

Raphael K Didham

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

106
papers

15,846
citations

71102

41
h-index

30087

103
g-index

108
all docs

108
docs citations

108
times ranked

16579
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Species-level CWM values mask contrasting intra- versus interspecific trait shifts at subtropical forest edges. <i>Ecography</i> , 2022, 2022, .	4.5	5
2	Functional group-dependent responses of forest bird communities to invasive predator control and habitat fragmentation. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2022, 28, 1298-1312.	4.1	1
3	Nonlinear thresholds in the effects of island area on functional diversity in woody plant communities. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2021, 109, 2177-2189.	4.0	12
4	Community re-assembly and divergence of woody plant traits in an island-mainland system after more than 50 years of regeneration. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2021, 27, 1435-1448.	4.1	6
5	Disentangling biotic and abiotic drivers of intraspecific trait variation in woody plant seedlings at forest edges. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 11, 9728-9740.	1.9	3
6	Spatial and functional structure of an entire ant assemblage in a lowland Panamanian rainforest. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2021, 56, 32-44.	2.7	4
7	Cross-scale drivers of plant trait distributions in a fragmented forest landscape. <i>Ecography</i> , 2020, 43, 467-479.	4.5	5
8	Interpreting insect declines: seven challenges and a way forward. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2020, 13, 103-114.	3.0	271
9	Spotlight on insects: trends, threats and conservation challenges. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2020, 13, 99-102.	3.0	34
10	Glowing, glowing, gone? Monitoring long-term trends in glow-worm numbers in south-east England. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2020, 13, 162-174.	3.0	26
11	Absence of evidence is not evidence of absence: Knowledge shortfalls threaten the effective conservation of freshwater crocodiles. <i>Global Ecology and Conservation</i> , 2019, 20, e00773.	2.1	4
12	Saproxyllic beetles in tropical and temperate forests – A standardized comparison of vertical stratification patterns. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2019, 444, 50-58.	3.2	18
13	An entomocentric view of the Janzen-Connell hypothesis. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2019, 12, 1-8.	3.0	9
14	Plant, herbivore and parasitoid community composition in native Nothofagaceae forests vs. exotic pine plantations. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 55, 1265-1275.	4.0	13
15	Is habitat fragmentation good for biodiversity?. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2018, 226, 9-15.	4.1	430
16	The matrix matters, but how should we manage it? Estimating the amount of high-quality matrix required to maintain biodiversity in fragmented landscapes. <i>Ecography</i> , 2017, 40, 171-178.	4.5	29
17	Landscape context alters cost of living in honeybee metabolism and feeding. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 284, 20162676.	2.6	12
18	Dispersal modality determines the relative partitioning of beta diversity in spider assemblages on subtropical land-bridge islands. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2017, 44, 2121-2131.	3.0	26

