## Jianli Wang

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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94433 114465 4,808 113 37 63 citations h-index g-index papers 116 116 116 5884 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Childhood trauma and amygdala nuclei volumes in youth at risk for mental illness. Psychological Medicine, 2022, 52, 1192-1199.	4.5	22
2	Does providing personalized depression risk information lead to increased psychological distress and functional impairment? Results from a mixed-methods randomized controlled trial. Psychological Medicine, 2022, 52, 2071-2079.	4.5	8
3	Cerebello-limbic functional connectivity patterns in youth at clinical high risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2022, 240, 220-227.	2.0	6
4	Gender-Specific Related Factors for Suicidal Ideation During COVID-19 Pandemic Lockdown Among 5,175 Chinese Adolescents. Frontiers in Public Health, 2022, 10, 810101.	2.7	4
5	The impact of physical conditions on the incidence of major depressive disorder in Chinese university students: Results from a longitudinal study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 303, 301-305.	4.1	2
6	The prevalence and incidence of major depressive disorder in 8079 Chinese university freshmen before and during COVID-19. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 307, 62-68.	4.1	5
7	Substance use in youth atâ€risk for serious mental illness. Microbial Biotechnology, 2021, 15, 634-641.	1.7	1
8	24-Hour Movement Behaviors and Internalizing and Externalizing Behaviors Among Youth. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2021, 68, 969-977.	2.5	22
9	Longitudinal Trends in Medication Treatment for Youth At-Risk for Serious Mental Illness. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, 66, 418-420.	1.9	1
10	Associations between feelings/behaviors during COVID-19 pandemic lockdown and depression/anxiety after lockdown in a sample of Chinese children and adolescents. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2021, 284, 98-103.	4.1	79
11	White matter microstructure in youth at risk for serious mental illness: A comparative analysis. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2021, 312, 111289.	1.8	4
12	Barriers to the Use of Web-Based Mental Health Programs for Preventing Depression: Qualitative Study. JMIR Formative Research, 2021, 5, e16949.	1.4	8
13	Self-help behaviors partially mediate the relationship between personalized depression risk disclosure and psychological distress: A mediation analysis using data from a randomized controlled trial. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2021, 140, 7-14.	3.1	0
14	The effect of exposure to long working hours on depression: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. Environment International, 2021, 155, 106629.	10.0	58
15	Users' perceptions about receiving personalized depression risk information: findings from a qualitative study. BMC Psychiatry, 2021, 21, 581.	2.6	1
16	Social and role functioning in youth at risk of serious mental illness. Microbial Biotechnology, 2020, 14, 463-469.	1.7	8
17	Predicting death by suicide using administrative health care system data: Can recurrent neural network, one-dimensional convolutional neural network, and gradient boosted trees models improve prediction performance?. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 264, 107-114.	4.1	16
18	Trauma in Youth At-Risk for Serious Mental Illness. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 2020, 208, 70-76.	1.0	7

