## **Anthony Shakeshaft**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

331670 330143 100 1,890 21 37 citations h-index g-index papers 101 101 101 2386 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Systematic review and metaâ€analyses of strategies targeting alcohol problems in emergency departments: interventions reduce alcoholâ€related injuries. Addiction, 2008, 103, 368-376.	3.3	227
2	The Multiple Baseline Design for Evaluating Population-Based Research. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2007, 33, 162-168.	3.0	188
3	A systematic review of workâ€place interventions for alcoholâ€related problems. Addiction, 2009, 104, 365-377.	3.3	83
4	Measuring the psychosocial health of adolescent and young adult (AYA) cancer survivors: a critical review. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2010, 8, 25.	2.4	59
5	Effect of Cytisine vs Varenicline on Smoking Cessation. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2021, 326, 56.	7.4	50
6	The Effectiveness of Community Action in Reducing Risky Alcohol Consumption and Harm: A Cluster Randomised Controlled Trial. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001617.	8.4	46
7	Systematic review of SMART Recovery: Outcomes, process variables, and implications for research Psychology of Addictive Behaviors, 2017, 31, 1-20.	2.1	46
8	A systematic review of studies evaluating Australian indigenous community development projects: the extent of community participation, their methodological quality and their outcomes. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 1154.	2.9	43
9	Smoking, nutrition, alcohol and physical activity interventions targeting Indigenous Australians: rigorous evaluations and new directions needed. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2011, 35, 38-46.	1.8	39
10	The relationship between alcohol consumption and self-reported health status using the EQ5D: Evidence from rural Australia. Social Science and Medicine, 2008, 67, 1717-1726.	3.8	37
11	What is the Co-Creation of New Knowledge? A Content Analysis and Proposed Definition for Health Interventions. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 2229.	2.6	36
12	The efficacy of diversion and aftercare strategies for adult drug-involved offenders: a summary and methodological review of the outcome literature. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2007, 26, 379-387.	2.1	35
13	Structural Barriers to Timely Initiation of Antiretroviral Treatment in Vietnam: Findings from Six Outpatient Clinics. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e51289.	2.5	28
14	Trends in and Determinants of Loss to Follow Up and Early Mortality in a Rapid Expansion of the Antiretroviral Treatment Program in Vietnam: Findings from 13 Outpatient Clinics. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e73181.	2.5	27
15	Psycho-social resilience, vulnerability and suicide prevention: impact evaluation of a mentoring approach to modify suicide risk for remote Indigenous Australian students at boarding school. BMC Public Health, 2015, 16, 98.	2.9	27
16	A bibliometric review of drug and alcohol research focused on Indigenous peoples of Australia, New Zealand, Canada and the United States. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2017, 36, 509-522.	2.1	27
17	Assessing pregnant women's compliance with different alcohol guidelines: an 11â€year prospective study. Medical Journal of Australia, 2010, 192, 690-693.	1.7	26
18	Developing an alcohol policy assessment toolkit: application in the western Pacific. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2014, 92, 726-733.	3.3	25

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19	Smoking Cessation among Low-Socioeconomic Status and Disadvantaged Population Groups: A Systematic Review of Research Output. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2015, 12, 6403-6422.	2.6	25
20	Do Community Characteristics Predict Alcohol-Related Crime?. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2011, 46, 464-470.	1.6	24
21	Can harms associated with highâ€intensity drinking be reduced by increasing the price of alcohol?. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2013, 32, 27-30.	2.1	23
22	Evidence-based alcohol screening and brief intervention in Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services: Experiences of health-care providers. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2011, 30, 55-62.	2.1	21
23	A systematic review of evaluations of prisonâ€based alcohol and other drug use behavioural treatment for men. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2019, 43, 120-130.	1.8	21
24	Training and tailored outreach support to improve alcohol screening and brief intervention in <scp>A</scp> boriginal <scp>C</scp> ommunity <scp>C</scp> ontrolled <scp>H</scp> ealth <scp>S</scp> ervices. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2013, 32, 72-79.	2.1	20
25	Systematic review of economic evaluations of interventions for high risk young people. BMC Health Services Research, 2018, 18, 660.	2.2	19
26	A systematic review of school-based studies involving alcohol and the community. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2006, 30, 541-549.	1.8	18