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19	Non-random food web assembly at habitat edges increases connectivity and functional redundancy. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 995-1005.	3.2	15
20	Woody plant richness does not influence invertebrate community reassembly trajectories in a tree diversity experiment. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 500-511.	3.2	14
21	Accounting for the causal basis of collinearity when measuring the effects of habitat loss versus habitat fragmentation. <i>Oikos</i> , 2016, 125, 117-125.	2.7	30
22	Apparent competition drives community-wide parasitism rates and changes in host abundance across ecosystem boundaries. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 12644.	12.8	56
23	Towards a better mechanistic understanding of edge effects. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2016, 31, 2205-2213.	4.2	20
24	Habitat fragmentation and biodiversity conservation: key findings and future challenges. <i>Landscape Ecology</i> , 2016, 31, 219-227.	4.2	336
25	Circle the bandwagons – challenges mount against the theoretical foundations of applied functional trait and ecosystem service research. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2016, 9, 1-3.	3.0	21
26	Experimental evidence that the effectiveness of conservation biological control depends on landscape complexity. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2015, 52, 1274-1282.	4.0	84
27	Can leaf area index and biomass be estimated from <i>raunet</i> lanquet cover scores in tropical forests?. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2015, 26, 1043-1053.	2.2	11
28	Long-term data suggest jarrah forest establishment at restored mine sites is resistant to climate variability. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2015, 103, 78-89.	4.0	31
29	Community-level net spillover of natural enemies from managed to natural forest. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 193-202.	3.2	53
30	Using pest monitoring data to inform the location and intensity of invasive-species control in New Zealand. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2015, 191, 640-649.	4.1	13
31	Challenges and opportunities in harnessing satellite remote-sensing for biodiversity monitoring. <i>Ecological Informatics</i> , 2015, 30, 207-214.	5.2	33
32	Physiological plasticity of metabolic rates in the invasive honey bee and an endemic Australian bee species. <i>Journal of Comparative Physiology B: Biochemical, Systemic, and Environmental Physiology</i> , 2015, 185, 835-844.	1.5	16
33	Very high resolution Earth observation features for monitoring plant and animal community structure across multiple spatial scales in protected areas. <i>International Journal of Applied Earth Observation and Geoinformation</i> , 2015, 37, 100-105.	2.8	29
34	Experimental evidence that even minor livestock trampling has severe effects on land snail communities in forest remnants. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2015, 52, 161-170.	4.0	10
35	Phylogenetic diversity and co-evolutionary signals among trophic levels change across a habitat edge. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2015, 84, 364-372.	2.8	22
36	Very high resolution Earth Observation features for testing the direct and indirect effects of landscape structure on local habitat quality. <i>International Journal of Applied Earth Observation and Geoinformation</i> , 2015, 34, 96-102.	2.8	15

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37	Agricultural Intensification Exacerbates Spillover Effects on Soil Biogeochemistry in Adjacent Forest Remnants. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0116474.	2.5	40
38	Arthropod Distribution in a Tropical Rainforest: Tackling a Four Dimensional Puzzle. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0144110.	2.5	102
39	Discriminating the Drivers of Edge Effects on Nest Predation: Forest Edges Reduce Capture Rates of Ship Rats (<i>Rattus rattus</i>), a Globally Invasive Nest Predator, by Altering Vegetation Structure. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e113098.	2.5	14
40	The Role of Species Traits in Mediating Functional Recovery during Matrix Restoration. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e115385.	2.5	18
41	Edge Effects Disrupt Vertical Stratification of Microclimate in a Temperate Forest Canopy. <i>Pacific Science</i> , 2014, 68, 493-508.	0.6	26
42	Matrix habitat restoration alters dung beetle species responses across tropical forest edges. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2014, 170, 28-37.	4.1	40
43	Complementarity and redundancy of interactions enhance attack rates and spatial stability in host-parasitoid food webs. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 1888-1896.	3.2	79
44	Applications and implications of ecological energetics. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 29, 280-290.	8.7	101
45	Airborne LiDAR reveals context dependence in the effects of canopy architecture on arthropod diversity. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2014, 312, 129-137.	3.2	44
46	The spatial scaling of beta diversity. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2013, 22, 639-647.	5.8	181
47	To close the yield-gap while saving biodiversity will require multiple locally relevant strategies. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2013, 173, 20-27.	5.3	116
48	Arthropod diversity and the future of all-taxa inventories. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2013, 6, 1-4.	3.0	10
49	Altered species interactions at forest edges: contrasting edge effects on bumble bees and their phoretic mite loads in temperate forest remnants. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2013, 6, 598-606.	3.0	18
50	Using landscape history to predict biodiversity patterns in fragmented landscapes. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 1221-1233.	6.4	65
51	Arthropod Diversity in a Tropical Forest. <i>Science</i> , 2012, 338, 1481-1484.	12.6	445
52	Landscape moderation of biodiversity patterns and processes – eight hypotheses. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2012, 87, 661-685.	10.4	1,443
53	Predicting the impacts of edge effects in fragmented habitats: Laurance and Yensen's core area model revisited. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2012, 155, 104-110.	4.1	40
54	The Ridgefield Multiple Ecosystem Services Experiment: Can restoration of former agricultural land achieve multiple outcomes?. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2012, 163, 14-27.	5.3	52