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19	Associations between the Canadian 24 h movement guidelines and different types of bullying involvement among adolescents. Child Abuse and Neglect, 2020, 108, 104638.	2.6	18
20	White Matter Connectivity in Youth at Risk for Serious Mental Illness: A Longitudinal Analysis. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2020, 302, 111106.	1.8	4
21	Combinations of physical activity, sedentary time, and sleep duration and their associations with depressive symptoms and other mental health problems in children and adolescents: a systematic review. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2020, 17, 72.	4.6	160
22	Predicting death by suicide following an emergency department visit for parasuicide with administrative health care system data and machine learning. EClinicalMedicine, 2020, 20, 100281.	7.1	25
23	The accuracy of depression risk perception in high risk Canadians. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 265, 410-415.	4.1	7
24	Aberrant limbic brain structures in young individuals at risk for mental illness. Psychiatry and Clinical Neurosciences, 2020, 74, 294-302.	1.8	14
25	24-hour movement guidelines and suicidality among adolescents. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 274, 372-380.	4.1	25
26	Perceived Effectiveness and Motivations for the Use of Web-Based Mental Health Programs: Qualitative Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2020, 22, e16961.	4.3	8
27	Treatment History of Youth At-Risk for Serious Mental Illness. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 64, 145-154.	1.9	8
28	Predicting death by suicide using administrative health care system data: Can feedforward neural network models improve upon logistic regression models?. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 257, 741-747.	4.1	13
29	A randomized controlled trial to examine the impacts of disclosing personalized depression risk information on the outcomes of individuals who are at high risk of developing major depression: a research protocol. BMC Psychiatry, 2019, 19, 285.	2.6	8
30	Clinical staging for youth atâ€risk for serious mental illness. Microbial Biotechnology, 2019, 13, 1416-1423.	1.7	42
31	Men's Work-Related Stress and Mental Health: Illustrating the Workings of Masculine Role Norms. American Journal of Men's Health, 2019, 13, 155798831983841.	1.6	12
32	Indicated Prevention Interventions in the Workplace for Depressive Symptoms: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2019, 56, e23-e33.	3.0	25
33	Health-Related Internet Usage and Design Feature Preference for E-Mental Health Programs Among Men and Women. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2019, 21, e11224.	4.3	44
34	The combined effects of job demand and control, effort-reward imbalance and work-family conflicts on the risk of major depressive episode: a 4-year longitudinal study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 75, 6-11.	2.8	25
35	Neurocognitive deficits in a transdiagnostic clinical staging model. Psychiatry Research, 2018, 270, 1137-1142.	3.3	17
36	A Cross-Sectional Study of the Awareness and Implementation of the <i>National Standard of Canada for Psychological Health and Safety in the Workplace</i> in Canadian Employers. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 63, 842-850.	1.9	8

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37	Predicting suicide with the SAD PERSONS scale. Depression and Anxiety, 2017, 34, 809-816.	4.1	20
38	External validation of the international risk prediction algorithm for major depressive episode in the US general population: the PredictD-US study. BMC Psychiatry, 2016, 16, 256.	2.6	19
39	Canadian Network for Mood and Anxiety Treatments (CANMAT) 2016 Clinical Guidelines for the Management of Adults with Major Depressive Disorder. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 61, 510-523.	1.9	209
40	Development and Testing of the First-Episode Psychosis Services Fidelity Scale. Psychiatric Services, 2016, 67, 1023-1025.	2.0	41
41	Why is major depression prevalence not changing?. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2016, 190, 93-97.	4.1	34
42	Employersâ $\in^{\mathbb{M}}$ perceptions and attitudes toward the Canadian national standard on psychological health and safety in the workplace: A qualitative study. International Journal of Law and Psychiatry, 2016, 44, 41-47.	0.9	28
43	Preferred Features of E-Mental Health Programs for Prevention of Major Depression in Male Workers: Results From a Canadian National Survey. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2016, 18, e132.	4.3	28
44	The Effects of an E-Mental Health Program and Job Coaching on the Risk of Major Depression and Productivity in Canadian Male Workers: Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR Research Protocols, 2016, 5, e218.	1.0	11
45	The Prevalence of Major Depression is Not Changing. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2015, 60, 31-34.	1.9	40
46	Validity of the Patient Health Questionnaire-9 for DSM-IV major depressive disorder in a sample of Canadian working population. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 187, 122-126.	4.1	24
47	Professional autonomy and work setting as contributing factors to depression and absenteeism in Canadian nurses. Nursing Outlook, 2015, 63, 269-277.	2.6	58
48	DEVELOPMENT AND VALIDATION OF A RISK-PREDICTION ALGORITHM FOR THE RECURRENCE OF PANIC DISORDER. Depression and Anxiety, 2015, 32, 341-348.	4.1	10
49	Response to Comment on Schmitz et al. Recurrent Subthreshold Depression in Type 2 Diabetes: An Important Risk Factor for Poor Health Outcomes. Diabetes Care 2014;37:970–978. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, e146-e147.	8.6	0
50	Weight Cycling and Depressive Symptoms in Diabetes: A Community-Based Study of Adults with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in Quebec. Canadian Journal of Diabetes, 2014, 38, 456-460.	0.8	6
51	Recurrent Subthreshold Depression in Type 2 Diabetes: An Important Risk Factor for Poor Health Outcomes. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 970-978.	8.6	62
52	A prediction algorithm for first onset of major depression in the general population: development and validation. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 418-424.	3.7	41
53	Longitudinal Relationships Between Depression and Functioning in People with Type 2 Diabetes. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2014, 47, 172-179.	2.9	13
54	Antidepressant Use in Canada Has Stopped Increasing. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2014, 59, 609-614.	1.9	11