27	The acceptability to <scp>A</scp> boriginal <scp>A</scp> ustralians of a familyâ€based intervention to reduce alcoholâ€related harms. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2013, 32, 328-332.	2.1	18
28	Acquisition and Utilization of Information About Alcohol Use in Pregnancy Among Australian Pregnant Women and Service Providers. Journal of Midwifery and Women's Health, 2013, 58, 523-530.	1.3	18
29	Determinants of virological failure after 1â€year's antiretroviral therapy in Vietnamese people with HIV: findings from a retrospective cohort of 13 outpatient clinics in six provinces. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2014, 90, 538-544.	1.9	18
30	The quality and effectiveness of interventions that target multiple risk factors among young people: a systematic review. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2017, 41, 54-60.	1.8	18
31	The development of a healing model of care for an Indigenous drug and alcohol residential rehabilitation service: a community-based participatory research approach. Health and Justice, 2017, 5, 12.	2.1	18
32	Geographic and Maternal Characteristics Associated with Alcohol Use in Pregnancy. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2011, 35, 1230-1237.	2.4	17
33	Study Protocol - Alcohol Management Plans (AMPs) in remote indigenous communities in Queensland: their impacts on injury, violence, health and social indicators and their cost-effectiveness. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 15.	2.9	17
34	Alcohol control policies in Indigenous communities: A qualitative study of the perceptions of their effectiveness among service providers, stakeholders and community leaders in Queensland (Australia). International Journal of Drug Policy, 2016, 36, 67-75.	3.3	17
35	Reducing alcohol related harm experienced by Indigenous Australians: identifying opportunities for Indigenous primary health care services. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2010, 34, S41-S45.	1.8	16
36	The potential cost-effectiveness of general practitioner delivered brief intervention for alcohol misuse: Evidence from rural Australia. Addictive Behaviors, 2011, 36, 1191-1198.	3.0	16

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37	How and when healthâ€care practitioners in Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services deliver alcohol screening and brief intervention, and why they don't: A qualitative study. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2012, 31, 13-19.	2.1	14
38	Integrating smoking cessation care in alcohol and other drug treatment settings using an organizational change intervention: a systematic review. Addiction, 2018, 113, 2158-2172.	3.3	14
39	A qualitative exploration of SMART Recovery meetings in Australia and the role of a digital platform to support routine outcome monitoring. Addictive Behaviors, 2020, 101, 106144.	3.0	14
40	â€We walked side by side through the whole thing': A mixedâ€methods study of key elements of communityâ€based participatory research partnerships between rural Aboriginal communities and researchers. Australian Journal of Rural Health, 2020, 28, 338-350.	1.5	14
41	Differences in licensee, police and public opinions regarding interventions to reduce alcoholâ€related harm associated with licensed premises. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2009, 33, 160-166.	1.8	13
42	Development of cancer needs questionnaire for parents and carers of adolescents and young adults with cancer. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2012, 20, 991-1010.	2.2	13
43	The impact of a community-based risky drinking intervention (Beat da Binge) on Indigenous young people. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 1319.	2.9	13
44	Alcohol and other drug use among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander men entering prison in New South Wales. Health and Justice, 2015, 3, .	2.1	13
45	From both sides: Participant and facilitator perceptions of SMART Recovery groups. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2017, 36, 325-332.	2.1	13
46	Addressing tobacco in Australian alcohol and other drug treatment settings: a cross-sectional survey of staff attitudes and perceived barriers. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2017, 12, 20.	2.2	13
47	The Efficiency of a Volumetric Alcohol Tax in Australia. Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 2012, 10, 37-49.	2.1	12
48	Is response to price equal for those with higher alcohol consumption?. European Journal of Health Economics, 2016, 17, 23-29.	2.8	11
49	Alcohol management plans in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (Indigenous) Australian communities in Queensland: community residents have experienced favourable impacts but also suffered unfavourable ones. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 55.	2.9	11
50	Improving the evidence base for services working with youth at-risk of involvement in the criminal justice system: developing a standardised program approach. Health and Justice, 2018, 6, 8.	2.1	11