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55	Rethinking the conceptual foundations of habitat fragmentation research. <i>Oikos</i> , 2012, 121, 161-170.	2.7	255
56	Agricultural intensification drives landscape context effects on host-parasitoid interactions in agroecosystems. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2012, 49, 706-714.	4.0	77
57	Distinctive aquatic assemblages in water-filled tree holes: a novel component of freshwater biodiversity in New Zealand temperate rainforests. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2012, 5, 202-212.	3.0	8
58	A large-scale forest fragmentation experiment: the Stability of Altered Forest Ecosystems Project. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2011, 366, 3292-3302.	4.0	244
59	The fate of Amazonian forest fragments: A 32-year investigation. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2011, 144, 56-67.	4.1	713
60	Maximising biodiversity in plantation forests: Insights from long-term changes in clearfell-sensitive beetles in a <i>Pinus radiata</i> plantation. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2011, 144, 2842-2850.	4.1	18
61	Production land use alters edge response functions in remnant forest invertebrate communities. , 2011, 21, 3147-3161.		39
62	Life After Logging: Strategic Withdrawal from the Garden of Eden or Tactical Error for Wilderness Conservation?. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2011, 43, 393-395.	1.6	27
63	Disentangling the mechanistic drivers of ecosystem size effects on species diversity. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2010, 79, 1204-1214.	2.8	31
64	Density-dependent impacts of exotic conifer invasion on grassland invertebrate assemblages. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 47, 1053-1062.	4.0	36
65	Research needs in insect conservation and diversity. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2010, 3, 1-4.	3.0	27
66	Mapping community change in modified landscapes. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2009, 142, 2872-2880.	4.1	21
67	Native forest generalists dominate carabid assemblages along a stand age chronosequence in an exotic <i>Pinus radiata</i> plantation. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2009, 258, S108-S116.	3.2	23
68	The interactive effects of livestock exclusion and mammalian pest control on the restoration of invertebrate communities in small forest remnants. <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2009, 36, 135-163.	1.1	16
69	Non-native plantation forests as alternative habitat for native forest beetles in a heavily modified landscape. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2008, 17, 1127-1148.	2.6	87
70	Nested patterns of community assembly in the colonisation of artificial canopy habitats by oribatid mites. <i>Oikos</i> , 2008, 117, 1856-1864.	2.7	30
71	Global change and species interactions in terrestrial ecosystems. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2008, 11, 1351-1363.	6.4	1,880
72	Rapid beetle community convergence following experimental habitat restoration in a mined peat bog. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2008, 141, 568-579.	4.1	42