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55	Parenting stress in Chinese mothers of children with autism spectrum disorders. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2013, 48, 575-582.	3.1	68
56	Self-rated health: A predictor for the three year incidence of major depression in individuals with Type II diabetes. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2013, 145, 100-105.	4.1	37
57	Changes in Depressive Symptoms and Changes in Lifestyle-Related Indicators: A 1-Year Follow-Up Study Among Adults With Type 2 Diabetes in Quebec. Canadian Journal of Diabetes, 2013, 37, 243-248.	0.8	11
58	The pattern of depressive symptoms in people with type 2 diabetes: A prospective community study. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2013, 74, 128-134.	2.6	17
59	Receiving Workplace Mental Health Accommodations and the Outcome of Mental Disorders in Employees With a Depressive and/or Anxiety Disorder. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 1293-1299.	1.7	25
60	Essential Evidence-Based Components of First-Episode Psychosis Services. Psychiatric Services, 2013, 64, 452-457.	2.0	82
61	Trajectories of Self-Rated Health in People with Diabetes: Associations with Functioning in a Prospective Community Sample. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e83088.	2.5	22
62	A Population-based Longitudinal Study on Work Environmental Factors and the Risk of Major Depressive Disorder. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 52-59.	3.4	95
63	Validity of Hospital Admission as an Outcome Measure of Services for First-Episode Psychosis. Psychiatric Services, 2012, 63, 280-282.	2.0	20
64	Development of a Core Set of Performance Measures for Evaluating Schizophrenia Treatment Services. Psychiatric Services, 2012, 63, 584-591.	2.0	20
65	Performance Measures for Schizophrenia Research: In Reply. Psychiatric Services, 2012, 63, 721-722.	2.0	0
66	Autism awareness and attitudes towards treatment in caregivers of children aged 3–6Âyears in Harbin, China. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2012, 47, 1301-1308.	3.1	44
67	Stress and mental disorders in female military personnel: Comparisons between the sexes in a male dominated profession. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2012, 46, 159-167.	3.1	47
68	Three job-related stress models and depression: a population-based study. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2012, 47, 185-193.	3.1	55
69	Factors Associated with Disability and Depressive Symptoms Among Individuals with Diabetes: A Community Study in Quebec. Psychosomatics, 2011, 52, 167-177.	2.5	21
70	Perceived Needs for and Use of Workplace Accommodations by Individuals With a Depressive and/or Anxiety Disorder. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 53, 1268-1272.	1.7	42
71	Causation beliefs and stigma against depression: Results from a population-based study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2011, 133, 86-92.	4.1	34
72	Rural–urban differences in stigma against depression and agreement with health professionals about treatment. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2011, 134, 145-150.	4.1	41

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73	Does job strain interact with psychosocial factors outside of the workplace in relation to the risk of major depression? The Canadian National Population Health Survey. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2011, 46, 577-584.	3.1	23
74	Obesity and the risk of disability in a 12-year cohort study: the role of psychological distress. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2011, 46, 1173-1179.	3.1	15
75	Re: "Job Strain and the Risk of Depression: Is Reporting Biased?". American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 174, 125-125.	3.4	9
76	Depression literacy among older Chinese immigrants in Canada: a comparison with a population-based survey. International Psychogeriatrics, 2010, 22, 1318-1326.	1.0	31
77	Predictors of Admission in First-Episode Psychosis: Developing a Risk Adjustment Model for Service Comparisons. Psychiatric Services, 2010, 61, 483-488.	2.0	35
78	Workplace Characteristics, Depression, and Health-Related Presenteeism in a General Population Sample. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2010, 52, 836-842.	1.7	71
79	The Prevalence of Mental Disorders in the Working Population over the Period of Global Economic Crisis. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2010, 55, 598-605.	1.9	76
80	The interaction of obesity and psychological distress on disability. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2010, 45, 531-540.	3.1	11
81	The incidence of major depression in Canada: The National Population Health Survey. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2010, 123, 158-163.	4.1	36
82	Descriptive epidemiology of stigma against depression in a general population sample in Alberta. BMC Psychiatry, 2010, 10, 29.	2.6	80
83	Should Psychological Distress Screening in the Community Account for Self-Perceived Health Status?. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2009, 54, 526-533.	1.9	28
84	Association Between Neighborhood-Level Deprivation and Disability in a Community Sample of People With Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2009, 32, 1998-2004.	8.6	46
85	THREE AUTHORS REPLY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 132-133.	3.4	1
86	Changes in Perceived Job Strain and the Risk of Major Depression: Results From a Population-based Longitudinal Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 169, 1085-1091.	3.4	113
87	A population-based study on ways of dealing with daily stress: comparisons among individuals with mental disorders, with long-term general medical conditions and healthy people. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2009, 44, 666-674.	3.1	14
88	Defining a threshold of harm from gambling for population health surveillance research. International Gambling Studies, 2009, 9, 19-38.	2.1	56
89	Replication of Low-Risk Gambling Limits Using Canadian Provincial Gambling Prevalence Data. Journal of Gambling Studies, 2008, 24, 321-335.	1.6	46
90	Ethnic differences in mental health service use among White, Chinese, South Asian and South East Asian populations living in Canada. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2008, 43, 866-871.	3.1	95

