cancer: Identifying Presumptive Lynch Syndrome Patients. Clinical Cancer Research, 2008, 14, 1692-1700.	3.2	91
23	Variants on 9p24 and 8q24 Are Associated with Risk of Colorectal Cancer: Results from the Colon Cancer Family Registry. Cancer Research, 2007, 67, 11128-11132.	0.4	87
24	Serrated pathway colorectal cancer in the population: genetic consideration. Gut, 2007, 56, 1453-1459.	6.1	83
25	Evolution of colorectal cancer: Change of pace and change of direction. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2002, 17, 17-26.	1.4	78
26	Identification of Genes Uniquely Involved in Frequent Microsatellite Instability Colon Carcinogenesis by Expression Profiling Combined with Epigenetic Scanning. Cancer Research, 2004, 64, 2434-2438.	0.4	63
27	Mutation of hMSH3 and hMSH6 mismatch repair genes in genetically unstable human colorectal and gastric carcinomas. Human Mutation, 1997, 10, 474-478.	1.1	58
28	Reciprocal relationship between the tumor suppressors p53 and BAX in primary colorectal cancers. Oncogene, 1998, 17, 2003-2008.	2.6	57
29	Isolated Loss of PMS2 Expression in Colorectal Cancers: Frequency, Patient Age, and Familial Aggregation. Clinical Cancer Research, 2005, 11, 6466-6471.	3.2	54
30	Expression of Bcl-2 protein is decreased in colorectal adenocarcinomas with microsatellite instability. Oncogene, 1999, 18, 1245-1249.	2.6	47
31	p73 Is up-regulated in a subset of hepatocellular carcinomas. Hepatology, 2000, 31, 601-605.	3.6	44
32	Confirmation of Linkage to and Localization of Familial Colon Cancer Risk Haplotype on Chromosome 9q22. Cancer Research, 2010, 70, 5409-5418.	0.4	42
33	Cohort Profile: The Colon Cancer Family Registry Cohort (CCFRC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 47, 387-388i.	0.9	40
34	Mapping of a candidate colorectal cancer tumor-suppressor gene to a 900-kilobase region on the short arm of chromosome 8. Genes Chromosomes and Cancer, 2004, 40, 247-260.	1.5	34
35	Hyperplastic polyposis in the New Zealand population: a condition associated with increased colorectal cancer risk and European ancestry. New Zealand Medical Journal, 2007, 120, U2827.	0.5	34
36	A family with attenuated familial adenomatous polyposis due to a mutation in the alternatively spliced region of APC exon 9. Human Mutation, 1998, 11, 450-455.	1.1	33

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37	No evidence of increased risk of colorectal cancer in individuals heterozygous for the Cys282Tyr haemochromatosis mutation. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 1999, 14, 1188-1191.	1.4	30
38	Microsatellite Instability Markers for Identifying Early-Onset Colorectal Cancers Caused by Germ-Line Mutations in DNA Mismatch Repair Genes. Clinical Cancer Research, 2007, 13, 2865-2869.	3.2	30
39	Sequence variants of DLC1 in colorectal and ovarian tumours. Human Mutation, 2000, 15, 156-165.	1.1	29
40	DNA methylation patterns in adenomas from FAP, multiple adenoma and sporadic colorectal carcinoma patients. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 118, 907-915.	2.3	29
41	Characteristics of metachronous colorectal carcinoma occurring despite colonoscopic surveillance. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 1997, 40, 603-608.	0.7	25
42	Angiogenic factor VEGF is decreased in human colorectal neoplasms showing DNA microsatellite instability. , 1999, 189, 319-325.		24
43	Efficient molecular screening of Lynch syndrome by specific 3' promoter methylation of the MLH1 or BRAF mutation in colorectal cancer with high-frequency microsatellite instability. Oncology Reports, 2009, 21, 1577-83.	1.2	24
44	AnAlu VpA Marker on chromosome 1 demonstrates that replication errors manifest at the adenoma-carcinoma transition in sporadic colorectal tumors. Genes Chromosomes and Cancer, 1995, 12, 251-254.	1.5	20
45	Mutation searching in colorectal cancer studies: experience with a denaturing high-pressure liquid chromatography system for exon-by-exon scanning of tumour suppressor genes. Pathology, 2002, 34, 529-533.	0.3	20
46	Detection of telomerase activity in biopsy samples of colorectal cancer. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2002, 14, 328-332.	1.4	20
47	Refinement of the associations between risk of colorectal cancer and polymorphisms on chromosomes 1q41 and 12q13.13. Human Molecular Genetics, 2012, 21, 934-946.	1.4	19
48	Reciprocal relationship between methylation status and loss of heterozygosity at the p14ARF locus in Australian and South African hepatocellular carcinomas. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2002, 17, 301-307.	1.4	16
49	Apparent protection from instability of repeat sequences in cancer-related genes in replication error positive gastrointestinal cancers. Oncogene, 1997, 14, 2613-2618.	2.6	15
50	Analysis of the transcription regulator,CNOT7, as a candidate chromosome 8 tumor suppressor gene in colorectal cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2003, 106, 505-509.	2.3	14
51	Outcomes for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer Based on Microsatellite Instability: Results from the South Australian Metastatic Colorectal Cancer Registry. Targeted Oncology, 2019, 14, 85-91.	1.7	10
52	Germline Variants and Advanced Colorectal Adenomas: Adenoma Prevention with Celecoxib Trial Genome-wide Association Study. Clinical Cancer Research, 2013, 19, 6430-6437.	3.2	9
53	Stability of BAT26 in Lynch syndrome colorectal tumours. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2007, 15, 139-141.	1.4	8
54	Parent of origin effects on age at colorectal cancer diagnosis. International Journal of Cancer, 2010, 127, 361-366.	2.3	8

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55	Cadherin/catenin complex appears to be intact in hepatocellular carcinomas from Australia and South Africa. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2004, 19, 676-682.	1.4	7
56	Serrated Neoplasia of the Colorectum and Cigarette Smoking. Gastroenterology, 2008, 135, 323-324.	0.6	4
57	Lynch Syndrome in Women Less Than 50 Years of Age With Endometrial Cancer. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 112, 943.	1.2	2
58	DNA Methylation in Colorectal Cancer. , 2005, , 59-68.		1
59	Hyperplastic Polyposis Syndrome: Colorectal Cancer Predisposition. , 2010, , 111-131.		Ο