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73	Sampling the invertebrate community associated with a threatened wetland plant, <i>Sporadanthus ferrugineus</i> , using a new design of emergence trap. <i>New Zealand Entomologist</i> , 2008, 31, 23-29.	0.3	0
74	Pervasive impact of large-scale edge effects on a beetle community. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008, 105, 5426-5429.	7.1	141
75	Non-native plantation forests as alternative habitat for native forest beetles in a heavily modified landscape. <i>Topics in Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2008, , 203-224.	1.0	3
76	Alternative logical states.. <i>Oikos</i> , 2007, 116, 358-360.	2.7	1
77	Habitat fragmentation: panchreston or paradigm?. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2007, 22, 511.	8.7	16
78	Interactive effects of habitat modification and species invasion on native species decline. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2007, 22, 489-496.	8.7	692
79	SYNERGISTIC INTERACTIONS BETWEEN EDGE AND AREA EFFECTS IN A HEAVILY FRAGMENTED LANDSCAPE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2007, 88, 96-106.	3.2	193
80	Alternative logical states. <i>Oikos</i> , 2007, 116, 358-360.	2.7	5
81	The Effect of Fragment Shape and Species' Sensitivity to Habitat Edges on Animal Population Size. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2007, 21, 926-936.	4.7	184
82	Vertical stratification in the spatial distribution of the beech scale insect (<i>Ultracoelostoma assimile</i>) in <i>Nothofagus</i> tree canopies in New Zealand. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2006, 31, 185-195.	2.2	17
83	Establishment success of sooty beech scale insects, <i>Ultracoelostoma</i> sp., on different host tree species in New Zealand. <i>Journal of Insect Science</i> , 2006, 6, 1-9.	1.5	5
84	Past and future trajectories of forest loss in New Zealand. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2006, 133, 312-325.	4.1	129
85	Confounding factors in the detection of species responses to habitat fragmentation. <i>Biological Reviews</i> , 2006, 81, 117.	10.4	1,615
86	When are alternative stable states more likely to occur?. <i>Oikos</i> , 2006, 113, 357-362.	2.7	14
87	Influences of Habitat Isolation on Invertebrate Colonization of <i>Sporadanthus ferrugineus</i> in a Mined Peat Bog. <i>Restoration Ecology</i> , 2006, 14, 412-419.	2.9	16
88	Continuous response functions for quantifying the strength of edge effects. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2006, 43, 527-536.	4.0	153
89	Rapid recovery of an insect-plant interaction following habitat loss and experimental wetland restoration. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2006, 148, 61-69.	2.0	23
90	Increasing floral diversity for selective enhancement of biological control agents: A double-edged sword?. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2006, 7, 236-243.	2.7	160

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91	Are systems with strong underlying abiotic regimes more likely to exhibit alternative stable states?. <i>Oikos</i> , 2005, 110, 409-416.	2.7	103
92	Density-dependent effects on the reproductive fitness of the New Zealand beech scale insect (<i>Ultracoelostoma assimile</i>) across multiple spatial scales. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2005, 30, 733-738.	2.2	8
93	Remotely sensed landscape heterogeneity as a rapid tool for assessing local biodiversity value in a highly modified New Zealand landscape. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2005, 14, 1469-1485.	2.6	23
94	Comment on "Avian Extinction and Mammalian Introductions on Oceanic Islands". <i>Science</i> , 2005, 307, 1412a-1412a.	12.6	43
95	Are invasive species the drivers of ecological change?. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2005, 20, 470-474.	8.7	648
96	IMPROVED FITNESS OF APHID PARASITOIDS RECEIVING RESOURCE SUBSIDIES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 658-666.	3.2	244
97	The effect of introduced wasp (<i>Vespula vulgaris</i> , Hymenoptera: Vespidae) predation on the dispersive life history stages of beech scale insects (<i>Ultracoelostoma</i> spp., Homoptera:) <i>TJ ETQq1 1 0.784314 BT / Overlock 10 T</i>		
98	Environmental and spatial influences upon species composition of a termite assemblage across neotropical forest islands. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2003, 19, 509-524.	1.1	87
99	Ecosystem Decay of Amazonian Forest Fragments: a 22â€¢Year Investigation. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2002, 16, 605-618.	4.7	1,372
100	Edge Structure Determines the Magnitude of Changes in Microclimate and Vegetation Structure in Tropical Forest Fragments1. <i>Biotropica</i> , 1999, 31, 17-30.	1.6	390
101	Edge Structure Determines the Magnitude of Changes in Microclimate and Vegetation Structure in Tropical Forest Fragments. <i>Biotropica</i> , 1999, 31, 17.	1.6	321
102	Altered leaf-litter decomposition rates in tropical forest fragments. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1998, 116, 397-406.	2.0	132
103	BETLE SPECIES RESPONSES TO TROPICAL FOREST FRAGMENTATION. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1998, 68, 295-323.	5.4	347
104	Beetle Species Responses to Tropical Forest Fragmentation. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 1998, 68, 295.	5.4	21
105	Insects in fragmented forests: a functional approach. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 1996, 11, 255-260.	8.7	555
106	Reply from J. Ghazoul and R.K. Didham. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 1996, 11, 432.	8.7	0