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91	The relationship between mental health literacy, personal contacts and personal stigma against depression. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2008, 110, 191-196.	4.1	115
92	Psychological distress and short-term disability in people with diabetes: Results from the Canadian Community Health Survey. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2008, 65, 165-172.	2.6	8
93	In Pursuit of Empirically Based Responsible Gambling Limits. International Gambling Studies, 2008, 8, 207-227.	2.1	32
94	Depression Literacy in Alberta: Findings from a General Population Sample. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2007, 52, 442-449.	1.9	81
95	Joint Effect of Depression and Chronic Conditions on Disability: Results From a Population-Based Study. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2007, 69, 332-338.	2.0	96
96	Mental Health Treatment Dropout and Its Correlates in a General Population Sample. Medical Care, 2007, 45, 224-229.	2.4	138
97	Perceived Effectiveness of Mental Health Care Provided by Primary-Care Physicians and Mental Health Specialists. Psychosomatics, 2007, 48, 123-127.	2.5	19
98	Work–family conflict and mental disorders in the United States: Cross-sectional findings from The National Comorbidity Survey. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2007, 50, 143-149.	2.1	43
99	Gender specific correlates of stigma toward depression in a Canadian general population sample. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2007, 103, 91-97.	4.1	91
100	The Epidemiology of Mental and Substance Useâ€"Related Disorders among White, Chinese, and other Asian Populations in Canada. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 51, 904-912.	1.9	19
101	Perceived Barriers To Mental Health Service Use Among Individuals With Mental Disorders in the Canadian General Population. Medical Care, 2006, 44, 192-195.	2.4	55
102	Risk of harm among gamblers in the general population as a function of level of participation in gambling activities. Addiction, 2006, 101, 570-580.	3.3	185
103	Mental health and related disability among workers: A population-based study. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2006, 49, 514-522.	2.1	75
104	Work stress as a risk factor for major depressive episode(s). Psychological Medicine, 2005, 35, 865-871.	4.5	214
105	Help-Seeking Behaviours of Individuals with Mood Disorders. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 50, 652-659.	1.9	61
106	Chronic back pain and major depression in the general Canadian population. Pain, 2004, 107, 54-60.	4.2	425
107	A Longitudinal Population-Based Study of Treated and Untreated Major Depression. Medical Care, 2004, 42, 543-550.	2.4	28
108	Perceived Work Stress and Major Depressive Episodes in a Population of Employed Canadians Over 18 Years Old. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 2004, 192, 160-163.	1.0	67

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109	Sociodemographic Factors Associated with Comorbid Major Depressive Episodes and Alcohol Dependence in the General Population. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2004, 49, 37-44.	1.9	26
110	The Moderating Effects of Coping Strategies on Major Depression in the General Population. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2002, 47, 167-173.	1.9	33
111	Perceived work stress and major depression in the Canadian employed population, 20–49 years old Journal of Occupational Health Psychology, 2001, 6, 283-289.	3.3	78
112	Alcohol Consumption and Major Depression: Findings from a Follow-up Study. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2001, 46, 632-638.	1.9	51
113	Alternative Medicine Use by Individuals with Major Depression. Canadian Journal of Psychiatry, 2001, 46, 528-533.	1.9	31