51	The effectiveness, safety and costâ€effectiveness of cytisine versus varenicline for smoking cessation in an Australian population: a study protocol for a randomized controlled nonâ€inferiority trial. Addiction, 2019, 114, 923-933.	<b>3.</b> 3	11
52	SMART Recovery International and COVID-19: Expanding the reach of mutual support through online groups. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2021, 131, 108568.	2.8	11
53	The role of research in the failure of the alcopops excise in Australia: what have we learned?. Medical Journal of Australia, 2009, 191, 223-225.	1.7	10
54	Appropriate Research Designs for Evaluating Community-level Alcohol Interventions: What Next?. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2010, 45, 481-487.	1.6	10

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55	An empirical approach to selecting community-based alcohol interventions: combining research evidence, rural community views and professional opinion. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 25.	2.9	10
56	Determinants of Antiretroviral Therapy Initiation and Treatment Outcomes for People Living With HIV in Vietnam. HIV Clinical Trials, 2013, 14, 21-33.	2.0	10
57	An organisational change intervention for increasing the delivery of smoking cessation support in addiction treatment centres: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2016, 17, 290.	1.6	10
58	Understanding the client characteristics of Aboriginal residential alcohol and other drug rehabilitation services in New South Wales, Australia. Addiction Science & Elinical Practice, 2020, 15, 27.	2.6	10
59	Developing a mHealth Routine Outcome Monitoring and Feedback App ("SMART Trackâ€) to Support Self-Management of Addictive Behaviours. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2021, 12, 677637.	2.6	10
60	The Need to Move from Describing to Evaluating the Effectiveness of Indigenous Drug and Alcohol Residential Rehabilitation Services: A Systematic Review. Current Drug Abuse Reviews, 2018, 10, 52-67.	3.4	10
61	A mixed-methods systematic review of suicide prevention interventions involving multisectoral collaborations. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2022, 20, 40.	2.8	10
62	Modelling the Costs and Outcomes of Changing Rates of Screening for Alcohol Misuse by GPs in the Australian Context. Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 2006, 5, 155-166.	2.1	9
63	Does Increasing Community and Liquor Licensees' Awareness, Police Activity, and Feedback Reduce Alcohol-Related Violent Crime? A Benefit-Cost Analysis. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2013, 10, 5490-5506.	2.6	9
64	The Feasibility of Embedding Data Collection into the Routine Service Delivery of a Multi-Component Program for High-Risk Young People. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 208.	2.6	9
65	Understanding remote Aboriginal drug and alcohol residential rehabilitation clients: Who attends, who leaves and who stays?. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2018, 37, S404-S414.	2.1	9
66	Effect of increasing the delivery of smoking cessation care in alcohol and other drug treatment centres: a clusterâ€randomized controlled trial. Addiction, 2020, 115, 1345-1355.	3.3	9
67	Assessing the concurrent validity, interâ€rater reliability and test–reâ€test reliability of the Australian Treatment Outcomes Profile (ATOP) in alcohol and opioid treatment populations. Addiction, 2021, 116, 1245-1255.	3.3	9
68	A framework for operationalising Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data sovereignty in Australia: Results of a systematic literature review of published studies. EClinicalMedicine, 2022, 45, 101302.	7.1	9
69	Willingness to pay to reduce alcohol-related harm in Australian rural communities. Expert Review of Pharmacoeconomics and Outcomes Research, 2011, 11, 351-363.	1.4	8
70	Identifying individual―and populationâ€level characteristics that influence rates of risky alcohol consumption in regional communities. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2014, 38, 60-65.	1.8	8
71	Driving change: A partnership study protocol using shared emergency department data to reduce alcoholâ€related harm. EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia, 2019, 31, 942-947.	1.1	8
72	Feasibility of a Mobile Health App for Routine Outcome Monitoring and Feedback in Mutual Support Groups Coordinated by SMART Recovery Australia: Protocol for a Pilot Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e15113.	1.0	8

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73	Feasibility of a Mobile Health App for Routine Outcome Monitoring and Feedback in SMART Recovery Mutual Support Groups: Stage 1 Mixed Methods Pilot Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2021, 23, e25217.	4.3	8
74	The cost-effectiveness of tailored, postal feedback on general practitioners' prescribing of pharmacotherapies for alcohol dependence. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2012, 124, 207-215.	3.2	7
75	Riding the rural radio wave: The impact of a communityâ€led drug and alcohol radio advertising campaign in a remote Australian Aboriginal community. Australian Journal of Rural Health, 2017, 25, 290-297.	1.5	7
