Anne Johanne SÃ¸gaard

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

36 papers	2,111 citations	304743 22 h-index	345221 36 g-index
38 all docs	38 docs citations	38 times ranked	2948 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	The Oslo Health Study: The impact of self-selection in a large, population-based survey. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2004, 3, 3.	3.5	370
2	Obesity in Adolescence and Adulthood and the Risk of Adult Mortality. Epidemiology, 2004, 15, 79-85.	2.7	195
3	Body Mass Index in Adolescence in Relation to Total Mortality: 32-Year Follow-up of 227,000 Norwegian Boys and Girls. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 157, 517-523.	3.4	181
4	Cohort Profile: Cohort of Norway (CONOR). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 481-485.	1.9	171
5	The association between weekly hours of physical activity and mental health: A three-year follow-up study of 15â€“16-year-old students in the city of Oslo, Norway. BMC Public Health, 2007, 7, 155.	2.9	119
6	Mortality following the first hip fracture in Norwegian women and men (1999â€“2008). A NOREPOS study. Bone, 2014, 63, 81-86.	2.9	117
7	Vitamin D deficiency and secondary hyperparathyroidism and the association with bone mineral density in persons with Pakistani and Norwegian background living in Oslo, Norway. Bone, 2004, 35, 412-417.	2.9	100
8	Hip fractures in Norway 1999â€“2008: time trends in total incidence and second hip fracture rates. A NOREPOS study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 27, 807-814.	5.7	94
9	The TromsÃ¸ Study: Physical Activity and the Incidence of Fractures in a Middle-Aged Population. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 1998, 13, 1149-1157.	2.8	82
10	Forearm Bone Mineral Density by Age in 7,620 Men and Women The TromsÃ¸ Study, a Population-based Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 153, 465-473.	3.4	67
11	Body mass index and mortality: the influence of physical activity and smoking. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2002, 34, 1065-1070.	0.4	59
12	Response rates and selection problems, with emphasis on mental health variables and DNA sampling, in large population-based, cross-sectional and longitudinal studies of adolescents in Norway. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 602.	2.9	42
13	Ethnic Norwegian and ethnic minority adolescents in Oslo, Norway. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2008, 43, 87-95.	3.1	41
14	Ten-year risk of second hip fracture. A NOREPOS study. Bone, 2013, 52, 493-497.	2.9	37
15	The TromsÃ¸ Study:. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2000, 53, 1104-1112.	5.0	36
16	Weight Change over Three Decades and the Risk of Osteoporosis in Men: The Norwegian Epidemiological Osteoporosis Studies (NOREPOS). American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 168, 454-460.	3.4	32
17	Age and Sex Differences in Body Mass Index as a Predictor of Hip Fracture: A NOREPOS Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 184, 510-519.	3.4	32
18	Do Cadmium, Lead, and Aluminum in Drinking Water Increase the Risk of Hip Fractures? A NOREPOS Study. Biological Trace Element Research, 2014, 157, 14-23.	3.5	29

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	More forearm fractures among urban than rural women: The NOREPOS study based on the TromsÃ¸ study and the HUNT study. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2011, 26, 850-856.	2.8	27
20	Biochemical markers of bone turnover and their relation to forearm bone mineral density in persons of Pakistani and Norwegian background living in Oslo, Norway: The Oslo Health Study. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2006, 155, 693-699.	3.7	26
21	Does the Association of Comorbidity with 1â€Year Mortality After Hip Fracture Differ According to Gender? The Norwegian Epidemiologic Osteoporosis Studies (NOREPOS). Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2018, 66, 553-558.	2.6	25
22	Bone mineral density in ethnic Norwegians and Pakistani immigrants living in Osloâ€"The Oslo Health Study. Osteoporosis International, 2005, 16, 623-630.	3.1	23
23	Impact of comorbidity, age, and gender on seasonal variation in hip fracture incidence. A NOREPOS study. Archives of Osteoporosis, 2014, 9, 191.	2.4	23
24	Cohort profile: Norwegian Epidemiologic Osteoporosis Studies (NOREPOS). Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2014, 42, 804-813.	2.3	22
25	Homocysteineâ€Lowering Treatment and the Risk of Fracture: Secondary Analysis of a Randomized Controlled Trial and an Updated Metaâ€Analysis. JBMR Plus, 2018, 2, 295-303.	2.7	21
26	Is the Relationship between Smoking and Mental Health Influenced by Other Unhealthy Lifestyle Factors? Results from a 3-Year Follow-up Study Among Adolescents in Oslo, Norway. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2009, 45, 609-617.	2.5	19
27	Population data on calcium in drinking water and hip fracture: An association may depend on other minerals in water. A NOREPOS 1 1Norwegian Epidemiologic Osteoporosis Studies. study. Bone, 2015, 81, 292-299.	2.9	18
28	Nationwide data on municipal drinking water and hip fracture: Could calcium and magnesium be protective? A NOREPOS study. Bone, 2013, 57, 84-91.	2.9	17
29	Pakistanis living in Oslo have lower serum 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D levels but higher serum ionized calcium levels compared with ethnic Norwegians. The Oslo Health Study. BMC Endocrine Disorders, 2007, 7, 9.	2.2	15
30	Irregular users of dental services among Norwegian adults. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 1987, 45, 371-381.	1.6	12
31	Self-reported change in health behaviour after a mass media-based health education campaign. Scandinavian Journal of Psychology, 1992, 33, 125-134.	1.5	12
32	The Oslo Health Study: A Dietary Index Estimating Frequent Intake of Soft Drinks and Rare Intake of Fruit and Vegetables Is Negatively Associated with Bone Mineral Density. Journal of Osteoporosis, 2011, 2011, 1-7.	0.5	12
33	Associations between type A behaviour pattern and psychological distress. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2008, 43, 216-223.	3.1	11
34	The effect of 2 teaching programs on the gingival health of 15-year-old schoolchildren. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 1987, 14, 165-170.	4.9	10
35	Educational Inequalities in Post-Hip Fracture Mortality: A NOREPOS Studys. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2015, 30, 2221-2228.	2.8	10
36	THE AUTHORS REPLY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 185, 511-513.	3.4	0