Khaled Kebaish

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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26 papers 2,484 citations

471509 17 h-index 26 g-index

26 all docs

26 docs citations

26 times ranked 1576 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Examination of Adult Spinal Deformity Patients Undergoing Surgery with Implanted Spinal Cord Stimulators and Intrathecal Pumps. Spine, 2022, 47, 227-233.	2.0	4
2	Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Is Associated with Increased Productivity and Decreased Absenteeism From Work and School. Spine, 2022, 47, 287-294.	2.0	3
3	Opioid use prior to surgery is associated with worse preoperative and postoperative patient reported quality of life and decreased surgical cost effectiveness for symptomatic adult spine deformity; A matched cohort analysis. North American Spine Society Journal (NASSJ), 2022, 9, 100096.	0.5	1
4	Examination of the Economic Burden of Frailty in Patients With Adult Spinal Deformity Undergoing Surgical Intervention. Neurosurgery, 2022, 90, 148-153.	1.1	7
5	Artificial intelligence clustering of adult spinal deformity sagittal plane morphology predicts surgical characteristics, alignment, and outcomes. European Spine Journal, 2021, 30, 2157-2166.	2.2	16
6	Effective Prevention of Proximal Junctional Failure in Adult Spinal Deformity Surgery Requires a Combination of Surgical Implant Prophylaxis and Avoidance of Sagittal Alignment Overcorrection. Spine, 2020, 45, 258-267.	2.0	58
7	Counseling Guidelines for Anticipated Postsurgical Improvements in Pain, Function, Mental Health, and Self-image for Different Types of Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2020, 45, 1118-1127.	2.0	3
8	Inter- and Intra-rater Reliability of the Hart-ISSG Proximal Junctional Failure Severity Scale. Spine, 2018, 43, E461-E467.	2.0	10
9	After 9 Years of 3-Column Osteotomies, Are We Doing Better? Performance Curve Analysis of 573 Surgeries With 2-Year Follow-up. Neurosurgery, 2018, 83, 69-75.	1.1	16
10	Sagittal alignment and complications following lumbar 3-column osteotomy: does the level of resection matter?. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2017, 27, 560-569.	1.7	16
11	The Health Impact of Symptomatic Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2016, 41, 224-233.	2.0	208
12	Impact of preoperative depression on 2-year clinical outcomes following adult spinal deformity surgery: the importance of risk stratification based on type of psychological distress. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2016, 25, 477-485.	1.7	43
13	Patients with spinal deformity over the age of 75: a retrospective analysis of operative versus non-operative management. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 2433-2441.	2.2	63
14	Analysis of an unexplored group of sagittal deformity patients: low pelvic tilt despite positive sagittal malalignment. European Spine Journal, 2016, 25, 3568-3576.	2.2	25
15	Comprehensive study of back and leg pain improvements after adult spinal deformity surgery: analysis of 421 patients with 2-year follow-up and of the impact of the surgery on treatment satisfaction. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2015, 22, 540-553.	1.7	95
16	Three-column osteotomies of the lower cervical and upper thoracic spine: comparison of early outcomes, radiographic parameters, and peri-operative complications in 48 patients. European Spine Journal, 2015, 24, 23-30.	2.2	52
17	The likelihood of reaching minimum clinically important difference and substantial clinical benefit at 2 years following a 3-column osteotomy: analysis of 140 patients. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2015, 23, 340-348.	1.7	25
18	Maintenance of radiographic correction at 2Âyears following lumbar pedicle subtraction osteotomy is superior with upper thoracic compared with thoracolumbar junction upper instrumented vertebra. European Spine Journal, 2015, 24, 121-130.	2.2	38

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Surgical treatment of pathological loss of lumbar lordosis (flatback) in patients with normal sagittal vertical axis achieves similar clinical improvement as surgical treatment of elevated sagittal vertical axis. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2014, 21, 160-170.	1.7	77
20	Prospective multicenter assessment of risk factors for rod fracture following surgery for adult spinal deformity. Journal of Neurosurgery: Spine, 2014, 21, 994-1003.	1.7	208
21	T1 Pelvic Angle (TPA) Effectively Evaluates Sagittal Deformity and Assesses Radiographical Surgical Outcomes Longitudinally. Spine, 2014, 39, 1203-1210.	2.0	116
22	Characterization and Surgical Outcomes of Proximal Junctional Failure in Surgically Treated Patients With Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2014, 39, E607-E614.	2.0	179
23	Likelihood of reaching minimal clinically important difference in adult spinal deformity: a comparison of operative and nonoperative treatment. Ochsner Journal, 2014, 14, 67-77.	1.1	66
24	Incidence, Mode, and Location of Acute Proximal Junctional Failures After Surgical Treatment of Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2013, 38, 1008-1015.	2.0	220
25	Radiographical Spinopelvic Parameters and Disability in the Setting of Adult Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2013, 38, E803-E812.	2.0	802
26	Identification of Decision Criteria for Revision Surgery Among Patients With Proximal Junctional Failure After Surgical Treatment of Spinal Deformity. Spine, 2013, 38, E1223-E1227.	2.0	133