76	Forming a national multicentre collaboration to conduct clinical trials: Increasing highâ€quality research in the drug and alcohol field. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2010, 29, 469-474.	2.1	6
77	Assessing Reliability of Measures Using Routinely Collected Data. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2011, 46, 501-502.	1.6	6
78	Integrating smoking cessation care into routine service delivery in a medically supervised injecting facility: An acceptability study. Addictive Behaviors, 2018, 84, 193-200.	3.0	6
79	Community Approaches for Reducing Alcohol-Related Harms: an Overview of Intervention Strategies, Efficacy, and Considerations for Future Research. Current Addiction Reports, 2018, 5, 274-286.	3.4	6
80	Identifying how the principles of self-determination could be applied to create effective alcohol policy for First Nations Australians: Synthesising the lessons from the development of general public policy. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2021, 93, 103260.	3.3	6
81	Brief intervention resource kits for Indigenous Australians: generally evidenceâ€based, but missing important components. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2010, 34, S80-S86.	1.8	5
82	Brief intervention on Smoking, Nutrition, Alcohol and Physical (SNAP) inactivity for smoking relapse prevention after release from smoke-free prisons: a study protocol for a multicentre, investigator-blinded, randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e021326.	1.9	5
83	Routine screening and related interventions significantly improve the effectiveness of emergency department detection and management of alcohol withdrawal syndrome. EMA - Emergency Medicine Australasia, 2018, 30, 648-653.	1.1	4
84	A Need for Tailored Programs and Policies to Reduce Rates of Alcohol-related Crimes for Vulnerable Communities and Young People: An Analysis of Routinely Collected Police Data. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2018, 53, 578-585.	1.6	4
85	Onset and trajectory of alcohol and other drug use among Aboriginal men entering a prison treatment program: A qualitative study. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 704-712.	2.1	4
86	Determining clinical cutoff scores for the Australian Treatment Outcomes Profile psychological health, physical health and quality of life questions. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, , .	2.1	4
87	The use of Australian SMART Recovery groups by people who use methamphetamine: Analysis of routinely-collected nationwide data. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 225, 108814.	3.2	4
88	Perspectives of prisoners on alcohol and other drug group treatment approaches. International Journal of Prisoner Health, 2022, 18, 55-65.	0.9	4
89	First Nations Australians' self-determination in health and alcohol policy development: a Delphi study. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2022, 20, 12.	2.8	4
90	The development and application of a proxy measure of alcohol-related traffic crashes for rural communities. Accident Analysis and Prevention, 2011, 43, 2160-2165.	5.7	3

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91	Cost-Effectiveness of Antiretroviral Therapy Expansion Strategies in Vietnam. AIDS Patient Care and STDs, 2014, 28, 365-371.	2.5	3
92	Tobacco smoking policies in Australian alcohol and other drug treatment services, agreement between staff awareness and the written policy document. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 87.	2.9	3
93	Integrating Smoking Cessation Care into a Medically Supervised Injecting Facility Using an Organizational Change Intervention: A Qualitative Study of Staff and Client Views. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 2050.	2.6	3
94	A randomised controlled trial of motivational interview for relapse prevention after release from smoke-free prisons in Australia. International Journal of Prisoner Health, 2021, 17, 462-476.	0.9	3
95	Patient selfâ€report versus medical records for smoking status and alcohol consumption at Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Services. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2021, 45, 277-282.	1.8	2
96	Impact and Return on Investment of the Take Kare Safe Space Program—A Harm Reduction Strategy Implemented in Sydney, Australia. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 12111.	2.6	2
97	Factors Associated with Alcohol-Related Injuries for Aboriginal and Non-Aboriginal Australians: An Observational Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 387.	2.6	1
98	Drink driving among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians: What has been done and where to next?. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, , .	2.1	1
99	Predictors of length of treatment, discharge reason, and reâ€admission to Aboriginal alcohol and other drug residential rehabilitation services in New South Wales, Australia. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, , .	2.1	O
100	Methodological and statistical considerations in alcohol policy evaluation. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2015, 93, 740C-740D.	3.3	O